"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Cloudy, possibly rain today; colder tonight; tomorrow cloudy.
Temperature Yesterday—Max. 51; Min. 37.
☞ For weather report see Page 24.

VOL. LXXVI. ...No. 25,151. NEW YORK, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1926. TWO CENTS In Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 500 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere in the U. S.

ROBISON REFUSES TO BARE NAVY SECRETS IN OIL TRIAL; ACTS ON ORDER BY WILBUR

SILENCE STIRS DEFENSE

Fall-Doheny Counsel Get Subpoena for Secretary to Show Cause.

COURT WEIGHS THE POINT

If the Ruling Backs Wilbur, Defendants' Case May Be Badly Hampered.

DOHENY CALLED A PATRIOT

Hogan Draws From Robison That Oil Man Spurned Pearl Harbor Profits.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—The defense in the Fall-Doheny oil conspiracy case, which involves the Pearl Harbor contracts and the Elk Hills Naval Reserve lease, received an unexpectedly hard blow today when Captain John K. Robison, U. S. N., retired, declined to give testimony regarded by the defense as important for their side, the officer acting on instructions from Secretary Wilbur against disclosing confidential matters relating to national defense.

Unless Justice Hoehling supports the defense in a decision due tomorrow morning the development today may prove to be a severe setback to the defense plans.

Captain Robison, who was Chief of the Naval Bureau of Engineering at the time of the Pearl Harbor and Elk Hills transactions, was called as a witness and was depended on by the defense to give testimony to prove that Mr. Doheny had entered into the Pearl Harbor proposition from purely patriotic motives, due to a serious national defense situation in the Pacific, the details of which had been related to him in confidence by Captain Robison, at that time a Rear Admiral.

But when Frank J. Hogan, chief of counsel for Mr. Doheny, began asking questions, upon replies to which he expected to base other and more important inquiries dealing with the "Pacific menace," the naval officer, who was retired as a Captain when a promotion to the permanent rank of Rear Admiral was denied him, made it plain he had no intention of answering, as much as he might desire to help Mr. Doheny, to whom he several times referred as his friend.

Hands Wilbur Order to Judge.

There was a tense moment in the court room when Mr. Hogan demanded of Captain Robison that he disclose the cause of his reticence. The witness did not answer, but took from his pocket a small sheet of paper. Mr. Hogan demanded that he be permitted to read what was on the paper. But Captain Robison held on to it. He plainly was in a quandary. Finally he turned to Justice Hoehling and handed the paper to him.

Subsequently it was ascertained that it was an order from Secretary Wilbur ordering Captain Robison not to disclose anything on the stand he had obtained in confidence while in the active service of the navy. The order was dated Nov. 30 and was handed to Captain Robison when he arrived in Washington yesterday to testify in Mr. Doheny's behalf.

That the defense will take advantage of every legal authority to compel Captain Robison to testify is certain, as was shown when a subpoena was issued directing Secretary Wilbur to appear before the court and disclose the reason for his issuance of the "padlock" order. Mr. Hogan indicated that he probably would put the Secretary in the witness chair the first thing Monday morning.

Mr. Wilbur indicated a desire to send a subordinate to testify, but was informed that he would have to appear personally. Incidentally, he also was served with a subpoena directing him to bring with him the famous "Pacific peril" papers and reports upon which Captain Robison is said to have based his statements to Mr. Doheny when he asked him to interest himself in the Pacific naval oil problem.

These papers include various reports from Admiral Gleaves, who seven years ago was Commander in Chief of the Asiatic Fleet, as well as subordinates of Admiral Gleaves. These are the papers which resulted in the "war scare" in the Navy Department, but which, being withheld, even from Congress, failed to cause much of a ripple outside of naval circles.

Prior to Captain Robison's taking the stand the Government concluded its cross-examination of Dr. Bain, former Director of the Bureau of Mines, after which Rear Admiral Luther E. Gregory, Chief of the Bureau of Yards and Docks, testified well into the afternoon session, when Captain Robison took the stand.

Dr. Bain, answering questions by Owen J. Roberts, Government counsel, told of the refusal of the Standard Oil Company of California and other Pacific oil corporations to have anything to do with the Pearl Harbor project because they doubted its legality. Mr. Roberts was very severe with this witness at times and frankly stated that

Continued on Page Twelve.

A flavor that can't be equaled. Deerfoot Farm Sausages. Once you taste Deerfoot, no other sausage can satisfy you.—Advt.

Shaw Flattered by Report Tunney Will Pay Him a Visit

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 3.—"It is flattering to hear that the world's champion heavyweight boxer is coming to Europe expressly to pay me a visit," said George Bernard Shaw today when told of the report from New York of the plan of Gene Tunney, champion heavyweight boxer, to cross the ocean to see him.

"As for the visit, I know nothing about it, but if Mr. Tunney cares to write to me he is always at liberty to do so."

RADIO INDUSTRY ASKS EMERGENCY CONTROL

Coordinating Committee Urges Congress to Allow No More New Stations After Monday.

FOR PERMANENT LAW LATER

Favors White Plan for Rule by Federal Commission and Commerce Department.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—With a warning that further delay in dealing with the radio problem will jeopardize a national industry involving $800,000,000 a year and disappoint 20,000,000 people in a very vital and personal family interest, the National Radio Coordinating Committee today urged in a report that Congress enact an emergency control measure to prevent the granting of licenses after Monday to any more broadcasting stations.

The emergency control measure was urged as a measure anticipating the enactment by Congress of a permanent Radio Control law. Senate and House conferees have been unable to agree on the rival Dill and White Radio Regulatory bills. The Radio Coordinating Committee urges prompt passage of a permanent control law, but, pending such a solution, urges Congress to take action to prevent any further complication of the general situation.

The Coordinating Committee endorsed the principle of the White bill for control by two, a Federal Radio Commission and the Department of Commerce.

The report submitted today was the outgrowth of conferences held in Washington during the past four days under the chairmanship of Walter A. Strong of Chicago, head of the radio section of the American Newspaper Publishers' Association. The committee represented all branches of the industry, some 16,000 organized transmitting amateurs and many broadcast listeners' leagues.

The Signers of the Report.

Besides Mr. Strong those signing the report were: Paul B. Klugh, Executive Chairman, aNtional Association of Broadcasters; Arthur T. Haugh, President of the Radio Manufacturers' Association; R. W. Demott, President of the Radio Magazine Publishers' Association; Louis B. F. Raycroft, Chairman, Radio Section, National Electrical Manufacturers' Association; Charles H. Stewart, Vice President, American Radio Relay League; Harold J. Wrape, President, Federated Radio Trades Association and Elisha Hanson, counsel, Newspaper Broadcasters Committee.

"It is highly essential, the committee's report asserted, to secure legislation controlling radio during "this" session of Congress and to this end it said two distinct steps appeared necessary:

"1. The enactment of an emergency control measure which will prevent the further complication of an already

Continued on Page Eight.

GOVERNOR DEMANDS POWER LEASE DELAY UNTIL AFTER JAN. 1

Smith Tells Commission Members Their Action Now Would Flout Reorganization.

SAYS TERMS ARE NEAR END

He Refuses to Consider Plan for Ratification of Deal by 1927 Legislature.

BOARD DEFIANCE EXPECTED

It Is Reported Frontier Company Will Obtain a Long-Term Permit on Wednesday.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Dec. 3.—A proposal made to Governor Smith yesterday by four of the five Republican members of the State Water Power Commission regarding the leasing of State-owned power sites to private interests is contrary to the letter and spirit of the State Government reorganization amendment to the Constitution, according to Governor Smith, who made public his reply tonight.

The members of the Water Power Commission served virtual notice on the Governor that they intend to ignore his recent request that they withhold action in pending power leases until after Jan. 1, when the reorganization of the State Government takes effect and the Water Power Commission, as such, goes out of existence.

If the Governor will withdraw his request before Dec. 8, the date set for a meeting of the commission, they said that they would be willing to insert in the lease a provision that it will be inoperative in case the Legislature at its next regular session changes the water power policy of the State.

Again Asks Postponement.

The Governor rejects this proposal as "absurd," and he renews his request that the commission postpone action. Such postponement, he tells the commission, he believes to be "vital to the public." The Governor's letter is addressed to the four members of the commission who communicated with him yesterday: Majority Leader Knight of the Senate, Speaker McGinnies of the Assembly, State Engineer Finch and Attorney General Ottinger. Chairman MacDonald, who is State Conservation Commissioner, did not sign the letter.

The Governor's answer follows:

"I have your letter of yesterday, signed by you as four of the five members on the expiring State Water Power Commission, but I note it is not signed by the Conservation Commissioner, who is also the Chairman of your commission, in which you announce that you propose to lease for fifty years nine-tenths of the State's water power resources to private interests on the very eve of the abolition of your commission.

"I cannot agree with you that there is any public duty upon you to rush through this lease on the St. Lawrence River; but, on the other hand, I believe that every consideration and every argument points to the opposite conclusion, and I firmly believe that it is vital to the public that you withhold action at this time.

Points to Reorganization.

"The Legislature of 1926, in reorganizing the State Government upon the unanimous recommendation of a commission headed by former Governor Hughes, so reorganized the Water Power Commission as to place it under the control of the Governor, and, further, specifically provided that no license or permit for the development of water power should be granted without the consent of the Governor.

"This, as you know, was done to give force and effect to the constitutional amendment which had for its purpose and intent fixing the responsibility for important administrative duties where they belong—that is, directly under the Governor—and ridding the State of boards and commissions made up of elected officers of whom the people, when selecting their officials, have no knowledge that they are to perform any such duties. The strongest argument made for the reorganization of the Government was to fix this responsibility upon the Governor as the Chief Executive of the

Continued on Page Two.

Adds Two Years to Suspension Of Capt. Diehl for S-51 Sinking

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3 (AP).—The nine months' suspension of Captain John Diehl of the steamer City of Rome, which rammed and sunk the submarine S-51 in September, 1925, has been increased two years by the supervising officer of the Boston district for the United States Steamship Inspection Service. That of Timothy L. Dreyer, mate of the vessel, has been reduced from nine months to one month and twenty days.

The supervisor's report, made public here today, reversed the findings on certain counts of the Board of Inspectors. Lower courts held the naval and merchant navigators equally to blame, but the Court of Appeals upheld in large measure the contention of naval officers that responsibility for the fatal crash "rested on the shoulders of Captain John Diehl."

BALDWIN STOCK COUP CLEANS UP MILLIONS

Chicago Group Led by Cutten Outwits Wall St. in Buying Locomotive Securities.

STOCK GOES TO NEW HIGH

Bold Coup Executed in Month With Utmost Secrecy—Leader Won Note in Wheat Deals.

A stock market coup, executed in bold style, which involved qualities of resourcefulness, speculative fearlessness, secrecy and backing which few operators in the market are able to command, has been completed by Arthur W. Cutten of Chicago in league with a half dozen of his business associates. In a spectacular move in the shares of Baldwin Locomotive, which has taken little more than a month, these astute Mid-Western speculators have completely "taken the play" away from the New York men who usually trade in Baldwin, have mystified Wall Street as to their identity and the source of their backing, and have amassed for themselves actual and paper profits of upward of $10,000,000—probably more—within a single month. The end is not yet. Cutten and his associates have not disclosed their hand. Baldwin sold at a new high price for the year yesterday, equivalent to 165¾, and the bears whose hides are not already on the fence find it just as hard to cover their ill-fated commitments as they did a week ago.

Two market developments led Mr. Cutten to organize what has been termed a one-man pool in Baldwin, for it is his money which is backing the pool, his brains and ingenuity which have made its success an outstanding one in the year's market history. One of these was the fact that the wheat market, in which Mr. Cutten usually operates, was in the doldrums, without brisk movements in either direction, thus making it difficult for a speculator to make any money; the other, the fact that the stock market itself had slipped into a trading area in which movements were colorless, but which might be revived by a bold speculative stroke. With practically unlimited capital, with the market stage admirably set for such a movement and with the company itself doing well and having big possibilities for the immediate future, the Chicago men set about their speculative adventure, each member sworn to secrecy.

Stock Garnered in October.

The month of October was used to garner into the pool's strong-box as much Baldwin as possible without disturbing the market. The stock had sold as low as 92¾ on March 31 and had spent most of the Summer fluctuating indecisively between 100 and 115. Quiet bids reached the market for 100, 200, 500 and 1,000 shares of stock, coming from sources sufficiently separated to arouse no suspicion. Much of this stock was sold to the pool by the operators on the floor of the Stock Exchange—many of whom cannot now ride on a railroad train pulled by a Baldwin locomotive without a twinge of pain. Just how much stock was thus quietly accumulated no one but the pool members will ever know. It was not assembled in one place, but under various names in many brokerage offices, most of them in New York, so that the floating supply and the loaning supply might always be sufficient.

On Nov. 1 the advance was started by open bidding for the stock. On that day it shot up 3¼ points, to 117. From that time to this, except on days of particular weakness in the general list on the Stock Exchange, the shares of Baldwin Locomotive have advanced in an almost perpendicular direction. It crossed 125, then 150 and finally 160, the highest price then on Record. Yesterday, selling ex-dividend $3.50, the stock sold at 162¾, equal to 165¾ with the dividend on, a new high record for all time. Every day in the month the advance has been fought by bear speculators, impaled on the horns of their own dilemma. For some of them the losses have been tremendous. One floor broker has been short of 5,000 shares at an average of 125, and has looked in vain for "the captain" with an offer of settlement, which would likely be refused, even should he be able to get into "the captain's" office, which he probably could not.

Nephew Aided Cutten Here.

Three Chicago and two New York houses have handled the main volume of buying orders. Through their wires orders to buy Baldwin have literally flowed in on the Stock Exchange in a steady stream and in a sufficient

Continued on Page Three.

Syd Chaplin—"Better 'Ole"—A Vitaphone: Jolson, Jessel, Janis, Willie & Eugene Howard, 3:30-8:30. B. S. Moss Colony, B'way at 53.—Advt.

DAHL OFFERS CITY AID ON TRANSIT, DENYING NEED TO WIELD CLUB

Sees $172,755,000 Deficit in 1933 Under Operation of Independent System.

HIGHER FARE IS PREDICTED

B. M. T. Chairman Asks Who Will Get Most Riders If Existing Lines Continue at 5 Cents.

OPPOSES COMPETITIVE PLAN

Surface Lines and Buses Also Must Be Considered, He Says—Praises Move by Delaney.

An offer to cooperate with the City Administration in considering a plan for consolidating the rapid transit lines of the city, such as John H. Delaney, Chairman of the Board of Transportation, recently disclosed as having been discussed with representatives of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, was made yesterday by Gerhard M. Dahl, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Brooklyn-Manhattan Transit Corporation.

In a letter to the Board of Estimate and the Transit Commission Mr. Dahl announced the willingness of the B. M. T. to enter any conference for the purpose of finding a solution of the city's transit problem. He opposed, however, the completion of the city's proposed independent subway system pending the result of the proposed negotiations.

Discussing the suggestion that the city might need the independent system as a "club" over the heads of the B. M. T. and I. R. T. in any negotiations, Mr. Dahl denied that any such club was necessary. He declared that construction of the proposed new subway system, according to the present plans, prepared during the Hylan Administration for an independent system, would be wasteful and extravagant, and calculated that by the end of 1933 the city would have a $172,755,800 subway deficit which the taxpayers would have to meet if the plan to operate the new subways municipally were followed.

Says Higher Fare Would Result.

Mr. Dahl said he considered this rather expensive for a theoretical "club," for which there was no necessity. He added that after 1933 under municipal operation the new subways would have to be operated at a fare of from 8 to 10 cents, and asked which lines would receive the most patronage if the existing rapid transit lines, operated by the B. M. T. and Interborough, continued on a five-cent fare.

Mr. Dahl declared that the B. M. T. was in a stable financial position and would continue so even if subjected to the competition of an independent subway system. Notwithstanding what he characterized as "this strongly defensive position," he said the company was willing to cooperate in efforts to bring about a permanent solution of the city's transit problem. He announced that his letter to the board was the first of a series of open letters which he intended to send in the hope that they would prove helpful in the promotion of public understanding of the transit situation.

Dahl's Offer to Cooperate.

Mr. Dahl's letter follows:

Dec. 3, 1926.

Transit Commission, State of New York.

Board of Estimate and Apportionment of the City of New York.

Dear Sirs: according to Mr. John H. Delaney, Chairman of the Board of Transportation, the city has under consideration a plan for the consolidation of the proposed municipal subway system with existing rapid transit facilities. We are in hearty sympathy with any plan which will relieve the present intolerable transit situation, and will cooperate in every way possible with both of your bodies in giving New York City what it deserves and must have, namely, the best transit system in the world.

Mr. Delaney is to be heartily congratulated and has rendered a public service by opening an amicable and constructive discussion of New York's transit problems.

Differences of opinion may exist or arise in connection with the discussion of any complicated problem, so you will please understand any criti-

Continued on Page Seven.

'NOT GUILTY' IS VERDICT IN HALL CASE; PLAN TO FREE PRISONERS ON BAIL TODAY AND PROBABLY QUASH ALL OTHER CHARGES

Mrs. Hall 'Glad at Vindication in Court After Four Years of False Accusation.'

The following statement was issued last night for Mrs. Hall by Robert H. Neilson of defense counsel, who is a cousin of the widow:

My brothers and I are very glad, after four years of gossip and false accusations, to have had this opportunity to face the situation in open court, to have personally gone on the witness stand and submitted ourselves to thorough cross-examination and to have obtained complete vindication through the verdict of a Somerset County jury.

The testimony of the witnesses has been broadly distributed daily through the public prints and we believe the verdict will have full approval throughout not only New Jersey but the United States.

We shall not be able personally to acknowledge the many kind letters we have received and we shall appreciate it if the press will give this word of thanks to their writers.

JURY OUT FOR FIVE HOURS

Mrs. Hall Calm at News, Willie Stevens Beams, Henry Near Tears.

SIMPSON FOR NEW TRIAL

But Moore Says State Has Gone Far Enough and Won't "Persecute."

THREE BALLOTS BY JURORS

Mrs. Gibson's Story Not "Real" to Them—Impressed by Widow on Stand.

Mrs. Frances Stevens Hall and her brothers, Henry Stevens and Willis Stevens, were acquitted last night of the murder of Mrs. Eleanor R. Mills. The jury rendered its verdict after five hours and eight minutes of deliberation in the court house at Somerville, N. J.

Assistant Attorney General Alexander Simpson, who had pilloried the defendants earlier in the day in his summing up, quickly announced that he would recommend to Governor A. Harry Moore that the defendants go to trial on the indictment accusing them of the slaying of the Rev. Edward W. Hall. Senator Simpson, who had not awaited the verdict, said the result had been no surprise to him. He said that it had "been evident that the State would not get a fair trial in Somerset County."

Confident that the prosecutor's plea for more court action would fail, the attorneys for the defendants applied to Supreme Court Justice Charles W. Parker for a hearing on bail. They asked that Mrs. Hall, her brothers and the fourth person named in the indictment, Henry de la Bruyere Carpender, who has been scheduled to be tried on the Mills indictment later, be released under bonds. Justice Parker said he would hear the application at 10 A. M. today. He telegraphed to Senator Simpson, directing him to be present.

Simpson to Consult Moore.

The special prosecutor was obdurate on the bail plea also. He said that he would not commit himself on whether or not he would oppose bail until he had discussed that and the need for prosecution of the second indictment at a conference with Governor Moore.

Although Senator Simpson took a determined stand for future prosecution, Attorney General Edward L. Katzenbach expressed the view in Trenton last night that the bail application for the defendants should be granted and that Mr. Simpson should not oppose it. He so notified Senator Simpson in a telegram. Attorney General Katzenbach added that the remaining indictment should be disposed of "as speedily as possible." He admitted that the quickest way to dispose of them would be for the State to nolle-pros them. He will be at the bail hearing in Somerville this morning.

Governor Moore would not comment on the verdict. He was asked what his attitude was with regard to further trials.

"I think the State has gone far enough," he said. "We are prosecuting, not persecuting. However, I am to confer tomorrow morning with Senator Simpson and then I shall know better what course is to be pursued."

Mrs. Hall received the news of her vindication with the same remarkable composure that marked her demeanor during the twenty-four days of court sessions. She had entered the court room with quick steps and settled herself in the chair to await the decision of the twelve men. Her face seemed whiter than usual, but the same faint smile played about her lips. When the verdict was given—a verdict of "Not Guilty" was given to each defendant individually—the smile spread.

Henry Stevens, the ruddy-faced man of the outdoors, had strained forward when the jury reported on him. As he heard the welcome words tears came into his eyes. He slumped in his chair and then sat erect, wiping his eyes with his handkerchief. A great smile wreathed his face, as he clasped the hand of his wife, who moved over to stand behind his chair, patting his shoulder.

Willie Stevens Beams.

It was Willie Stevens, the greatest witness of the trial, who showed the greatest delight. He had walked into court somewhat blankly as the defendants were called to hear the verdict. His large, brown eyes had fastened with intense eagerness on the jury. But when the words proclaiming him innocent were heard, Stevens's face was all abeam. He looked happily about the court and, although it had seemed an impossibility, the beam grew greater.

Subsequently, after the excitement in the court had died down and the defendants had gone back to the jail, where Mrs. Hall chatted for a few minutes before returning to her home in New Brunswick, the defense issued a statement for Mrs. Hall expressing the gratitude of Mrs. Hall and her brothers for their vindication in a court of law.

When Mrs. Hall, speeding through the snow flurries, reached her home in New Brunswick, she appeared radiant. She hurried from the auto-

Continued on Page Two.

AMUNDSEN REVIVES FEUD WITH NOBILE

Resigns With Ellsworth From Norway Aero Club, Sponsor of Italian's Lectures Here.

CHARGES MISSTATEMENTS

General Nobile in Reply Asserts Norwegian Had No Part in Pole Flight Preparations.

Last Summer's feud between Lincoln Ellsworth and Roald Amundsen on the one side and General Umberto Nobile on the other over who really was head of the expedition which conquered the North Pole by air, in the Italian dirigible Norge, was reopened yesterday with a cablegram from Mr. Amundsen to the Aero Club of Norway resigning on behalf of himself and Mr. Ellsworth from honorary membership in that organization. The resignations were based on the charge that General Nobile was lecturing in the United States with the approval of the Aero Club, making "gross misstatements, thereby ridiculing the name of Norway."

The cablegram was signed by both Mr. Amundsen and Mr. Ellsworth, and its authorship was acknowledged by Mr. Amundsen last night, but Mr. Ellsworth said he knew nothing about it. He said, however, that he would endorse anything that Mr. Amundsen did in the matter, even resigning in his name.

The Explorers' Cablegram.

The cablegram was addressed to Dr. Ralph Thommesen, President of the Aero Club of Norway, at Oslo, and was as follows:

"Just learning Nobile, representative foreign nation, is with your consent lecturing in States making gross misstatements Norge expedition, thereby ridiculing name of Norway. We indignantly protest and request our names withdrawn honorary membership Aero Club."

Mr. Amundsen said last night at the Garden City Hotel, where he is living, that the "gross misstatements" alluded to had been made by General Nobile in an address at the Klaw Theatre in New York on Nov. 15. In this address he was quoted as saying that the idea of a flight over the North Pole in an Italian dirigible originated with the Italians, and that the flight was ordered by Premier Mussolini.

General Nobile displayed the text of the lecture in question in his room at the Ritz-Carlton Hotel last night. The text showed that he had asserted that the dirigible idea originated with the Italians, but that he had said also that Amundsen arrived at the same idea afterward, but independently. In his address he also stressed the contributions of Ellsworth and Amundsen to the expedition's success.

Nobile Says His Lecture Was Fair.

He said his lecture had been entirely fair to every one and that the only change he would make in it would be to cease from being silent as to Amundsen's part in it. General Nobile is to speak tonight in Waterbury, Conn., before going West for a series of lectures in various cities.

"It is possible," he said last night, "that I shall tell what I have previously not told. Roald Amundsen had no part in the preparations for the flight. And he did almost nothing on the flight itself. After he and I signed

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CHURCHES' PLEA AIDS 3 A. M. CAFE CURFEW

Committee Reports Mayor's Bill by 8 to 3 Vote After Third Public Hearing.

ALDERMEN STILL TO ACT

McLaughlin Wants More Teeth in Proposed Law, Planned to Go Into Effect Jan. 1.

Mayor Walker's "curfew bill" to compel the closing of night clubs and cabarets not later than 3 o'clock in the morning was reported out yesterday by the Local Laws Committee of the Board of Aldermen, for action by the Aldermanic branch of the Municipal Assembly.

Although the measure had encountered opposition in the committee, it was reported without amendment or modification after the committee had listened to pleas for its passage by Police Commissioner McLaughlin, Licenses Commissioner William F. Quillay, several clergymen of Catholic and Protestant churches and other proponents.

At the close of the third and final public hearing before the committee the members met in executive session and by a vote of 6 to 3 agreed to report the bill favorably. The negative votes were cast by Aldermen Patrick Dowd, Martin J. Tanahey and Morris Graubard, Democrats, of Manhattan. They wanted the opposition to have another opportunity to be heard.

Mrs. John T. Pratt, Republican member of the committee, representing the Fifteenth Manhattan District, voted with the majority in favor of the Mayor's bill.

One More Public Hearing.

The measure was adopted by the Board of Estimate branch of the Municipal Assembly on Oct. 21. Before it can become a law it must be passed by the Aldermanic branch of the Municipal Assembly and must then be signed by the Mayor after another public hearing. Under the provisions of the bill the law will become effective on Jan. 1 next. No particular curtailment of New Year merriment is anticipated, however, as the law confers upon the Commissioner of Licenses power to grant special dispensations and exemptions for such occasions as New Year's Eve and election night.

After it became evident yesterday that some opposition had developed among the Aldermen to the bill in its original form the City Administration called up its reserves to make a demonstration at the final hearing.

Among those who spoke in favor of it were, in addition to the Police and License Commissioners, the Rev. Edward R. Moore, Director of Social Activities of the United Catholic Charities; the Rev. Christian F. Reisner, pastor of the Chelsea Methodist Church (the Broadway Temple); Harry B. Fisher of the Citizens' Civic Association, and Mrs. Cora L. Magnus, Chairman of Local School Board No. 8 of Manhattan.

Police Commissioner McLaughlin told the committee that, although the measure did not conform to all his ideals, he regarded it as a good beginning and he found it acceptable. His chief objection to it, he said, was that it did not have "sufficient teeth to make it an effective instrument."

The Commissioner said he would like to see an amendment providing for the finger-printing of applicants for night club and cabaret licenses to determine whether they had criminal records. He said he knew of one night club in which four men were interested three of whom have police records and that it was a matter of police information that four gunmen who recently held up a night club were former patrons.

Check Up on Night Clubs.

The Police Department, he said, had been for a month or more checking up the night clubs and cabarets. The survey showed, he said, that about 80 per cent. of them have been closing at about 3 A. M., while a small number—probably not exceeding 3 per cent. —were in the habit of remaining open until 7 or 8 o'clock in the morning.

Dr. Reisner said early closing would eradicate "excesses" and the Rev. Father Moore said that he made his plea in favor of the measure on the ground of moderation and reasonableness.

Mrs. Magnus said she heartily favored the bill. She said she and the other members of her board appeared before the committee because there were six night clubs within a block of Public School 29, at 129 West Fifty-fourth Street. Frequently, she said, children on their way to school in the morning meet the night club patrons coming out of the cabarets. "That is not good environment for school children," she added.

$250,000,000 Bonds Sold Here in Week; New Investment Record for Wall Street

Wall Street records of years' standing were broken this week, when the public absorbed new bonds of a par value of virtually a quarter of a billion dollars. The tremendous growth in American investment power was demonstrated by the fact that all the major offerings were oversubscribed heavily, and underwriting houses continue to complain of their inability to obtain sufficient new securities to meet the requirements of their customers. The demand has pushed bond prices up to their highest level in years.

The exact total of new bond offerings this week was $248,617,000, exclusive of real estate mortgage issues. This was more than three times the aggregate offerings of the previous week and was almost three times the volume of the corresponding week of last year. Ordinarily a $100,000,000 week is considered an active one in new bond financing, and in most weeks of this year the figure has been less than that.

Financing amounting to $170,000,000 for Standard Oil companies was mainly instrumental in setting the week's record. The largest actual offering was $50,000,000 of Standard Oil of New York 4½ per cent. debentures through Dillon, Read & Co. and associates. Technical offering was made by J. P. Morgan & Co. of $120,000,000 of Standard Oil Company of New Jersey 5 per cent. debentures, but this issue had been overbought in advance by the holders of New Jersey Standard's preferred stock, which is being retired.

The week also witnessed important offerings in the public utility, foreign, State and municipal and railroad bond divisions.

PINEHURST, N.C. Goodfellowship. Golf on famous courses. Leave 3:10 P. M. arrive at the Carolina next A. M. for breakfast.—Advt.

Light Snow Rides Into City as Cold Abates; Wintry Storms Hit Lakes and Coast Shipping

The first appreciable snowfall of this season started last night around 6 o'clock and by midnight about half an inch had fallen. From a low temperature of 15 degrees at 6 A. M. the thermometer rose throughout the day until one degree above freezing point, the highest for the day, was recorded at three in the afternoon. The mercury hovered around freezing point during the rest of the day and at 10 o'clock last night had dropped to 29 degrees.

The Weather Bureau last night predicted that the cold wave was about over and that today it would be warmer, with a possibility that the snow would turn into light rain. Tonight should be cold.

In other sections of the country, however, the cold wave which in some places was accompanied by fierce storms has caused considerable damage.

Forty lake boats are caught in the ice in the St. Mary's River channel at Sault Ste. Marie, according to Associated Press dispatches from Chicago, and two lake steamers are on the rocks of Mweenam Point, Lake Superior. Both vessels are loaded with grain and the crews have been taken off by Coast Guard vessels. Large grain cargoes are held up in the St. Mary's River and desperate efforts are being made to clear a channel for the vessels.

The wintry gale played havoc with shipping along the New England coast. Two schooners are disabled off the Massachusetts coast, a German steamer is aground on Little Miquelon Island and a British freighter is hard ashore in Sydney Harbor, N. S. The Coast Guard cutter Acushnet, which put out to the assistance of the Boston schooner Horace E. Stone, was disabled by the gale and forced to put into New Bedford for repairs. Several other vessels made port along the Massachusetts coast in a disabled condition, schooners having their rigs swept clear and steamers coming on with deck fittings torn off and engines badly damaged.

Several fires broke out in Rochester following the coldest spell of the season and one man is dead and thousands of dollars' worth of damage is reported.

In Canada many American automobile parties are stalled in the snowdrifts and at the Pas the low mark of 30 degrees below zero was recorded.

When you think of Writing Think of Waldes.—Advt.

COURT BACKS PRESS IN LAWSUIT NEWS

Right to Print Complaints That Start Legal Action Upheld by Appellate Division.

LIBEL VERDICT REVERSED

Papers Public Property When Filed, and a Fair and True Report May Be Published, It Is Held.

The right of the press to publish the contents of officially filed complaints instituting suits of law without risk of libel was sustained in a unanimous decision handed down yesterday by the Appellate Division.

In accordance with this ruling the court reversed a judgment of $6,124 rendered against The Evening Post by a jury sitting before Supreme Court Justice Philip J. McCook and dismissed the complaint of Mrs. Anne McCoy Campbell, a Christian Science practitioner. The decision will affect additional libel actions brought by Mrs. Campbell against other newspapers and apparently settles a legal point long disputed.

The Post and other newspapers printed in 1922 a report of the contents of papers in an action filed in the County Clerk's office by Mrs. Elizabeth Nichols against Mrs. Campbell and another person, seeking to recover $16,000 damages suffered as the result of alleged fraud. Later Mrs. Nichols discontinued the suit and retracted the charges.

Held Reputation Suffered.

Mrs. Campbell brought actions for libel against several newspapers, declaring that her reputation had suffered from the publication of false statements which were not privileged. In her action against THE NEW YORK TIMES the jury returned a verdict for the defendant. Mrs. Campbell met with varying fortune in the other cases.

In its decision yesterday the Appellate Division said:

"We are of the opinion that in no event can the plaintiff recover in the present action and that the plaintiff's action must be dismissed. We are of the opinion that the publication of the article in question was privileged upon the ground that it was a fair and true report of a judicial proceeding within the meaning of the provisions of 337 of the Civil Practice act."

The Court pointed out that this section exempted newspapers from libel suits for printing fair and true reports of any judicial proceeding, unless actual malice in making the report could be proved.

The issue, it was said, was directly presented to the lower court when counsel for The Post asked Justice McCook to charge the jury that the filing of the complaint against Mrs. Campbell in the County Clerk's office, together with the filing of the answer, constituted a judicial proceeding, the facts of which could legally be published. The Court refused the request and instead charged that the filing of the complaint did not carry with it the privilege of republication.

Find Justice Erred.

Declaring that Justice McCook erred, the Appellate Division said: "The evidence shows that the article in question was a fair and true report of the contents of the complaint in the action for fraud brought against the plaintiff. We think it cannot be questioned but that the complaint, which was placed on file in the office of the Clerk of the county, the filing of the answer of the plaintiff antedating by a day the filing of said complaint, was a step in a judicial proceeding."

According to the Court, "the papers became public property by such filing" and constituted a public document. They were accessible to any one desiring to see them, it was pointed out, and were not improperly "the subject of comment and discussion in the public press."

Contrary implications in a decision in a previous case involving The New York Herald Company were held by the Appellate Division to be mere obiter dicta and not controlling.

"A qualified privilege existed upon which the defendant properly relied in its report," it declared. "We think such publication was privileged, and by reason of such privilege the plaintiff cannot recover in the present action. There was no evidence of any actual malice on the part of the defendant."

The opinion was written by Justice Edgar S. K. Merrell.

EXPENDED $92,852 IN ELECTING WALSH

Bay State Democrats Received $27,000 From Wets—Gaston $250 From Limit.

BOSTON, Dec. 3 (AP).—The return of campaign expenditures of the Democratic State Committee in the recent election in which David I. Walsh defeated Senator William M. Butler for a seat in the United States Senate, filed here today, totaled $92,852, including liabilities outstanding. Among them was a total of $1,585 paid to Conrad W. Crooker, attorney for the Liberal Civic League and the National Civic League, who last night lodged with Chairman Reed of the Senate Campaign Investigation Committee charges that Republican organizations spent $453,286.

The report showed that William A. Gaston, defeated candidate for Governor, paid $14,750 to the State Committee of the $15,000 allowed under the law for his personal campaign. More than $10,000 was contributed by members of the Gaston family.

The largest contributions from organizations to the Democratic State Committee was $10,005 from the Association Opposed to the Eighteenth Amendment and $8,161 from the Association Against the Prohibition Amendment.

ROYAL TYAT LUNCH COUNTER

King and Queen of Denmark Mount Stools in Railroad Eating Room.

COLOGNE, Germany, Dec. 3 (AP).—A "snack off the counter" at Aachen station, where travelers change trains before proceeding to Denmark, was thoroughly enjoyed by the King and Queen of Denmark after a surfeit of banquets in Stockholm and Brussels in connection with the wedding festivities of Princess Astrid of Sweden and Crown Prince Leopold of Belgium.

The King and Queen had to wait some time at Aachen while a fresh locomotive was being coupled to the train and customs formalities complied with. As the royal couple strolled along the platform they saw the refreshment room and entered. Climbing upon stools at the counter, they democratically took a "snack" with other travelers before returning to their private car.

REPUBLICAN LEADERS BLAMED FOR DEFEAT

Reorganization of Party in City, County and State Urged at District Club.

Outspoken criticism of the city, county and State leadership of the Republican Party was expressed last night at a meeting of the Republican Club of the Fifteenth Assembly District at its headquarters at 1,041 Madison Avenue. Among those who blamed the defeat of the party in the recent election upon inefficient leadership were former Judge Frank Coleman, who is the leader of the club; former State Senator Schuyler M. Meyer and former Alderman Bruce M. Falconer. Mrs. Ruth Pratt, who represents the district in the Board of Aldermen, presided, but took no part in the discussion.

Mr. Falconer said a city-wide reorganization of the party was most necessary in view of the jealousies existing among the five county organizations. He advocated central headquarters for the party, such as that of the Democrats. Mr. Meyer said poor leadership had alienated the independent vote which the party had controlled in previous elections and accused the leaders of failing to explain frankly why they opposed social legislation. Judge Coleman declared: "There is no question that the leadership of the party is defective."

Other speakers said the leaders were responsible for a feeling that invisible government existed in the party, that undeserving men obtained posts, and that the party workers could approach the leaders only with great difficulty.

Senator Courtlandt Nicoll and Robert K. Prentice said the party would have to abide by the result of the prohibition referendum and cease to straddle the question.

THORNES DISCLAIM EACH OTHER'S DEBTS

Separated Twice, Advertisements Tell of New Stage in Marital Strife.

In THE NEW YORK TIMES of yesterday there appeared the following advertisement:

"My wife, Helen Havemeyer Thorne, having left my bed and board, I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by her. Henry S. Thorne, St. Nicholas Club, 7 West Forty-fourth Street."

In today's issue appears the following:

"My husband, Henry Sanford Thorne, having forced me to leave my home, I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by him. Helen Havemeyer Thorne."

Mrs. Thorne is a great granddaughter of William F. Havemeyer, thrice Mayor of New York. Mr. Thorne is a son of Dr. Victor Thorne of New York and a grandson of Samuel Thorne, head of the Yale Music School for years.

The couple were married quietly at the Havemeyer home at Ardsley-on-Hudson, Jan. 9 last. After a two-months' honeymoon they separated. Later they became reconciled. In July they separated again. If there has since been a reunion it was their briefest stay together, as Mrs. Thorne has been abroad since their July separation, friends said. She gives her present address as 201 East Fortieth Street.

Inquiry at the address given by Mr. Thorne disclosed that the St. Nicholas Club had moved to 30 East Forty-first Street. A friend who is in touch with the affairs of the Thornes said yesterday that Mr. Thorne was no longer a member of the St. Nicholas Club and was now in the West. He declined to explain why Mr. Thorne felt it necessary to advertise that he would not pay any bills his wife might contract.

250,000 FRENCH IDLE THROUGH FRANC'S RISE

Labor Leader Proposes Repatriating 2,000,000 Foreigners to Relieve Situation.

PARIS, Dec. 3 (AP).—France, which faced an economic crisis last July because of the fall of the franc, now is facing another crisis because of its phenomenal rise within the past few months. Unemployment and serious business depressions have come with the rise of exchange. About 250,000 men will be out of work soon, Leon Jouhaux, General Secretary of the French Federation of Labor, told the Socialist and Radical-Socialist Parties today and a delegation from these parties is going to call on Premier Poincaré to ask him what he intends doing to avert an economic crisis.

M. Jouhaux has proposed an extensive program of public works and the gradual repatriation of many of the 2,000,000 foreign laborers in France as a method of meeting the serious situation.

COURT WARNS STIMMELL.

Sentence for Man Who Tore Off Poster in Trolley Is Suspended.

Branson C. Stimmell of 15 Park Row appeared for sentence yesterday in Special Sessions on his conviction last week of "injuring the property" of the Third Avenue railroad when he tore down a poster in a street car, announcing a radio program. His defense was that the poster obscured his view of the street and that it had no right there.

Probation Officer John J. Morgan in a report to the court, said that Stimmell "is a reformer with the usual mental twist that makes him think every one is wrong but him, and once he forms an opinion, his mind closes and nothing can change it." The report added that Stimmell was discharged in 1919 on his arrest for interfering with a truant officer.

Counsel for Stimmell said that the defendant had come to a realization that he had made a mistake in demanding in a letter to the company that it proceed against him. The court thereupon suspended a thirty-day workhouse sentence, and Stimmell was warned to mind his own affairs in the future.

BROWNING AGAIN LOSES.

Court Orders Him to Start Paying Alimony to Wife.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Dec. 3.—Supreme Court Justice Joseph Morschauser filed his final decision here today in which he directs that Edward W. Browning start to pay his wife, Mrs. Frances Heenan (Peaches) Browning, alimony at the rate of $300 a week, pending the trial of his suit for a separation. An order was also granted denying to the plaintiff a bill of particulars of the allegations in the counter charges of Mrs. Browning.

The wife in an affidavit submitted today denied she had purchased wearing apparel and charged it to her husband since she started her suit.

SCHWAB PROMISES TO BOOM BALTIMORE

City Will Eclipse Pittsburgh as Steel Centre in Decade, He Tells Business Men.

TO HAVE GREATEST PLANT

Sparrows Point to Increase Its Mills From Sixty to One Hundred—Gradual Development.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., Dec. 3.—The Bethlehem Steel Company's plant at Sparrows Point will be the greatest in the world in a decade, Charles M. Schwab late last night told 800 members of the Baltimore Association of Commerce at a dinner which they gave for him. He said also that only on last Wednesday he had consented to spend $3,000,000 on the Baltimore dry docks bought last year by Bethlehem interests.

"I have no single interest in Baltimore to which I am not ready to devote every dollar I can borrow," said Mr. Schwab. "I have faith in Baltimore, faith in its people, its high spirit, its tradition of warm friendliness. That's why I came to Baltimore ten years ago—that spirit.

"The city has unequaled advantages for the manufacture of steel, but you men here tonight, and your fellow-citizens, have given all my enterprises a cheerful, whole-hearted, friendly cooperation such as no other city ever has given. Some of you thought I was dreaming when I spoke in 1916 of our plans for Sparrows Point. You have seen them realized, and much more than realized. You will see this dream of mine tonight come true when, ten years hence, I come again among you."

Mr. Schwab said the geographical location of Baltimore was advantageous for industrial development in all lines and unequaled in America. Sparrows Point, he said, was turning out regularly seven times as much tonnage in steel ingots as ten years ago, running close to 200,000 tons a month. The payroll had grown to $25,000,000 a year. The Bethlehem enterprises, taken together, were now 20 to 25 per cent. larger than the United States Steel Corporation was when it was organized by the banking house of Morgan. Bethlehem had every important steel plant east of Pittsburgh.

Mr. Schwab said there were greater possibilities now in the steel industry than ever before. He added that he expected Baltimore to eclipse Pittsburgh as a steel centre. Sparrow's Point now, but sixty miles running, he asserted, and it would have 100 within ten years.

The prediction of Charles M. Schwab, Chairman of the Bethlehem Steel Corporation, that within ten years the company's plant at Sparrow's Point, Baltimore, would be the largest steel plant in the world was not meant to indicate that any special expansion was contemplated at this time, it was said here yesterday. He based his prediction, it was understood, upon the prospect of a gradual enlargement of the company's operations.

Mr. Schwab had not returned to his office here yesterday, but persons acquainted with the company's plans said they knew of no big project under consideration at this time.

MRS. LANGLEY SPENT $99 TO GET HUSBAND'S SEAT

Last Day for Filing Campaign Outlay Reports in House Brings Big Batch.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3 (AP).—Mrs. John W. Langley of Kentucky reported to the House today that she spent only $99 to gain the seat in Congress held by her husband before he was convicted of prohibition law violations.

Today was the last for the filing of reports and it brought in all but a few of the outstanding campaign expenditure statements. Outlays reported by House candidates included:

Massachusetts—Underhill, $991; Martin, $243.

New Jersey—Wolverton, $475; Lehlbach, $1,350.

New York—Bacon, $3,062; Somers, $9,656; Celler, $3,787; Sirovich, $5,427; LaGuardia, $2,749; Pratt, $2,500; Reed, $772.

Pennsylvania—Priest, $1,875; Watres, $3,410; Casey, $250; Palmer, $1,805; Bushong, $3,400; Magrady, $1,919; Beers, $442; Deutrich, $3,011; Kurtz, $1,300; Menges, $2,090; Chase, $2,196; Temple, $1,745; Cochran, $763; Morin, nothing.

PETTING CUTS HAPPINESS.

Takes Edge Off Marriage, Boston University Answers Reveal.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Dec. 3 (AP).—Pre-nuptial petting decreased the happiness in marriage of one out of every six women who answered a Boston University questionnaire on love and marriage.

This was revealed by Mrs. Lucy Jenkins Franklin, dean of women at the university, in an address on "Marriage as a Profession," before the Society of Harvard Dames. She believed the answers truthful because the women did not have to sign their names.

Mrs. Franklin declared that marriage should be a profession and that it required "as much study and skill to be a successful wife and mother as it does to be a successful doctor." She condemned a flippant attitude toward marriage and attacked the attitude of "some girls who feel that marriage is an end of effort."

$442,816 FOR JEWISH FUND.

Women Contribute to Tenth Drive of Federation.

The women's division of the Federation for the Support of Jewish Philanthropic Societies has raised $442,816 toward the $4,720,000 goal in the tenth anniversary campaign of the Federation. It was announced by Mrs. Sidney C. Borg at a meeting at her home at the Hotel Chatham yesterday morning.

Vice Chairman and team leaders of the division met with Mrs. Borg to approve plans for the final stages of the present drive, and to outline the program for 1927.

Mrs. Isaac Kubie announced that four stores of the Hayler Company have designated Dec. 15, as Federation Tithe Day, and that 10 per cent. of gross receipts that day would be devoted to the drive. The stores taking part are, 286 Fifth Avenue, 350 Seventh Avenue, 1,554 and 2,407 Broadway.

BRITISH AND GERMANS CONFER ON INDUSTRY

Avoid Tariff Discussion, Oppose Subsidies and Consider Credits to Foreigners.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 3.—The report of results of the first sitting here today of the conference between representatives of the British and German Federations of Industry, indicates that the discussions so far have been almost entirely exploratory. An effort is being made to discover in what directions the two federations can best cooperate.

It was agreed that a detailed discussion of tariffs was inadvisable and premature, but that preparatory work, such as the attainment of a common customs classification, might well be considered.

As regards Government subsidies to industry, it was agreed that, in principle, they are injurious to international trade and that desirable and undesirable forms of subsidies should be scheduled by experts of the two organizations for consideration, with a view to reaching a common policy.

As regards granting credits to foreign customers, it was decided that a detailed agreement could only be possible between individual industries in each country, but that both sides would commend to their respective federations the desirability of recommending that the industries adopt such a course.

It was arranged that the German industrialists should submit to the British federation proposals to avoid the double taxation of the nationals of one country by the revenue authorities of the other, and that statistics relating to power and general production costs should be exchanged.

The conference will be resumed tomorrow.

AUSTRALIAN ENVOY MAKES HARMONY PLEA

Sir Hugh Denison Asks More Cooperation Among English-Speaking Peoples.

Differences in the national ideals of the various English-speaking nations and the hope of harmonizing them for the betterment of international relations was the subject of an address yesterday by Sir Hugh R. Denison, recently appointed Commissioner for Australia in the United States, at a luncheon given in his honor at the British Luncheon Club, 53 Broadway. Representatives of British and Canadian patriotic societies, as well as British-American business and financial houses were present to welcome the Commissioner, who succeeds Sir James Elder.

"There is a good deal of nonsense spoken by visitors who come here and tell you that the ideals of Great Britain, the United States, Australia and Canada are essentially the same," said Sir Hugh. "This is not so. Whenever British people leave the old country and settle in different parts of the world they at once begin to acquire not only a new accent, but a new vision and a new angle on their attitude toward life.

"Americans, however much as they may have derived from the same stock, have many vital differences of this kind. We must recognize these differences, and make an effort to harmonize them, to bring about more complete cooperation and understanding among the English-speaking peoples."

Frederick W. Barker presided at the luncheon. Others present included Sir Harry Gloster Armstrong, British Consul General, and Frederick Topgin, general manager of the White Star Line.

JEWELERS HERE DENY GEM PRICE WILL DROP

Discount Joel's Statement of Oversupply—Cutters Here Idle for Lack of Stones.

There will be no reduction at present in the price of diamonds even though Sol Joel, head of the largest diamond concern in the world, is reported to have said in South Africa that there was an oversupply. The National Jewelers' Publicity Association and the New York Diamond Cutters' Association announced yesterday that a number of diamond-cutting works in this city were idle because the London Diamond Syndicate had been unable to supply a sufficient quantity of rough diamonds to meet their requirements.

Mr. Joel's firm, Barnato Brothers of London, and Messrs. A. Dunkelsbuhler & Co. of London distribute 90 per cent. of the world's diamond output, the local association said.

According to William Loeb, a director of the Congo and Angola Mines, it is believed here that Mr. Joel's statement was made with a view to influencing the political situation in South Africa, where the mining companies have to pay heavy taxes on their volume of business.

Mr. Loeb said the tendency of diamond prices was to increase rather than decline.

MEMPHIS BANK CLERK GONE WITH $105,000

Like Glisson, Who Recently Took $464,000, Parke Vanishes as Examiners Inspect Books.

Special to The New York Times.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Dec. 3.—Rush H. Parke, a trusted clerk of the American Savings Bank and Trust Company, is being sought by the police for the embezzlement of an amount known not to exceed $105,000. He vanished yesterday when he found State Examiners checking up his books.

His disappearance was similar to that of Courtney Glisson, defaulting teller of the savings department of the Bank of Commerce and Trust Company, who recently got away with about $464,000, except that Parke is not believed to have taken any ready cash.

Glisson drew about $5,000 out of the cash in his cage a few minutes after he saw the State Bank Examiners working on his accounts and departed. Parke quietly walked out of his bank with whatever money he may have had in his pockets. His absence was not noted for two hours.

Parke's shortage, which covers about six months, an examination of the books having shown them to be correct to April, in no way affects the solvency of the bank, long regarded as one of the most secure in the city.

Parke is 30 years old and married. He was not under suspicion and the disclosure of the auditors astounded the directors of the bank, where he had been employed for several years. His father is superintendent of the De Soto Branch of the Memphis Post Office.

AMERICANS QUERY MEXICO ON COAL LAW

Minister Promises Early Reply to Inquiry on How It Will Affect Their Titles.

SHEFFIELD STIRS DINERS

Tells Them His Duty Is to Defend Rights—Some in Washington See Bid for New Parley.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Dec. 3.—American companies owning coal deposits in Northern Mexico have submitted a questionnaire to Luis Morones, Secretary of Industry, Commerce and Labor, asking him to say whether the concessions to be given in exchange for the titles to their property would show clearly that ownership was based upon rights acquired before 1917. Señor Morones has promised to give a written reply in a few days.

Regarding the attitude of his department on the question of exchange of titles for concessions, Señor Morones assured the coal operators that the Government had no desire to injure the coal business in any way and that he personally would apply the law so as to remove any point detrimental to the coal industry.

Regarding the surface tax, which the coal men say is injuring their business, the Minister stated that this matter was not under his department, but that he would help in every way possible to have the Treasury Department adjust the taxes to the satisfaction of the operators.

Represented at Conference.

Representatives of the American Smelting and Refining Company, Monterey Steel Works, Masafield Coal Company, Mexican Coal Company, Coahuila Coal Company, Escondido Coal Company and Mr. Lamar, a private owner of coal mines, took part in the conference with the Minister. They said they were pleased with its results and expressed the belief that the coal companies would be able to operate on an even larger scale than at present.

The questionnaire contains about thirty questions on possible action by the Government in applying the Alien Land laws to coal deposits.

The Statement on the Mexican Oil law issued in Washington on Wednesday by Ambassador Telles was criticized by some Senators, who said they would bring it up at tomorrow's session.

It was said last night by Foreign Minister Saens that he had no knowledge of the Ambassador's statements, which appeared to make the alien land and oil laws less rigorous on foreigners, and that there had been no change in the Government's plans to enforce these laws next month.

Señor Telles's statement was not in accord with the views of Mexican legislators, some Senators declared today. The revolutions, they said, had been fought to prevent the establishment of privileged classes, but, according to the Telles statement, this very thing would happen if the Government drew the distinction he said it would in applying the oil law to Mexicans and foreigners, giving the latter privileges not enjoyed by native Mexicans.

Sheffield Addresses Americans.

"I am in Mexico for two reasons," said Ambassador Sheffield today at a luncheon given in his honor by the American Chamber of Commerce. "One is to maintain friendly relations between the American people and the people of Mexico and the other is to defend the interests of our nationals in every right that they possess under international law.

"Compromises are sometimes best," he went on, "but after all, we must ultimately face the truth."

Referring to the fact that the more strongly constructed buildings had withstood the recent Florida storm better than the weaker ones the Ambassador said:

"I am for cement and concrete in spinal columns."

This was taken by the 250 guests as an interpretation of the attitude of the American Government in its present dispute with Mexico over the alien land and oil laws and it caused an outburst of hearty cheers.

Consul General Weddell presided at the speakers' table. Bishop Creighton opened the luncheon with grace. M. P. Arthur Sanoussaffi, Chargé d'Affaires, and others in the diplomatic service attended the luncheon.

Calles Tells of Much Support.

MEXICO CITY, Dec. 3 (AP).—From all sections of the republic innumerable messages have come to President Calles assuring him of support for his policies on all points affecting the relations between Mexico and the United States, according to an announcement made today at the President's office.

Bid for New Negotiations Seen.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—The statement issued by the Mexican Embassy on Wednesday, entitled "Plain Facts on the Mexican Oil Law," is interpreted by some here as the first step on the part of President Calles to reopen negotiations with the United States on the alien land and petroleum laws, which go into effect next month and to which the American Government has objected on the ground that they are retroactive and confiscatory.

These negotiations appeared to have been closed by the interchange of notes, the last of which was sent to the United States by Mexico on Nov. 15, and it is expected that Ambassador Sheffield will emphasize this point in early conferences in Mexico City with President Calles and Foreign Minister Saens.

MRS. GIBSON FINED; FAILED TO GET 'THRILL'

Pays $100 to Escape Jail Term for Auto Escapade—Court Denies Plea for Suspension.

Mrs. Paula Gibson, 32 years old, of 565 Park Avenue, who was convicted in the Traffic Court three days ago of driving her automobile while intoxicated last Wednesday at Fifth Avenue and Fifty-ninth Street, paid a fine of $100 imposed yesterday by Magistrate Thomas F. McAndrews, rather than spend ten days in jail. Mrs. Gibson, pale from her incarceration in the Jefferson Market Woman's Prison for two days, indicated that she had not found the "thrill" in prison she expressed a yearning for when she first was arraigned on the complaint of Patrolman John Tribby of the West Forty-seventh Street Station.

Tribby at that time said that his attention was drawn to the woman when she ran her automobile into a taxicab in front of the Plaza Hotel and knocked the driver out of his seat before she brought the car to a stop by ramming a steam roller a short distance away. The Magistrate, following his conviction of the woman, ordered her detained in the prison without bail until her arraignment for sentence.

Mrs. Gibson was brought from the prison at Sixth Avenue and Eighth Street to the court at 300 Mulberry Street along with other prisoners in the ordinary prison van. As she was being escorted by an attendant up the elevator to the court room, she passed into a mirror and exclaimed: "I look as if I had been in jail six months!" Her mother, Mrs. S. R. Sudium, and a girl, said to be the prisoner's secretary, were in court.

Walter Godfrey, her lawyer, asked the Court to suspend sentence. He asked the Magistrate to take into account that she had been ill for a long time.

Magistrate McAndrews said: "No one can do what she did and get away with it. Patrolman Tribby deserves thanks for arresting her before she seriously injured some person."

The mother of the prisoner misconstrued the Magistrate's sentence as a five-ten-day jail term, became hysterical and had to be led screaming from the court. It was then explained to her that Mrs. Gibson had obtained her freedom by paying the fine.

GOVERNOR DEMANDS POWER LEASE DELAY

Continued from Page 1, Column 8.

State, and caustic criticism was made of placing on boards and commissions men elected in small sections of the State by limited constituencies.

"Here we see a glaring example of that abuse. Two of the signers of your letter are elected, one in a Senate district and one in an Assembly district. All of this was taken into consideration by the Hughes Commission, and I hold that the State's policy on this matter was changed by the Legislature in 1926 and the only reason why the policy was not made immediately effective is to be found in an extract from a report of the commission which says:

"'To attempt to provide that some of the departments should be organized as of Jan. 1, 1927, and that others should be organized earlier would tend to introduce confusion and would not serve any purpose important enough to affect the desirability of choosing a common date at which the entire new organization shall become effective.'

Policy Fixed by Legislature.

"This, you will note, refers to consolidation of the departments themselves, undoubtedly as to personnel. But it cannot be denied that the policy of the State with regard to the Administration of the Water Power Commission was definitely fixed by the Legislature of 1926. Let me again quote from the report as showing what the Hughes Commission had in mind:

"'In view of the importance of grants of water power rights, it is recommended that these grants be made subject to the approval of the Governor. * * *'

"Undoubtedly the Hughes Commission believed that the letter and spirit of the reorganization amendment to the Constitution comprehended responsibility in the Chief Executive. You will further note that, under the reorganization, control of the commission falls into the hands of the Governor. Expressing, as I have, legislative as well as constitutional intent, I believe that your commission should not take the action that you threaten in your letter of Dec. 2.

"I am unable to understand how you arrive at the conclusion that there is no question of administration involved. The whole question is one of administration and was so recognized by the Hughes Commission. You are mistaken when you say that the 1921 Water Power act was the first and only declaration of State policy on water power. Chapter 369 of the Laws of 1907 had the following title:

"'An act authorizing and directing the State Water Supply Commission to devise plans for the progressive development of the water powers of the State, for the public use, under State ownership and control, and making an appropriation therefor.'

"It declared in favor of the State keeping its water power resources and developing them under State ownership and State control. The whole water power history of the State between 1907 and 1921, so far as it can be ascertained from legislative enactment, was in favor of State ownership and State control, as was clearly made apparent by the repeal of the Long Sault charter, which granted by law the same water powers you now seek to grant by lease, and I am informed that the same company that secured the grant by law is one of the applicants for it by lease.

"I think you are assuming a great deal when you undertake to fix the policy of the Legislature of 1927 with regard to water power development.

"The arguments you produce in favor of immediate action are not borne out by the facts. Only two weeks ago the joint board of engineers on the St. Lawrence waterways, after an investigation, made a report that, while not fixing policy, leaves it impossible to escape the conclusion that the matter of the canalization of the waterway would be accompanied by water power development under Federal and Dominion control and auspices.

"The report of the engineers clearly indicates that the officials representing the United States disagreed with the officials representing Canada, which will undoubtedly further complicate the entire question.

"You seem to desire in your letter to convey to the public the impression that the canalization of the St. Lawrence River is going to take place before the first of January. Thinking people all over the country know that that project is not even in the immediate future, and the best way to protect the State's interests against Federal invasion is to let the State continue in control of her own property and not lease it to any private individual.

"Speed in this matter by your commission will not change the legal status of the situation. We either own this property or we do not. I hold that we do. Your commission seems to be doubtful about it.

"You say in your letter that I am asking the State to abandon the policy adopted under the Act of 1921 and to adopt an entirely different policy. In that you are right. I am opposed to leasing this property for fifty years to any corporation for private gain and I am in favor of retaining basic control in the State.

"You are not right, however, when you say that no plan for its development has been clearly defined by me. I have sought its development by the creation of a quasi-public body to be known as the New York Water Power Authority, after a plan to be approved by the Legislature. This proposal was accepted by the Senate in 1926 and the decision calling for its defeat in the Assembly was made by one man.

"I propose to again lay before the people of the State a policy for water power development under State ownership and State control at a dinner given under the auspices of the Survey Associates, Inc., at the Hotel Astor in New York City on the thirteenth day of this month.

"I certainly cannot agree to any such absurd deal as you propose when you suggest that I withdraw my telegram and that you grant this license conditioned upon subsequent action by the Legislature with regard to the State policy, and I ask you again as Governor and as Governor-elect to refrain from any further action on this proposed lease in the few days left to you before you go out of office."

Lease Is Expected to Be Granted.

The New York State Water Power Commission is scheduled to meet on Wednesday to act on applications for permission to construct a $200,000,000 hydroelectric plant on the St. Lawrence River, and well-informed circles expect leases will be granted in spite of Governor Smith's opposition.

The belief was also expressed that the award would be made to the Frontier Corporation, which represents joint interests of the General Electric Company, the Aluminum Company of America and the E. I. du Pont de Nemours Company. There is one other applicant for the concession, the American Superpower Corporation, controlled by Henry L. Doherty, who represents a group of about a hundred gas, electric light and oil companies.

The Water Power Commission, at present an all-Republican body, will be superseded after Jan. 1 by a commission composed of the Conservation Commissioner as Chairman, the Attorney General and the Commissioner of Public Works. The Governor will have the power of veto over leases.

Under a plan already adopted by the Water Power Commission, it is understood that for the privileges conferred through the license the beneficiary corporation will be taxed by the State on its output at the rate of $2.50 per horsepower. Of this amount 25 cents per horsepower would go to the Federal Government. On this basis it is expected that the St. Lawrence project, which involves the development of from 1,000,000 to 1,200,000 horsepower on the American side, would bring the State from $2,500,000 to $3,000,000 a year.

If a license is granted at the next meeting of the commission the licensee will be required to begin construction within three years and complete within five years a plant capable of developing at least 500,000 horsepower, to be brought up to its full capacity of 1,200,000 horsepower as rapidly as circumstances will permit. The licensee must undertake to develop on the American side at least one-half of the power to be generated from the entire development on both sides of the St. Lawrence. The project is to be undertaken in cooperation with the Hydro-electric Commission of the Province of Ontario.

A $10,000,000 bond for faithful performance will be required from the licensee.

DECRY CRIME PHASE OF JUVENILE COURTS

Justices at Conference Say Law Governing These Courts Exceeds Constitution.

HUMAN ASPECT STRESSED

State Association Visits Children's Village at Dobbs Ferry—To Elect New Officers Today.

The belief that the law governing Children's Courts of the State exceeds the State Constitution by the overemphasis of the criminal aspect of minor cases was expressed by several Justices at the opening of the fourth annual conference of the New York State Association of Judges of Children's Courts held yesterday at the Waldorf-Astoria. The majority of opinions on the jurisdiction of Children's Courts held that more emphasis should be laid on home training, environment and influence upon the child "beyond the legal aspect."

More than forty-five Judges from thirty-eight counties attended the opening of the two-day conference. Judge Daniel J. Dugan of the Albany County Children's Court, President of the association, in the opening address emphasized the "human" phase of Children's Court problems.

One of the strongest pronouncements of the jurisdiction of Children's Courts was made by Judge George M. Champlin of Cortland County. He declared the present law controlling Children's Courts exceeded the constitutional amendments providing for them. He added that the courts should not be used for trying crimes, as the proper place for hearing either misdemeanors or felonies was the Criminal Court.

The Judges were taken to the Children's Village at Dobbs Ferry for luncheon and a tour of inspection. The group was received by Leon C. Faulkner, the Executive Director of the Children's Village, who explained informally the methods used in dealing with the children under his charge.

Last evening the Board of Directors of the Children's Village gave a dinner to the visiting Judges at the Union League Club, which preceded a theatre party. The conference will continue this morning with the election of officers and reports of committees on legislation and procedure. Among the speakers are Miss Katherine Lenroot of the Washington Children's Bureau and Joseph Endreys of the New York State Department of Education.

HELD FOR BEATING SUBWAY

Apartment House Owner Charged With Using Tin Slugs for Nickels.

Frederick Brown, 67-year-old tailor and father of ten children, was arraigned in Morrisania Court yesterday on a charge of using tin slugs in a subway turnstile at the I. R. T. station at Prospect Avenue, the Bronx. Magistrate Abraham Rosenbluth allowed him to return to his home, an apartment house owned by him, at 748 Beck Street, the Bronx, after a bondsman had furnished $1,000 bail. His case was set for Special Sessions.

Brown said that six of his children were married and had helped him and his wife purchase the five-story brick apartment house at the corner of East 156th and Beck streets, where they live. He came to this country as an immigrant, became a tailor and still works at his trade, he said, "when his health permits." Although he refused to discuss his arrest Mrs. Brown declared her husband was innocent and that he had enemies who were seeking to put him in disgrace.

Detectives Sherrock and Blake of the State Railway Police, who made the arrest, charged that Brown a moment before had dropped a tin slug into the money slot. They found six similar slugs in his possession, they testified, adding that the pieces resembled others which have been found in the turnstiles at the Prospect Avenue station at intervals for a year.

ADVERTISEMENT.

Daily Style Hint For Well-Dressed New Yorkers

NEW YORK, December 4—In dress, as well as in business, men favor the short cut. They decline to fuss and fumble. Out of this has grown the new buttonless glove which goes on in three blinks of an eyelid.

Such gloves are made of gray suede or tan capeskin leather. Wool-lined for added warmth. No clasp or button. Roomily cut and finger-free after the English manner. Exclusive, but not expensive.

John David

"That Night!"

TEN years ago, there was hardly a movie-thriller that did not hold us breathless in anticipation with the caption: "That Night!" We always expected sinister things to happen.

There's something about darkness that suggests mystery and possible danger. A good flashlight takes the terror out of night with its bright, white light.

It also takes the terror out of the annual Christmas problem. Give genuine Eveready to everybody on your gift-list.

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Leaves New York Dec. 23
$220
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Sail on the great S.S. Finland, 22,230 tons displacement. Every shipboard recreation. Sightseeing and luxury. Superb hotel accommodations. Back in New York January 5th.
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He is seeking an opportunity to save that amount by accomplishing definite results either in or out of advertising. He is willing to prove his ability to produce, at a salary that will not embarrass your pocketbook.

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HOTEL MANGER
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The Wonder Hotel of New York. A Modern, Marble Palace.

ONE of the largest and finest hotels in the world, with rates lower than any other first-class hotel in the country. In the heart of the Times Square District—grouped about the hotel are the largest legitimate, vaudeville and motion picture theatres, as well as important shops and the New Madison Square Garden. The elegant furnishings set a precedent in the equipping of a distinctive, modern hotel. Subway and surface lines at door bring Grand Central and Pennsylvania Stations within easy access.

All rooms have hot and cold running water, circulating ice water and Servidors

RATES PER DAY—NONE HIGHER

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For One Person—	$2.50 $3.00
For Two Persons—	4.50 6.00
Rooms with shower bath	
For One Person—	$3.00 $3.50
For Two Persons—	4.50 5.00
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For Two Persons—	5.00 6.00

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BRIDE LEAVES BARON AT WEDDING DINNER

Daughter of J. C. Clendenin Goes Back to Parents Few Hours After Being Married.

FOLLOWS HER FATHER HOME

He Traces Eloping Couple to Hotel —Tornow Makes No Move to Seek Wife.

An effort probably will be made soon to annul the marriage of Miss Florence Marjorie Clendenin, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Clendenin of 32 East Sixty-fourth Street, who eloped last Wednesday with the Baron George Tornow, a former Colonel in the Preobrajensky Infantry Regiment of the Imperial Russian Army.

This was revealed yesterday, when it was learned that the bride had left her husband during the wedding dinner at the Waldorf, a few hours after their marriage, and returned to the home of her parents.

No reason for the separation was given, but it is known that it followed a visit of Mr. Clendenin to the Baron's suite in the Waldorf, where the wedding dinner was in progress. A spokesman for the family said last night that the Baroness left her husband of her own free will and without any pressure being brought to bear by members of her family.

The marriage was made despite the expressed disapproval of Mr. Clendenin. Early Wednesday afternoon the Baron called at the office of his prospective father-in-law, at 120 Broadway, and announced that he had come to ask permission to marry Mr. Clendenin's daughter, Florence.

Refused to Give Consent.

Mr. Clendenin is said to have replied that he never would give his consent to the marriage and to have threatened to disinherit his daughter if she insisted in going through with it. Thereupon the Baron left the office and rejoined Miss Clendenin, who, it was said, was waiting outside for him in a taxicab. They waited until almost closing time at the Marriage License Bureau before going there for a license, in the hope that they might avoid publicity. In doing so, however, they missed the Deputy Clerk, Joseph McCormack, the only one available to perform the marriage ceremony.

Armed with the license they went to the home of Millard Bloomer, at 115 West Sixteenth Street, and then to the Church of the Transfiguration (The Little Church Around the Corner) at 1 East Twenty-ninth Street, where they were married by the Rev. William L. Phillips.

Immediately after the ceremony the bride and bridegroom, with Mr. and Mrs. Bloomer and Captain Matthey Tyrtoff, a friend of the Baron's, went to the Waldorf for the wedding dinner.

Meanwhile Mr. Clendenin was trying to find his daughter. An anonymous telephone call early in the evening announced that she was being married at the Hotel Barclay at 111 West Forty-eighth Street. Mr. Clendenin, accompanied by other members of his family, hurried to the hotel and went at once to the dining room. The headwaiter knew the Baron, but had not seen him that evening. He said he knew nothing of the wedding.

Directed to the Waldorf.

While passing through the lobby Mr. Clendenin met the Princess Ouchtomsky and Mrs. Harriet Woodworth and asked if they knew where his daughter was being married. They had heard the Baron mention his wedding plans, and suggested that although the wedding probably was over, Mr. Clendenin might find the couple at the Waldorf.

Mr. Clendenin hurried to that hotel. He learned that the Baron had been assigned to a suite there and went there at once. When he entered, the wedding dinner was at its height.

Accounts of what happened afterward differ. Some say that Mr. Clendenin upbraided the Baron and publicly disinherited his daughter. Others, however, say he merely addressed himself to the Baron and said nothing to his daughter. She did not accompany him when he left.

Not long after, however, a taxicab drew up before the apartment house in which the Clendenins live, and the Baroness alighted and hurried inside to her parents. The wedding dinner lasted until almost 6 o'clock in the morning, when friends of the Baron took him to a hotel in West Fifty-seventh Street, where he spent the night.

Does Not Try to See Wife.

Baron Tornow has made no attempt to see his wife since then. His friends say that the reason the Baroness left him was because he had no money.

Since coming to America Baron Tornow has spent most of his time in Wall Street, where he is said to have made a little money in investments for a time, only to lose it afterward in a bull market.

Until a short time ago the Baron lived at the Allerton House, at 143 East Thirty-ninth Street, but after his misfortunes in Wall Street he took other lodgings.

Attempts to find the Baron yesterday were unsuccessful. His brother, Baron Michel Tornow, who lives at 49 West Fifty-fifth Street, said he had not seen him, and added that they were not on very good terms.

Friends of the bridegroom ascribe his marital difficulties to lack of funds and to a jealous woman, who, they declare, was in love with him and sought to prevent the wedding by notifying Mr. Clendenin of the whereabouts of the bride and bridegroom.

In applying for the marriage license, the Baron said that he was a widower. His friends say his first wife died in Russia a few years after they were married, leaving the Baron with a son, a boy now about 9 years old.

PUBLIC NOTICES

One dollar an agate line.

MY WIFE, HELEN HAVEMEYER THORNE, having left my bed and board, I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by her.
HENRY E. THORNE, St. Nicholas Club, 7 West 44th St., New York City.

TAKE NOTICE THAT THE UNDERSIGNED will not be responsible for debts incurred by Mrs. Dora Strosofsky, also representing herself as Dora Schleifman.
JOSEPH SCHLEIFMAN,
558 Elton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

MY HUSBAND, HENRY SANFORD Thorne, having forced me to leave my home, I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by him.
HELEN HAVEMEYER THORNE,
201 East 40th St.

JACOBS—MY WIFE, ANNA E. JACOBS OF 160 Beach 90th St., Rockaway Beach, having left my bed and board, I am no longer responsible for any debts she may incur.
EDWARD B. JACOBS.

MR. A. S. MacARTHUR OF NEENAH, Wis., telephone Mr. Sage, Worth 9015, immediately.

The New York Times offers a reward of $100 for information leading to the arrest and conviction of any one who has inserted a fraudulent advertisement in its columns.

WILD WEST DAYS TOLD AT CRABTREE HEARING

Depositions for Alleged Niece Picture Scenes in Tombstone, Ariz., in the '80s.

BOSTON, Dec. 3 (AP).—Echoes of the early '80s when Tombstone, Ariz., was a roaring camp were heard today in the Suffolk Probate Court. Pictures of the good old bad days were drawn in depositions read in support of the claim of Mrs. Carlotta Cockburn of San Gabriel, Cal., to share in the $4,000,000 estate of the late Lotta Crabtree, actress.

Affidavits of the two old-timers of the Arizona mining camp supported the contention of Mrs. Cockburn that she was the daughter of John A. Crabtree, brother of Lotta Crabtree, and therefore a niece of the actress. The deponents were Robert Henry Reynolds of Naco, Ariz., and Michael M. Rice, now of California. Both said they had been friendly with John Crabtree in California and Arizona.

In Tombstone, described as a town of 500 inhabitants, a day's journey by stage from the railroad, life was simple, the affiants said. Killings were frequent and the vigilantes had much to do. Men were careful how they talked about men and women, for they were held responsible for their remarks.

In this background, both said, Jack Crabtree lived with a woman who was generally considered to be his wife. Reynolds and Rice both swore they knew of a daughter born of the union. They said they had known Lotta Crabtree in California, and that the Crabtree they saw in Arizona was the actress's brother.

Mr. Reynolds, in his deposition, said Jack Crabtree had told him he intended to name the baby Carlotta after his sister. He said that in 1885 when he visited Tombstone, Jack's partner, Ed Bullock, took him to an old dobe house to show him "Jack's kid."

Mr. Rice, who said he met Lotta Crabtree while he was a call boy in a San Francisco theatre, said he came across Jack Crabtree for the first time in Tombstone. Crabtree then lived with a "swell looking woman" generally believed to be his wife.

Some years later, he said, he met the woman in Tucson and she told him Jack had left her and she was going to try to make him do something for the baby.

CALDWELL SUIT HALTS TO PRODUCE ARTIST

Actress on Stand Denies Hubbard Spoke to Her About 'Affection' for Norman Bel Geddes.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 3 (AP).—John Hubbard, wealthy Pittsburgh manufacturer, treated Miss Anne Caldwell, musical comedy actress, with great respect and was "wonderful" to her in the presence of his friends, Mrs. Madeline P. Conley of Pittsburgh testified today in the actress's $500,000 breach of promise suit against Hubbard.

The trial was adjourned until Monday. In the intervening time the plaintiff is to produce Norman Bel Geddes, a New York scenic artist, whose name was mentioned frequently in today's testimony.

Mrs. Conley's testimony was submitted in the form of a deposition, which was read after Miss Caldwell's cross-examination was concluded.

Led by defense questions covering her life from early in 1922, when she claims she accepted Hubbard's proposal of marriage, until 1924, when, she contends, he broke the engagement, Miss Caldwell had testified Hubbard paid her rent in different Atlantic City and New York apartments and hotels, and had bought her gifts of clothes and jewelry, including a $1,500 fur coat. She told of a party, given by Mrs. Conley in an Atlantic City hotel, lasting two days. She said she attended with Hubbard.

The defense centred the cross-examination on a trip she made to California in 1924, to go into the movies because "Bel Geddes said he thought I had quite a comedy angle." Geddes traveled on the same train with her from Chicago to California, she testified. It was after this trip, she charged, Hubbard said he would not marry her.

Defense counsel asked if she "became greatly infatuated with Norman Bel Geddes and if Hubbard called her attention to this "affection." She replied: "That's not true."

GOES TO PARIS FOR LEGION.

General Greenlaw Sails to Plan Housing of Convention.

Major Gen. Albert Greenlaw of Augusta, Me., a member of the American Legion's France Convention Committee, sailed last night on the Leviathan for Paris, where he will take charge of arrangements for the housing, transportation and tours in France of the 30,000 members of the A. E. F. who are expected to attend the convention. General Greenlaw will establish headquarters in Paris for what he called yesterday "the second A. E. F.," and will confer with French officials and the Paris Post of the American Legion during the coming Winter regarding plans for the reception of the Legion members.

"From present indications there is little doubt that at least 30,000 veterans will attend the convention," he said. "A very large percentage of the applications already received ask for accommodations for wives, mothers and sisters, so this number may be greatly increased."

BANKRUPT, SAYS DR. LANDIS

Asserts House of Health Brought Him $600,000 Before Difficulties.

Holding that the "unseen forces" which objected to his plan for publicity in medicine had ruined his business and had plunged him into bankruptcy, Dr. Leonard L. Landis continued his testimony yesterday at the hearing before the State Board of Medical Examiners at the Attorney General's offices. Dr. Landis is charged with practicing fraudulently and unethically in his House of Health, 140 East Twenty-second Street.

Before the charges were made under which he faces the loss of his license, Dr. Landis's annual income was $800,000, of which he kept only $6,000 he said. More than $100,000 was spent for advertising, he declared, adding that altogether he had spent about $2,000,000 for the "good-will" of the house. He said he did not own an automobile and that his only pleasure was in watching the growth of the House of Health.

Two Children Perish in Fire.

RED BANK, N. J., Dec. 3.—Two little girls were burned to death tonight when a five-room bungalow on Conover Lane in Middletown, N. J., was destroyed by fire. The children were Virginia Burr, 6 years old, and her sister, Nancy, 4, the only children of Mr. and Mrs. Kelsey Burr. Virginia's body was removed from the building, but Nancy's body still remains in the ruins.

CHAPLIN LAWYERS MEET BUT DISAGREE

Comedian Wants to Avoid Court and Estranged Wife Seeks Separate Maintenance.

REPEATS CRUELTY CHARGE

Former Lita Grey Declares Husband Will Not Surrender Clothing of Two Boys.

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 3 (AP).—The first conference between attorneys for Charlie Chaplin, film comedian, and his estranged wife, Lita Grey Chaplin, resulted in a draw, the legal representatives of the separated pair announced at the close of their meeting today.

Lloyd Wright, the comedian's counsel, in whose offices the session was held, and George Beebe, representing Mrs. Chaplin, said they would have nothing further to say until the first of the week, if then. Earlier in the day Mrs. Chaplin had indicated that she would not seek a divorce, but will bring proceedings for separate maintenance.

The two small sons of the Chaplins meanwhile felt the pinch of an abbreviated wardrobe. For while they are in the home of their great-grandparents with their mother, Chaplin, according to his wife, is holding all their clothes at his Beverly Hills mansion and will not surrender them.

The youngsters, Charles Spencer Chaplin Jr. and Sidney Earle Chaplin, are managing to get along with the sweaters and other garments they wore when they departed with their mother.

Spurred by intimations that his estranged wife would demand a huge sum in settlement of their marital difficulties, Chaplin gathered his attorneys about him in his Beverly Hills mansion late today for a conference to determine how much he would have to expend to keep his troubles out of the courts.

That the former Lita Grey, who, with her two children, left the home of her movie comedy husband Tuesday and announced a day later that she would never return, will demand a property settlement in keeping with his income is no secret, for her attorney, George Beebe, already has mentioned sums in excess of $1,000,000.

Meanwhile the wife reiterated her charges of cruelty, declaring her husband had insulted guests she brought to their home last Monday night.

Chaplin's version of the Monday night party, in which he described undue ribaldry after 2 o'clock in the morning, was categorically denied by his wife. Her guests were not drinking, she said, did not make much noise and arrived at 1 o'clock.

The domestic battle to follow, whether in or out of court, is expected to centre about custody of the two children, Charles Spencer Jr. and Sidney Earle.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 3 (AP).—Baron and Baroness Mille de Precourt of Paris, who were being entertained by Mrs. Charles Chaplin in the party that is alleged to have caused the estrangement in the Chaplin family, are registered at the Hotel St. Francis here. They declined to make statements regarding the party other than to say that they were present and that they were greatly distressed at the outcome. They will depart for Paris tomorrow.

Father Blames Mrs. Chaplin's Mother.

Special to The New York Times.

WICHITA, Kan., Dec. 3.—Robert E. McMurray, father of Mrs. Charles Chaplin, blames her mother, from whom he was divorced sixteen years ago, for a good part of his daughter's troubles and expressed the opinion it was through her that the family differences arose.

Mr. McMurray said he intended to telegraph his daughter, offering her his help if she needed it.

"I think Lita needs some one to lean on besides her mother," he said.

When Lita Grey was a juvenile with Chaplin she had a $300 a week contract. Her mother, Mrs. McMurray said, splurged with new motor cars and other luxuries.

Neither his daughter, whom he had not seen since 1922, nor his former wife knew where he was living, he added.

WOMEN'S ASSAILANT GETS TWENTY YEARS

Clemency Denied to Serota, Who Shot One, Beat Another in Brooklyn.

Samuel Serota, convicted of assault for shooting Grace Mehl and for beating her niece, Ruth Mehl, in their home at 1,165 Clarkson Avenue, in the Canarsie section of Brooklyn, was sentenced to twenty years in Sing Sing Prison by Supreme Court Justice James C. Cropsey in Brooklyn yesterday. In addition to this charge against Serota the women declared that he was the last person they saw with John Mehl, brother of Grace Mehl, a former school teacher, and father of Ruth Mehl when he disappeared on April 29.

Serota's connection with John Mehl at that time, together with messages the women received purporting to come from their missing relative, figured in their testimony at the trial. The sister and niece of Mehl said Serota told them the missing man had trouble with an Italian and had to keep away.

At his trial Serota denied all knowledge of the fate of Mehl. He told the same story to the police when they dredged marshes and local waters in a search for Mehl's body, on the theory that he had been murdered. When Serota went on the stand in his own defense, the first question put to him by Assistant District Attorney Frederick Kopf was:

"What did you do with John Mehl's body?" Serota, however, denied any knowledge of his fate.

It was said that Mehl's sister and daughter have estimated his estate at approximately $400,000, which cannot be distributed until the mystery of his disappearance is cleared.

MILLS TO QUIT ABOUT FEB. 1

Won't Leave House Until It Acts on Bills He Is Interested In.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3 (AP).—Representative Ogden Mills of New York expects to resign from the House about Feb. 1 to become Under-Secretary of the Treasury. By that time he believes the House will have acted on alien property and tax legislation, in which he is particularly interested.

Mr. Mills predicted today that the House would unanimously pass a non-partisan alien property bill which he said would be reported by the Ways and Means Committee, of which he is a member.

As Under-Secretary of the Treasury, the New York Representative will succeed Garrard B. Winston, who wants to return to the practice of law.

FORGERS' AIDE FACES THEFT CHARGE, TOO

Roedel, Elevator Operator, to Be Accused of Burglary in Capitol Theatre Building.

JADE LAMP GIVES LEAD

Found In Pisoner's Apartment, It Is Identified by Realty Head as One Stolen From Studio.

Participation in the plot which led to the obtaining by a gang of forgers of $148,000 from a bank on spurious checks on the Moredall Realty Corporation, owner of the Capitol Theatre Building, is not the only offense to be charged against William (Fatty) Roedel, former elevator operator in the theatre building, detectives seeking the forgers revealed yesterday. Roedel, when arrested last Tuesday night in a $325 apartment he had rented at 7 West Ninth Street, admitted to Detectives Mayer and Brown that he had accepted $1,800 from the forgers to aid them in a night visit to the corporation's office in the theatre, in which signatures were copied and the corporation's check protecting stamp used to make the checks appear legitimate. A burglary charge also is to be made against the corpulent, undersized, elevator operator, and it is possible, according to the detectives, that Nancy Kirby, the girl who occupied the apartment with Roedel, will prove a most damaging witness against him.

Roedel accounted for his disposition of the $1,500 he had received from the forgers but made no accounting for the expensive furnishings of the apartment. His salary of $28 a week certainly could not have been used in this respect, so the detectives decided to investigate. One thing that particularly drew their attention was a jade lamp in a corner of Roedel's den. Others were several expensive silk gowns, toilet articles, bed coverings, linens and a woman's leather bag.

Roedel was evasive when Mayer and Brown questioned him about these. The girl merely said that he "had bought them for her early in the year, and she had kept them stored away until they moved into the apartment. Mesmore Kendall, President of the realty corporation, was in conference with the detectives and Alfred Tyrell, chief claims adjuster for the National Surety Company, when the subject of the furnishings came up. A detective happened to mention the jade lamp.

Instantly Mr. Kendall recalled that a jade lamp was among $5,000 in furnishings and jewelry which had been taken from his studio apartment on the sixth floor of the theatre building last April when a burglar cleared out everything portable. Mr. Kendall's home is in Dobbs Ferry, N. Y., and when business engagements require his presence in town at an early hour he frequently stops in the studio over night.

A hurried trip was made to the expensive apartment. Mr. Kendall immediately identified the lamp as his property, and then when the leather bag was closely examined it was found that the gold initials "M. K." had skillfully been removed from it. Mr. Kendall's monogram on the bed covering and linen also had been removed, it developed. A formal charge of burglary will be lodged against the former elevator attendant, the detectives said yesterday, when the charges against him and the forgers reach the Grand Jury.

Another development in Roedel's connection with the forgery plot was his admission that when the gang handed him $1,500 as part of his $15,000, he promptly rented a deposit box in the Bowery branch of the Chatham and Phenix National Bank.

It was decided to obtain a Court order to open the box. It was said yesterday that the box had not been opened. The understanding was that it would be opened next Monday.

COOLIDGE TO MAKE 1,000 NOMINATIONS

President Will Send Recess and Many Other Appointments to the Senate Next Week.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—More than a thousand nominations, some of which may arouse opposition, will be sent to the Senate by President Coolidge early next week. Among them will be several of public officials serving under appointments made since the Senate adjourned, but whose appointments must be confirmed if they remain in office.

Three members of the Tariff Commission appointed during the recess will be nominated, two of whom may face Senate opposition. They are Sherman Y. Lowell of New York, Edgar B. Brossard of Utah and Henry M. Glassie of Maryland. Mr. Glassie, a Democrat, who has served on the commission some years, has been involved in several of its controversies, notably that over the duty on sugar. His reappointment is opposed by Senator Bruce of Maryland. Mr. Brossard, a Republican, was chosen on recommendation of Senator Smoot. There was some criticism of his appointment. Mr. Lowell, a Republican, was endorsed by Senator Wadsworth.

Others now holding posts whose nominations must be submitted are Roland K. Smith of Louisiana, of the Shipping Board; Abram Myers of Iowa, of the Federal Trade Commission, and William F. McCracken of Illinois, Assistant Secretary for Air in the Department of Commerce.

Several judicial nominations will be made, including Judges in Alaska, Arizona and Hawaii, and the second and ninth circuits. During the recess the President appointed William J. Tilson to be a Judge in the Middle District of Georgia. He is a brother of Representative John Q. Tilson of Connecticut. His nomination may be contested.

There is an important vacancy in the Treasury Department and another in prospect. The office of Assistant Secretary, which McKenzie Moss resigned to accept a Judgeship on the Customs Court of Appeals, is still unoccupied.

The Treasury Under-Secretaryship, now held by Garrard B. Winston, who will resign, will be filled by the appointment of Representative Ogden L. Mills of New York.

Most of the thousand nominations ready for transmittal, however, cover army and navy promotions and postmasterships.

American Cleared of Shooting Two.

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RANGOON, Dec. 3.—Mr. Wiggins, an American citizen, was acquitted here today on the charge of shooting two burglars whom he caught rifling his bungalow, and who attacked him with a knife and a crowbar.

SEEK FUNDS HERE FOR LONDON COLLEGE

Lord Loch and Dr. Seton Hope to Raise $150,000 to Endow Chair of American History.

An appeal to aid University College, London, as a method of strengthening the friendship between the United States and Great Britain will soon be made by Major Gen. Lord Loch of the University College committee and Dr. Walter Seton, Secretary of University College, it was learned yesterday. Lord Loch and Dr. Seton will seek $150,000 for the permanent endowment of a chair of American history and contributions to a fund of $2,500,000 which it is proposed to raise to celebrate the centenary of the college next year.

"University College, a part of the University of London, was founded in 1827, chiefly as a result of the activities of Thomas Campbell, a Scot of Virginian parentage," Dr. Seton said. "Mr. Campbell had had a close connection with education in America and was associated in a consultive way with the foundation of the University of Virginia.

"Ever since 1921 we have been teaching American history, by which we mean American history since 1783. We are making a special subject of slavery and secession from the compromise of 1850 to the inauguration of Lincoln. We feel strongly that the time has come when we need a professor giving his whole time to American history and the development of the subject as a permanent feature."

Dr. Seton and Lord Loch added that University College had received about $6,000,000 from the Rockefeller Foundation in 1921 for medical education. This, they said, had put the Medical Faculty of the college on a sound basis, and expressed the hope that the centenary fund would establish the Faculties of the other schools on bases equally sound. They are stopping at the Hotel Pennsylvania, and will go to Washington for a short visit and leave for England on Dec. 15.

ADMITS FORD POLICE LAID TRAP FOR BLAIR

But Manager Denies Threatening Contractor With Telling Wife of Party.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Mich., Dec. 3.—Charles E. Sorenson, general manager of the Ford plant, today admitted on the stand that he had used the Ford Company's secret police and women in an effort to trap John M. Blair, a contractor, who is suing the Ford Company for $2,000,000 for alleged breach of contract.

The Ford Company has brought a counter-suit, charging Blair with bribing John L. Bowles, a Ford employe, for advance information on sealed bids.

Sorenson said that he caused the Ford police to arrange a party for Bowles and Blair with women in it, but denied that he threatened Blair with exposure before his wife.

He also denied that a factional dissension over a desire to get rid of certain officials was going on at this time, that he threatened to "get" Ernest C. Kanzler, Vice President of the Ford Company, and that he had boasted of his success after Kanzler resigned a few weeks ago. Kanzler is Edsel Ford's brother-in-law.

Admitting that Bowles, the Ford field superintendent, who is alleged to have received a $500 bribe from Blair, was still on the payroll, Sorenson said: "We still keep him because we have a lot of that sort in our organization."

HOTEL MAN RETIRES TODAY

Frank Simpson of the McAlpin Has Been 50 Years on Broadway.

Frank Simpson, night manager of the Hotel McAlpin, who has served on Broadway in various hotels for more than fifty years, will retire today to private life. Mr. Simpson is 69 years old and has been associated with the old Knickerbocker, the Navarre, the St. James and others that have long since disappeared. He participated at the opening of the McAlpin on Dec. 29, 1912, and has been with the hotel since.

Arrangements had been made to tender a dinner to the veteran at the hotel tonight but Mr. Simpson declined the honor, declaring that he preferred to eat at home with his family.

QUEENS 'LONE WOLF' PROVES A MISNOMER

Captured Sleeping, It Is Found He Had Four Assistants in Petty Hold-Ups.

BETRAYS THEM, POLICE SAY

Companions Arrested When Leader Forgets to Hide Pistol After Last Robbery.

Queens County's "Lone Wolf," the blond, slick-haired young desperado who alone, always unmasked and always wearing the same gray cap and blue overcoat in defiance of the police's published descriptions of him, held up and robbed more than a score of small shopkeepers of small sums of money since Nov. 12, was arrested last night, and another myth of criminal bravery and vigilance was dispelled.

The "Lone Wolf" was not a "lone wolf." He had four assistants, who stood guard outside the shops while he went in armed to hold up lone, unarmed and terrified shopkeepers for sums ranging from small change to $150, and he and they were in jail because he carelessly displayed a pistol to a pedestrian after holding up another lone, unarmed shopkeeper. He was sound asleep with a pistol under his pillow and a harmonica in his hand when the police came, and then the "Lone Wolf," faced with going to jail alone, told on his pals.

The "Lone Wolf" said he was William Samet, who has been convicted already three times for robbery, arson and burglary, and now, under the Baumes law, he may spend the rest of his life in jail.

The men who, he said, helped him in the robberies said they were John Rohr of 2,262 Thirty-eighth Street, Louis Erneyey of 636 Ninth Avenue, William Bonsel of 235 Elm Street and Michael Diglio of 23 Sound Street, all of Astoria, Queens.

Samet was arrested in a furnished room at 3,714 Astoria Avenue, Astoria, after he and his pals had held up Samuel Capanski, owner of a delicatessen store on Franklin Avenue, Greenpoint and taken $30. As he ran from the shop, he forgot to hide his pistol and a pedestrian saw it and told the police the license number of the car which carried the five.

Captain of Detectives John Gallagher and a squad of nine detectives—they expected, like the hunters of "Bum" Rodgers, to find a desperate, vigilant man—traced the ownership of the car to Samet and descended on and surrounded the house in which he lived. Then, like the hunters of "Bum" Rodgers, they found the "Lone Wolf" asleep. He offered no fight when they awakened him. He begged for the harmonica, and then at the office of District Attorney Newcomb he confessed to twenty-three robberies and named his friends.

He and the four others will be indicted by the Queens Grand Jury on Monday and will go on trial the following week.

CHILD STUDY FUND $55,171.

Professor Overstreet Speaks at Fifth Campaign Luncheon.

Mrs. William Laimbeer was Chairman of the fifth of the campaign luncheons held by the Child Study Association at the Hotel Ambassador yesterday as part of the program in the drive for membership and funds. Subscriptions have reached $55,171.14. Mrs. A. Bernhard and her team head the list with $7,725. Contributions announced by other teams are $7,358 by Mrs. Lee S. Hartman, $5,910, Mrs. Henry Blumenthal; $5,400, Mrs. Benjamin Maumburg, Mrs. Arnold Gottleib has raised $5,300 and Frank K. Karelsen Jr., Chairman of the Finance Committee, $5,540.

Professor Harry Overstreet of City College spoke on child study in adult education as one of the most valuable and effective branches of this great movement.

"Not only is it adult education, but it is the best kind of adult education," said Professor Overstreet. "For it starts, not with abstract generalities about things apart, but with specific problems that arise in the lives of all of us grownups who have children or who have to do with children. It trains us to be intelligent about our recurring difficulties."

BALDWIN STOCK COUP CLEANS UP MILLIONS

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

volume to keep the price steadily mounting to higher and higher levels. Incidentally, it was disclosed yesterday that Ruloff E. Cutten, a nephew of Arthur W. Cutten, who is a member of the New York Stock Exchange and also a member of the firm of E. F. Hutton & Co., 61 Broadway, has handled a vast amount of the business in Baldwin for his uncle. Many of the orders were thus executed openly by a relative of Mr. Cutten. No doubt many of the shorts now realize just whom it is they are "bucking." In addition to these orders handled directly, the pool also used many independent brokerage offices in its operations, some of its orders coming from Detroit, Boston, Pittsburgh and Philadelphia.

Probably there has not been a pool in years which has so completely mystified the Street as the one in Baldwin. The officials of the company, themselves, and its usual bankers and market friends have been literally "running around in circles," completely in the dark as to what was happening. Most of them know now. Their information, however, is extremely recent. It has not diminished their anxiety about the ultimate fate of Baldwin should some mid-Western speculator decide that he wanted to be on the company's board, or perchance exercise greater powers, as allowed by law, in view of his stock ownership.

The "Cutten crowd" has had two big assets in its favor in its spectacular operation. They found, on investigation, a big short interest in Baldwin, amounting to about one-half the capital stock. Only 200,000 shares of Baldwin exist. They represent $20,000,000. Many of these are locked up by investors. Officers and directors hold many more. Therefore, the floating supply of stock is an exceptionally small one, although sufficient in size to meet all the requirements of the Stock Exchange. Therefore, all the Cutten group had to do was to bid up the stock, reduce this floating supply, sit back and watch the bears try to buy back their short shares, at the same time seeing to it that they bid up the stock on themselves.

Many Rumors Set Afloat.

Rumors of all sorts were set afloat in Wall Street by the bears thus caught. One was that a corner existed. This was laughed at by Stock Exchange officials. Another was that the company was going to sell or had sold its 19½ acres in the heart of Philadelphia, which is soon to be abandoned as a manufacturing site when the plant is completely removed to Eddystone. This was scoffed at by officials of the company. Asked about a "corner" in the shares, Samuel Vauclain, the company's President, said the only corner he knew of was the four corners on each of the stock certificates. Rumors of a stock dividend also were set afloat.

The intimate details of the Baldwin coup will probably never be known. One thing is certain, however, the Cutten group, sufficiently astute to comply with all the rules of the Stock Exchange, will attempt no corner and probably will not seek control of the company, or try to have anything to do with it, except to see that their profits are harvested safely. A part of these profits have already been taken, on the way up, as many of the bears will testify. Some remain to be taken at leisure. Incidentally, this is one of the few times in stock market history when other than New York speculators have had the best of it. Usually, it is the other way about. In many respects the Baldwin incident is the most surprising and the most successful of any which have been attempted on the Stock Exchange this year. The most important aspect is the amount of money which has been made by its engineers, the short space of time in which the carefully laid plans have been successful and the absolute secrecy (so far as Wall Street is concerned, at least) of the meaning of the violent fluctuations brought about.

Cutten a Peaceful Citizen.

Arthur W. Cutten, whose brains and money literally outwitted and outfought the New York market operators on their own ground, is no Lochinvar out of the West. He is a quiet, middle-aged man who lives peacefully on his model farm on the outskirts of Chicago and who takes a keen interest in agricultural and civic affairs in his State. He first came into public prominence in the long advance which wheat experienced last year, when he was credited with making several millions of dollars. Incidentally, he is said to have also bested New York's most adroit wheat speculators in that financial adventure. Until the Baldwin surprise party he had not been particularly well known as a stock market operator. His few friends in Wall Street say that he is a quiet, unassuming gentleman, keenly interested in price fluctuations of all sorts and usually "right" on the markets in which he deals.

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LEAGUE ASKS MEANS TO APPLY SANCTIONS

Council Committee Calls On Financial and Legal Sections to Determine Methods.

TALK OF LOANS TO STATES

Members, Discussing de Brouckere Report, Lay Stress on Preventing War Rather Than Stopping It.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GENEVA, Dec. 3.—Resuming today its discussion of M. de Brouckere's proposals for methods of giving active effect to the sanctions of Article XVI of the League covenant, the Council Committee appealed to the financial section to help determine the financial economic sanctions possible in case of aggression against a member of the League of Nations. The committee's resolution says:

"In view of the financial assistance provided for in Article XVI of the covenant, the financial organization of the League of Nations might be invited to examine the Finnish proposal and all analogous measures in order to establish a plan of mutual financial assistance in favor of a State which is a victim of aggression."

The Finnish proposal was first submitted to the Preparatory Commission of the Disarmament Conference, which referred it to the Council. That reference reads:

"The commission proposes that the Council should undertake the examination of special arrangements whereby in a reduction of armaments States unfavorably placed owing to geographical or other exceptional circumstances might be compensated in order to meet their requirements for security."

It was explained by the Finnish delegate and by the reporter of the proposal that the idea was for the League to arrange a system of credits which would enable the Council immediately to place at the disposal of a small attacked State sufficient funds to defray military preparations until the League could send military aid. This would permit and encourage States to do away with armaments which, because of their size, constitute only doubtful protection and at the same time weigh heavily on budgets.

Inducement to Small Nations.

Viscount Cecil has expressed deep interest in the proposal, which he believes offers a valuable inducement to small nations to disarm and also helps to strengthen the Covenant by making the aid promised in Article XVI real and permanent in character.

The idea is for the League to arrange in advance to obtain credits and funds which can immediately be transferred to attacked States. Arrangements might be made in advance for the various League States to agree to hold at the Council's disposal certain sums to be covered by ulterior loans.

The next point in the De Brouckere recommendations has been changed to read:

"The Juridical Section of the League could be charged with studying the legal situation which would result from the application in time of peace of the measures of economic pressure provided for in Article XVI, particularly a maritime blockade."

The recommendation providing for a panel of military and civil experts likewise has been altered. It now reads:

"Experience having demonstrated how clearly the presence of competent League delegates on the scene of possible conflict can contribute in many cases to the dissipation of danger, the various States can be invited to prepare advance lists of military and civil experts from which the Council would be able to choose commissioners."

To Study Forms of Sanctions.

The final point was adopted in the following form:

"The Juridical Section of the Secretariat could be charged with the study of legislation necessary to facilitate the execution of economic sanctions in taking account of the experience of nations which already have accomplished something in this direction."

During the general discussion of the De Brouckere report the author stressed the importance of the first paragraph of Article XI of the Covenant, which declares that any war or threat of war is a matter of concern to the whole League, and the League shall take any action deemed wise and effective to safeguard the peace of the nations.

Counsels of moderation and prudence, the cessation of hostilities or suspension of preparations for war, investigation, and so forth, he said, were the first means of preventing war. He asked the Council to have a study made of what was legally possible, and to give examples of any such action which the Council had already taken.

Lord Cecil expressed full sympathy with the report. He emphasized the novelty of the idea and the necessity for a definite statement of what the Council was able to do in case of a threat of war.

M. Titulesco declared the first paragraph of Article XI gave a legal basis for any preventive action by the Council in favor of peace.

M. Paul-Boncour stressed the importance of M. de Brouckere's recommendations upon the atmosphere of security and on the influence this might exercise as regards practical proposals for a reduction of armaments.

On the proposal of Lord Cecil it was decided to set up a small drafting committee to put the de Brouckere ideas into definite form. It is composed of Lord Cecil, M. de Brouckere and M. Titulesco. The committee's report will be forwarded to the League members, to enable them to study and understand the scope of the engagements which they will be asked to enter into.

It appears that despite the de Brouckere recommendations, there is a general opinion that the best means of preserving world peace is to pay more attention to Article XI than to Article XVI—to preventive measures rather than to sanctions after hostilities are in progress.

BELL TOO BIG FOR LINER.

Olympic Declines 17½-Ton Wanamaker Memorial as "Passenger."

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LONDON, Dec. 3.—The Olympic, sailing next week, has had to decline a heavy "passenger." It is a 17½-ton bell destined to top Wanamaker's store building in Philadelphia.

The bell bears the fac simile of John Wanamaker's signature to the following words:

"Let those who follow me continue to build with the plumb of honor, the level of truth and the square of integrity, education, courtesy and mutuality."

It is said that the bell will be the largest in the United States.

Montreal Cathedral has a bell weighing 14 7-25 tons. The great bell of Moscow weighs 216 tons.

10,000 Seek 3,200 Jobs as Austrian Soldiers; Unemployed Enlist for Food and Lodging

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, Dec. 3.—Familiar Viennese war and post-war scenes of people standing in line interminably are now being re-enacted. Those in line are not waiting to get a food ration, but to enlist in the army.

The War Office has ordered into reserve 3,200 soldiers of Austria's army, which totals 17,000, and since the recruiting opened yesterday more than 10,000 young men have tried to get the jobs thus thrown open. Neither patriotism nor war fever is urging them to enlist, but hunger and unemployment.

The competition has been so keen that the line at the door of the recruiting office in Vienna—probably the most pacific city in Europe—began forming at 6 o'clock on the previous evening, hundreds standing in line all night until the doors opened at 9 o'clock in the morning. The recruiting sergeants were flanked by alert civilian delegates of the two major political parties. Christian Socialist and Socialist, and the organs of these anti-militarists are urging their unemployed followers to enlist.

The independent press philosophizes on the causes and effects of unemployment, contrasting 1918, when men threw down their arms and hailed the arrival of universal disarmament, with the present rush to enlist for twelve years, the length of the service now. The same papers point out that the Socialists and Christian Socialists formerly criticized the army as unproductive and a waste of man power, but now welcome it as a relief for unemployment and an instrument of internal politics.

When it is considered that all young Austrians formerly served two or three years in the army and that many industries lived on supplying the War Office, it is not surprising that there are now 200,000 unemployed in Austria.

Many Austrians find a "living" in the French or Spanish Foreign Legion and they are always besieging the Dutch Legation for jobs in Holland's colonial forces.

The peace treaty allows Austria 30,000 soldiers, all volunteers, but through budgetary economies the army is kept down to 17,000, the remaining margin being reserves. The soldier has six years of active service and six in reserve.

REICHSTAG ADOPTS REVISED CENSORSHIP

National Boards Instead of State Bodies Will Watch Literature and Pictures.

RADICALS OPPOSE MEASURE

Government Made Changes After Defeat of Its Project on Second Reading.

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BERLIN, Dec. 3.—The German Government redeemed itself from the partial defeat suffered at the second reading of its bill for the suppression of trashy and obscene printed matter and pictures by effecting changes in the bill which were less objectionable to the radical parties and the measure was passed by the Reichstag in its third reading by a vote of 250 to 158.

The Socialists and Communists cast party votes against the bill while the Democrats, who allowed individual votes, split.

Today's action in the Reichstag shows that the Little Coalition still enjoys the support of the reactionaries in inner political affairs, which is sufficient to assure it a majority for its proposals. The Socialist support allows the Government to put through measures connected with foreign affairs.

The reactionary papers expressed the Government's position as "enjoying the support of the Nationalists in its cultural program and the tolerance of the radicals for policies submitting the country to the mercy of enemy nations."

The compromise finally reached in the literature—pictures—movie censorship bill concerns the manner of effecting control. The Committee on Education proposed to create censorship boards in the various Federal States with one national board as a court of appeal and last decision. The Democrats' opposition to this plan was based on the grounds that the Federal States might be prejudiced on account of religious, political or ethical views and thus suppress literature necessary for the advance of culture.

It was then decided to sugarcoat this by creation of several national boards and drop the idea of Federal censorship. However, the Bavarian People's Party voted for the bill only on the promise that the board censoring Bavaria's printed matter and pictures would be composed entirely of Bavarians.

A number of Democratic Deputies, not wishing openly to oppose the Government measure, kept away from today's session. The Communists expressed the belief that the censorship board would be forced to forbid the circulation of the Old Testament unless it was carefully expurgated.

Though Germany has an old law providing for the suppression of unfit literature, it was to a certain extent displaced by a decree providing for freedom of the press, which was one of the first promulgated by the Republican Government after the fall of the monarch. For this reason the present bill was brought out and finally passed after being side-tracked in committee more than a year.

EXPECTS LONGER LIVES IN WORLD OF 1970

Winston Churchill Tells Actuaries That Aged Persons Will Increase in Number.

LONDON, Dec. 3 (AP).—Winston Churchill, Chancellor of the Exchequer, has left off his task of keeping tab on the empire's cash long enough to peer into the future for the Institute of Actuaries. In the year 1970 he visualizes many more elderly persons than at present. The Chancellor thinks they will be living much longer when that time comes.

In forty years or so, in the opinion of Mr. Churchill, there will be only a small increase in the total population. But there will come a marked increase in aged persons of both sexes, particularly women, after middle age, and an actual decline in the proportion of adult males. But science and civilization, the Chancellor thinks, will bring with them compensatory resources. Science will arm those who have the greatest charity with the greatest power.

"In these long tables of figures we can sometimes see falling upon the pages the shadows which coming events cast before them," said Mr. Churchill, "and which is important for the guidance of a mighty community."

Dr. Luther Sails for Germany.

RIO DE JANEIRO, Dec. 3 (AP).—Dr. Hans Luther, former German Chancellor, who has just completed an extended tour of Central and South America, today sailed for Germany aboard the steamship Sierra Ventana. Government officials and members of the diplomatic corps bade him farewell.

DENIES COMPETING IN DAILY MAIL DEAL

Sir Malcolm Fraser Tells of His Willingness to Offer £1,000,000 to £2,000,000.

TORY PARTY NOT INVOLVED

Former Agent Says He Acted for Financial Group—Consulted Northcliffe About Rothermere.

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LONDON, Dec. 3.—Sir Malcolm Fraser, former Chief Agent of the Conservative Party, gave evidence in the Northcliffe will case today that he might have been willing to offer between £1,000,000 and £2,000,000 for the 400,000 newspaper shares which were instead sold to Lord Rothermere for £1,600,000.

Counsel for Miss Louise Owen, who, as one of the beneficiaries under Lord Northcliffe's will, is suing to have the sale of the shares set aside, since, she alleges, they were worth more than Lord Rothermere paid for them, had alleged that the sale of the shares to Lord Rothermere had been carried out with "indecent haste" and that an alternative offer made by Thomas Marlowe, then editor of The Daily Mail, for the shares had not even been entertained. Mr. Marlowe had testified that he was acting in behalf of Sir Malcolm Fraser.

Withholds Names of Associates.

Sir Malcolm Fraser explained today that he was acting not for the Conservative Party but had a group of people associated with him whose names he did not wish to mention, but who had substantial financial resources.

"I had asked Lord Northcliffe about Lord Rothermere," said Sir Malcolm, "and he told me that Lord Rothermere did not want The Daily Mail, and when I heard and saw Lord Rothermere had got it I said: 'This is a matter of natural sequence.' I never regarded myself as being in competition with Lord Rothermere."

Sir Malcolm went on to say that he had thought the shares might be got for something over £1,000,000 and that £2,000,000 would not have been beyond possibility.

The remainder of today's hearing was taken up with the cross-examination by Frederic H. Maugham, K. C., counsel for Sir George Sutton, who, as administrator of the estate, sold the shares to Lord Rothermere, of D. H. Allen, a chartered accountant summoned by the plaintiff as an expert witness.

Factors in Daily Mail Profits.

Mr. Maugham asked several questions designed to show that in 1922 when the shares were sold to Lord Rothermere, the London newspapers were engaged in an "insurance war," vieing with each other in giving automatic insurance to their subscribers. Another uncertain factor was the political situation which was troubled by the Greco-Turkish War and the Chanak episode.

Mr. Maugham also mentioned that after the sale of the shares there had been a big drop in the price of newsprint, which had reduced production costs, and that Lord Rothermere had been able to lower the expenses of The Daily Mail generally by £320,000 in 1923 and otherwise increase the profits.

Addressing Mr. Allen, the Judge said: "The profits in 1922 were £500,000. Then supposing there had been no drop in paper and supposing Lord Rothermere had been unable to make this £500,000 increase in profits, there would have been a deficit. Is not that obvious?"

"If hos are all facts, it would be so," replied Mr. Allen.

In further cross-examination, he stated that he would not express the opinion that the price of £4 per share by Lord Rothermere for the control of The Daily Mail, was unfair.

BRITISH WILL INCREASE AMERICAN YARN OUTPUT

Manchester Spinners Advance Hours of Work and End Pledge on Minimum Prices.

MANCHESTER, England, Dec. 3 (AP).—The Federation of Master Cotton Spinners has decided that, from Monday, the spinning hours in the American section shall be increased from twenty-four to thirty-five weekly.

The American spinners are also released from their pledge to observe minimum yarn prices.

An "American Cotton Yarn Association" was formed by the Manchester spinners in August, with the announced object of controlling the prices of American yarns, to prevent their being sold at a loss.

The spinners, representing 233 companies operating more than 10,000,000 spindles, decided to organize a limited liability company for this purpose and to institute penalties for members failing to observe the association's standards of minimum prices.

BRIAND IN ACCORD WITH CHAMBERLAIN

They Agree in Paris Talk on All Essential Points to Come Before League Council.

HOPEFUL OF THE FUTURE

British Foreign Minister Expects Recall Soon of Interallied Rhineland Control.

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PARIS, Dec. 3.—Sir Austen Chamberlain, the British Foreign Minister, and Aristide Briand, the French Foreign Minister, conferred here today on the problems to arise before the Council of the League of Nations in Geneva next week. They are reported in agreement on all essential points.

Later Sir Austen declared that their views on the German disarmament issue were almost identical and this being so he "would be profoundly disappointed if within the next few months it would not be possible to recall the interallied control mission and substitute control by the League of Nations."

In justification of his optimism he cited the "news from Berlin" as well as his exchange of opinions with the French Foreign Minister. Probably this news from Berlin was that the German Government was prepared to agree to all demands as to the restrictions of the manufacture and export of finished war material, though still prepared to argue that unfinished material is not affected by the Treaty of Versailles.

In the whole armament discussion this is the point which interests the British most and to Sir Austen it was good news. The Poles, on the other hand, are rather inclined to think the proposed measure is just the usual kind of German sop to the British to get them to overlook the really important matter, from the Polish viewpoint, of Germany's modern fortifications on the fringes of the Danzig corridor.

British Idea of Control.

Nor does it appear quite clear how M. Briand can be in complete accord with what is generally believed here to be the British idea of how the League of Nations' control shall be exercised. Sir Austen declared he hoped that that would be settled this time at Geneva. M. Briand stands pat on the 1924 decision on how this control should be organized and how far its right of investigation should extend.

That decision is challenged, and will be challenged strongly, by Dr. Stresemann, and it is most generally believed that even the British Government as a whole favors revision of the plan then outlined.

Today's discussion was, however, more on the manner in which the German demands are to be met and countered or granted than on what is really the League affair. Thus it was decided that strict adherence should be made for the present to all treaty rights of occupation, and that the last control card should not be abandoned until ultimate satisfaction has been obtained on the disarmament issue. Then next March, perhaps, when the League Council meets in Berlin, a beau geste might be done by shortening the occupation period and the transference of that control also to the League of Nations.

Both Chamberlain and Briand are leaving for Geneva tomorrow evening and will have the whole of Sunday for talks with Dr. Stresemann before the Council meeting begins. There they will meet Signor Scialoja, but that meeting will be all that will materialize of the widely advertised four-power meeting.

Mussolini Will Be Absent.

Somehow or other Premier Mussolini does not seem able to find time to leave the other six Ministries he occupies to go to Geneva, and it is rather too much for him to expect that the other foreign Ministers should go to see him when he is the petitioner for favors.

Germany will, therefore, once more occupy the centre of the Geneva stage. It will be perhaps the last meeting of the allied and ex-enemy Ministers in which any big surviving issue of the peace treaty will have to be dealt with. It will also be the first at which Germany has spoken as the equal and colleague on the Council of the League of Nations and not more or less as a culprit at the bar.

With the progress they are making toward peace and real accord Briand and Chamberlain admit they are content.

Their duet today was in perfect tone and time.

"We are bound to go slow, if we are to build surely," Chamberlain said. "The difficulties we have overcome have been very great and the fact we overcame them are our best encouragement for the future. My policy is a modest one, really. It is simply the idea of building up a solid good understanding between the signatories of the Locarno compact which will be durable and will prevent for our children and grandchildren the catastrophies we have known. In this policy of the pursuit of peace M. Briand is enthusiastically with me and together we are going on in our hopes and our ambitions."

Warn That Progress Will Be Slow.

PARIS, Dec. 3 (AP).—Both Sir Austen Chamberlain and Aristide Briand in interviews tonight warned that settlement of the outstanding problems between the allied nations and Germany, such as evacuation of the Rhineland and the transfer of military control to the League of Nations, demands much time and patience. They ask the public not to expect too much of the Geneva meetings which will be held before the opening of the League Council next week.

Both statesmen discounted the report that Premier Mussolini of Italy would attend the conference.

After discussing the difficulties of getting an agreement with Germany on some of the after-war problems, M. Briand added, "but a treaty can always be humanized according to the degree of good-will shown by its signatories." He remarked then the Treaty of Versailles had been effective seven years, while the Locarno compact was barely three months old.

Sir Austen stressed the necessity to allow time to do its work in straightening out tangles among the nations, but hoped that the Interallied Control Commission could be recalled from Germany within two or three months. He admitted that the complete evacuation of the Rhineland would make for great progress in improving the relations between the allied nations and Germany. However, he added:

"I have not yet found a way of so doing, nor have others."

GERMANS START FOR GENEVA.

Stresemann Is Ready to Fight for Rhineland Evacuation.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Dec. 3.—Foreign Minister Stresemann as the head of the German delegation left Berlin at 9:15 o'clock tonight for Geneva to participate in the League of Nations' Council session opening Monday. He is accompanied by Herr Von Schubert, State Secretary Dr. Gauss and a staff of experts and technical men.

A change of plans was made at the last minute to allow Dr. Stresemann an extra hour for dinner with Georges Tchitcherin, the Soviet Foreign Minister, who is visiting Berlin on a "rest" tour.

Since Germany is now a member of the League and the departure of Reich statesmen will occur two or three times a year, regularly ceremonies were omitted. No foreign diplomats were at the station to bid good-speed as was the case when the delegates left preparatory to their becoming members. Herr Kuls, Minister of the Interior, was the only Cabinet member who accompanied the Foreign Minister to the train.

Wilhelmstrasse now gives the reason why Dr. Stresemann rejected the offer of the Chairmanship of the present meeting. He desires entire freedom of action and did not wish to be tampered with duties which do not concern the problems which he hopes to solve, the most important being the dissolution of the Interallied Military Control Commission with the advent of the League as observer and judge of Germany's fulfilling the Versailles Treaty obligations regarding disarmament.

Dr. Stresemann hopes to be advised of the result of the Chamberlain-Briand Paris conference before reaching Geneva, and since he arrives late tomorrow evening he will have time to sum up those conclusions and formulate his own viewpoint before meeting the Foreign Ministers concerned.

While a spokesman of the Foreign Office told THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent tonight that he was not informed concerning any proposed meeting of Dr. Stresemann and Premier Mussolini of Italy in the near future for the drafting of plans for an Italian-German court of arbitration it is intimated that such a suggestion would find favor here.

The present Geneva meeting is most important for Dr. Stresemann, since the reactionaries claim their patience is exhausted because they see no practical results of the Locarno League and Thoiry theories as they term them, and unless he brings home the bacon this trip in the shape of evacuation of the Rhineland or abolition of the Interallied Control Commission agitation against the little Coalition Government will be begun with renewed force.

AIR SHOW DISCLOSES FRENCH SUPREMACY

Big Year's Advance in Aviation Is Demonstrated at Paris Salon—Germans Keenly Interested.

Copyright, 1926, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 3.—Dozens of airplanes, ranging in size from the "baby" 40 horse power Caudron, which flew to the exhibition and landed at the very entrance, to the super-giant two-motor Farman with a lifting power of 14,000 pounds, gave ample evidence of French supremacy in aeronautical development when the Tenth Annual Airshow opened today at the Grand Palace.

An imposing array of officials was escorted up and down the long aisles, on either side of which was displayed the last word in aviation progress. That the French are well in advance of most of the other nations of the world, can readily be seen at the interesting salon. The exhibition is awaited each year with keen interest, experts coming from all parts of the world to see what the French have accomplished in the previous twelve months.

Everywhere one walked in the immense palace Germans were observed eagerly examining, taking notes and talking. Germany is France's closest competitor for international honors and there are some who believe that the Germans, through their rapid progress in the construction of all-steel planes, have overtaken France despite the restrictions imposed by the Treaty of Versailles.

So big is the Farman bombing plane that considerable difficulty was experienced in taking it into the salon, even in sections. Its maximum speed capacity is 190 kilometers an hour and it can attain a height of 6,500 meters. Besides carrying six large bombs, two machine gun nests are mounted fore and aft, making the bomber a veritable battleship of the air.

A new note in the luxuriousness of air travel is struck by the present salon. De luxe passenger planes are shown in which one may occupy a deeply cushioned chair adjusted to permit sleeping, if one's nerves are that steady.

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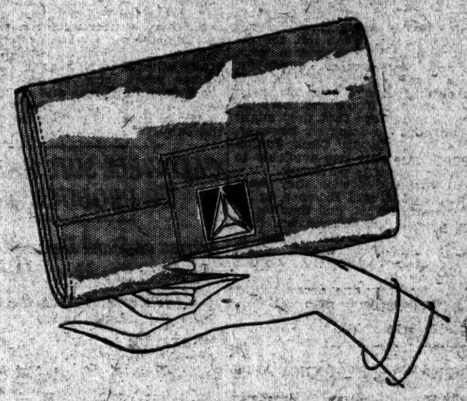

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P 562 TIMES.

Partial List of Contents of

The New York Times

MAGAZINE

TOMORROW, SUNDAY

Printed and illustrated in rotogravure

IS THE SKYSCRAPER A BOON? An attack and a defense — the former by Henry H. Curran, counsel of the City Club; the latter by Harvey Wiley Corbett, architect.

ONE HUNDREDTH ANNIVERSARY of General McClellan's birth suggests a story of his career.

DISSATISFACTION IN ALSACE, which resists efforts to incorporate her in the French system.

PROPOSAL of a British admirer of Gilbert and Sullivan operas that they be "nationalized."

STORY OF THE PAINTING OF MONA LISA, again the subject of discussion since the recent doubt regarding the authenticity of the picture now in the Louvre.

YALE'S THEATRE makes its bow.

NEW RAIL ROUTE through the Andes.

BRATIANO DECLARES DYNASTY IS SECURE

Rumanian Ex-Premier Asserts the Queen Refuses to Be Regent.

SAYS THE LAW BARS CAROL

King and Nation Stand by Decree Making Prince Mihai Heir, He Tells Times Correspondent.

MARIE NOW ON HOME SOIL

King Ferdinand, Much Improved, May Welcome Her at Bucharest Station Today.

By LINCOLN EYRE.

Copyright, 1926, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BUCHAREST, Dec. 3.—Jono Bratiano, who during fifteen years as head of her Government was the political architect of Greater Rumania, and whom many of his friends as well as his enemies call the country's invisible dictator, today assured the correspondent of THE NEW YORK TIMES that the Rumanian Kingdom and dynasty alike were absolutely secure against a destructive onslaught, whether launched at home or abroad.

The ex-Premier's survey of the situation may be summarized as follows:

King Ferdinand's health is so much improved that he may reign for years to come. In his proclamation of last Tuesday the King reaffirmed his determination to pursue the dynastic policy followed hitherto (and initiated by M. Bratiano). This policy is based on two cardinal principles—constitutional monarchy, legality and stability. It recognizes the voluntary abdication of the erstwhile heir-apparent, Prince Carol, and by lawful process makes his infant son and constitutional successor, Prince Mihai (Michael), heir to the crown.

During Mihai's minority it provides for government by a regency representative of the dynasty, the law, the Church, and removed from the selfish strife of the political arena.

In the event of the present ruler's death the position of the Queen would remain as exalted and authoritativ as it is today. In accordance with her own desire she will not become a member of the Regency, because to place a woman in such an office runs counter to Rumanian traditions, and, moreover, would lay her majesty open to political attack incompatible with her royal and womanly dignity.

Regarding reports of his dictatorial might, M. Bratiano intimated that if he had seemed to exercise extraordinary powers it was due to his ability to foresee and correctly interpret the will of the King and the nation rather than of any political combination.

"You remember Rostand's Chantecler—the rooster that thought his crowing made the sun rise?" the ex-Premier said with a slow smile.

"I do not care to be like Chantecler. It has even been said by my adversaries that I give orders to the King. They do not understand that one may be able to comprehend the needs of one's sovereign and one's country accurately enough to satisfy those needs without the use of dictatorial powers."

Says Rumania Needs Monarchy.

General M. Bratiano remarked that the trend of civilization, in his opinion, was running toward democracy.

"But there can be no doubt," he added, "that monarchy is essential to Rumania at present."

The conversation took place at the country seat of Prince Stirbey, his brother-in-law, whither the veteran statesman had inv . THE NEW YORK TIMES orrespondent to luncheon. The Stirbey chateau dominates a dreary collection of wooden cabins, called Bufyea, twenty miles outside Bucharest and is reached by motor across a desert of yellow mud, through which, in a downpour of rain and sleet, the car floundered lik some prehistoric amphibian. Within the great, rambling house, however, there was all the warmth and magnificence of the feudal wealth and charming hospitality of the Rumanian nobleman.

After luncheon, presided over by Princess Stirbey and served by a swarm of retainers in white costume, M. Bratiano led his guest to a huge log fire in the drawing room, and against this characteristic background talked about the nation he has so greatly helped to make.

He told of Rumania's obscure origin, confused racial complexions, her people, their pride in sharing Occidental civilization with the Latin, Anglo-Saxon and other Nordic peoples. He described her achievement of independence and importation of the new dynasty from abroad to quell wrangling among the native royal clans—of which the Stirbeys were one of the first.

He stressed the political shrewdness of the Rumanians who, clinging close to the soil, repulse instinctively the disruptive machinations of self-seeking or visionary schemers.

Bars Prince Carol.

"As in every modern nation, there are elements hostile to the State, both within and beyond its frontiers," he observed. "A situation has arisen in Rumania where certain short-sighted politicians seek to turn back the clock—to reverse legally accomplished acts.

"Then there are outside influences whose aim is to upset the territorial advantages vouchsafed by the treaties of peace. But the forces of order, founded on common sense and conservative instincts of the rural population, which is the backbone of the country, are stronger than the forces of disintegration.

"Legality of the State and stability are the cornerstones of constitutional monarchy. The King's eldest son was the rightful heir to the throne. He voluntarily and deliberately renounced his right, which legally became the heritage of his eldest son, Prince Mihai. As the new Crown Prince is a child, it was necessary to name a regency rule during his minority. A regency was duly appointed.

"As in dynastic matters the initiative must come from the King, it cannot be altered unless he recommends its alteration, and his recommendation is approved by the Government and Parliament. The King, however, in his recent message declared categorically his intention of standing by the decisions he and the constitutional authorities have taken.

"Therefore, the composition of the regency cannot be changed. And under the law Prince Mihai must succeed to the Crown, since as a minor he cannot abdicate and nobody can abdicate on his behalf. Should he die before he is married and has a son born to his Queen, Prince Nicholas, King Ferdinand's second son, would become King.

"These developments are the only possible ones insuring the legal and stable qualities essential to the dynasty.

"The Queen does not want to be regent. She appreciates that this would run counter to the country's traditions. It would also involve Her Majesty in political controversy without in any way strengthening the authority she wields and the esteem in which she is held by her subjects, and which she will always enjoy."

Queen Crosses the Frontier.

BUCHAREST, Dec. 3 (AP).—Queen Marie, nearing home from her overseas journey, now is on Rumanian soil. The train on which she is traveling from Paris to Bucharest crossed the Rumanian frontier early this evening, and, according to official announcement, the royal party will reach Bucharest at 11 o'clock tomorrow morning.

No announcement was made, however, as to whether King Ferdinand would be able to go to the station to meet the Queen. He has expressed determination to do so unless his health or the doctors prevent him.

The people of Bucharest, always eager to see their beloved Queen, were getting ready tonight for an elaborate welcome. Precautions were being taken by the authorities to handle the crowds which are sure to gather to show their pleasure over the safe return of the Queen and her two children, Princess Ileana and Prince Nicolas.

Queen Rests Well on Train.

TRIESTE, Italy, Dec. 3 (AP).—Queen Marie of Rumania, who is speeding homeward on the Simplon express, has enjoyed the first twenty-four hours of real solid rest since her departure for the United States in October.

The Queen never left her suite from the moment she boarded the train in Paris Wednesday night until she reached this city on the Adriatic. She took all her meals in seclusion and declined to receive any callers.

At Lausanne and Milan the Queen dispatched an aide to the postoffices for news or telegrams from Bucharest concerning the health of her husband, King Ferdinand, but received no word.

"No news is good news," she told intimates among her party. Many of these say they will not be surprised to see Ferdinand greet the returning party at the station in Bucharest on Saturday morning.

Lady-in-Waiting Leaves Party.

Mme. Simone Lahovary, lady-in-waiting to Queen Marie, worn out by the American trip, left the express at Lausanne and will proceed to Locarno to recuperate. Mme. Lahovary's absence was noted when the train reached the Italian frontier, and there were many inquirers among the newspaper men as to why she left the royal party.

"Please don't say she was put off the train," said Prince Nicholas, son of Queen Marie, to the correspondents. "We had enough of that in America," he aded, but without bitterness.

Princess Ileana and Prince Nicholas make no secret about their delight to be returning home after traveling in the United States and Canada. They are mingling freely with the other passengers aboard the Simplon Express and are taking their meals in the public dining car.

At 10 o'clock last night the express was two hours late on the journey. The delay occurred in France and Switzerland.

"One can say what one likes about America," said Prince Nicholas, "but they run their trains on time there."

GETS SWEDISH DECORATION

W. A. Kenyon Honored for Attendance on Crown Prince.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3 (AP).—As a reward for his services as personal protector of the Crown Prince and Princess of Sweden during their American tour, William A. Kenyon, Post Office Inspector of Washington and New York, has received from the Swedish King the decoration of the Royal Order of the Knights of Vasa, first class.

Mr. Kenyon was also attached to the party of Queen Marie of Rumania while she was in this country.

KELLOGG'S TACNA PLAN CONSIDERED IN CHILE

Congress Debates Reply, and the General Opinion Is Sale of Provinces Will Be Accepted.

SANTIAGO, Chile, Dec. 3 (AP).—A note drawn up by the Ministry of the Interior embodying a proposed reply to the suggestion of Frank B. Kellogg, the American Secretary of State, that the provinces of Tacna and Arica, in dispute between Chile and Peru, be turned over to Bolivia, is being considered by the joint sessions of the Foreign Relations Committees of the Senate and the Chamber of Deputies.

No accord has yet been reached, but the general opinion is that Chile will accept Mr. Kellogg's proposal in principle, but will request clarification, especially regarding the amount to be paid to Chile by Bolivia for the territory.

There is considerable divergence of opinion apparent concerning Mr. Kellogg's proposal to make Arica a free port. Many persons take the view that it should be free only to Bolivia, Peru and Chile, in order that the United States and other nations may not be able to take advantage of the free privileges.

LA PAZ, Bolivia, Dec. 3 (AP).—Bolivia has accepted the proposal of Secretary Kellogg for the settlement of the Tacna-Arica dispute between Chile and Peru, whereby the two provinces would be given to Bolivia and Chile would be compensated for the money spent in developing the territory.

Full acceptance of Mr. Kellogg's latest formula is contained in a note which the Bolivian Government has handed to the American Legation here for transmission to Washington.

Foreign Minister Gutierres expressed satisfaction today over the fact that Bolivia might be able to contribute to a solution of the long-standing problem.

ALBANIAN TREATY UNITES YUGOSLAVS

Raditsch Declares Croats, Serbs and Slovenes Will Oppose Italian Protectorate.

AWAIT OFFICIAL VERSION

Foreign Office Thinks It Will Aggravate Relations of Belgrade With Rome.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BELGRADE, Dec. 3.—The Foreign Office awaits the full text of the Italy-Albania Treaty before issuing an official comment, but the anxiety it already reveals indicates that it expects the worst, that reports that the treaty amounts to an Italian protectorate in Albania are true.

The Yugoslav Minister in Albania, Boshko Yevtitch, has been ordered home to furnish the Government with the facts of the treaty. While Foreign Minister Ninchitch declares the situation serious, more calm prevails tonight in Belgrade, and official circles see no reason for alarm, though they say the relations of Italy with Yugoslavia will have to be re-examined, because the new compact nearly cuts Yugoslavia from the outer world, making the Adriatic an Italian lake.

Foreign Minister Ninchitch, after a long audience with the King, is reported to have said that the treaty is an affair of "extraordinary importance." His words certainly sum up the attitude of less responsible Government circles.

One Foreign Office official has said:

"If the treaty really establishes the protectorate Italy has long been seeking to obtain in Albania, it is bound to aggravate our relations with Rome."

Croatian Leader Opposes Treaty.

Even the pacifist Croatian leader, Stephan Raditch, hurried to proclaim that if the Italians are banking on differences between Croats, Serbs and Slovenes they are betting on the wrong horse as far the Yugoslavian foreign policy, especially toward Italy, is concerned. Nothing could be more calculated to unite them than the Albanian protectorate, since that gives the Serbians the intimate interest in Italian policy the Croatians have over Fiume and the Slovenians for the Slovenian minority included in Italy. It is also calculated to keep Yugoslavia tightly in the arms of France.

Whatever Italy has really obtained by the treaty and whatever attitude Yugoslavia officially decides to take toward it, those acquainted with the situation do not think the last word has been said. They do not fear an international war, but a sharpening of the present diplomatic contest in the Balkans and Central Europe, especially in Hungary, and more internecine strife in Albania.

The influential Daily Politika today says that the Italian frontier has been moved to the River Drin—the boundary line between Yugoslavia and Albania.

Father Korosec, leader of the Slovenes, says the Italian protectorate in Albania seriously endangers Yugoslavia's existence and necessitates her finding other friends who will guarantee the peace of the Mediterranean and prevent a monopoly of the Adriatic.

Hungary Is Noncommittal.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BUDAPEST, Dec. 3.—Hungary, which is being wooed both by Yugoslavia and Italy with offers of free ports on the Adriatic, is following closely the development of their rivalry in Albania.

The se of ial foreign office organ, Pester Lloyd, has published an explanatory editorial on the Italy-Albania Treaty which it considers to mean an Italian protectorate in Albania. It points out that Artice 2 gives Italy the right to prevent Albania making a similar treaty with any other State, and thinks that the treaty forms the entering wedge for Italian intervention in Balkan affairs. It does not commit itself to that end.

The Vienna Reichsport, organ of the Christian social majority party, writes:

"The Italy-Albania Treaty establishes a situation similar to the treaties of the Austrian Empire with King Milan of Serbia. When a great Power makes such a treaty with a weak neighbor it is not a friendship but a protectorate."

The paper thinks that Italy as a defender of independence, and in her position towards Albania, amounts to Italy maintaining a status quo unfavorable to her own interest and also violating in the treaties of Albania with other states.

Other papers think that the recent Albanian revolution was made in Italy to intimidate Ahmed Bey Zogu to sign this treaty.

CUBA BARS MME. KOLLONTAI

Soviet Envoy to Mexico Will Not Be Allowed to Land Today.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, Dec. 3.—Madame Alexandria Kollontai, Soviet Minister to Mexico, who is due to arrive here tomorrow on the steamer Lafayette, will not be allowed to land, according to the police announcement tonight.

Cuban suffragettes and labor leaders who gathered in large numbers today when the Dutch steamer Veendam docked, expecting Mme. Kollontai, will hold a demonstration at the boat tomorrow.

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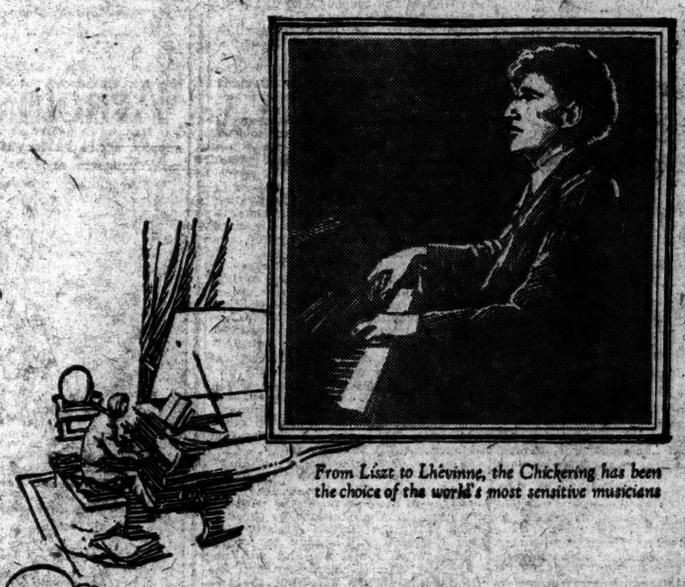

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SAYS BRITAIN SEEKS ONLY PEACE IN CHINA

New Envoy Asserts Talk of British Imperialism There Is All "Moonshine."

MERELY WANTS FAIR PLAY

Canton Government Warns London It Will Be Held Responsible If 14 Kuomintang Are Killed.

SHANGHAI, Dec. 3 (AP).—Talk of British imperialism in China is all "moonshine," Miles W. Lampson, the new British Minister, declared today in his first speech since arriving. He was a guest of the Union Club, whose membership is made up of Americans, British and Chinese.

Mr. Lampson declared he came with an open mind and simply wants to see fair play all around.

All the British want is to be allowed to live and trade in peace, he said.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HONGKONG, Dec. 3.—General Yang Sen, Military Governor of Szechuan Province, who was involved in the Wanhsien affair, has formally joined the Cantonese. It is reported that General Chiang Kai-shek, the Canton Generalissimo, will avoid a direct encounter with Marshal Chang Tso-lin's Fengtien troops, but will attack Chekiang Province from Kiangsi and Fukien Provinces.

The reported arrest of members of the Canton Strike Committee in Canton is officially denied.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 3.—A note has been received by the British Foreign Office from the Canton Government regarding the arrest of fourteen members of the Koumintang (Chinese Radical Party) and their surrender by British to the Chinese authorities in Tientsin.

This note states that the readiness of the British to comply with the request of the Feng tien authorities "seems to indicate clearly enough that the British authorities are deliberately giving assistance to the political and military adversaries of the Nationalist Government, an attitude which seems contrary to the principles of international laws and the rights of our people."

It denounces this action as "a crime against humanity and a wilful and deliberate pronouncement by the British authorities in China against the nationalist aspirations of the Chinese people."

The note continues that there is ample reason to fear that the fourteen men handed over to the Fengtien authorities by the British have been murdered under the pretext of an execution.

"If this is the sad result of the delivery of these men into their hands from the British authorities in China then Nationalist China and this Government will be forced to hold the British Government responsible and will be compelled to demand an adequate indemnity for their lives."

REPORTS FOREIGNERS STARVING IN SIANFU

Delayed Message Describes as 'Unspeakable' Conditions in Chinese Town.

SHANGHAI, Dec. 3 (AP).—Foreigners, including Catholic missionaries, were reported to be starving at Sianfu, Province of Shensi, according to a message dated Nov. 16 which has just arrived in Shanghai from Sanyuan, in Shensi.

The message reported "unspeakable" conditions in Sianfu, which was said to have been besieged for several months, with heavy casualties on both sides.

The situation of American missionaries in Sianfu was described as "critical" in dispatches from there early in October. The city was then the centre of warfare between remnants of Kuominchun and Shensi forces, who were nominally followers of Wu Pei-fu.

The American Legation in Peking telegraphed to the commanders of the rival armies asking them to aid the American missionaries to withdraw from the district.

A Spanish priest was reported to have been killed near Sianfu last Summer by soldiers in the army of General Tao Li-cheng.

OPPOSES FORCE IN CHINA.

"Justice in China Committee" Sends Word to Coolidge.

A protest against American participation in naval demonstrations in China was sent to President Coolidge yesterday by Professor Harry F. Ward of Union Theological Seminary, as Chairman of the American Committee for Justice in China. The other signers were Lewis S. Gannet, Robert Morss Lovett, Norman Thomas and Paul Blanshard.

The letter protested against the participation of the United States with other powers in any policy of force in China, asked for a policy based on America's traditional attitude toward China, and suggested that the best protection for Americans in China would be for Washington to proceed at once to carry out the recommendations of the Extraterritoriality Commission in the areas held by the Cantonese.

The commission, of which Silas H. Strawn was Chairman, recently recommended the progressive surrender of extraterritorial privileges as fast as the Chinese establish peace, and independent modern courts.

The letter asked that marines be withdrawn, if any had been landed, and that American naval forces be restrained from joint action with foreign naval units "in what can only seem a threat of joint use of force to interfere in the conduct of civil war in China."

POINCARE PREVENTS INCREASE IN BUDGET

Indefatigable Premier Is Constantly in Chamber to Thwart Grabs by Rival Parties.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 3.—Premier Poincaré is showing record endurance, even for French Ministers. This non-smoking, non-drinking vegetarian, early-rising, regular-working Premier has attended every session of the Chamber—sometimes morning, afternoon and evening—every day since Nov. 30 in his effort to get his budget passed in good shape.

His presence was not always necessary, but his fear that the Deputies would add to the expenditures if he were not there like a watchdog to prevent it, compelled him to keep his place. Today when the Left bloc tried to get an increased appropriation he arose wrathfully and denounced them. From the Right came cheers, but the Premier turned, snapping:

"You needn't cheer. You are just as spendthrift in your interests and just as culpable in trying to get increases for your favorite services."

After a moment, during which both the Right and the Left gasped in astonishment, a cheer went up from the whole Chamber such as M. Poincaré has seldom enjoyed.

Of his policy in refusing to stabilize the franc at a "reasonable" figure there is much criticism, especially now when it has risen to the point of the manufacturers having to work short time or even close down until prices are readjusted, but for the man himself and his conscientiousness there is ever-growing admiration and respect.

At tonight's session of the Chamber, M. Poincaré revealed that the wholesale index figure for Nov. 27 was 700, against 708 on Oct. 30, and the retail index for food products, 634 against 632. Other figures are still unavailable. The Premier said that although the fall in prices was not great, the movement was general.

The Senate today began discussion of the Washington convention of 1920 for an eight-hour day. Many objections were raised against ratification of the convention, while England, Germany, Italy and the United States have not ratified it or are not officially represented at the conference, but the Senate voted for urgent discussion of the bill. Discussion began immediately, and after an amendment was presented providing that the convention have no effect until all other signatories have ratified, the session adjourned until next Thursday.

Winston Churchill, British Chancellor of the Exchequer, who is here on a private visit, will take advantage of his stay to have an interview with the Premier. It is emphasized by those in touch with the British Minister that this interview will simply be for an exchange of courtesies and will not have any official connection with the financial problems affecting the two countries.

GARIBALDI DENIES CHARGES AT HEARING

Asserts Catalonian Plotter Only Asked if Italian Aides Were Trustworthy.

LAWYERS ATTACK GRILLING

They Ask Removal of Records Connected With Statements on Arrival in Paris.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 3.—The first legal movement for the defense of Ricciotti Garibaldi was made today, when his lawyers filed a written protest in the office of the examining Magistrate, alleging that illegal methods were used by the French Secret Service agents and officials after his arrival here, when they submitted him to a long questioning without allowing him to be assisted by a legal adviser, as provided by Articles 114 and 119 of the Commercial Code.

On the strength of this protest, the lawyers demanded the withdrawal of twenty-six records from the charge sheet. It is believed this request will, of necessity, be granted. The records challenged by the lawyers have no bearing on the charge of complicity in the Catalonian plot, but were a series of frank statements made by Garibaldi when he was "detained as an administrative measure," suspected of fomenting trouble between France and Italy. The latter charge was dropped and Garibaldi's connection with the Catalonian affair alone is retained by the legal authorities.

When Garibaldi appeared before the Magistrate today he was looking happier than in weeks. He was allowed to make a short opening statement.

"I wish to tell you how happy I am to find myself at last face to face with French justice," he said. "Love for France is a tradition with the Garibaldis, and she is my second country. I solemnly declare that I have done nothing against her and that there is nothing in my life for which I need blush."

The Judge then questioned Garibaldi on his relations with Colonel Macia, leader of the Catalonian plotters. Garibaldi's replies confirmed fully the statements made by Colonel Macia earlier in the week. Garibaldi declared that he received a letter from Colonel Macia asking whether he could trust the Italian Rizzoli, who had joined his forces. He did not reply immediately, he said, because he didn't know who the Colonel was, but when he came to Paris some time later he invited Colonel Macia to meet him at his brother's office.

He said Colonel Macia told him nothing of the details of his plans beyond that he had 30,000 men favoring the cause of Catalonian independence, and if the movement succeeded would try to get the other Iberian Provinces to revolt and establish a republic in Spain. Garibaldi declared that Colonel Macia asked if the Italians supporting him were trustworthy, and he replied that he thought they were.

The Judge then asked the meaning of Garibaldi's postcard to Colonel Macia reading: "My further greetings to the Colonel, hoping he will keep me informed concerning the support received from Italians."

"There were a number of Italians participating in this affair," Garibaldi answered, "who were working against Fascism with me, among whom was my protégé, Scivoli. I was therefore interested in learning how matters were progressing because my people were taking part.

"Moreover, the Colonel is a noble patriot, demanding his country's rights, like I demand those of mine. I would have liked to remain in touch with such a man."

Questioned about a revolver at the Nice villa, which disappeared after his arrest, Garibaldi said that his wife wanted to give it to him when he was taken to Paris, but he refused to take it. The examination then was concluded with Garibaldi's statement:

"Your Honor, I knew nothing about the matters which interest you, and am therefore astonished at the charges made against me."

AGREE WITH LONDON IN MANDATES INQUIRY

New Zealand and South Africa Oppose Suggested Changes by League of Nations.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GENEVA, Dec. 3.—Following the lead of the London Government, South Africa and New Zealand today notified the Secretary General of the League of Nations that they are entirely opposed to the recommendations of the League Mandates Commission that the petitioners under certain circumstances be heard in person by the commission, and that the mandatory States consent to a new type of questionnaire containing 250 questions.

France, at the same time, is opposed to the recommendation regarding the petitioners, and while stating that she is not hostile to the new questionnaire, declared that she considered the old one better, as being more elastic. The French reports on the mandated territories contain all the information demanded in the new questionnaires, this reply states.

The Belgian Government informs the Secretary General that it is unable to forward its views before March, as her mandate authorities are being consulted.

The replies received to date indicate that the Council will disapprove the Mandate Commission's recommendations.

NO IDEA OF RESIGNING, DECLARES GEN. WOOD

He Calls Washington Report Without Foundation—Coolidge Praises His Work.

BAGUIO, P. I., Dec. 3 (AP).—When a Washington dispatch stating he was about to resign was shown to Governor General Wood today, he declared the report was absolutely without foundation.

"You may deny the report in the strongest possible terms," he said. "There is nothing in it. I have no intention of resigning."

The Governor General came here recently from Manila to recuperate after undergoing an operation. He is gaining strength rapidly and is working every day on bills passed by the insular Legislature.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—At both the White House and the War Department today the statement was made that Governor General Wood of the Philippines had given no intimation either to President Coolidge or Secretary Davis that he considered resigning.

To callers at the White House today the President paid high tribute to the work done by General Wood, stressing the statement that the General's action in remaining in the Philippines uninterruptedly for five years attested his intense loyalty to public duty.

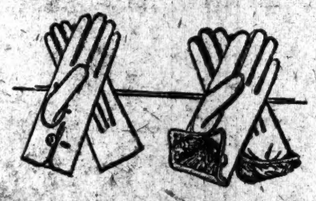
Secretary Davis called "unjustified" reports criticising General Wood for being advised by a so-called "cavalry cabinet." The Governor General, he said, had repeatedly expressed a desire to surround himself with civilian advisers, but had been prevented from doing so by legal opinions that there was no authority in law for such an innovation.

Charge Purchases made the balance of this month will not be billed until Jan. 1st

Arnold, Constable & Co.

FIFTH AVENUE, 39th and 40th STREETS

GIVE HIM GLOVES!



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GLOVES

Genuine Plain or Silk Lined Mochas, Buckskins, Full-Fur-Lined Suedes and Full-Fur-Lined Capeskins

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4.00, 4.50 and 5.00 Grades

WE can think of no time when Gloves of such fine quality have sold at such a remarkably low price. And to think that such a saving is possible right now when you are thinking of Gloves as suitable and appreciated Christmas Gifts.

In Regular and Cadet Sizes 7½ to 10
Fur-Lined Gloves in Sizes 8 to 10

TAN OR GREY

SUEDE JACKETS

Excellent for all outdoor sportswear

10.95

Regular to 15.00

EVERY man should know the comfort and usefulness of these soft suede jackets with heather elastic knitted collars and cuffs and as Christmas Gifts they are sure to be appreciated.

MEN'S SHOP—Street Floor

Kurzman

IMPORTER

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Imported French Gloves — SALE

$3 SUEDE GLOVES $2
Three-button glove, of fine suede; white, nude, tan, beige, grey, brown, black.

$5 CUFFED GLOVES . $4.00
In kid or suede, with the cuff of gold or silver kid. Black, white, champagne, tan, nude and sable.

Imported French Hose — SALE

$3.50 ALL SILK HOSE . $2.50
An unusual opportunity—sheer, clear silk; smart street shades.

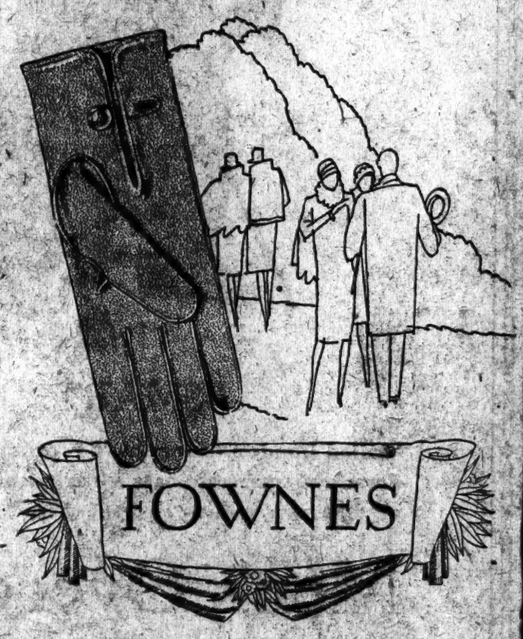
$4.50 ALL SILK HOSE . . $3.50
44 gauge, all-silk; in smart shades for street and evening.

HATS

Reduced — $5 & $10

Formerly $15 to $35

Words to women on Christmas gloves for men



FOWNES

IT is always pleasant to feel that your gift has its little aura of personality! Among gloves, Fownes has a really interesting quality, which men appreciate as women appreciate smart Paris frocks. It was the glove of old New York. It has been made by the same firm for 149 years. As a gift, a Fownes glove has its own special flavor, and it is always the choicest glove you can choose.

Model above is Fownes fine buckskin, appropriate for "extra" occasions when a fine glove is a conspicuous nicety . . . even for husbands!

AT YOUR FAVORITE SHOP
Prices, $3 to $12

FRANKLIN SIMON YOUNG MEN'S SHOP—SIXTH FLOOR

BLUE CHEVIOT SUITS THAT YOUNG MEN WANT!

$35

TWO PAIRS OF TROUSERS

Blue for Indispensability.
Cheviot for Long Wear.
Double or Single-breasted.

Sizes: 33 to 38

YOUNG MEN'S WHITE OXFORD SHIRTS
Collar attached
$1.95

YOUNG MEN'S SOFT FELT HATS
Brown · Tan · Gray
$4.50

YOUNG MEN'S LOW SHOES
Black or brown · Imported Scotch grain
2½ to 6 — $7.50
6½ to 9 — $8.50

Franklin Simon & Co.

FIFTH AVENUE, 37TH AND 38TH STREETS

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For Bill

Who's been in the hosiery business and knows quality when he sees it . . . .

Esquire Silk Hose
Full-Fashioned, $1 to $3.50

Weber and Heilbroner

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*241 Broadway — 38th and Broadway — 7 Wall Street
345 Broadway — *42nd and Madison — *10 Cor'ds—179 B'way
9th and Broadway — *34th and Broadway — *30 Broad
*24th and Broadway — Nassau and Fulton — *Nassau and John
*Clothing at these stores

BROOKLYN: *381 Fulton St., Boro. Hall NEWARK: *800 Broad St.

Jay-Thorpe INC.

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Semi-Annual

CLEARANCE

of Winter Apparel

GOWNS — COATS
SPORTS CLOTHES
EVENING WRAPS
HATS — FURS

NO CREDITS NO EXCHANGES

13 ORDERS LOSE INSURANCE LICENSE

Pennsylvania Revokes Right of Fraternal Societies to Operate in That State.

HOLDS THEM MISMANAGED

Solvency of Several Is Questioned—Officials Highly Paid and Lapses Are Numerous.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Dec. 3 (AP).—Revocation of the Pennsylvania licenses of thirteen fraternal insurance organizations was announced today by Elmer Barfod, State Insurance Commissioner.

High expenditures for salaries, high percentage of lapses, excessive cost of management and failure to attend hearings on citations were among the reasons assigned for the revocations. The commission also held that several companies were not subject to the Pennsylvania Insurance laws.

Under the revocations the organizations are barred from writing new business within the State, but must carry out contracts now in force, the Commissioner explained. The organizations affected by the revocations and their headquarters are:

Modern Woodmen of America, Rock Island, Ill.
Independent Western Star Order, Chicago.
Holy Family Society of the U. S. A., Joliet, Ill.
Benevolent Order of Egyptians, Camden, N. J.
Daughters of Norway, Minneapolis, Minn.
National Benevolent Society, Kansas City, Mo.
Supreme Encampment, Inc., Order of Knights Hospitallers, Philadelphia.
Western Bohemian Fraternal Association, Cedar Rapids, Iowa.
United States Grand Lodge of the Order of Brith Abraham, New York City.
Grand United Order of Moses, Inc., Charlotte Court House, Va.
Improved Order of Shepherds and Daughters of Bethlehem.
Supreme Lodge of the National Ideal Benefit Society, Richmond, Va.
Royal Order of Menelik and Princesses of Abyssinia of America, Newport News, Va.

The Commissioner notified the Polish Alma Mater of the U. S. A., with headquarters in Chicago, that unless valuation reports were filed with the department by the end of the year showing it to be 100 per cent. solvent the license for 1927 would not be renewed.

The revocations are the result of investigations of the organizations' conditions by the insurance department.

They form part of a group of fifty-one organizations which were cited to appear before the Commissioner to show cause why their licenses to sell insurance in Pennsylvania should not be revoked.

The Commissioner asserted that the Modern Woodmen of America was only 85 per cent. solvent, and said the defense at its hearing was "that outside pressure to force the organization on a solvent basis would be disastrous." He said it was his opinion that "it would be far more disastrous to permit the organization to continue to enroll new members under the illusion they were joining an organization that is 45 per cent. actually solvent."

Mr. Barfod said the license of the United States Grand Lodge of the Order of Brith Abraham was revoked under an amicable agreement between the order and the department. He said the order will write no new insurance, but endeavor to liquidate the insurance features and maintain the fraternal phases.

SWEDISH LINE TO BUILD ANOTHER MOTORSHIP

Director of Company Tells of Plans for 22,000-Ton Ship—Finland's Dry Leader Here.

G. Hilmer Lundbek, Managing Director in America for the Swedish American Line, arrived yesterday from Gothenburg on the Swedish American liner Gripsholm. He said that the 22,000-ton motorship Kungsholm, to be constructed for the line at Hamburg, would be 604 feet long with a beam of 78 feet, and equipped with two eight-cylinder Diesel engines. He expects the new vessel to be ready for service in the Summer of 1928.

Another passenger was Johannes Wirtanen, Finnish author and prohibition advocate. He said he came here to lecture on prohibition and to study theology. "We have had prohibition in Finland for seven years," he said. "Naturally, there is some bootlegging, but drunkenness has decreased very markedly."

Dr. Axel Fredenholm, Swedish educator and historian, also arrived on the liner.

W. W. Niles Appointed to Park Post.

ALBANY, N. Y., Dec. 3 (AP).—Governor Smith today announced the appointment of William White Niles, a lawyer of New York City, to membership on the Taconic State Park Commission. Mr. Niles succeeds James W. Fleming of Troy, who resigned.

DAHL OFFERS AID, DENIES NEED OF CLUB

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

claims made are in a friendly spirit for the purpose of arriving at the truth.

Mr. Delaney's remarks with respect to consolidation of existing rapid transit facilities with the proposed new system were accompanied by certain expressions of immediate future policy which require most careful consideration. He states approximately $100,000,000 of contracts have been awarded for the new system construction and that an additional $50,000,000 in contracts will be ready by Feb. 1, 1927.

The natural inference from this statement is that the city intends to proceed vigorously with the completion of the new system according to existing, or slightly modified, plans without waiting on the outcome of his own suggested negotiations for the purpose of such a consolidation.

Opposes Idea of Competition.

It is well known that the proposed new independent system was not planned with a view to its consolidation with existing systems. It is well known that the Hylan idea was for an independent and unrelated system designed to compete with the existing systems. Expert opinion bears me out in the statement that competition and consolidation are at the opposite ends of the poles in subway policy.

Past experience proves that subway construction once under way cannot be changed without heavy loss. By the time the dual contracts were signed in 1913 New York City had already poured millions into the ill-considered tri-borough system, and only a portion of the work done could be fitted without serious operating disadvantages into the new construction plans of the dual contracts. Digging holes in the ground only to fill them up again, or for misfit utilization, is costly business.

It has been stated in the press—whether with official authority I do not know—that the completion of the proposed new municipal system is necessary because it will give the city a club to hold over the head of the Interborough and the B. M. T.

But why is a club necessary? Or at least why assume that a club is needed until there is evidence that some one desires to act unfairly? There has never been a time when the B. M. T. has not been ready and willing to enter into open and public conferences with any public authority for the purpose of solving New York's transit problem.

We are not aware that we have ever suggested anything which requires a club in order to force us to recede from our position. I cannot imagine the Board of Directors of the B. M. T., composed as it is of some of the leading men of the community, declining to entertain any fair proposition to solve New York's transit problem, and surely the city does not want a club us into accepting what is unfair. Furthermore, it must be obvious that a transit system designed as a club, even if it is effective as such, would probably sacrifice thereby a great deal of its efficiency as a transit system for the public service.

Assuming, however, that the new system might be an effective club, how expensive will it be? And where will the money come from? According to the estimates of the Board of Transportation, the cost of the new system will be close to $625,000,000. Other reliable authorities estimate the cost at a great deal more.

In order to complete the system by 1931, the estimated money requirements for 1925 and 1926 were set down in the amount of $238,000,000. To date only $94,605,157 has been appropriated—a shortage that tells its own story of delay. Yet even this inadequate amount was secured only by neglecting other important municipal improvements.

Cites Loss to the City.

By legislative act the proposed City system will be compelled to operate at a five-cent fare for the first three years. As a consequence the losses for this period, by the Board of Transportation's own figures, will be $61,904,800. According to Controller Berry, the city's present annual deficit on its non-earning investment in existing transit facilities is $13,845,000. Competitive operation of the city system will not accelerate the date when the city will receive a return on its investment in existing systems.

According to the figures of the Board of Transportation, the competition of the new system will not be seriously harmful, under the existing contracts, to the B. M. T. system. For the year ending June 30, 1926, the B. M. T. subway and elevated division carried a little over 623,000,000 passengers. On page 13 of the report of the Board of Transportation (dated May 26, 1925), is presented the estimated total rapid transit traffic from 1931 to 1940, inclusive, after the commencement of operation of the new independent system in 1931.

For the year 1931 the Board of Transportation figures the B. M. T. rapid transit system (subway and elevated) will carry 812,000,000 passengers. This traffic, according to their estimate, increases gradually and in 1940 they estimate the B. M. T. will carry over a billion rapid transit passengers. And that estimate must have been made with reference to our existing system for, apparently, the Board of Transportation did not contemplate any additions or extensions thereto.

Assuming the end of 1935 as the completion of the first three-year period, the city's deficit on the existing systems, at the present annual rate, will have reached the sum of $110,760,000 for years 1926 to 1935, inclusive, which, added to the $61,094,600 losses on the new city system will make a total deficit of $172,756,800, which the taxpayers in New York will be called upon to meet, and pass on in the rents and living expenses of the people. At the end of the three-year period the law requires that the city system must be self-sustaining and the Board of Transportation's own figures are that this will necessitate a fare of from 6 to 10 cents.

Isn't this rather an expensive club? As a matter of fact, is it really a club at all? Let it be borne in mind that if the existing contracts between the city and companies continue, the city system will then be operating at a rate of fare ranging from 8 to 10 cents, while the Interborough and B. M. T. are operating at a 5-cent fare. Which lines will be patronized most?

If any one should feel that I have spoken too plainly, let me say that it is not in a spirit of antagonism or hostility to any fair plan of transit relief, but solely out of a desire to place the facts before you and the public in order that a sound and satisfactory solution of New York's most difficult problem may be speedily reached.

Subways Not Only Problem.

A piecemeal plan has no relief to offer. New York's transit problem can never be solved permanently until the problem is treated as a whole. It is not only subways and elevated roads that must be considered, but surface lines and buses as well.

The economics of transit relief are comparatively simple. The politics of it is not so easy, but we have confidence in the sound common sense and fairness of the people of this community, and believe that if hostility is eliminated and the problem approached in a spirit of mutual consideration, fairness and patience, a solution can be provided which will meet with the approval of the public.

Let me repeat that we stand ready to give all possible aid in arriving at such a solution. Because of the reorganization completed over three years ago, our company is in a position of financial stability, and we believe it will so continue even should the proposed new system be constructed for independent and competitive operation. Notwithstanding this strongly defensive position, there is no advantage possessed by us which we are not willing to lay on the round table of public discussion in mutually cooperative efforts to arrive at a constructive and permanent solution of New York's transit problems.

It is my feeling that the task confronting all of us can be aided immeasurably by the stimulation of public interest in the problem—an interest based upon full and exact information.

It is with this end in view that I have prepared a series of open letters, addressed to you (of which this is the first), and it is my hope that they will prove helpful in the promotion of public understanding.

Respectfully submitted,
GERHARD M. DAHL,
Chairman of the Board of Directors.

Mayor Walker had a conference on the transit situation with Mr. Delaney yesterday at City Hall. The Mayor, however, declined to discuss transit matters on the ground that he had not finished his conversations with Mr. Delaney.

ROSOFF LOW SUBWAY BIDDER.

Quotes $14,155,000 for Two Sections of New Line.

The Rosoff Subway Construction Company, headed by Samuel R. Rosoff, former newsboy, was the low bidder yesterday on twenty-five bids submitted by sixteen different contractors for two sections of the city's new subway system, extending Third Street to Park Place in Sixth Avenue, Sixth Avenue extension and Church Street. One set of bids was received for the section from Third Street to Watts Street and another for the section from Watts Street to Park Place. The Rosoff Company's bid, which was $14,155,000, was not only the low bid for the combined sections, but its bids on the two sections separately were the lowest.

Informal totals of the bids by sections follow:

On Route 101, Section 3, embracing Church Street, private property and the Sixth Avenue extension, from Park Place to Watts Street—Rosoff Construction Company, $9,035,000; Arthur A. Johnson, $9,782,000; Mason & Hanger, $10,380,000; Atwell-Gustin-Morris Corporation, $10,936,000; Underpinning and Foundation Company, $11,000,000; Subsurface Corporation, $11,400,000, and Niewenhous Corporation, $13,-904,000.

On Route 101, Section 4, embracing Sixth Avenue extension and Sixth Avenue from Watts Street to West Third Street—Rosoff Subway Construction Company, $5,580,000; Arthur A. Johnson, $5,700,000; Corson Construction Company, $6,200,000; Mason & Hanger, $6,240,000; Marcus Contracting Company, $6,600,000; Arthur McMullen Company, $6,743,600; Morantl & Raymond, $6,749,000; Underpinning and Foundation Company, $6,900,000; Subsurface Corporation, $7,000,000; Oakdale Contracting Company, $7,200,000; Niewenhous Corporation, $7,681,000, and Rosenthal Engineering and Contracting Company, $7,700,000.

On the two sections, bid for as one section, the informal totals were—Rosoff Subway Construction Company, $14,155,000; George H. Flinn, $15,726,000; Mason & Hanger, $16,400,000; Patrick McGovern, $16,900,000; Atwell-Gustin-Morris Company, $17,900,000, and Rodgers & Hagerty, $18,300,000.

The two contracts, taken together, will require the demolition and removal of nineteen blocks of buildings, principally along the west side of Church Street, which will be widened fifty feet to a total width of ninety feet.

HEDLEY DECLARES I.R.T. NEEDS MORE TRACKS

Says 'Saturation' Point Has Been Reached During Rush-Hour Periods.

The eight main line tracks of the Interborough are now "fully saturated" during the rush hours and the situation can be relieved in a marked degree only by the construction and operation of additional tracks, it was said last night at a meeting of the New York Section of the American Institute of Electrical Engineers at the Engineering Societies' Building, 39 West Thirty-ninth Street, by Frank Hedley, the Interborough President.

"The present capacity of the Interborough subway," Mr. Hedley said, "depends upon the physical strength of the people who try to push themselves in. It is difficult for me to talk on the problem because the majority of those who ride on the subways know more about how they should be operated than those who have given a lifetime to the study.

"There is not enough trackage to carry people as we would like to. We are operating as many trains as frequently as is possible with the trackage we have. The rapid transit facilities of New York City have always been years behind the need. The original capacity of the Interborough subway was estimated by the engineers at 800,000 persons a day. One engineer suggested 500,000 a day, yet only a few months after the subway was put into service it was carrying 1,500,000 a day, and we now frequently transport 2,500,000. Last Monday we carried 2,875,000. Our problem is to get the highest frequency of trains, retaining the element of safety."

HOLDS NICKEL BUS FARE WOULD BE PROFITABLE

The bus routes proposed by the Board of Transportation, for which applications for franchises are pending, can be operated profitably with free transfers on a five-cent fare, John E. O'Brien of O'Brien & Cassidy, counsel for the Union Bus Corporation, one of the applicants, declared yesterday in commenting on the opinion of Charles E. Hughes that the Board of Estimate had no right to make a five-cent fare a provision of the franchises.

"I doubt whether the Hughes opinion will upset matters as much as some people seem to fear," Mr. O'Brien said. "Judge Hughes is a great lawyer and he gives his clients good service. The Brooklyn-Manhattan Transit Corporation is naturally worried by the prospective competition of modern buses operated on a five-cent fare. If they can prevent such competition they will certainly do so. Mr. Dahl, Chairman of the B. M. T., favors a 'cost-of-service' fare. He is likely to find that the people of this city have been too well informed concerning the dangers of that beautiful theory, particularly where the operating company is linked with a railway corporation burdened with millions of bonded indebtedness.

"Practical engineers have demonstrated that buses can be operated on all the routes laid down by the Board of Transportation on a five-cent fare, with free transfers, and make handsome profits on that basis. It should be remembered that bus lines are not required to dig subways, to build power houses, to lay tracks or power transmission lines. Buses start right out on the pavement, laid by the city, and begin turning in the fares immediately. The people of the city should have the benefit of these conditions."

SAKS-FIFTH AVENUE
FORTY-NINTH to FIFTIETH STREET
Telephone Plaza 4000

An Extraordinary SALE of

Slip-On Suede Gloves

For Women

Special, 2.45

An Event in Which Smart Gifts May Be Purchased at a Much-Less-Than-Usual-Price

These slip-on, washable suede gloves have the chic for which smart women show a decided preference—in mode, tan, gray or champagne.

WOMEN'S GLOVES—SAKS-FIFTH AVENUE—STREET FLOOR

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A Sale of

GIFT HANDBAGS

for DAYTIME and EVENING

At very special prices we offer a splendid collection of the bags the smart woman is carrying—featuring the season's most fashionable models in the new leathers for daytime—and for evening, exquisite beaded bags and new purses of gold or silver kid.

12.50 Regularly 15.00 to 22.50
7.50 Regularly 9.50 to 14.50

HANDBAGS
SAKS-FIFTH AVENUE
STREET FLOOR

The Personal Shopping Bureau will give individual attention to orders received by mail or telephone—Plaza 4000, Ext. 380

THE TAILORED WOMAN
632 FIFTH AVENUE at 50th STREET
Opposite the Cathedral

TO-DAY

Sale

TWEED COATS

$65

In the English manner
Of imported English fabrics
With kit fox fur

GIFTS

There is no more charming way of expressing "Merry Christmas" than the French manner—using as first aid, for instance, any one of these highly interesting new Paris chiffon scarfs—so new—so smart—so flattering!

To see is to thoroughly enjoy the delightful colouring of this scarf with its handpainted border of extremely modern flowers—rich yellows, rose, orange, etc.; White georgette lined with peach. 14.50

Very wide, very long, and with the interesting detail of double borders—of black georgette over white. White georgette, embroidered in deep pink roses. 62.50

The Alps, a fir tree, two skating figures, hand-painted on a white georgette scarf, faced with dull orange. (charming colouring!) 14.50

A radiant shade of reddish rose, and wide enough to be shawl-like. Georgette, embroidered in cross-stitched flowers. 43.00

Scarfs are really much longer, much wider, and this, (left) in shades of azure blue, is no exception. Handpainted with surprising coin dots of shaded bronze. 15.00

SAKS-FIFTH AVENUE
FORTY-NINTH to FIFTIETH STREET
FRENCH SCARFS—STREET FLOOR

The Personal Shopping Bureau will give individual attention to orders received by mail or telephone—Plaza 4000, Ext. 380

New Hats

In snug styles favored by youth. They are of imported ribbon.

Metallic cloth and velvet are combined in the hat the older woman chooses.

$9.94

Special Attention to Fuller Head Sizes.

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CONSPIRACY TO BILK BOOTLEGGERS SEEN

Raid on "Protective League" Reveals Circulars Offering Free Bail to Members.

SERVICE FAILS ITS CHIEF

He Can't Raise $5,000, So Is Jailed to Face Federal Charge of Obstructing Justice.

The offices of the Modern Business Protective League at 240 Broadway were raided yesterday by Special Intelligence Unit agents, who arrested Max Koenig, President, and seized papers alleged to have included lists of speakeasies and alcohol diverters, and literature setting forth that the league would furnish bail, in emergencies, up to $5,000. Koenig was arraigned before Federal Commissioner Francis A. O'Neill and held in $5,000 bail on a charge of conspiracy to obstruct justice. In spite of the literature, Koenig could not get a bondsman and was locked up.

The raiding agents, J. F. Finnell, J. Donovan and Benjamin Tall, who had a search warrant, said they found also letters addressed to Governor Smith and others of prominence, and one to Edward W. Browning, husband of Frances Keenan Browning. The letter to Governor Smith was one of congratulation upon his election and the assurance that he had the "100 per cent. loyal support" of the league. He was asked for his autographed photograph "to adorn our offices."

One of the seized papers, all of which are now in the hands of Assistant United States Attorney William E. Stevenson, is a circular which begins with the announcement that the league was incorporated with the approval of a Justice of the Supreme Court in this district and its certificate filed in the office of the Secretary of State. It says that membership costs $100 per person. It continues:

"In cases of emergencies bonds to the amount of $5,000 will be furnished without charge."

"Investigations, collections, inquiries and all matters that might occur in any line of business will be carried out by the league without any charges. Should expenses be incurred by the league, as, for instance, carfares, telephones, telegrams, &c., the latter will be charged. All legal advice, legal letters, will also be furnished without charge.

"For purposes of mutual benefit we request all our members to cooperate with the league, especially by recommending to others that they join. Large membership means greater strength and independence personally and politically."

Ornate certificates of membership were accompanied by membership cards, on the backs of which was typed:

"Day service for bail, call Barclay 7971-2. Night service for bail call Susquehanna 8223, ask for Mr. Koenig."

Koenig's arrest, Mr. Stevenson said, resulted from a sworn statement by Edward Holmes, now under indictment for an alleged liquor law violation. Koenig himself was a prohibition agent about five years ago.

Gives $125,000 for His Birthday.

LONDON, Dec. 3 (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).—The sum of £25,000 was recently distributed by Bernard Baron, well-known Anglo-Jewish philanthropist, just before his seventy-sixth birthday. One hundred and twenty hospitals and various charitable institutions were the beneficiaries of his contributions, and £1,000 was given to the London Jewish Board of Guardians. Mr. Baron also purchased a large house in Brighton as a convalescent home for his employes.

FOUR FOUND GUILTY OF DRY NAVY BRIBES

Six Are Acquitted and Jury Disagrees on Two Defendants in Newark.

After deliberating for twenty-eight hours a jury in Federal Court in Newark yesterday returned verdicts of guilty against four of a dozen defendants charged with conspiring to violate the national prohibition act, acquitted six and disagreed on two.

The four men convicted of bribing members of the crews of Coast Guard picket boats were Charles (Little Charlie) Guttleman, Seymour (Si) Nathanson, Robert Friedman and Michael J. Keeley, all of Atlantic City.

Warren Poinsette, Harry Goukler, Frank Schidell, Newman Highbee, Leroy Jefferies and Richard Black, a former Atlantic City detective, were acquitted of the charges, while the jury could not agree on the verdict in the cases of James Pepper and Harvey Lewis.

Before the jury was discharged Merrit Lane, chief counsel for the defense, made it known that he would move at a later date to set aside the convictions on the ground that the evidence offered in the cases of those acquitted had an equal bearing on the cases of the four convicted men. He said he would also move to defer sentence. An appeal would be taken, he added.

Practically all of the evidence offered by the Government was given by former Coast Guardsmen who had already served sentences of one year for their part in the conspiracy. They testified to having received money from the defendants and in some cases charged that their boat had been used to transport the liquor ashore to the base of the Atlantic City ring.

MAY SEEK $35,000,000 FOR MEDICINAL LIQUOR

Andrews Thinks $20,000,000 May Be Needed First Year for Government Project.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3 (AP).—The Treasury may seek an appropriation of $35,000,000 for setting up the proposed private corporation for the manufacture and control of medicinal liquor.

Assistant Secretary Andrews, who is working out financial details, said today that $20,000,000 might be required from the Government for the first year and $15,000,000 for the second, with some provision for repayment to the Government.

Both Secretary Mellon and General Andrews, however, are anxious to avoid a call upon the Government for financial assistance if possible.

The bill proposing organization of the corporation under Federal supervision will be sent to Congress early in the coming session.

Chvalkowsky May Join Masaryk's Cabinet.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PRAGUE, Dec. 3.—President Masaryk has invited Dr. Chvalkowsky, former Czechoslovakian Minister to Washington, to visit him, and it is stated that in case of the retirement of Foreign Minister Benes Dr. Chvalkowsky will be appointed his successor. The former envoy is a close friend of Premier Svehla. He is a Deputy and belongs to the Agrarian Party.

RADIO INDUSTRY ASKS EMERGENCY CONTROL

Continued from Page 1, Column 8.

complicated situation by prohibiting the issuance of any more licenses for the operation of radio broadcasting stations after Dec. 6, 1926.

"2. The bringing out of conference of a comprehensive and adequate general law governing the whole radio industry."

"The emergency control measure is necessary," the report stated, "because broadcasting stations are now increasing at such a rate—to be specific, one a day—as to cause not only confusion on the air but the possibility of even greater confusion."

The committee estimated that 5,000,000 Americans are the owners of radio receiving sets and that the investment of these individuals in radio is upwards of $1,500,000,000, to say nothing of the investment which broadcasting companies and commercial operators have in the industry.

Recommendations for Regulation.

With respect to the form of Federal control the Coordinating Committee, while preferring not to make a statement in favor of one of the rival Senate and House radio bills, felt obliged to express an opinion, however, "based solely on its idea of the good of the industry and the radio listener."

"Having made our position clear," adds the report, "the committee, eliminating all considerations except those for the good of the radio listener and the industry and the existing subject matter in the Senate and House bills, favors a control consisting of two bodies—a Federal Radio Commission and the Department of Commerce, whose functions shall be as determined in the House bill. These functions should be so adjusted in the administrative powers as to clearly demonstrate the standards used in cases for decision as hereinafter recommended and to define and clarify large discretionary powers and control in the commission.

"The committee understands that this proposed Federal radio commission has full appellate powers and can hear and decide cases arising both in and outside of the Department of Commerce, and that there is a final appeal to a Federal court from the decision of the commission."

The allocation and use of wave lengths should be determined on the basis of these factors, it says:

"1. The length of time during which stations, existing at the time this act becomes law, have operated.

"2. The character of service rendered by them.

"3. The requirements of their zones and communities for radio service.

"To state it briefly, the doctrine we have developed may be said to be as follows: A broadcaster has no vested rights as against the United States Government, but he has certain clearly defined rights as against other broadcasters."

The term of radio licenses, the committe declared, should be for not less than five years, providing that the licensee is operating his station "properly and regularly."

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42nd and 43rd West of 5th Avenue Telephone Longacre 8000

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Unusually fine fabrics

$45

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Fine fabrics first — then proper style — then fine workmanship. The combination you want—the three things that spell BETTER VALUE. You'll recognize the fact when you see the 100% virgin wool suitings and the sturdy, wear-resisting overcoatings, in their rich patterns and color tones —all beautifully fashioned and tailored by the skillful Kirschbaum craftsmen.

Tuxedos -- $50

Dress Vests, $6 and up

MEN'S SECTION — THIRD FLOOR

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A Man's Better Half Is a Better Buyer!

A WOMAN knows by instinct more about clothes and values than most men ever learn by instruction, and is naturally more difficult to sell, so you cannot question the sincerity of our invitation to bring your wife along.

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THE SAKS-HERALD SQUARE collection of Winter Overcoats presents all the variety that woolens afford—all the models that ingenuity can design—all the variations that talent can suggest—all the excellence that skill can provide—all the value that good tailoring insures.

Saks Overcoats . . $45 to $130

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BROADWAY AT 34TH ST.

Now you can buy two pairs at one time

Only in the John Ward Store are you sure of getting the quality you are used to at about half the price you are resigned to. John Wards do not allow even custom shoes an edge for fine leathers and careful workmanship. But the John Ward Store does sell the same identical shoe at many dollars less. An impossible ideal made possible by the biggest business of its kind in the world.

The Young Men ask for "FULWELL"

A new Blucher brogue —and what a smile! Gabled edge sole. Wedge heel pegged with visible wooden pegs. Nine rows of stitching on the tip. Seven dollars in black or tan.

John Ward Men's Shoes

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26 East 42nd Street *Bet. Madison and Fifth* One of our newer shops —convenient for all Grand Central commuters. Opens all night.

21-23 Cortlandt Street

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348 Fulton Street

The Ideal Christmas Gift

For MEN

and WOMEN

A BOX OF EX TOE

Holeproof Hosiery

Freedom from holes and darning accompanies your Christmas gift.

From the standpoint of usefulness and fine appearance no other gift could be more acceptable and appropriate.

FOR MEN, BOX OF SIX PAIRS

No. 70 Mercerized Lisle	$2.00
500 Silk over Mercerized	3.00
420 Pure Thread Silk	4.50
920 Extra Heavy Silk	6.00
1740 Silk—Full Fashioned	6.00

FOR WOMEN, BOX OF THREE PAIRS

No. 580 Pure Silk, Rib Top	$4.50
2200 Heavy Silk Full Fashioned	5.85
2471 All Silk Chiffon	5.85
2250 All Silk—Medium Weight	5.85
2400 Heavy All Silk	9.00

MAIL ORDERS FILLED

Give Him or Her a Brill Gift Certificate so that they may make their own selection

Brill Brothers

Broadway At 49th St. 35th St. and 7th Ave. Cortlandt St. Near Greenwich

TO READERS OF THE NEW YORK TIMES.

The New York Times is sold to newsdealers without the privilege of return of unsold copies. Consequently newsdealers regulate their orders to meet a stable demand. To make sure of obtaining a copy of The Times all that is necessary is to inform your newsdealer to reserve a copy for you. The dealer, as well as The Times, will appreciate your cooperation.

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From The Literary Digest for December 4, 1926

In Mercy
"Draw Out Thy Soul to the Hungry"

FROM THE WRECKAGE OF AN OLD STABLE three little children stare out at the investigator. Their small bodies are partly covered with rags, their bare feet are in the mud. The eldest, eight years, calls aloud, and from inside the ruin comes a woman, also partially clad in rags. She is young, but looks old. Her face is haggard with pain and despair. It is mother. Father will soon return from his vain search for work and food—it is always so—and will lie for a while on the mud floor of the stable, while mother and the three little ones will huddle together on the "bed," a heap of straw and parts of grain sacks. There is nothing else in this "home" but a crude little stove with two or three black pots, all empty. Starvation has been waiting; it will not much longer wait.

FIVE MILLIONS ARE LIKE THIS! Five million men, women, and children in Russia, Poland, Bessarabia, Lithuania and near-by countries are facing the long winter that is already upon them, destitute, starving, with no adequate relief in sight.

Almost the population of Greater New York, you will say. Yes; but this mighty tale of destitution is not told of New York, it is not told of America. Here there may be poverty, suffering—but not of the kind that ends in starvation, death.

In these days of world-changes of vast figures, we have learned to think in millions. But five million starving people — no, that is unthinkable. Try to imagine it, if you can! The heart breaks before the first flash of the real picture reaches us. Not the author of the "Christmas Carol," not the poet who wrote of the divine quality of mercy, could weave upon the loom of their genius such profound epics of human misery as those that reach us in this oncoming season of Christmas from the stricken Jews of Russia and Poland. Fact, stark unmitigated fact, is sometimes harder to measure, of more dramatic import, than the sublimest work of the imagination. So it is in these stories of starvation. One bows before the lengthening chronicl

For twelve years it has gone on, until half the Jews of the world, smitten by the pestilence and famine that have been their portion ever since that memorable doomsday of war in 1914, have reached the very limits of human suffering. Echoes of it come to us in the reports from those who are trying to assuage this agony of a mighty race from whose heart, be it remembered, shone forth the Sun of Christianity.

Can any man or woman in this land of abundance read of such distress and then eat without choking, unless he or she has *shared* to the utmost of ability? Can any father or mother gather a happy, laughing family together around the home table and forget these freezing, starving multitudes stumbling through the storm-swept countrysides of Europe in search for food or huddling among the rags and straw of a rotting stable?

In God's name, pity the little children, innocent of any wrong, helpless before the great mystery of starvation and death! They are as much entitled to daily food and tender care as the children of our own homes. But they are always hungry, and ragged, and sorrowful, and afraid.

And pity the mothers, who with hopeless agony tearing at their hearts must see their little ones look at them with the gaunt eyes of starvation, and hear their pitiful appeals for food, with nothing to give them, no soothing comfort in the pain and terror of the long days and nights.

Quick compassion is needed; delay means death for scores of thousands who might be saved. Something *heroic* in giving is needed, something impelled by the spirit of a love that knows no barrier of race or creed, but is stirred by human suffering and is glad to give life and joy in place of death and bitterness.

Here, in this smiling land of comfort, where your home is safe, and your loved ones dwell in the midst of plenty, the moans of anguish from helpless women and children come to you across the sea and call to all that is heroic and generous in your heart.

"Whoso hath this world's good and seeth his brother have need, and shutteth up his bowels of compassion from him"—ah, but this does not mean *you*. Your heart is warm with compassion and your hand will be open wide with help *now* for these millions of hungry and afflicted people of Eastern Europe, whose homes are gone, whose livelihood has been taken away, and whose paths of life are filled with terror.

And as you hear their cry and respond with generous gifts, the ancient blessings in the words of Isaiah, are renewed for you:

"If thou draw out thy soul to the hungry, and satisfy the afflicted soul; then shall the Lord guide thee continually, and satisfy thy soul in drought, and make fat thy bones; and thou shalt be like a watered garden, and like a spring of water, whose waters fail not."

How splendidly you have given to satisfy the hungry in other years! And now your hearts must respond again. What are a few paltry miles of distance! They can not separate you from that famine-stricken land. They can not shut out from your vision those hunger-pinched faces and outstretched hands. If you withhold your gifts now, thousands of these people will surely die. Out of the bounty God has given you let a generous portion be blest both to you and to these needy ones by giving it quickly with a glad heart.

So far, the Jews of America have been strongest to help. In the twelve years that have passed they have collected and sent to these sufferers in Europe through their Distribution Committees something over sixty-two millions of dollars. A great sum—but it is only a small part of what is needed. Distributed among those five million destitute Jews during the last twelve years, it means an average of about one dollar a year for each person. More is needed. Christian America must realize its debt to these victims of war, persecution and political injustice, and do its utmost to help.

None know this better than THE LITERARY DIGEST. During the last twelve years this magazine has appealed repeatedly for help in behalf of those left destitute by the war. Always the response has been quick, generous from the Jews of America. It was so when, in the early days of the war, THE LITERARY DIGEST called upon Americans to save the Belgians from starvation, and hundreds of thousands of dollars poured in from subscribers, and again when it called for relief for the starving and terrified Armenians with similar results. Again it was so when THE LITERARY DIGEST, in October, 1920, appealed in behalf of three and a half million children who were starving in Europe, and as a result the Child-Feeding Fund of $33,000,000 was raised. From no one came a more generous response than from the Jews, notwithstanding the immense burden of charitable relief they were even then carrying in behalf of the destitute of their own race. So it is that in this poignant crisis, into which the Jew of Russia and Poland and adjacent countries has been forced through no fault of his own, the urge to help reaches us as a splendid opportunity not only to follow the warmest instincts of our common humanity, but to pay as well a debt of gratitude to a great race that has played so splendid a part in all the finest activities of our civilization.

THE LITERARY DIGEST never appeals to its readers to respond to any call unless it has already realized its own duty to give, and therefore, before you read this page, our subscription for $5,000 has been delivered to the Committee for relief of these destitute Jews in Eastern Europe. In the past we have proved the generosity of our readers—and to-day, appealing again to them in a cause that is urgent and dire in its need, we believe the response will be as glad, spontaneous and practical as ever. Official Committees are working in their respective areas throughout the country. You can easily locate them. Contribute through them, and do not delay.

'Just What I Expected,' Senator Simpson Says of Jury's Hall Case Verdict

Continued from Page 1, Column 8.

mobile to the porch of her home. A group of reporters closed in about her. "I am so happy, so happy, I cannot tell you how happy I am!" she said, with her eyes shining, and then with a ripple of laughter that belied her words, she faced the cameras, saying, "I hate it, I hate it," referring to the picture-posing.

The jurors took three ballots, it was learned later. On the first ballot ten jurors voted for acquittal and two for conviction. On the second ballot the vote was 11 to 1 and the third was unanimous for acquittal. One or two refused to talk about their deliberations in any way, saying that all had taken a solemn oath to keep them secret. Subsequently, several discussed what had taken place in the jury room. They disclosed that he jurors to a man had disbelieved Mrs. Gibson's story. They called it "illogical" and said that her alleged actions on the night of the crime did not seem "real" to them.

Mrs. Hall Impressed Jury.

The attitude of Mrs. Hall on the stand, a calm meeting of the questions and prompt answers to them, had made a profound impression on the twelve men, it was disclosed. Witness by witness, the testimony had been considered and on each the jurors had registered their opinions. At one point a juror remarked: "I would remain here thirty years rather than vote a verdict of guilty on such evidence."

From the first, the two jurors, who were unwilling to vote for acquittal expressed themselves as ready to be convinced, there was no wrangling or spirited argument. The principal discussion concerned the fingerprint alleged to be that of Willie Stevens on the calling card of Mr. Hall found at the feet of the murdered clergyman.

The jury, for all the verbal castigation Senator Simpson had administered, expressed admiration for his handling of the case. They reported that he had "done the best he could with the evidence he had."

The issues in the famous case went to the jury at 1:45 P. M. Senator Simpson, in an unusual summing up, had assailed the three defendants individually and had maintained that the story of Mrs. Jane Gibson, alleged eye-witness of the crime, coupled with the fingerprint of Willie Stevens, which the State charged appeared on a calling card, in themselves demonstrated the guilt of the accused.

Justice Parker in a charge which provoked widespread comment for its judicial presentation of the evidence pro and con had reviewed the testimony heard during the more than three weeks of the trial. He had suggested that it was doubtful whether any lesser crime than murder could be found, and directed that this crime in either first or second degree or acquittal were the issues facing the jury. He had, however, defined the law on the lesser counts.

Crowd Waits for Verdict.

Hour after hour flipped away in the court room. The spectators who had remained in their seats, certain of a quick return of a verdict, had one by one become tired and gone out into the corridors to smoke or to discuss what the verdict was likely to be. The court room was only half filled when the first whisper of a verdict came to the waiting ones. Mrs. Hall and her brothers, together with several of their lawyers, had left the court room as soon as the jury retired. They went to the jail to await word.

At 6:38 P. M. the court held only the newspaper men, busy for the most part munching a sandwich dinner in anticipation of a long wait, and several hawkers of portable eatables. Robert H. Neilson and Augustus C. Studer Jr. were the only attorneys in the defense anteroom. State Senator Clarence E. Case and Robert H. McCarter, the leaders of the Hall-Stevens legal staff, had gone off in search of dinner. Senator Simpson by that time was working on other law problems in his office in Jersey City.

In the mysterious manner of court-room rumors, word spread that the jury had finally determined on their verdict. All eyes fastened on the small oaken door opening on the stairway leading to the second floor, where the jury had debated in the jury room. Suddenly "Bill" Pangborn, Somerville's only surviving G. A. R. veteran, one of the custodians of the jury, put his white head in at the door.

Din in the Court Room

He beckoned to Walter C. Crater, Clerk of the Court. They consulted for a second. Out in the court room chairs were being overturned and a din arose as the audience came hurrying back to hear the news. Over at one side of the court Nathaniel J. Palzer, Mr. Studer and Mr. McCarter formed a line to wait for the return. Alongside Mr. McCarter was his brother, Thomas F. McCarter, President of the Public Service Corporation of Newark.

James P. Major, Warden of the Somerset jail, slipped through the tunnel leading from the court house to the jail. He was gone only a moment and when he came back he was leading the defendants. Mrs. Hall came first and as she walked primly over to join her attorneys she smiled at Mr. McCarter. Henry Stevens's shoulders were back and his head erect—he seemed almost to be bracing himself. He was last to enter the court room.

As the defendants were seated, relatives flocked down into the pit to range themselves in a half-circle about Mrs. Hall and her brothers. Dominander Arthur S. Carpender, U. S. N., a cousin, sat next to Mrs. Hall, and at the other end of the row was Mr. Neilson. Francis L. Bergen, Prosecutor of the Pleas for Somerset, and his assistant, Irving Schwed, came into court and took seats at the table where Senator Simpson and his investigators from Jersey City had sat throughout the trial.

Judges Ascend the Bench.

At 6:50 P. M., John Bunn, Bailiff of the court, bustled through the door to the Judges' chamber. He was making his last appearance as Court Crier in the Hall-Mills trial and he seemed to put added impressiveness into his familiar "Hear Ye! Hear Ye!," signalling the approach of Justice Parker and Common Pleas Frank L. Cleary. The Judges, grave and black-robed, ascended the bench. Justice Parker rapped sharply for order.

"The officers will keep the door closed as the verdict is received," he said, "The Court has a word to say. This has been a case of great importance, of great popular interest and excitement. The Court has endeavored at all times to observe propriety and dignity. The Court requires that there be no demonstration, either of approval or disapproval, when the verdict is received.

"Officers will see to it that any member of the audience who makes any demonstration be brought before the Court to be dealt with as for contempt of court."

The Justice paused. The twelve men, most of them well advanced in years, half of them farmers, were coming down the stairs just outside the court room. Justice Parker motioned to Mr. McCarter. The elderly lawyer, forty-four years at the bar and at one time Attorney General of his State, went to the bench. There the Court informed him that it had been decided to have the verdict rendered separately in the case of each defendant.

Jury Renders Its Verdict.

Senator Case, his face flushed and plainly winded by a frantic race up the street from a restaurant, reached the court just as the jury, led by Foreman Frank L. Dunster, a stout teamster, filed in and formed in a single line in front of the bench.

"Gentlemen," said Justice Parker, "the Court will ask you to render your verdict separately."

The defendants poised on the edge of their chairs. The lawyers bent forward. The court room, which had held a near tumult as the jury entered, despite the insistent rapping of the gavel, was silent. Court Clerk Walter Crater put the routine question in a firm voice:

"Gentlemen of the jury, have you agreed?"

The twelve men chorused:

"We have."

The Clerk turned to Foreman Dunster, whose florid face had whitened.

"Foreman," came the even tones, "what do you find as to Henry Stevens?"

The pause was but a fraction of a second. Yet it seemed an age to the casual spectator. What it must have seemed to Stevens, the sportsman who presented a remarkable alibi, can only be guessed.

"Not guilty!" said Dunster, with emphasis, and his fellow-jurors chimed in.

"Foreman," came the question again, "what do you find as to William Stevens?"

"Not guilty!" came the reply once more.

"Foreman," came the pregnant question the third time, "what do you find as to Frances N. Hall?"

"Not guilty!"

Stevens Calls for His Wife.

Mrs. Hall, with her smile, looked at the jury. Willie Stevens's all-expansives mile began to develop. Henry Stevens, with the tear-filling eyes, turned to the man nearest him. It was John Gregory Jr., chief of the defense investigators.

"Where is Ethel?" he said.

His wife's hand crept over his shoulder and met his. They were still clasped as they hurried from the court to a less conspicuous place. Mrs. Hall and Willie, with their relatives surrounding them and showering congratulations, followed Henry and his wife down the tunnel and back to the jail.

Justice Parker turned to the jurors, who were standing in somewhat embarrassed fashion in the pit.

"Gentlemen of the jury," he said, "you have given your faithful service to this court and it expresses its appreciation. The jury is excused from further duty for the remainder of the term."

The jurors broke for the doors. They had been virtual prisoners since the opening day of the trial, Nov. 3, and they were eager to get to their homes, meanwhile the crowd in the court room had broken through the lines of court attendants and had flocked down into the pit. The defense attorneys were overwhelmed with congratulations. They soon broke away, however, to retire to the Judges' chambers to make their pleas for a date for argument on a motion for bail.

Criticize Simpson's Absence.

The decision of Senator Simpson to leave the court immediately after the charge, however, blocked any consideration of the motion. After Justice Parker had set the time of the hearing, the counsel for the defense did not hesitate to criticize the prosecutor for his absence. They charged that his failure to remain to make the necessary motions had kept Henry Stevens and Willie Stevens in jail for another night.

"Simpson," said Mr. Neilson, who makes no secret of his aversion to the Senator, "got Prosecutor Bergen in this morning to try to show that Hudson County was not running the prosecution. But of course Bergen would not do when it came to a matter of freeing two men who have been acquitted."

Senator Case, who voiced no criticism of his legislative colleague, said that he was confident that all of the accused would gain liberty this morning.

"If reports which I have had from the press to the effect that the Attorney General will have the indictment charging the murder of the Rev. Mr. Hall nolle-prossed are correct," he said, "I expect that merely nominal bail will be set pending such disposition of the case. In any event, I do not believe that the bail will be as large as the same set of facts applies to both indictments."

Senator Case disclosed that Mrs. Hall's bail of $40,000, under which she has been at liberty since her indictment in September, was automatically halved by yesterday's verdict. Mrs. Hall was arrested at midnight on July 29, but was set free in bail of $15,000 by Chief Justice William S. Gummere two days later. Willie Stevens and Mr. Carpender were arrested several days later. Henry Stevens was jailed in September when, somewhat to the surprise of those who had followed the investigation of the crime, the Somerset County Grand Jury included him in the indictments returned. One indictment alleging the murder of Mrs. Mills and another alleging the murder of the rector were returned against each of the defendants.

How Defendants Waited.

A picture of how the defendants waited for the verdict in the jail was presented last night by Mrs. Henry Stevens. She said that she and her husband had discussed "almost every thing but the trial" as they waited for the decision of the jurors. Henry, she said ,had spoken about his overcoat, saying in as much as it had turned cold he would need it on the trip back to Lavalette, N. J., his home. He also talked about his plans for the future. As the time wore away, however, the thought that was in both their minds kept thrusting itself forward. But only once did any expression on the wait, the worrying wait, come out.

This was when Henry Stevens said: "My, but it's a long wait."

Mrs. Stevens said that her husband had had dinner in the jail and that his appetite had been as good as usual. She added, however, that she had not been able to eat anything. Mrs. Stevens said that as they hurried from the court room, after the verdict, her husband, his voice choking, had said:

"I am very glad. I had faith that the verdict would be as it should be."

Mrs. Stevens added her criticism to that of Mr. Neilson with respect to Senator Simpson's absence from the court when the verdict was received. Mrs. Stevens, who sent twenty-nine cents to the Senator earlier in the case, in fulfillment of her pledge to herself that while she "would not give 30 cents to see him," she thought a glimpse of him worth 29 cents, had this to say of Simpson's departure:

"I wish Senator Simpson had had enough sportsmanship to stay and get a dose of his own medicine. Henry would not have to stay in jail if he had been there. Henry, however, does not seem to mind. He said, 'this is a time to be by myself. If I were released from jail I would be overwhelmed by a lot of attention.'"

Mrs. Hall With Brother.

Mrs. Hall and Willie Stevens, she said, had remained quietly in the reception room of the jail, pending the return of the verdict. They chatted with Timothy N. Pfeiffer of 120 Broadway, who led Mrs. Hall's victory four years ago and who has been back of the defense in the present action. Russell B. Watson of New Brunswick, another of the defense lawyers, also was in the jail during the wait.

Senator Simpson received the news of the verdict at his office in Jersey City. He said that he would recommend to the Governor today the further prosecution and added that he would suggest that the trial be held in "any county except Somerset."

Mr. Simpson declared that it would be premature to say until after he had talked with the Governor whether he would continue as Special Assistant Attorney General. He said his personal inclination was to get back to his private law practice.

Just What He Expected.

When asked to comment on the jury's verdict, Mr. Simpson said:

"It is just what I expected. The action of the jury justifies my application to the Supreme Court for a foreign jury for a trial of this case. It was evident that the State could not obtain a fair trial in Somerset County. This became so apparent that I made a motion for a mistrial. The motion should have been granted—although I do not criticize the Court for denying it—I feel the State would have had a better chance if there had been an opportunity to select a jury from a proper panel.

"I will go over the entire matter tomorrow morning with Governor A. Harry Moore. I will recommend that the three defendants be tried for the murder of the Rev. Edward W. Hall. As to the question of admitting the defendants to bail, it will be a matter that I will discuss with the Governor. I do not feel that there should be any favoritism shown to the defendants.

"I will recommend that the trial on the indictment charging the murder of Mr. Hall will be tried by a 'foreign jury' in some county other than Somerset. I feel that there is no possibility of getting a fair trial in Somerset County, and this, I think, has been amply demonstrated to any fair-minded citizen in New Jersey who does not happen to live in Somerset County or New Brunswick.

"I feel that Mrs. Hall and her brothers, Henry and Willie, should be tried on the remaining indictment before Henry Carpender is put on trial.

"The strongest case of the State is, of course against the three defendants who have been acquitted for the murder of Mrs. Mills. I feel the indictments against them should be disposed of before Henry Carpender is put on trial."

The Senator was asked if he would try the remaining indictments in the event that additional trials would be ordered. To this he replied:

"That is a question which I will also discuss with the Governor, Personally I desire to get back to law practice. I have given up a great deal of time to the preparation and trial of the case. I have neglected my personal business, and I ought to get back into practice and make some money. I will go over the entire question with the Governor, but feel that I will suggest that he secure some other lawyer to represent the prosecution in any of the new actions.

Hoped to Get "Foreign" Jury.

"You must remember it has been more than four years since the murders were committed. The State had a great deal to contend with when the 1926 investigation started. We did well to get indictments, round up the evidence and get as far as we did. I had hoped that the New Jersey Supreme Court would have granted the State's application for a 'foreign jury.'

"The fact that it did not, placed us under a great disadvantage. We did not have the proper kind of a panel from which to draw the petit jury. I felt the defendents were entitled to a speedy trial and consequently did not want to wait until after the first of the year before going on with the trial.

"Of course we hoped that the evidence we presented was sufficient to convince even the jury that returned the "not guilty" verdict to prove the State's contention. However, practically every one in Somerset County became aware soon after the trial started, that it would be practically impossible for the State to secure a conviction and these predictions were evidently justified."

JUSTICE PARKER'S CHARGE.

Justice Parker's charge to the jury was as follows:

Gentlemen of the Jury:

The defendants on trial before you, together with one other not on trial, are charged by the indictment with having murdered Eleanor Mills in this County of Somerset on the 14th day of September, 1922.

Although this trial has lasted for about a month, and an enormous amount of oral testimony and documentary evidence had been laid before you, the fundamental issues of fact to be determined are extremely simple. As the defendants, each and every of them, deny having killed Eleanor Mills, deny having had anything to do with her killing, and deny having been at the place of the killing or in its immediate neighborhood at or about the time it was perpetrated, defenses based on an assumption of having done the act under circumstances either depriving that act of criminality or excusing or palliating that act have not appeared on the defendants' case at all; as for example, insanity, drunkenness, self-defense, accident, and so on. The defense is an absolute denial of having done the act, directly or indirectly. Hence your principal inquiry will relate to that issue, around which other questions in the case revolve.

What State Must Prove.

To convict any one of the defendants under that indictment the State must prove to your satisfaction beyond a reasonable doubt:

(a) That Eleanor Mills is dead and was murdered.

(b) That such murder took place within the County of Somerset.

(c) That such defendant committed that murder by actually perpetrating the killing, or participated therein as a principal.

The defendants are indicted jointly. It may be that you will find only one or more of them is guilty and the remainder not guilty. In that event you should return a verdict of guilty against such as you find guilty, and not guilty as to the other or others.

The rules of burden of proof and of reasonable doubt, hereinafter to be stated, are applicable to all the elements in the case necessary to a conviction, including each of the above three propositions, so that if the proof fails in your judgment as to any essential of guilt respecting any defendant, that defendant should not be found guilty on the indictment now before you.

That Eleanor Mills is dead and that she died on Sept. 14, 1922, seems undisputed, and you should have no difficulty on that score.

That she died as the result of a criminal homicide would seem to be equally clear; and while the Court does not undertake to control your finding of fact on that or any other element of the case, we shall assume for the purposes of this charge that you will so find.

A First-Degree Crime.

That the criminal homicide was murder does not seem to have been seriously questioned at this trial, so far as I can remember. Counsel on both sides have spoken of it freely and often as a murder, and though we expect to instruct you as to the elements of the lesser crime of manslaughter, supportable by this indictment, we doubt that you will find anything in the evidence to reduce the crime, which under the law would be presumptively murder, to the grade of manslaughter.

As to whether the crime was committed within this county there seems little doubt, if any. Mrs. Mills lived in New Brunswick, as did her companion, Mr. Hall; but the place where the bodies were found was manifestly in this county, as we remember no testimony to the contrary. It was near the county line, and, of course, it may be within the bounds of possibility that the fatal shots were fired in Middlesex County and the dead or dying woman carried across the county line, but if it is remembered that in this locality that line is a running stream we think that in all probability you will have no reasonable doubt that the killing was in Somerset, especially in view of the testimony that there was a considerable quantity of clotted blood under Mrs. Mills's head when the body was found. We need not stop to dwell on the other evidence touching this point.

So the really important question to solve is the third, whether these defendants now on trial, or any one or more of them, actually committed the murder by firing the three fatal shots, and, if you please, by slashing Mrs. Mills's throat—probably thereafter. The State claims that they did and has undertaken to prove this by both direct and circumstantial. The direct evidence—all of it, we think, though that will be for you to say—is controverted; and so is much of the circumstantial evidence. Consequently you will have a number of difficult problems of fact to solve.

Motive Will Not Be Proved.

The State alleges motive in support of the claim that Mrs. Hall and her two brothers are guilty. Proof of motive is not, in a legal sense, necessary to a conviction. If the commission of the crime be clearly proved against a defendant, proof of a motive to commit it is unnecessary; and mere proof of a motive, standing alone, is not sufficient for a finding of guilt. But the existence of a motive may help the other proofs, and with them lead to a conviction. While, on the other hand, absence of motive may be an argument in favor of innocence; and if, on the evidence, you are unable to find any reason or motive existing in the breasts of the defendants for the perpetration of this crime, you would be entitled to consider that fact in reaching a verdict in this case.

The alleged motive, as we understand the State's claim, was anger provoked by the knowledge of illicit relations between Mr. Hall and Mrs. Mills, which the State says existed and which knowledge the defense denies; that this anger aroused a desire for revenge; and that this led to the defendants' searching for, and discovering, the guilty people at their tryst, a confrontation, a quarrel, an affray, and the killing.

On this phase of the case (motive and the circumstances claimed to have led up to the crime) a great mass of evidence has been adduced touching which it is needless, as we think, to go into details; you have it all before you, and should be able to settle this phase of the case to your satisfaction.

All Charged as Principals.

Let us turn to the fundamental question in the case, the question whether the State has shown to your satisfaction beyond a reasonable doubt that these defendants are, or any one or more of them is or are, guilty of this killing.

They are all charged as principals. And that means that in the case of each several defendant it is essential to a conviction that the jury finds that he or she was at or near the scene of the crime, and not in New Brunswick or Lavalette or elsewhere. There are two kinds of principals: Those of the first and those of the second degree. A principal in the first degree is one who was the actor or actual perpetrator of the fact. And, in a case of this kind, where the death seems to have been inflicted by personal violence, a principal in the first degree would naturally be one who was present at the shooting and who actually committed the fatal act.

Principals in the second degree are those who are present aiding and abetting at the commission of the fact. To constitute principals in the second degree, there must be, first, a participation in the act committed; and, in the second place, presence either actual or constructive at the time of its commission; but although one be present while a felony is committed, if he take no part in it and do not act in concert with those who commit it, he will not be a principal in the second degree merely because he did not endeavor to prevent the felony or apprehend the felon. Something must be shown in the conduct of the bystander which evinces a design to encourage, incite, approve of, or in some manner afford aid or consent to the act.

Guilt Even Though Passive.

It is not necessary, however, to prove that the party actually aided in the commission of the offense; if he watched for his companions in order to prevent surprise, or remained at a convenient distance in order to favor their escape, if necessary, or was in such a situation as to be able to come readily to their assistance, the knowledge of which was calculated to give additional confidence to his companions, in contemplation of the law he was present, aiding and abetting.

So, if the State in your estimation, on the entire evidence has failed to prove that Mrs. Hall or Henry Stevens or William Stevens, as the case may be, was there, and participated in the killing as a principal and not as an innocent onlooker, such person as to whom the proof so fails should be acquitted.

We have just said that in a crime of this character, presence at the scene of the crime or within aiding distance therefrom is essential to a finding of guilt. And that presence, like other fundamental issues, should be shown to the satisfaction of the jury beyond a reasonable doubt. The defendants severally deny presence at the scene. The claim for Mrs. Hall is that she never left New Brunswick that night. That for Henry Stevens is that he was fishing at Lavalette all evening and went to bed at his house there as usual; and a number of witnesses testified in corroboration of that claim. The claim for William Stevens is that he was in his own room till the small hours of the morning, when he joined Mrs. Hall in going out and searching for her husband; that they went out together and went to the church in search of him, found it dark and did not go in, went then to the Mills house and found that dark and quiet and went back home.

Burden of Proof on State.

There is more or less testimony in corroboration of each of these claims of alibi, as it is called, and more or less testimony in denial of them, as well as by way of impeachment of certain testimony, of which more presently. But on this aspect of the case the important point to bear in mind is that the defendants are not under the burden of proving that they were somewhere else at the time, but that the State remains under the burden of proving that they were at the locality of the crime; their presence, as we have said, is an essential of guilt, and must be proved against them like any other essential. They may have proved to your satisfaction that they were not there; but to be entitled to an acquittal they are not required to go to that length in their proofs; on the contrary, if the evidence relating to alibi considered alone or in connection with the other evidence, creates such a degree of uncertainty as to the whereabouts of a defendant that the jury are not satisfied beyond a reasonable doubt of his guilt, he is entitled to an acquittal.

Jury the Judge of Facts.

Let us turn now to a consideration of the rules to be applied in dealing with the evidence.

The first and most important is that throughout the case the jury are the sole judges of the facts, of the weight and value of the evidence. The duty of ascertaining the facts is theirs and theirs alone; and while the Court may and often does properly comment on features of the evidence, any view that the Court may express as to its weight or value is merely by way of suggestion and in no way binding on the jury. Similarly, statements of counsel prove nothing and have no effect as evidence. The jury in considering the case for the purpose of reaching a verdict must be governed solely by the evidence.

The next matter to note is that the evidence in this case is partly direct and partly circumstantial. Where there are no eye witnesses to a crime, the evidence for the prosecution must necessarily be circumstantial, unless the guilty party confesses; and very often circumstantial evidence, when the circumstances of it are satisfactorily proven and form a chain of facts from which only one inference can reasonably be drawn, is persuasive evidence of guilt.

Presumption of Innocence.

But to justify a conviction on circumstantial evidence alone, it should be of such a character as to exclude every reasonable hypothesis other than that of guilt. And as a defendant charged with crime is presumed innocent till proven guilty, on the same principle, if a circumstance will support an inference of either guilt or innocence, the inference of innocence would normally attach to it until it is so connected with other circumstances as to call for the opposite inference.

Take as an example the sending of Mrs. Hall's things to be dyed. That of itself is common enough in cases of bereavement; but the point particularly urged for the State is that they were sent to Philadelphia; to which it is answered that the same thing had been done before and that it was a mere question of good work. The inference that the State asks you to draw is that there were blood stains on the garments which Mrs. Hall wished to conceal from the neighborhood. I shall not stop to discuss many other circumstances put in evidence; this one is stated as an example only.

A much more important piece of circumstantial evidence is the visiting card marked S-17, and much of the controversy revolves around it. Mr. Totten says it is the same card he saw on Saturday, Sept. 18, at the finding of the bodies. There is, I think, but am not sure, other evidence to connect it with the finding. Totten says that when it was picked up there were no fingerprints on it; which you could fairly take as meaning that he did not see any. But he says this card, with the finger marks on it, is the same card.

Comparison by Experts.

The State goes on with evidence intended to show that this card got into the hands of a man named Fitzpatrick in New Brunswick, now dead, and that when it passed from his hands into the possession of Schwartz certain fingerprints, which as claimed were on it but invisible until treated with powder, had been "developed" as the experts phrase it, and on comparison with a genuine fingerprint of the left forefinger of William Stevens show similarity amounting, in the opinion of the State's experts, to proof of identity.

Naturally if the print on the card is from the finger of William Stevens, in the absence of anything to show how it got there before or after the murder, and if the card is that picked up at the feet of Mr. Hall's body, it is a fair inference that William Stevens handled it at the time, although not a conclusive one.

The defendants' fingerprint experts say on the other hand that the prints on that card are not the fingerprints of William Stevens at all, and they point to several alleged points of difference between his genuine print and that on the card. One of them alleges, moreover, that the left-hand picture on the Faurot enlargement (S-37) is not even a photograph of the card print, but of something else, and points to the alleged discrepancies between the two in support of that view. So that touching this piece of circumstantial evidence you are confronted with a denial that the print, even if shown to have been made in an undeveloped form at the time of the murder, which is denied, is the fingerprint of William Stevens. Naturally, if it is not proved to your satisfaction as a circumstance, its value is gone.

The same principle applies to other alleged circumstances, such as the incident at North Plainfield, the testimony of Mrs. Demarest that she saw Henry Stevens in a motor at New Brunswick on Friday morning, and so on.

Mrs. Gibson's Story.

The direct evidence, though meager so far as relates to the murder, is important. It consists mainly, if not entirely, of the testimony of Mrs. Jane Gibson, or Easton, who was brought into the court room on a stretcher and there transferred to a hospital bed, from which she told her story to the jury. You will remember what she said. If she was there that night, saw straight and told the truth, the defendants would seem quite plainly connected with the crime. The gist of the evidence was that she saw these defendants at the scene on the night of the murder, heard a quarrel and a fight, heard four shots and screams and later saw a woman, identified by her as Mrs. Hall, bending over something which the State says were the two bodies. In corroboration of this the State adduces testimony as to the presence at or near the scene that evening of one or more automobiles claimed to have been used by the defendants; and there is some evidence of some unidentified persons boarding a motor car in Easton Avenue late that night. No motor car, so far as we remember, was identified by license number. All this evidence, the circumstantial as well as the direct, you will have to consider and weigh and assign to it such value as you think proper, in making up your verdict.

Defendants Took the Stand.

Finally, it is proper to note that these defendants are competent witnesses for themselves respectively and each of them for the others. They have taken the stand and testified. Of course as accused parties they are deeply interested in the result and weighing the value of their testimony and passing on its credibility you are entitled to take that fact into consideration.

It may be also that other witnesses, not parties, appear to have some interest, pecuniary or otherwise, in the result of the case, or some personal bias that might affect their testimony; in such case you would be entitled to take that interest or bias into consideration in weighing their testimony.

In dealing with this matter of evidence there are several legal rules that should be laid down for your guidance and shou l be followed and applied by you.

The first is that already stated, that you are the sole judges of the evidence.

The second is, that the defendants are presumed innocent, the burden of proving them guilty is on the State, and before any defendant is found guilty of any crime within the scope of this indictm t, you should be satisfied, on the evidence of his or her guilt beyond a reasonable doubt. This reasonable doubt is not a mere possible doubt. It is that state of the case which, after the entire comparison and consideration of all the evidence, leaves the minds of the jurors in that condition that they cannot say they feel an abiding conviction to a moral certainty of the truth of the charge. If, on all the evidence, reasonable doubt remains in your minds regarding the guilt of any defendant, that defendant should be acquitted.

Each Defendant Separate.

The third is, that while these three defendants are tried jointly, it is within your province to say whether on the evidence all three are innocent, or one guilty and two innocent, or two guilty and one innocent, or all three guilty.

The fourth, in line with the third, is that some of the evidence is applicable to all three, some to two perhaps, and some to only one. In particular is should be noted that a declaration or statement shown to have been made by one defendant after the murder, and incriminating if so made, would be applicable only to the defendant who made it and would not be evidential against either of the others. Hence, in reaching a conclusion as to the several defendants individually, only the evidence properly applicable to a particular defendant should be considered as against him or her.

There have been a great many witnesses in this case, and the testimony of many of them has been attacked, mainly by way of what is called impeachment. There may be impeachment of the witness himself as unworthy of belief; and such impeachment has been undertaken by the defense as to Mrs. Gibson by the production of perhaps a dozen witnesses, more or less, who stated that they knew her reputation for truth and veracity in the neighborhood where she lives and that it is bad. The word "neighborhood" has an elastic significance, according to the circumstances, and it it plain that, as regards mere distance, it would cover a different area in a country district and farming community from what it might be said to cover in a large and closely built city.

How Testimony Is Impeached.

There are various other ways of showing that a witness is unworthy of belief, but we need consider only one at this time, viz.: conviction of crime. Our statute says that no person offered as a witness in any action or proceeding of a civil or criminal nature, shall be excluded by reason of his having been convicted of crime, but such conviction may be shown on the cross-examination of the witness or by the production of the record thereof, for the purpose of affecting his credit. This principle applies to the witness Caprio, if indeed he is still in the case, and the witness Beckman.

Then there is the principle of the impeachment of the testimony of a witness as distinct from the witness himself by showing previous inconsistent statements relating to matters in issue; and there has been a great deal of this throughout the case. Witness after witness has been asked on cross-examination whether he had not told such and such different story, sometimes before a Grand Jury, or when examined by the prosecution, or by the police, or what not. In some cases they have admitted it. In those cases and also in cases where they have refused definitely to admit it, and such prior inconsistent statement has been satisfactorily proven, their evidence is to that extent impeached and liable to discredit. So much for witnesses called by the opposite party.

A "Surprise" Witness.

A similar principle applies, however, to a party's own witness, where, to the surprise of the party calling him, he gives adverse testimony. The rule in such cases is this:

"Where a party (and the State is a party as well as each of the defendants) is surprised by adverse testimony of a witness called by him, the trial court may, in the exercise of its sound discretion, permit him to offer proof of self-contradictory statements previously made by such witness, for the purpose, not of proving the truth of such statements, but to discredit or neutralize the effect of such adverse testimony.

"In any case in which this is done the jury should bear in mind that the prior inconsistent statement, if admitted by the witness, or otherwise proved to have been made, is no proof of the matters contained therein, but merely has the effect of neutralizing or canceling so much of the testimony of the witness in the present case of which it is a contradiction."

Cfies Gorsline's Testimony.

This may seem confusing, but a specific instance will make it clear. Take the testimony of Gorsline, a State witness, who said in substance, as we remember it, that though he was at the locality of the murder that night he did not see anything in particular, that he heard mumbling followed by shots and then meaning which died away. Mr. Simpson then, alleging surprise, asked him whether he had not said to a man named Garven, among other things, that he saw Henry Stevens with a revolver and that Henry said to him, "Get the hell out of here" and so on.

Now, if Gorsline had then admitted that he so testified or stated on the former occasion, such admission was nevertheless no evidence whatever that he did see a revolver or automobile or what not, or that Henry Stevens had told him to get out of there; it could have no further effect than to nullify his denial that he saw or heard anything, and would leave the testimony in this particular as though he had said nothing at all on the point.

But Gorsline denied that he had made such contradictory statements, and, as we recollect, the witness Garven later testified that he did make it; so that becomes a dispute of fact for you to settle. If you are not satisfied that he did make it, his testimony would stand unimpeached in this particular. If you believe that he did make it, the effect would be the same as if he had admitted making such statement to Garven, namely, leaving his testimony a blank as to whether he had seen Henry with a revolver, and Henry had told him to get out or not. The same principle applies to other witnesses, as, for example, Barbara Tough, Louise Geist and Soper.

Disputes Simpson's Position.

There is one matter that arose during the course of Mr. Simpson's summing up as to which something should be said. We understood Mr. Simpson to say, regarding a letter written by the witness Sipel to Mrs. Hall, that that letter being put in evidence it is evidence of the truth of the facts contained therein. That as we understood it, was his position. There is a case in the Court of Errors and Appeals, which we think is to the contrary, which says this:

"Letters written to a person, though evidence against him for some purposes, are not evidences of the truth of their contents unless, besides mere possession of the letters, there is testimony from which acquiescence in the truth of their contents can be inferred."

That is a principle that should be applied by you in dealing with those letters when you come to consider them. You should first, from the evidence, find out whether in any way on the question of bribery Mrs. Hall assented to the propositions of fact stated in this letter.

So much for the principles bearing on your consideration of the evidence. If, after such consideration, you find that the State has not proved that any one of the defendants on trial fired the fatal shot or shots, all should be acquitted. But, if, on the contrary, you find that some one of them did fire them, that one should be found guilty of some grade of homicide within the scope of the indictment, murder in the first degree or second degree, or perhaps manslaughter. It will then remain to ascertain the guilt or otherwise of the others. All those that you find to have been there and participating in the manner already described would be principals in one degree or the other, probably the second; and likewise guilty of some grade of homicide, but not necessarily of the same grade of homicide as the actual killer. But to charge them, as we have seen, they must have been participating.

Onlookers Not Guilty.

We have already adverted to this in discussing principals in the first and second degree. It may be that you will find one or both of the other two were mere innocent onlookers, having no part nor lot in the matter; in which case they would not be guilty under this indictment. You may find that the others merely went out to confront the guilty parties and cast them off, and that the shooting was the sole act of the shooter; in that case the others, as already stated, would not be guilty.

It is not contended that any of the three went out there to commit robbery or burglary or any of the other crimes mentioned in the 106th section of our Crimes act as a foundation for murder in the first degree; they, or one or more of them, if they went out there, may have gone, and you may find that they did go, for the purpose of committing some unlawful act against the peace of this State of which the probable consequence might be bloodshed; and those that went with that purpose, or formed it after their arrival at the place of the crime, either at the time of the killing or any time prior thereto, and carried it out, or were present aiding and abetting in carrying it out, would be guilty of murder.

If that were all, the murder would be murder in the second degree, that being the normal presumption in the absence of proof indicating first degree. The further question then arises whether, on the whole evidence, the State has shown to your satisfaction and beyond a reasonable doubt guilt of murder in the first degree on the part of the defendants or one or more of them. And it will be your duty in case you find a defendant guilty of murder to designate by your verdict whether it be murder in the first degree or in the second degree.

The Degrees of Murder.

The language of the statute, omitting matters not material in this case, is as follows:

"Murder which shall be perpetrated by poison (not in this case of course) or by lying in wait (which may possibly be this case, though we do not recall any evidence to indicate it) or by any other kind of willful, deliberate and premeditated killing * * * shall be murder in the first degree; and all other kinds of murder shall be murder in the second degree.

So that if we disregard lying in wait, which indeed is practically a form of deliberate and premeditated murder, we find the murder must be first, willful; that is, there must be an intent to take life.

Second: that willful act must have been premeditated; that is, thought of beforehand.

Third: it must have been deliberate; that is, thought over as well as thought of.

To use the language of one of our cases, normally premeditation comes first; entertainment by the mind of a design to kill; then follows deliberation, the weighing of considerations pro and con; after which the killing being determined on, becomes willful, deliberate and premeditated in the sense intended by the statute.

By "deliberate" and "premeditated," however, the law does not mean that any particular length of time need intervene between the formation of the purpose to kill and its execution. It is enough that the design to kill be fully and clearly conceived in the mind and purposely and deliberately executed.

Differentiation of Guilt.

The fact, however, that one of the defendants committed a willful and deliberate and premeditated killing does not necessarily make his associates guilty in the same degree. They may have had no purpose to kill at all; and in such case, or even if they meant to kill at the instant of killing, but that intent was not deliberate and premeditated, they would not be guilty of more than murder in the second degree.

The indictment is also broad enough to support a conviction of manslaughter, which is the crime committed when a person kills another upon a sudden transport of passion or heat of blood upon a reasonable physical provocation, and without malice. But the law presumes a homicide to be committed with malice, and inasmuch as the defendants stand on a denial of the commission of the homicide at all, and the testimony contains little, if anything, to show conditions at the time of the killing that would reduce it to manslaughter what presumptively would be murder, you will probably find it unnecessary to give any particular consideration to this phase of the case.

Without undertaking to control in any way the course of your deliberations, it would seem advisable first to deal with the question whether the homicide was in fact committed by any one of the defendants; and, if this be answered in the affirmative then to settle the degree of guilt of such defendant, and then to pass on to the matter of the principals in the second degree, if you find there were such, and then consider the degrees of guilt on their part; in short, whether as to each particular defendant the homicide has been shown to be murder in the first degree or merely manslaughter, or the presumption of second degree stands.

The Penalty for Murder.

If you should find guilt of murder in the first degree on the part of a defendant, or defendants, that would bring into action the statute that provides that every person convicted of murder in the first degree, his aiders, abettors, counsellors and procurers, shall suffer death unless the jury shall by their verdict and as a part thereof, upon and after consideration of all the evidence, recommend imprisonment at hard labor for

Continued on Following Page.

THE COUNSEL FOR THE DEFENSE.

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Seated, left to right, are Senator Clarence E. Case, Robert H. McCarter and Thimothy N. Pfeiffer. Standing, left to right, are Russell E. Watson, Robert H. Neilson, Augustus C. Studer Jr. and Nathaniel J. Palzer.

Simpson in Final Plea Bitterly Attacks Mrs. Hall; Asks Jury to Be Fair

Continued From Preceding Page.

life, in which case this and no greater punishment shall be imposed. So that in case of finding of murder in the first degree the matter of making such a recommendation or of omitting it will be one for your decision, upon and after consideration of all the evidence.

BERGEN ANSWERS DEFENSE.

Francis L. Bergen, Prosecutor of the Pleas for Somerset County, opened the session by replying to the defense's charge that the investigation that led to the trial has lacked the support of Somerset.

"As the Prosecutor of the Pleas of Somerset County," he said, "I think I should explain perhaps a little of the history of this case. There have been a great many slurs by counsel as to how and why Jersey City seems to be running this case. When I took office this March I inherited from my predecessors the famous Hall-Mills case, a case that had never been decided.

"It has been mentioned, in summing up, the fact that certain members of the Jersey City police force have been investigating this case, and I think it is only fair to them to explain to the jury why they got in this case.

He Asked Moore for Aid.

"When this case broke in the newspapers, the time before I came back from my vacation, and realizing that I had just been appointed and that the force in Somerset County was probably inadequate to carry on such an investigation as this would entail, and that in a former investigation former Prosecutor Mr. Beekman had assigned to him by request Mr. Wilbur Mott, I requested the Governor to give me some assistance.

"There have been implications, insinuations, that Senator Simpson has run this case. Now, I was the one who signed the complaint and had the warrant issued for the arrest of Mrs. Hall. That was done after certain investigation had been undergone, and after I had gone over all the evidence that had up to that time been submitted, and it was done by me before Senator Simpson was in this case at all, and I did it because I thought Mrs. Hall was guilty of murder, and it did not make any difference whether it was Mrs. Hall or some washwoman, or anything else you want to say, or anybody you want to compare her with.

"If she was guilty of murder she ought to have been apprehended, she should have been tried; and that is what has been done now. But before this she never was tried, and it was not until after that and until after application was made for Mrs. Hall's bail and she was released on bail, and on my application to the Governor for assistance, that Senator Simpson was brought in this case."

SIMPSON'S PLEA TO JURY.

Senator Simpson began his summing up for the State by thanking the Court "for the firmness and patience and learning and courtesy the Court has displayed in this most trying of trials" and for the manner in which the two Judges of the court "have jealously preserved the rights of the defendants and have seen that all the legitimate facts were put in."

"They have at no time prejudged the State," he went on addressing himself more directly to the jury, "and I say also that the community owes to you, gentlemen, that is, whoever of you gentlemen are going to consider the evidence, the gentlemen who regard their oaths jealously and who are going to weigh the evidence and who are not going to kick the case out in twenty minutes without thinking anything at all about it—the community owes to you gentlemen on the jury, who are sincerely going to do your duty, whether you find a verdict for the State or for the defendants, or whether you hold to your convictions and just come to a disagreement, the community owes to you a debt of gratitude.

"I know every member of this jury. I exhausted all my challenges. I know those on this jury. I know that Mr. Young's son works for an intimate friend of Senator Case, his political buddy, but that should not sway him; I do not know whether it will or not. It may make him weigh the evidence. Like personal dislike of me may grow into an idea that he should weigh the evidence. That is of no consequence to me. My duty is not to win a case. I am not trying to win any case. I am trying to lay before you the evidence in the most brutal and horrible murder, and then ask you what you think of it as citizens of Somerset County."

He referred to the inquiry of four years ago, saying that "this prosecution was murdered at that time and that is the first murder you have got to deal with."

Says Juror Is Case's Friend.

He singled out another juror, Mr. Hope as "a great friend of Mr. Case" but said he assumed Mr. Hope would respect his oath and decide the case on the evidence.

Four years ago Senator Simpson went on, the case was "taken bodily over to New Brunswick, where those people owned the banks, where the ruling class in the town ran the town. Prosecutor Beekman and Stricker, he declared, had a fingerprint, but the case "mulls and mulls and mulls." He reviewed the first Grand Jury hearing and charged that "justice was lynched at that time."

Then the prosecutor launched into an attack on the defense's case.

Disclaiming any intention to jest, Senator Simpson, in a parody on defense's theory, pictured Mrs. Gibson, "the circus woman" teaching Jenny the "trick mule" how to shoot a .32-calibre pistol. And the mule came along this night and saw these two people sitting on his grass and got mad and shot them.

The prosecutor then referred to Senator Case's references to the jury as "men of my county."

"Why, for a moment," Mr. Simpson said, "I thought you were the crowd that held the pass at Thermopylae the way he addressed you—'men of my county.' It doesn't make any difference what county you are in. You are human beings with a human being's sense of justice."

Reverting to the inquiry of 1922, Senator Simpson flatly charged that the reason no one was indicted then was that "somebody bought their way out; there is no doubt about that in any reasonable man's mind."

He was not criticizing the "rank and file" of Somerset County, he said, but "the cheap politicians in my judgment have been hostile to this investigation."

Says Jury Is on Trial, Too.

"And incidentally," he continued, "you happen to be on trial, too, because the whole public of this country is watching this little court house. I do not mean that for everybody on this jury. A lot of the men on this jury are absolutely honest and capable. We are not trying to convict people by getting the profit at the price of blood. There are intelligent men on this jury who listen to their consciences and to reason, and if they can acquit on this evidence they ought to. But they should not say, 'We will kick this case out in twenty minutes,' and decide it before they have heard the evidence. I am not impugning will of you at all, not impugning you at all, and I know some facts."

Senator Simpson touched on failure of the authorities four years ago to make any arrests on the evidence they had. The defendants' families, he said, "had everything in their hands to suffocate."

"Wonderful New Brunswick," he remarked. "The home of the mustard plaster."

"Justice was lynched," he went on, "and it may be lynched again. I don't know. I am not trying to win this case."

Simpson Not Charging a Fee.

The State, he contended, had none of the "dramatics" of the defense counsel to offer, it had only "plain, cold facts." He took occasion then to say that he was not going to charge Somerset County any fee because he felt that his services were in the interest of public justice. This brought an interruption from Senator Case that the prosecutor should not go outside the record in the case. Then Senator Simpson resumed:

"I am not arguing for it, I am not asking for anything, I am simply the voice of the conscience of the people of this State laying before you the facts and you are to deal with them."

The public conscience became stirred at the failure to bring any one to justice, said the prosecutor, who took occasion to praise The New York Mirror and other newspapers who kept up publicity on the mystery.

"What kind of a county was that?" he asked, "where a woman can have her throat cut, be buried without an autopsy, the county physician not ordering an autopsy, no inquest—what kind of a county is that?"

The prosecutor recited the events of Mrs. Hall's arrest before he came into the case, the Governor's intervention and the resulting investigation.

"And now," he said, "wealth is on trial for murder. It may not be convicted, but wealth can be tried."

"Wealth can be dragged out and held up to the public gaze with testimony—wealth, although surrounded by satellites of friends and buoyed up by brilliant counsel, can be tried in this country for murder—whatever the result is."

Senator Simpson told of the difficulty encountered in getting the indictments, "another peculiar shadow," he called it.

"We got this indictment," he continued, "and the most disgusting thing in the administration of justice is the way we have had to work, the strategy we have had to employ; the State has had to conceal its plans, keep itself in the dark and tell nobody what it was doing."

Shows Picture of Mrs. Mills.

Directing the jury's attention to a photograph of Mrs. Mills, he said: "Now, who was the woman who was murdered? There she is just as much a human being as your wife or your daughter—a nice-looking woman, the mother of two children. The husband was not particularly inspirational, as I judged from his testimony on the stand; a good-looking woman, working in the church."

The prosecuor pictured Mrs. Mills as under the spell of the handsome rector, in whom she saw "everything that was pure and good." He continued:

"The intimation is given that the Ku Klux Klan would welcome a conviction in this case because she was a harlot and she met a harlot's fate. I know the biggest Klansman in the State and he told me—'Simpson don't you ever believe the Klan is in favor of murder,' he said. 'If you have the evidence don't worry about any Klan.'"

The prosecutor picked up from among the State's exhibits the stockings taken from the body of the murdered woman. Unfolding them he stretched them out and dangled them before the eyes of the jury. Then, speaking quietly, he said: "Now here are the stockings—fifteen-cent stockings—this woman wore when she was murdered."

He took an old pair of brown shoes from the hands of Captain Walsh. They were worn down at toe and heel. "Are these the apparel of a harlot?" he asked. "These fifteen-cent stockings and pitiful shoes run down at the heel? That kind do better than this."

Charlotte Mills, daughter of the slain choir singer, seated near the front, averted her face and dabbed at her eyes with a handkerchief during this discourse.

Everybody in New Brunswick knew of the couple's infatuation, Senator Simpson said, charging that Mrs. Hall's statement that she was unaware of it was "nonsense." He went on:

"Here is this cunning woman, thoughtful, experienced, a good judge of human nature, with pride of family, and yet she says that she never dreamed that this man had changed. He never altered. She was with him all the time. Do you believe such nonsense as that?

The prosecutor then charged that Minna Clark and Ralph Gorsline had acted as spies for Mrs. Hall, and asserted the defense had been afraid to put Mrs. Clark on the stand. He had put them on himself, he said, but could not cross-examine them.

Pointing out that Minna Clark had had a key to the church, he continued:

"And the letter found by these dead bodies was the last letter written by this woman who was murdered, the last letter found. It must have been taken out of that study on the Thursday afternoon of the murder, and Minna Clark was up at Mrs. Hall's house on the Thursday afternoon of the murder.

"Now, then, I say it is a demonstration, if circumstances are a demonstration, that Mrs. Hall knew, absolutely knew, on the night of the murder, what was going on. She had seen an article about divorce in the study that had told about it. Now, what happens? Did she go out to murder? No more than you or I. Her husband was being taken away from her. This woman was taking him away. She was talking about going to Japan. She was a proud, stern, cruel woman.

Insists She "Listened In."

"You saw her on the stand. I am not abusing her—but just look at her eyes when she was on the stand, look at those eyes, that is all you have got to do. And she went to this rendezvous, because if she had the letters and if she got a telephone call from Mrs. Mills, as she says she did, in the afternoon of Thursday, and if she knew Mrs. Mills was going to telephone again and she was not in possession of this information and afraid to lose her husband—stood right by the telephone—is there a woman on earth who, having taken the receiver off, would not listen to the conversations? She had bought and paid for him, she cannot hold him with love and affection—she knew there is a telephone message coming in over the telephone, and she knows where they are going to meet. Absolutely knows. And what does Mrs. Mills say over the telephone? We do not know, but we know what he said.

"He said, 'Too bad, too bad. Can we make it later?' What is there that is too bad? When Mrs. Mills went up to the study with the slipping of the divorce of an Episcopalian minister—that a minister could get a divorce—did she find that a letter she had left for Mr. Hall was not there and that he had not gotten it? And was that when she telephoned—was it—'Somebody has gotten that letter'? And he said, 'It is too bad, too bad; we will meet later.'

Murder Not Premeditated.

"Now, then, we say they started out. What for? To commit murder? Not at all. We say they had no idea of murder when they started out. Mrs. Hall started out to catch these people and confront them with these letters. If she had found her husband and this woman walking through De Russey's Lane he could have said, 'My dear, you are confused; she is a parishioner in my church, active in church work; I happened to meet her by chance getting off the trolley car, and we were taking a walk through the woods.' But she took those letters so that they would not have any excuse. She was going to say, 'What about these letters?' Not to do murder—but they got excited.

"And her brother, Henry Stevens, was with her, no doubt about that. While Stevens was not the man, in my opinion, who did this job. It was a crack-jack marksman who did this job. And there was a fight. Whose revolver was it? It might have been Mr. Hall's. I don't know, but Mr. Sutphen—at least there is one man in Somerville who is willing to go on the stand and tell what he knows about it—Sutphen, the undertaker, told of marks on Dr. Hall's wrists, where somebody had grabbed him, where the skin had been rubbed off.

"Was it Hall's revolver? I don't know whether it was Hall's revolver, whether he drew the revolver not. It does not seem so, in my opinion, because his training as a clergyman would not be along the line of firearms.

First Shot an Accident.

"Then there was a fight, because voices were heard. 'Damn you, let go of me,' and before that, 'Explain those letters,' and a shot—not to kill Hall. That shot was in the accident—was in the fight—and Hall had his head down. They demonstrated this. Senator Case showed you on Mr. Pfeiffer—and he very appropriately chose Mr. Pfeiffer.

"He showed you on Mr. Pfeiffer how her throat was cut and how the thing was done. All this was merely histrionics. Nobody is here to say who held the gun, and say, 'I was an eye-witness in there.' How else could a man get shot in in this manner unless he had his head down in a fight—Dr. Hall may have been the man with the gun in his hand and another man grabbing for the gun, the other man grabbing his hand, and the gun went off and he was killed.

"He was dead. What was to be done? They are all of one blood, the three of them of one blood. They won't tell on each other—but here is a woman—screaming. It does not take an hour to think under those circumstances. It did not take Henry Stevens an hour to think and decide that here is a witness to the killing. At least manslaughter. Bang, bang, bang—and she was out.

"Then this woman—look at her eyes if you want to know the truth about this thing. This woman, who is so cold-blooded that when she is on trial for murder, involving the murder of her husband, claiming that she is telling you twelve men the truth. She was so cold-blooded there that she stopped, pointed out a photographer in the court room who was taking her picture, asks the Judge to stop him, and the Judge stops him—although she was talking about murder of her husband. As cold-blooded as that. And she sees her husband killed before her eyes. Who is responsible for it? Why, this young woman.

Calls Jealousy the Motive.

"'Hell hath no fury like a woman's scorn,' Byron says, and the fires of hate and jealousy are raging in this woman's heart. The Bible says the coals of jealousy have a most vehement flame. Jealousy is one of the most terrible things. Here is this woman who bought and paid for her husband, who sees him dead before her. Of course, she is jealous of the other woman. Why shouldn't she be? She was full of jealous hate. Look at her eyes."

Senator Simpson ridiculed Mrs. Hall's story that in her search for the missing rector, frantic as she admitted she was, she did not knock on the Mills door to find out whether her husband was there. All the next day, he pictured her as nervously waiting in her home "for the bodies to be found" and not telephoning to her brother Henry.

Mrs. Hall's Talk With Mills.

The prosecutor quoted Mrs. Hall as having told Mills: "They have been together and they met foul play." And asked:

"How did she know if she didn't see the murder? She puts Mrs. Mills right with her husband and practically kills him. Why? If she didn't know.

"And again she goes to Mills. What for? To find out if his wife's body has been found. That is what for. Why don't they find this body.'

The prosecutor dwelt on Mrs. Hall's change of counsel from Senator Florance to Mr. Pfeiffer and her employment of De Martini, the private detective.

Then he turned to Willie Stevens and the fingerprint on the rector's calling card.

He defended his experts' identification of the fingerprint and excoriated the defense for charging the print had been forged.

"Willie Stevens never was fingerprinted until he was arrested in 1926," he said. "Schwartz had this card in his observation in September, 1922, and put his initials on this corner of the card, and the prints were on it then.

"Now, then, if these were not Willie Stevens's fingerprints, how on earth could they forge them if they didn't have Willie Stevens's fingerprints? It is a brilliant defense, but a little crooked on the side."

Henry Stevens's Alibi.

This led into the State's case against Henry Stevens.

The prosecutor went over in great detail the testimony of the "alibi witnesses" for Henry Stevens, emphasizing their alleged uncertainty, in their earlier stories, on the date they saw Stevens fishing on the beach in Lavalette. He charged that his handwriting expert had shown that Stevens's diary was "doctored" and stressed Stevens's familiarity with firearms. He ridiculed Stevens's own testimony that he had never fired a revolver and wound up with the charge that Henry Stevens "is the man to be in this thing."

The prosecutor then opened his batteries on Willie Stevens, sitting pale-faced between his brother and sister, with eyes bulging as ever over his bristling black mustache.

"William Stevens," he said slowly, "has been taught a story. Senator Case said he had 'high-hatted' me. I don't know what he means by that. William Stevens has got the mind of a child, and he has been taught a story and has gone over and over it until I think he really believes that story now. He has not got a man's mind. I am not criticizing him, but it is a fact.

"He has a trust fund set apart for him. He does not follow any occupation. He plays with a revolver with .32-calibre bullets; and he knows the difference between Union Metallic cartridges and a Peters shell, which I showed him. What was the use of trying to harass William, antagonize William? Why go over that story? Mr. Young (No. 5 juror) seemed to be upset because I was taking him over the story over and over again. That was to find out whether he was telling it by rote or whether it was something which he had remembered."

The testimony of the Dixons that they had seen Willie Stevens nervous and distraught, inquiring the way to the Parker home on the night of the crime, was stressed by the prosecutor.

Senator Simpson at this point took occasion to lecture the jury. Speaking slowly and biting his words, he told them: "You cannot kick this case out as one of the jurors in this case said—it is here in affidavit form—you cannot kick this case out in twenty minutes. Of course you can, but you may kick yourselves out at the same time, with all this testimony. Twenty minutes is not going to get rid of it."

Turns to Mrs. Gibson's Story.

Reverting to the defense's attack on Mrs. Gibson's story, Senator Simpson denounced the defense as "slimey." He charged that the defense attorneys had intended to have Mrs. Cerenner, the aged mother of Mrs. Gibson, arise in court during her daughter's testimony and scream, "You are a liar!" This scheme, the prosecutor said, had been foiled by putting an investigator for the State at Mrs. Cerenner's elbow.

"What could you expect but a slimey defense," he said, in a case that had become a "stink and a scandal in the State."

He called Mrs. Gibson "a very big character," a woman who made an honest living, "although she has no butlers or footmen like Mrs. Hall."

Recounting her story of the crime, he asked: "How did she know the time of these shots if she was not there?" and "How did she know that a woman was there arranging these things when she did not know the clothes were arranged?"

From this the prosecutor turned abruptly to a series of thrusts at Mrs. Hall, jabbing an accusing finger at her, he declared:

"It is all well enough to say 'this Christian lady.' Have you observed the woman defendant through this trial? Has she ever batted an eyelash? When General McCarter was weeping over his deceased father, who, I think, died some thirty years ago and was a very eminent lawyer, did you ever see a tear come in Mrs. Hall's eye? When Senator Case tore passion to tatters over the family Bible, did you see a teardrop in Mrs. Hall's eye? Did you see her blink an eyelash? When she went on the stand and told a story, inconsistent as it is with her first story, did she blink an eyelash? Not an eyelash.

The Cruel Women of History.

"She has been through this thing for four years. She is not going to give up. She knows all about this. Good women—yes, of course, there are good women. Messalina, Lucretia Borgia, Bloody Queen Mary, . . . there are lots of cruel women in history. But what is crueller than a woman who is older than her husband and who knows that he is being taken away by a younger woman and sees him slain at her feet? What is crueler than that?

"It seems to me, if you could read character, you would have no difficulty in determining who was responsible for this murder, and where this murder occurred."

Mockingly, Senator Simpson asked the jury if, in case they found a verdict of not guilty, "why don't you put in a little rider to your verdict, and find Mrs. Gibson guilty of murder, or perhaps Jim Mills?"

Why hadn't the defense put on Detective Ellis Parker, whom they quoted frequently? he inquired. Then he held over the heads of the jury the possibility of five more murder trials. "Don't you believe," he said, "that the administration of justice in this State will stand idly by and see a miscarriage of justice? That it may be an expense to Somerset County is Somerset County's lookout.

Answering defense challenges to tell who he had failed to call Raymond Schneider, who with Pearl Bahmer, discovered the bodies, the prosecutor said that Schneider was a perjurer. Then he proceeded to attack the character witnesses put on by the defense to testify that the Pig Woman had a bad reputation as to veracity. In particular he denounced George Sipel, who had written to ask Mrs. Hall for money after he had testified to discredit Mrs. Gibson.

Next he stressed the significance of Ralph Gorsline's changed story after four years and his admission that he, with Catherine Rastall, were in the lane the night of the murder.

The prosecutor asked the jury to disregard personalities, any antagonism some of them might feel toward him or sense of obligation some might feel toward Senator Case.

"The challenge to you on your oath is, what do you say on the evidence?" he declared.

With great solemnity, he concluded:

"The voice of justice! See if it can get you into a frame of mind to clean the administration of justice in this State and, as I talk to you, I have faith not necessarily in you but in the human institution of faith in justice and the spirit of justice."

WANTS HALL CASE DROPPED.

Attorney General Thinks Further Trials Would Be Useless.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Dec. 3.—Attorney General Edward L. Katzenbach expressed the belief tonight that the remaining indictments against the defendants in the Hall-Mills case should be disposed of as speedily as possible. He also sent a telegram to Senator Simpson, special prosecutor for the State, saying that in the event of application being made to admit the defendants to bail it was his judgment that the application should not be opposed.

Another telegram was sent by Mr. Katzenbach to Supreme Court Justice Parker, including a copy of the telegram to Senator Simpson in the event that the Court cared to be informed as to the views of the Attorney General.

A statement issued by Mr. Katzenbach upon receipt of information that the three defendants on trial had been acquitted indicated that Governor Moore was in accord with the views that further trials would be useless.

Admission to bail of the three defendants would expedite the close of the famous case in the event of there being any delay in nolle prossing the indictments, a course which Mr. Katzenbach also believes should be followed.

Mr. Katzenbach expressed his views tonight in the following statement:

"Yesterday I had a conference with Governor Moore about the Hall-Mills case and frankly discussed the entire situation with him. The acquittal of Mrs. Frances Stevens Hall, Henry Stevens and William Stevens, three of the principals indicted in connection with the case, will make necessary a further conference between Governor Moore and myself. Now, that the jury has brought in its verdict of acquittal of these three persons on the indictments just tried, I am personally of opinion that the final disposition of the remaining indictments against them and against Mr. Henry Carpender, cannot be too speedily accomplished."

Upon being pressed for a further comment, Mr. Katzenbach said he believed that all testimony obtainable had been produced, and in the absence of any further testimony, it was unlikely that the verdict of a jury would be otherwise than as now rendered. The speediest action, he added, would be, of course, motions to nolle prosse the remaining indictments, adding "that it would be unbecoming of me to speculate upon the views of the trial justice in that connection."

The telegram to Senator Simpson follows:

"If motion should be made to admit defendants to bail in Hall-Mills case it is my view that no opposition should be made in view of jury verdict of acquittal. My suggestion includes Carpender likewise. Will meet you in Somerville ten o'clock tomorrow."

In his telegram to Justice Parker, Mr. Katzenbach said;

"If application is made to you have suggested to Senator Simpson that no opposition should be made to motion to admit to bail defendants in Hall-Mills case including Carpender. Will be in Somerville tomorrow at ten o'clock."

Mr. Katzenbach made several attempts to reach Governor Moore by telephone, but failing to do so sent the Governor the following telegram:

"In view of acquittal in Hall-Mills case am suggesting to Senator Simpson not to oppose application for bail if made. Admission to bail in discretion of Court, but have telegraphed Justice Parker as well as yourself my suggestion to Senator Simpson. Very sorry you were not at home and could not reach you over telephone this evening, but felt this action advisable and imperative. Will meet Senator Simpson at Somerville tomorrow at 10 o'clock and will then take up other matters concerning the indictments."

MRS. GIBSON NOT TOLD.

Hospital Officials Think News of Verdict Might Prove Harmful.

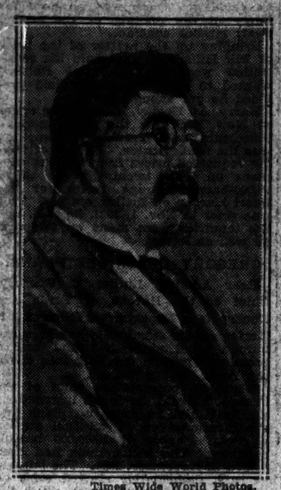
Mrs. Jane Gibson, around whose story the State's case at the Hall trial had been built, had not been informed of the verdict of acquittal last night. John Hartnett, night superintendent of the Jersey City Hospital, at which Mrs. Gibson is a patient, said her condition was very poor and that she would not be informed of the outcome of the trial until told by Mr. Simpson or one of his aides.

None of the State investigators had visited her at a late hour last night. Mrs. Gibson's condition is serious. It was said at the hospital, that news of the verdict might cause a relapse.

THE THREE ACQUITTED DEFENDANTS.

HENRY STEVENS.

MRS. FRANCES STEVENS HALL.



Times Wide World Photos.
WILLIE STEVENS.

JURY DISBELIEVED MRS. GIBSON'S STORY

Two Jurors Tell How Evidence Was Weighed, but Decline to Talk of Balloting.

THEY BELIEVED MRS. HALL

And Held Henry Stevens Never Left Lavalette—Assert Simpson Did as Well as He Could With Case.

The failure of Mrs. Jane Gibson, the State's star witness in the Hall-Mills trial, to convince the jurors that her alleged eye-witness story of the double murder was a true one was one of the main reasons for the verdict of acquittal.

This was learned last night from Fred Sage and Rudolph Steffens, who were among the few jurors who would discuss the case after they had been discharged. Most of the jurors either declined to be interviewed or declared that they had taken a solemn oath never to reveal what had gone on in the jury room.

Sage and Steffens, however, were willing to discuss how the jurors had weighed the evidence, to tell what witnesses had convinced them and what witnesses had not, but they declined to tell anything about the balloting, even refusing to say whether there had been more than one ballot.

Sage, who has a farm at Sterling, and Steffens, who is a welder and lives in Watchung, have been friends for some time. They were found at the home of Steffens's mother in North Plainfield whence Steffens was to take Sage home in his automobile.

Weighing of Gibson Testimony.

Sage did most of the talking, with Steffens nodding confirmation of his statements. Sage described how the jurors had weighed Mrs. Gibson's story and found it wanting. It was he who, declaring that the prosecution had failed to prove the defendants guilty, said:

"In the light of the evidence presented, I would have stayed in the jury room for thirty years rather than bring in a verdict of guilty."

Telling about Mrs. Gibson's story, Sage said one thing that affected its credibility in the minds of the jurors was that it had been varied often. Another was, he said, that the jurors felt the actions she ascribed to herself did not seem genuine.

"In the first place," said Sage, "I think that Mrs. Gibson would have noticed the loss of her moccasin before she left the scene and then even if she had lost it—if she heard the shots she said she heard—would she have gone back to that place again, where she said she was so scared before?"

He turned to his questioner and asked: "If you had been there and had heard shots would you have gone back right away?"

Sage went on to ask, if Mrs. Gibson had seen and heard what she testified to, would she not have told the three men in her house at the time? He then declared that she could not have seen, as she said she had, the persons at the murder scene by the light of a flashlight from the place where she said she stood. And not only that, he said, but she could never have identified those persons four years afterward.

"We never took Mrs. Gibson's story seriously," he declared.

He was asked how he and the other jurors looked on Mrs. Hall's testimony and he declared that the prosecution had adduced nothing to show her conduct had been unusual or indicative of a guilty conscience. Sage said he felt she did not go to see the body of her dead husband because she had been told that it had been disfigured somewhat. He pointed out that the body had been interred in the Stevens funeral plot, where a place was left for Mrs. Hall to be buried beside him. This showed the affection Mrs. Hall bore the minister even after his death, said Sage. Mrs. Hall's conduct throughout the trial and especially during her direct and cross-examination, had impressed them, he declared, as that of a person of gentility and culture in whose actions there was nothing to indicate guilt.

Believed Henry Stevens.

"As for Henry Stevens," said Sage, "we never believed that he left Lavalette at all on the night of the murder or the next day."

Willie Stevens also impressed them, according to Sage, who said Willie had proved a much smarter witness than some of the witnesses for the State.

Again asserting that the jurors had not taken Mrs. Gibson's story seriously, Sage said the jurors had acted similarly with the testimony of Mrs. Demarest, who testified to seeing Henry Stevens in New Brunswick the day after the murder, and of former State Trooper Henry L. Dickman, who testified to have taken a bribe to drop his investigation.

Both Sage and Steffens declared that the summing up of Robert H. McCarter and Senator Case for the defense had been very impressive. Regarding the suggestions made by these men that James Mills, husband of the slain woman, and Mrs. Gibson might have committed the murders, Sage said:

"It was natural for Mr. Case and Mr. McCarter to make such hints, but no one but the defendants was on trial and we paid no attention to them."

Describing the deliberations, he said the testimony of each witness had been considered carefully. The defense testimony had been weighed against that given by the prosecution witnesses. When the conflicting testimony had been discussed at length, the jurors came to a decision as to which story they should believe. Point by point, said Sage, the entire case was considered.

"We went over it all carefully," he said, "and found that the defendants had not been proved guilty. Senator Simpson did an excellent job with the material he had. But he had very little material."

Both Sage and Steffens said they had resented some of the charges made against the jurors, but declared they had not affected the verdict in any way.

Asked if it had been much of a job to convert all the jurors to one opinion, Sage replied: "Well, we were in there five hours." He declined to elaborate on this.

Other jurors would talk little. Frank L. Dunster, foreman of the jury, said at his home in Somerville:

"The jury gave its verdict and we believe it a fair one. I do not want to discuss the case at all. I am weary and I believe that after more than thirty days of virtual imprisonment I should be permitted to spend my first night at liberty at home with my family without disturbance."

Edward S. Tillman, another juror, was found at his home in Raritan with his two daughters. Asked about the deliberations he said: "We took an oath never to divulge anything that took place there." Pointing to his heart, he concluded: "I will carry it here with me to my grave."

His daughters declared that their father had refused to talk about the case even with them.

All the jurors seemed very glad that the trial had been concluded.

PERSONNEL OF HALL JURY.

Six on It Were Farmers—The Foreman Was a Teamster.

This is the personnel of the jury that acquitted Mrs. Hall and her brothers:

DUNSTER, FRANK L., 60, Episcopalian, Democrat, teamster; Somerville; Foreman.

YOUNG, JOHN W., 60, Middlebush, farmer, Reformed Church, Republican.

STEFFENS, RUDOLPH, 33, North Plainfield, farmer, independent, no church.

STRYKER, JOHN B., 50, Somerville, clerk, Reformed Church, Republican.

TILLMAN, EDWARD S., 70, Middlebush, Superintendent, Second Reformed Church, Republican.

SAGE, FRED, 50, Sterling, farmer, no church, Republican.

YOUNG, RAYMOND, 25, Skillman, farmer, no church, Republican.

SKILLMAN, CHARLES T. N., 65, farmer, Belle Mead, Dutch Reformed, Republican.

DALLEY, WILLIAM, 60, mason, Somerville, First Reformed, Democrat.

LA BAW, GEORGE C., 55, farmer, Neshanic, Reformed Church, Independent.

HOPE, SAMUEL B., 50, clerk, Raritan, no church, Republican.

ROACH, JOHN A., 60, blacksmith, Middlebush, Reformed, Democrat.

HALL JUROR STRIKES VAN DOREN, HOTEL MAN

Altercation Starts as Men Go to Get Property After Trial—Aged Man Had Accused Jury.

Fisticuffs enlivened the return of the Hall-Mills jury to the Colonial House in Somerville last night after the jury had returned a verdict of not guilty.

The jurors were quartered there all during the trial and came back to get their belongings before departing for their homes. Gilbert Van Doren, seventy-six-year-old proprietor, was there and several of the jurors glared at him as they entered.

Mr. Van Doren made an affidavit, used by Senator Simpson in his motion for a mistrial, in which he declared that the conduct of the jurors had not been according to the dictates of the Court. He asserted that they used the telephone without official supervision, that they were loud in their denunciations of Senator Simpson and Mrs. Gibson, the State's star witness.

John Young, sixty-year-old farmer of Middlebush, one juror, faced Van Doren.

"What do you mean by making such an affidavit when you were feeding our officers liquor?" he demanded of Mr. Van Doren.

"Fed your officers liquor? You're a liar!" snapped back Mr. Van Doren.

At this Young struck out with his fist and hit Mr. Van Doren in the face. Mr. Van Doren rushed in and the pair grappled. The other jurors and newspaper men present separated the pair. There was an air of tension around the hotel until the jurors had left.

$100,000 ESTIMATED AS HALL TRIAL COST

Bill Which Somerset County Must Pay Figures at Between $100,000 and $300,000.

Special to The New York Times.

SOMERVILLE, N. J., Dec. 3.—The Hall-Mills case eclipsed all criminal trials in the history of New Jersey. In point of the volume of testimony taken during the four weeks and three days, it is believed to be without parallel in any State in recent years.

One million, one hundred and ten thousand words are in the record. These are spread on 5,500 pages.

Up to noon yesterday, more than 11,000,000 words had been sent out by telegraph to newspapers since the trial opened, according to Emil R. Visconti, chief operator in charge of the telegraph bureau in the basement of the court house.

A total of 178 witnesses testified. Of these the State had produced 102 and the defense 76. Mrs. Hall was the longest on the stand of any single witness, the time having been four hours and six minutes.

In gathering witnesses for the State, Inspector John Underwood of Jersey City, who was in charge of the investigation, conducted operations in six States and in Washington. In getting the former State trooper, Harry Dickman, the investigators were compelled to reach as far as California, where Dickman was held as a deserter from the army.

Other witnesses were found in Illinois, New York, Pennsylvania and Massachusetts. The defense had been put to equally elaborate plans. With a half-dozen detectives operating they corralled witnesses from cities more than a thousand miles removed from the seat of the trial.

The cost of the trial, including the defense, the investigation, expenses and disbursements is believed to be well over a million dollars. Foremost among the array of defense counsel was former Attorney General McCarter, who is reputed to receive $5,000 for every day in court.

The cost of the investigation, as well as the salaries and expenses of the investigators, will be undertaken by Somerset County. While it was emphatically denied that the cost would be large when the investigation opened, the figure is now estimated at $100,000.

JUBILANT OVER VERDICT.

Officials and Citizens of Somerville Pleased With Result of Trial.

Special to The New York Times.

SOMERVILLE, N. J., Dec. 3.—Officials of Somerville joined other citizens of the town tonight in jubilation over the verdict of not guilty in the Hall-Mills trial.

"It is gratifying to know," said Mayor T. A. Flockhart, "that the judgment of the fine citizens on the Grand Jury four years ago and the honor of the dead Prosecutor [Asariah Beekman] have been vindicated. Now that the dust has settled, let us promptly forget all the insinuations against our ability to handle our own affairs, and settle down to our daily round of civic duties."

George Layton of the Board of Chosen Freeholders of Somerset County said: "I was satisfied that the three defendants were innocent, and therefore the acquittal was not news to me. It could not have been otherwise. It leaves the case surrounded by as much mystery as four years ago."

'I AM SO HAPPY,' SAYS MRS. HALL

Smilingly Consents to Pose for Cameramen as She Reaches Her Home.

MANY CONGRATULATE HER

Flowers and Telegrams Arrive at the Residence Before Widow Comes From Court Room.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Dec. 3.—"I am so happy, so happy, I cannot tell you how happy I am."

These were the words of Mrs. Hall as she stood on the steps of her home tonight clinging to the arm of her cousin, Commander Arthur Carpender, who each day of the trial has escorted her to and from Somerville. She had intended to give no interview beyond the brief statement issued by her counsel after the verdict was announced in court today, but as she stepped from her car she faced a score of cameras set up by her porch, and consented to pose.

"Please don't shoot those flashes," she called, "I can't see and am afraid I'll fall."

"Hold those flashes boys," interrupted Commander Carpender, "and she will pose for you."

While she waited reporters surrounded her and began a bombardment of questions.

"How are you?" and "Please give us a word" and "Are you going to spend the Winter here, Mrs. Hall?" and "Are you going abroad?"

At first she shook her head, and then said, "I am so happy, so happy" again.

Miss Peters Again on Hand.

After posing for several pictures the door opened and Miss Sally Peters, who had been Mrs. Hall's constant companion four years ago from the day that the bodies were discovered, and all through the investigation, stepped out, seized her by the arm and started to drag her into the house. Before she could get away, however, she shook hands with the reporters and photographers alike and thanked them for congratulations.

Inside her home two servants waited to welcome her. Friends had sent flowers, and telegrams already had begun to come in. She had scarcely removed her wraps when she was once more asked to face the cameras. This time seated in a large chair in her drawing room.

"This is awful," she said, "I hate it, hate it."

But the smiles and laughter belied her words. One picture was taken, then she called to Commander Carpender to pose with her, and another picture was snapped.

She refused to say more except that Mr. Pfeiffer would call later and would make all statements for her. Among the callers early in the evening were her cousins, Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Bearman and Mr. and Mrs. William Carpender. William Carpender is a brother of Henry de la Bruyère Carpender.

Cousin Calls It "Nightmare."

Sydney Carpender, a cousin of Mrs. Hall, in his home in New Brunswick, said:

"I can't tell exactly what we have passed through, because it is so unreal. It is like a nightmare, jumbled, distorted and untrue. I am glad, terribly glad, that this thing has happened. Out of storm comes quiet; out of trouble, peace.

"I hope and believe that conditions in this State have reached a point of tremendous purging and that out of all that we have been through will come some great good for the State of New Jersey.

"Did you ever stand on the brink of a great precipice behind a guard rail and look down and know that you could not fall? And yet look down? Did you ever stand at the rail of a vessel at sea and watch the waves and know that you were safe? And yet the feeling of what might happen grips you. We know in our innocence that we have been safe, but we have been on trial, and this describes our feelings as well as I can."

Defense attorneys who called at the home of Mr. Carpenter said they were pleased but not at all surprised.

"We had perfect faith in Jersey justice," Mr. Pfeiffer said.

MILLS IN SECLUSION, REFUSES TO COMMENT

Daughter, However, Calls the Verdict 'Too Bad,' Adding That 'Money Can Buy Anything.'

Special to The New York Times.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Dec. 3.—James Mills, husband of the slain woman; was not in court today when the jury returned its verdict. He was in angry mood tonight when reporters called at his home. He disclosed that he had consulted attorneys.

"I ain't letting no reporters beyond the door," he said, peeping through a crack in the door. "I'm acting on advice of counsel now. I've had legal advice and I ain't talking to nobody."

Charlotte Mills, his 20-year-old daughter, who reported the trial for a news syndicate, said the verdict was "too bad." She sent several confidential telegrams to Senator Simpson.

Charlotte further had this to say of the verdict:

"I am not surprised. Money can buy anything. I am grateful to Mr. Simpson, however. He was earnest, but he worked in the face of many obstacles."

Charlotte's aunt, Mrs. Elsie Barnhart, who was also a witness

Bain Urged Fall to Consult Daugherty

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

he was trying to impeach his testimony.

Robison in for Severe Questioning.

Captain Robison, who played a most important part in the oil transactions, was the last witness called today and was still under direct examination when court adjourned. It is expected that he will be on the grill for at least two more days, since it is known that Mr. Roberts will cross-examine him on every phase of the case and at great length.

The Dohenys, senior and junior, said Captain Robison, had been his friends since 1911, when the younger Doheny was a Naval Reserve officer on the cruiser Huntington, of which Robison at the time was commanding officer. Soon after the younger Doheny was assigned to the Huntington Edward L. Doheny, the defendant in the pending case, visited the ship, said Captain Robison, and that was the beginning of their friendship.

Captain Robison in the course of his testimony referred to information that had come to him which, he added, "I do not think it necessary to disclose here." This was interpreted by all familiar with this case as an allusion to the "Pacific peril" reports and other documents. He said he had brought the situation to the attention of Secretary Denby and related how in the course of a conversation with Mr. Denby he had remarked:

"You cannot touch oil without getting dirty."

Secretary Denby, he declared, after he heard the story remarked:

"The way you put it to me makes it a duty," and shortly thereafter the Pearl Harbor project began to take shape.

"To the best of your recollection," asked Mr. Hogan, "will you tell us what was said by you and Mr. Doheny Sr. at the time the latter visited the Huntington at Pensacola? Tell us about it and how the subject came up?"

Talked With Doheny on Drainage.

"I do not know," replied Captain Robison "just how the subject did come up this time. The matter of oil was crucial in the war and was a natural subject for conversation under the circumstances; I cannot recall how it entered into our conversation. I remember remarking to Mr. Doheny, whose eminence in the field of oil I believed in, that we had some oil reserves in California and I thought we were coming along with them pretty well ourselves. I asked him if that was not correct. He said, 'Well, if you want to lose them, you are handling them the right way,' or something to that effect."

Q.—Did you have any talk at that time, so far as you can now recall about what is called in the oil industry "drainage of oil"? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—What, if anything, did Mr. Doheny tell you on that subject? A.—I asked him what he meant by saying we were in a fair way to lose our property and he said the neighbors of our Government oil land, through wells that they owned, were draining the oil out of the ground so that there would not be any left for us to get out of our areas.

Q.—After the war did you continue to know Mr. Doheny Sr. and Mr. Doheny Jr.? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—And what is the character of your relations with them? A.—Friendly.

Q.—Your relationship with them was as commanding officer of the younger Doheny, and as friend of the younger and older Doheny after you became acquainted with both of them? A.—Solely, except the relations as engineering chief of the navy, with the Pan-American Company in the case now at issue.

Q.—After Edwin Denby became Secretary of the Navy on the 5th day of March, 1921, what official duty did you have in relation to the Secretary? A.—During a certain trip which he made to Southern waters I was his personal aide.

Q.—When did you become Engineer-in-Chief of the navy? A.—Oct. 21, 1921.

Q.—Prior to that time did you know Mr. Albert B. Fall? A.—No, sir.

Q.—Had you had any relationship with him before you became Engineer-in-Chief of the navy? A.—Not at all.

Q.—Prior to the time you were appointed Engineer-in-Chief, so far as you know, did Mr. Doheny Sr. know anything about that appointment? A.—I do not know of his knowing anything about it.

Q.—As far as you know did he recommend the appointment or have any connection with it? A.—I do not know of any such thing.

Q.—Shortly after your appointment did you write Mr. Doheny Sr. a letter on the subject? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—I show you a communication dated the 6th day of October, 1921; did you write that to Mr. Doheny? A.—I did.

Q.—Before your appointment had you had any social relationship with the Dohenys, you and your family, and their families? A.—Yes.

Q.—Where had you seen them? A.—In my home and in theirs.

The letter informed Mr. Doheny Sr. of Robison's promotion to office. Mr. Doheny replied, sending his congratulations.

Took Charge on Denby's Order.

Captain Robison said that at the time the duties of the chief engineer of the Navy Department did not extend to the Navy Reserves. It was Oct. 10, as he recalled, that he received oral instructions from Secretary Denby. The circumstances under which the Secretary acted were explained as follows:

"He told me," said Captain Robison, "that a letter which had been sent from the Navy Department to the Interior Department did not meet with his approval and cited as responsible for it an officer whom he thought to be my subordinate.

"He told me that he would bring the matter up to the Council meeting, but that I was to go ahead and take personal and immediate charge of all fuel oil matters."

Captain Robison said as soon as he got control of fuel oil matters he began at once to study the records. He conferred late in October with Dr. Bain, Mr. Ambrose and Secretary Fall.

Q.—And were you advised what should be done in order that the Government might get some oil out of that reserve? A.—Yes.

Q.—What? A.—We should proceed immediately to the complete development of the Government areas in that reserve and to obtain in the form of royalties as much value for the Government as possible.

Q.—With respect to Naval Reserve No. 1 in California, what were you advised by the Bureau of Mines officials at this conference? A.—That there was a corner of it that was in a bad way on account of highly productive operations immediately adjacent Standard Oil wells and development that was proceeding in adjacent exterior lands to the Naval Reserve lands by other companies. I do not remember now—I think the Pacific Oil Company was one. I think the Associated Oil Company was one.

Q.—What did Secretary Fall say in this conference? A.—The conference lasted some time—you mean about what we have just been discussing?

Q.—Yes. I am only talking about the naval reserves. A.—He agreed with what the representatives of the Bureau of Mines had said and told me that it was a situation to which apparently the navy was blind, and a situation where he criticized what we had been doing in the non-protection of our own property.

Counsel Appeals to the Court.

The examination was then turned for awhile on the developments preceding the time when Secretary Denby gave his approval to the storage plan. The questioning then proceeded:

Q.—When did you arrive in Washington? A.—Yesterday morning.

Q.—Whom have you seen since you arrived here? A.—Why—oh, I have seen a good many people.

Q.—Have you seen anybody in the Navy Department? A.—I have not gone to the Navy Department, sir.

Q.—Have you received any order from the Navy Department? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—Have you received any order from the Secretary of the Navy since you arrived here? A.—An order?

Q.—Yes—paper. A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—Let me see it. A.—I don't think that is—

Q.—You have it here, haven't you, Admiral? A.—Yes, sir; but I—

Q.—Let me see it. I will let the Court pass upon it. A.—I don't think that the pertinence of that to this case has been shown.

Q.—I would like to see it if you please, Admiral. A.—I decline to show it to you.

Mr. Hogan then appealed to the Court and Captain Robison handed the paper to Justice Hoehling, who took it and kept it for consideration, later showing it to counsel. Captain Robison said he received the paper yesterday morning, but had not communicated with Secretary Wilbur.

Touches on War "Menace."

Coming to the visit of Captain Robison to the elder Doheny in New York, Mr. Hogan managed to get in some reference to the Pacific situation as it was supposed to be in 1921 and 1922.

"After he [Doheny] told you that he had had this matter under consideration, but that his associates did not want him to go into it, did you say anything more to him?" asked Mr. Hogan.

"Yes, sir," was the reply.

"In substance, what did you tell him?"

"I talked about how horrible war is,' said Captain Robinson. "I told him some stories of my personal observations of the shame and the degradation and the infamy of war, and I told him about the power of our navy holding Pearl Harbor in force to relieve from danger of such degrading conditions the entire Pacific Coast."

"What did you say to him about the strategic importance of Pearl Harbor?" asked Mr. Hogan.

"I told him that if it was held strongly by the American forces, American naval forces, that the effect of it would be the extension of our frontier to the westward by 2,000 miles and the rendering of our mainland coast safe against any major enemy operation," said Captain Robison. "I recited conditions as they obtained then according to the reports that we had and attempted to persuade him that this was an opportunity to accomplish a very definite good for his country."

"Did you say anything with regard to the reason of the effectiveness of our naval forces on the Pacific by having an adequate supply of oil at Pearl Harbor?"

"Yes, sir," was the reply. "I told him that a force in Pearl Harbor would be able to defeat twice as great a force that was attacking our Pacific Coast, because of its position on the flank of the lines of communication, which lines of communication, if we held the Hawaiian group, must be approximately 5,000 miles long; that that meant rendering the power of our naval forces at Honolulu quite twice what they would be otherwise; and I explained to him that an enemy force holding Honolulu would have the same advantage over our forces.

"Thus I strove to show to him the strategic importance of the holding of the Hawaiian group in strength by the American naval forces in the event of any war on the North Pacific."

"What, if anything, did Mr. Doheny say after you had made your statement to him?"

"He finally said: 'You are all right, Admiral; you can go ahead confidently and count on having one bid at least,' said Captain Robison. "I stopped. I was satisfied. But he added: 'And one thing more, Admiral, if you get a bid from my company it will be a bid that will not involve a dollar of profit for me.'"

The trial will be resumed at 9:30 o'clock tomorrow morning.

Bain Tells of Western Trip.

When court convened this morning Mr. Roberts resumed his cross-examination of Dr. Bain. Replying to a question, Dr. Bain testified that his best recollection was that early in the Pearl Harbor negotiations Mr. Finney, Assistant Secretary of the Interior, had insisted on some competition in the Pearl Harbor oil storage proposition. This was prior to December, 1921, Dr. Bain said.

"When you went to Three Rivers in the latter part of December, 1921, or early in January the following year, you informed Secretary Fall of what you were going to do at the Coast?" asked Mr. Roberts.

"Yes, sir, and I got his approval," replied the witness.

At this point Mr. Roberts introduced into evidence a letter written by Dr. Bain to Gano Dunn of the J. G. White Engineering Company. The letter was on the letterhead of the San Francisco Custom House and was dated Jan. 11, 1922. In this letter Dr. Bain said he had discussed the matter with Mr. Doheny and that Mr. Doheny was of the view there was a natural basis for cooperation between the White Company and the Pan-American Petroleum and Transport Company.

Another letter was from Dr. Bain to Assistant Secretary Finney. It was dated Jan. 25, 1922, and in it he suggested it might be well to get the opinion of the Solicitor of the Interior Department, informally at least, of the Pearl Harbor project.

"Now, did anything come, so far as you know, of your suggestion that the department solicitor's opinion be taken on this project matter," resumed Mr. Roberts.

"No, sir," was the reply.

Asked if before calling for bids he had not conferred with Secretary Fall, Dr. Bain replied he was not certain he had discussed the actual papers with the Secretary, but he, at least, discussed the matter in general terms with him.

Takes Up Preferential Clause.

Prior to the submission of the Pearl Harbor bids Dr. Bain said he had no knowledge of the proposition to give to the Pan-American preferential rights in the matter of the leasing of the Elk Hills fields. He said he knew that the Government royalties in the Belridge field were higher than those stipulated in the Pan-American lease of Elk Hills. He explained this was due to the reduced gas pressure resulting from the Belridge operations.

Concerning the preferential Elk Hills clause in the Pearl Harbor contract, Dr. Bain testified he discussed it with Mr. Cotter of the Pan-American and that Mr. Cotter had expressed the opinion it was valuable.

"Have you testified before that he claimed that it was not worth anything, or words to that effect?" asked Mr. Roberts.

"That it might be worth nothing, but he wanted it," said Dr. Bain.

"Did you not testify on page 1,345, at Los Angeles, he merely said he wanted something to show his company?" asked Mr. Roberts.

"No, sir," replied Dr. Bain.

Q.—And he added, if I understood you rightly this morning, that a preferential right was worthless? A.—Yes.

Q.—Did you so testify? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—And didn't you further testify in reply that you joshed him because you said it had a very considerable value. A.—I don't remember that I said it had a very considerable value. I said I joshed him.

Q.—Did, you consider that it had a very considerable value to his company? A.—I considered that it might have.

Q.—You knew the estimated oil content of the reserve at that time, didn't you? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—And that it was estimated that its content was between 150,000,000 and 250,000,000 barrels of oil? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—Now after this contract had been executed—or before it was executed, and when Mr. Ambrose was servi on Three Rivers, he was instructed to discuss, among other things, the granting of this preferential right to the Pan-American, wasn't he? A.—Yes.

Q.—Yes, and when you got, or Mr. Finney got his telegram of the 23d, "Ambrose arrived; as to both contracts go ahead," that your understood to mean the contract of April 25 and the covering letter? A.—No, sir.

Q.—What? A.—My understanding was that it had to do also with the contract—the Mammoth Oil contract—and publicity with regard to it.

Wanted to "Make It Easy" for Doheny.

Mr. Roberts here offered in evidence a letter written by Dr. Bain to Secretary Fall under date of May 12, 1922. At the time Mr. Fall was in Three Rivers and Dr. Bain was in San Francisco. In this letter Dr. Bain referred to the contentions of Mr. Sutro and other legal advisers of Pacific oil companies who held the opinion that the proposed Pearl Harbor contract was illegal. He had not been surprised, he said, at the "technical attitude" assumed by these companies.

"Of course," the letter continued, "this is not a matter which primarily concerns the department, since we have all been entirely clear in our minds as to the right of the Government to make this exchange and have, in fact, gone ahead and contracted for the exchange with the Pan-American, and, as the latter is an entirely responsible concern, that, I assume, ends it as far as we are concerned.

"There is, however, another phase of it. None of us want Mr. Doheny to get into trouble, and I take it we will want to do anything we can to make it easy for him. I have been told that there was a definite proposal to have one of the smaller oil companies go into court and fight this contract, with a view to getting a decision as to the right of the department to make such a bargain. This proposal was not carried through.

"Mr. Storey tells me that he objected to it, as he felt that it would embarrass the department and would give support to the trouble makers in Congress. He professes to be anxious and willing to do anything he can to help the department to carry out its plans, but not to be in the awkward position of having an opinion from his attorney which might be quoted against him in case the matter ever came up.

"Out of all this has come the suggestion repeatedly that the opinion of the Attorney General be obtained as to the legality of the contract. I realize the objections to asking such an opinion, but I have thought it proper to let you know the difficulties that are being raised here, so that you might reconsider the matter and decide as to whether you might not properly ask the Attorney General to put in writing what I have understood was his informal and verbal expression of opinion favorable to the action the department has taken.

"I am not certain that Mr. Doheny cares, but Mr. Cotter will see him tomorrow, and if it does seem to them important I am giving Mr. Cotter this letter to show you, so that you may know what I have found out here. I am sorry to bother you with this business while you are at home.

Saw No Need for Hurry.

Discussing various conferences involving the oil negotiations, Dr. Bain said that as a rule Admiral Robison or himself took matters up with Mr. Fall, Mr. Cotter with Mr. Doheny and Admiral Robison with Secretary Denby. He referred to Mr. Doheny as "Secretary Doheny," but quickly corrected himself. He admitted that as far as he could see there was no need for hurry in the making of the second Pearl Harbor contract.

Bringing up the matter of the lease of Elk Hills, Dr. Bain said his recollection was that Admiral Robison wanted to lease the whole field provided he got enough for it.

Harry A. Harley, purchasing agent at New York for the Pan-American Petroleum and Transport Company, was the next witness. He told of having requested prices from various concerns on from twenty-five to thirty 55,000-barrel storage tanks for the Pearl Harbor oil fueling station. This was prior to Nov. 1, 1921, he said, and the inquiries were made by telegram as well as letter.

GREGORY DESCRIBES PLANS.

Rear Admiral Luther E. Gregory, Chief of the Bureau of Yards and Docks, Navy Department, followed Mr. Harley on the stand. He has been the bureau chief since 1922 and had a prominent part in carrying into effect the Pearl Harbor project.

When he became the chief of the bureau, he said, he found instructions awaiting him to draw up plans and specifications for an oil fuel station at Pearl Harbor of 1,500,000 barrels capacity. The instructions had been issued in November, 1921. The bureau, he said, immediately started work on the plans and kept at it until the project was completed. All specifications, he declared, were drawn in the bureau under his personal direction.

"What part," asked Mr. Hogan, "did anybody in the Interior Department have in drawing those specifications or take in the drawing of the plans?"

"None whatsoever," replied Admiral Gregory.

Admiral Gregory testified in great detail as to the plans and specifications, much of what he said being of a purely technical nature relating to capacity of tanks, the nature of the construction, piers, piping, &c. His instructions for increasing the storage capacity at Pearl Harbor came, he said, from the General Board of the navy and were part of the war plans of the sea service, and came to him through the office of Admiral R. E. Koonts, then chief of operations in the department.

Beginning his cross-examination, Mr. Roberts asked Admiral Gregory if he had ever before the Pearl Harbor project came up drawn specifications for a contract which the Interior Department was making for the navy. The answer was in the negative.

"The Secretary of the Interior," the Admiral explained, "was the head of the department that controlled the business end of this, so that we did what we would ordinarily have placed the term 'Secretary of the Navy' we put in 'Secretary of the Interior.'"

Answering another question by Mr. Roberts, whose examination was brief, Admiral Gregory said that an oil lease is not a part of the war work of the navy.

DUNN IS NEXT CALLED.

Gano Dunn, President of the J. G. White Engineering Company, was called to the witness stand when Admiral Gregory was excused. He told first of the conferences he had with Mr. Doheny and others relative to cooperating in the Pearl Harbor contract. He said he had never met Mr. Doheny or Mr. Fall prior to 1922.

Mr. Dunn said that when he first met Secretary Fall the latter expressed a hope that the work would be carried on "as cheaply and economically as possible." That was in March, 1922, and the witness said he had not spoken to the Secretary since then until today at lunch.

Mr. Dunn, it was revealed, prepared the A. and B. proposals of the Pan American Company. This was in the office of the J. G. White Engineering Company. A draft also had been worked up by Mr. Cotter of the Pan American Company. One feature of a memorandum submitted by Mr. Cotter was, said the witness, "that if the Government accepted the proposals it would give the Pan American Company, in the event that it should ever decide to lease territory in Reserve No. 1, a preferential right to the leases."

Mr. Dunn said he did not then know what a preferential right was.

Cotter Insistent on Signatures.

During a conference with Assistant Secretary Finney of the Interior Department when the contract of April 25 was being prepared Mr. Cotter urged that it bear the signature of both the Secretary of the Navy and of the Secretary of the Interior.

Mr. Finney, the witness said, became impatient at Mr. Cotter's insistence, and the latter then threatened that he would not feel like taking the responsibility of recommending the contract to his company unless it were so signed.

Mr. Dunn told of being informed prior to the signing of a contract for an additional project at Pearl Harbor by Admiral Robison, Chief of the Bureau of Engineering, Navy Department, that it was to be started. He said the Admiral took him aside and told him about it "in very great confidence."

On cross-examination Mr. Roberts brought out that Dr. Bain had not given Mr. Dunn any information as to who would bid for the Pearl Harbor project prior to the time Dr. Bain left for the West in December, 1921. It was Jan. 11 that he wrote Mr. Dunn from San Francisco suggesting that the latter's company do the engineering work for Mr. Doheny's company. When Dr. Bain got back he introduced Mr. Cotter to Mr. Dunn. He saw Mr. Doheny Feb. 16 and the latter stated that his company would make a bid, but did not state that it was to be made at cost.

Mr. Dunn contended that on April 18, 1922, when the first contract was awarded, he did not know how it was given.

PASS CATHOLIC BILL ENDING BRITISH BANS

M. P.'s Give It Third Reading After It Is Attacked as Papal or Anglo-Catholic Plot.

SOLICITOR GENERAL RAPS IT

Measure Removing Old Disabilities Will Not Apply to Ulster—It Will Go to Lords Now.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 3.—The Roman Catholic Relief bill removing several long-standing prohibitions now no longer enforced, received a third reading in the House of Commons tonight, without division, although several amendments were proposed, some of which were accepted.

Prohibitions which will be removed by the bill include those against holding Catholic ceremonies outside a place of worship or private house, appearing in public in the habit of a Catholic order, forming a Catholic religious society, officiating as a priest in any place of worship with a bell and steeple, keeping books of Catholic ritual, giving property to an abbey or convent, making a trust for the benefit of a Catholic order, and the entrance of monastic orders into England.

The bill was introduced as "a measure of justice to remove trivial anomalies," but it seemed to arouse a suspicion among some that it was a Vatican or Anglo-Catholic plot.

Solicitor General Opposes It.

The measure was sponsored by Dennis Herbert, Conservative, who is a lawyer and a member of the Church of England, and Francis Blundell, who held the office of Chamberlain of the Sword and Cloak to Pope Pius XI.

Its principal opponent was Sir Thomas Inskip, Solicitor General, who said he was at a loss to know why some of the old statutes should be repealed unless some people thought it would be generally advantageous to their desire to see Great Britain reconverted, to what was called the old faith if they could induce Parliament to pour some sort of discredit on the Reformation settlement of 300 years ago. He was not ashamed of the Reformation, he said, and he would protest against any attempt to discredit that settlement.

Sir Malcolm Macnaghten, Ulster Conservative, made the suggestion that under this bill Catholic orders might obtain the same immunities as were enjoyed by trade unions. Mr. Penny, another Conservative, said:

"We see the Church of England being permeated by Roman Catholic practices. Rome and the papists are behind this bill."

Prohibited Books Are Listed.

"We are told in one breath that the bill is a plot and in the next that it will not affect Catholic disabilities," said Sir Henry Slesser, Solicitor General in the late Labor Government and one of the representatives in the House of Commons of the Anglo-Catholics, or High Church Anglicans. "Surely the Catholics are the best judges of the removal of these slurs on their position."

A list of books "utterly abolished, extinguished and forbidden forever" under an act passed in the reign of Edward VI; which is repealed by the bill, was read. It includes those called "antiphons, missals, processionals, manuals, legends, primers in Latin or English, couchers, journals, ordinals or other books or writings whatsoever heretofore used for service of the Church."

An amendment excluding Ulster from the operation of the bill was accepted, but one excluding Scotland was rejected. The Rev. Mr. Barr, a Scottish Presbyterian minister, deprecated the amendment, which, he said, "would make Scotland the last refuge of bigotry and injustice."

An attempt was made to talk the bill out, but this was greeted by angry cries of "divide." Closure, moved by T. P. O'Connor, was carried and the bill passed without a division. It still has to pass the House of Lords.

CHURCH GIVES AWAY TO AN APARTMENT

University Place Presbyterian, a Landmark for Two Generations, Is Sold.

The University Place Presbyterian Church, at Tenth Street, has been sold and will be torn down to make way for an apartment house. The razing of the stately brown stone edifice, a land-mark for two generations in that neighborhood, is expected to start this month. The Rev. Dr. George Alexander, now pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, was pastor here more than quarter of a century.

The corporation of the First Church, which owns the property, disposed of it to the University Place Corporation. The congregation of this church and that of the late Madison Square Presbyterian Church, then at Madison Avenue and Twenty-fourth Street, some years ago merged with the First Church, which is at Fifth Avenue and Tenth Street. Worship was transferred to the First Church. The Madison Square Church was soon sold and razed. The University Place Church has been closed virtually ever since.

With the edifice the parish house, 47 University Place, also was sold. Dr. Alexander, who is a bachelor, has lived on the top floor of this parish house for the last thirty-nine years. He is 83 years old. He has taken an apartment at 31 West Twelfth Street, and will move next week.

The church administrative offices, which have continued at 47 University Place, will be moved to 14 West Twelfth Street, which the First Church owns.

FOR COOPERATIVE GIVING.

Welfare Council Starts Movement to Avoid Duplications.

At a meeting called by the Welfare Council of New York, at the Russell Sage Foundation yesterday, plans were considered for cooperative Christmas giving to avoid duplication of gifts. About 150 representatives of social and charitable organizations attended. William Hodson, President of the council, presided.

During the discussion the sentiment developed that instead of making plans for the Christmas season only, they should be made to operate all the year. A committee will be appointed by the council to study the greater movement and report at a meeting to be called in January.

Commissioner of Welfare Bird S. Coler, Brigadier Edward Underwood of the Salvation Army, and Lawson Purdy, Secretary of the Charity Organization Society, spoke.

CARDINAL BLESSES FORDHAM COLORS

Hayes Speaks at Presentation of Stand to New Reserve Officers' Training Corps.

Blessing a stand of silken colors given to the new unit of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps at Fordham University yesterday Cardinal Hayes characterized the American flag as standing for all that is inspirational in the lives of men and women of this country and held that the cross and the flag were to be considered together, and those who wore the uniform of soldiers should feel an even greater obligation because of their love of Christ.

The colorful spectacle of the presentation of the colors and their blessing was held in the auditorium of the university. The stand consisted of the national flag and the flag of the new unit, with the colors of the Coast Defense Corps, of which the unit is a part. The flag of the unit is of maroon and bears the coat of arms of the university.

Cardinal Hayes told the members of the new unit that they in no way resembled the soldiers of olden times who went out for conquest and fought that races and peoples might be subjugated.

The stand of colors was formally presented to the Rev. William J. Duane, S. J., President of the university, by Mrs. George E. Owens, President of the Government Club. The colors were turned over to Colonel Clarence B. Ross, C. A. C., Professor of Military Science and Tactics.

Following the exercises in the auditorium the cadet battalion, composed of four companies and commanded by Captain J. C. Berger, was reviewed by Cardinal Hayes and regular army officers, parading across the athletic field led by the student band of thirty pieces.

EXCAVATORS UNCOVER JERUSALEM CITY GATE

Digging on Site of Supposed Third Wall, They Come Upon Foundations of Towers.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

JERUSALEM, Dec. 3.—Renewed excavations on the site of the supposed Third Wall, carried out by the Jewish Exploration Society and the Hebrew University under the supervision of Dr. Sukenik, have revealed the remains of the city gate at the northeast angle of the Third Wall, at the entrance to the new buildings of the American School of Archaeology.

These remains disclose the foundations of two towers, between which is a rectangular chamber and a gap filled with huge blocks, which seemingly was originally intended for an arch. Turning due south in the direction of Herod's Gate, there are traces of prepared foundation bedding.

It is intended immediately to start excavations westward of Herod's Gate, where the existing wall, built by Sultan Suleiman the Magnificent, shows the remains of Herodian masonry. If these excavations justify expectations, the alleged Third Wall will thus have been traced for a distance of two-thirds of a mile.

The Air Force reports the discovery of what is believed to be hitherto unsuspected Roman ruins, northeastward of Amman in Transjordania. The Department of Antiquities is investigating the matter.

NAMED JUNIOR WEEK HEAD.

George T. Hammond Will Lead in Activities at Columbia.

George D. Brown of 143 West Eighty-fourth Street, President of the junior class at Columbia University, announced yesterday the appointment of George T. Hammond of 522 West 112th Street as General Chairman for Junior Week at the University. Other Chairmen and committee men also were named for the week.

George A. Roegner of Rockaway, N. J., has been elected President of the Varsity "C" Club, it was announced, while Palmer J. Wright of Flushing, L. I., was named Secretary-Treasurer. Both men are seniors. The annual dinner of the club will be held at the Columbia University Club on Dec. 14.

Eleanor Rich of 884 Riverside Drive has been chosen Chairman of the Junior Prom Committee of Barnard College. Other members are Florence Atkins, Montclair, N. J.; Katherine Eyerly, Hagerstown, Md., and Constance Rouillon, Yonkers.

RECOGNIZES AID TO JEWS.

Hebrew Magazine Includes Christians in Who's Who Issue.

Christians notable in Jewish endeavor during the year are for the first time included in the Who's Who issue of The American Hebrew Magazine, which annually presents the most notable achievements, honors and benefactions among American Jews.

Among the Christians cited for their active service in support of Jewish causes during 1926 are the founders of the American Christian Fund for Jewish Relief: Dr. S. Parkes Cadman, Judge Victor J. Dowling and Owen D. Young. Others of prominence are John D. Rockefeller Jr., who made large contributions to the United Jewish Campaign and the New York Jewish Federation Drive; Senator William H. King of Utah, who traveled through the West making addresses in behalf of the United Jewish Campaign, and James H. Post, President of the National Sugar Refining Company, who has contributed large sums to Brooklyn Jewish charities.

$226,250 IN HOSPITAL DRIVE

Lutherans in Luncheon at Astor Announce $43,778 More.

Gifts totaling $43,778 were announced by workers for the Lutheran Hospital of Manhattan building fund at a luncheon in the Hotel Astor yesterday. This brings the total to $226,250 in the $750,000 drive, scheduled to end Dec. 10.

Of the fifteen divisions into which the 750 workers are divided the doctors' division exceeded its $50,000 quota by $1,830. E. F. Eilert, President of the hospital and Chairman of the Campaign Committee, announced that $10,000 had been given by the employes of Gristede Brothers. Gifts of $1,000 were made by Fred Schnebbe, Dr. George Dow Scott and Mrs. G. Boymann.

TOPICS TO INTEREST THE CHURCHGOERS

Bibles in Foreign Languages Will Be Presented Tomorrow to St. John's Cathedral.

SOCIETY IS 117 YEARS OLD

Anniversary of New York Organization Will Be Observed in St. Thomas's Church.

Tomorrow will be the annual Bible Sunday. Eight Bibles in as many foreign languages will be presented at the 11 o'clock service to the Cathedral of St. John the Divine by the American Bible Society for the seven Chapels of the Tongues. Bishop Manning will receive them formally from Gilbert Darlington, the Treasurer. The Bibles will be as follows: Chinese and Japanese, for the Chapel of Saint Saviour, where Orientals have their services; Spanish, St. James; Italian, St. Ambrose; French, St. Martin of Tours; Welsh, St. Columba; German, St. Boniface; Swedish, St. Ansgarius. The Bibles will make it unnecessary for worshippers in these chapels to bring their own copies of the Scriptures.

The 117th anniversary service of the New York Bible Society will take place tomorrow afternoon, at 4 o'clock, in St. Thomas's Episcopal Church, Fifth Avenue and Fifty-third Street. The Rev. Dr. Roelif H. Brooks, the rector, will preach the sermon, and the Rev. Dr. George William Carter, the General Secretary, will make a report.

Presbyterian ministers of more than 1,200 churches in New York, New Jersey and New England, will devote their sermons tomorrow to a discussion of the service pension plan of that denomination, which calls for the raising of $15,000,000.

The Congregational denomination will begin a canvass tomorrow for next year's united budget for benevolences in all of its 5,636 churches. A 10 per cent. increase over the $3,185,000 raised last year will be sought.

Tomorrow has been designated as International Golden Rule Day by the Near East Relief.

An eight-reel film of European make, "Martin Luther; His Life and Time," will be shown next Monday evening in Town Hall for the benefit of the American McAll Association. An address will be delivered by the Rev. Dr. Samuel Trexler, President of the Luthern Synod of New York and New England.

The Rev. Dr. Paul Scherer, pastor of the Lutheran Church of the Holy Trinity, Central Park West and Sixty-fifth Street, received this week an annual increase of $1000 in his salary, making it $5,200.

The Rev. Louis A. Linn, for the last nine years pastor of the Holy Cross Lutheran Church, Saganaw, Mich., has accepted a call to Grace Lutheran Church, 199th Street and Valentine Avenue, the Bronx.

The Rev. George Barrow-Neilson will begin tomorrow as pastor of the Morningside Presbyterian Church, at 122d Street and Morningside Avenue. His last pastorate was the Ingram Congregational Church, Washington.

"Keep God in Your Thoughts in the Middle of the Day" is the slogan for the daily noon services which were inaugurated this week in the Episcopal Church of the Ascension, Fifth Avenue and Tenth Street. They begin at 12:05 and continue until 12:30, consisting of organ selections and devotions under the leadership of the Rev. Donald B. Aldrich, the rector.

The Advent meeting of the Women's Missionary Auxiliary of the Episcopal Diocese of New York will be held Tuesday morning and afternoon in the Cathedral of St. John the Divine. Speakers will be Bishop Thomas C. Darst of East Carolina; the Right Rev. Alfred A. Gilman, Suffragan Bishop of the District of Hankow, China; Bishop John P. Tyler of North Dakota; Miss Hallie Williams, headmistress of St. Agnes's Episcopal School for Girls in Kyoto, Japan.

A branch of St. Barnabas's Guild of Nurses will be instituted Monday evening at the Episcopal Church of the Heavenly Rest, Eighty-ninth Street, between Park and Madison avenues. It has been organized with the Rev. Dr. Henry Darlington, the rector, as chaplain, and Mrs. J. R. LeCompe as President.

The Rev. J. Earle Edwards completed this week a year as pastor of the Queens Baptist Church, Village of Queens, L. I.

The second term of the American Bible Training School, 139 St. Felix Street, Brooklyn, began this week.

PRESBYTERIAN GROUPS OPEN PENSION DRIVES

New York, Brooklyn-Nassau and Westchester Presbyteries Will Seek $1,622,000.

More than 800 Presbyterian ministers and laymen of New York, Brooklyn, Nassau and Westchester at three dinners last night launched their campaign for a total of $1,622,000 as their share of a $15,000,000 national Presbyterian fund to provide pensions for aged clergymen, their widows and orphans. The largest attendance was at the Hotel Biltmore, where 400 members, representing fifty-nine out of the sixty-two churches in the New York Presbytery received final instructions for the conduct of the campaign. William M. Kinsley presided. The goal in this city is $1,156,000.

One hundred and thirty-five representatives of the Westchester Presbytery, which is seeking $172,000, dined at the Commodore Hotel, where George G. Barber, Chairman of the Presbytery's Lay Committee, presided. At the St. George Hotel in Brooklyn a third dinner drew nearly 300 members of the Brooklyn-Nassau Presbytery, whose quota is $294,000. Roy M. Hart presided and the speaker was the Rev. Henry D. Master, General Secretary of the Presbyterian Board of Ministerial Relief and Sustentation.

Monell Sayre, Vice Chairman of a similar fund in the Episcopal Church, told the diners at the Biltmore and Commodore that his church's fund of $8,500,000 had brought about "a real improvement in the psychology of the mind of the Episcopal clergy."

Pre-campaign contributions in these three districts, ranging from $10,000 to $150,000 each, total more than $400,000, it was announced. The first campaign reports will be received at dinners on Dec. 9 at the same places. The campaign closes here on Dec. 14.

PERSHING TO SPEAK IN DRIVE TO AID JEWS

Christian Fund Has Received $375,000—Meeting at the Cathedral Tomorrow.

General Pershing will be among the speakers at a mass meeting tomorrow night at the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, under the auspices of the American Christian Fund for Jewish Relief, which is cooperating with the United Jewish Campaign for European Jewish Relief in its $25,000,000 drive. In a letter to the Rev. Dr. S. Parkes Cadman, Chairman of the American Christian Fund, received yesterday, General Pershing heartily endorsed the joint efforts to aid starving Jews in Europe.

"How can any one remain unmoved in the face of such a calamity?" he wrote. "The pathetic appeal of the starving Jewish families of Europe should stir the sympathies of every American. It is not a question of race or religion. Jew, Catholic and Protestant fought side by side for humanity in the World War. There was no distinction then, there should be none now. The efforts of Christian America should receive the heartiest support. Such a union of sentiment will go far to promote tolerance and good-will in America."

About $375,000 has so far been contributed by the Christians of America toward the relief fund, according to Dr. Cadman. In addition to the gift of $100,000 from John D. Rockefeller Jr., contributions were announced yesterday from William Nelson Cromwell, $5,000; Will Rogers, $2,500; Clarence Mackay, $1,000; Angus Roy Shannon, Chicago, $5,000; the John Griffith and Sons Company, Chicago, $10,000; Victor H. Hanson, publisher, Birmingham, Ala., News, $1,000; Little Rock, Ark., Clearing House, $1,000; an anonymous contribution from Wilmington, Del., $5,000; a committee of Christians in Portland, Ore., $20,000.

Speakers at the mass meeting tomorrow night include, beside General Pershing, Bishop William T. Manning, Major General John F. O'Ryan, Louis Marshall and Dr. Cadman. The meeting will start at 8 P. M. with the playing of the Jewish hymn Kol Nidre, as an organ prelude.

CITY BREVITIES.

The annual meeting of the Council on Foreign Relations will be held on Wednesday afternoon, Dec. 15, at the office of the council, 25 West Forty-third Street, for the election of officers for the coming year.

Dr. Nathan Krass will preach this morning at the Temple Emanu-El, Fifth Avenue and Forty-third Street, on "A Great Classic" and tomorrow on "Hanukkah and Christmas—Resemblances and Differences."

The Feast of Lights will be celebrated tomorrow afternoon at the Central Jewish Institute, 125 East Eighty-fifth Street.

COOLIDGE ENDORSES INSTALMENT BUYING

He Thinks It Beneficial by Giving Credits to Persons of Small Incomes.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—Inquiries made at the White House today to ascertain President Coolidge's opinion concerning the widespread prevalence of buying on the instalment plan and spread of credits to persons of modest means, brought out the fact that the President is not in sympathy with the view of some economists that this condition is a bad thing for the country and full of economic danger.

According to the President's way of thinking, there is no cause for alarm in the instalment plan tendency. He told those who inquired that he had no information on the subject from any of the Government departments which would give uneasiness. It was his recollection that the country's estimated income was $70,000,000,000, and, comparing this with estimated outstanding credits of $3,000,000,000 the disparity was not great enough to cause reason for apprehension.

The President gave his visitors the impression that he regarded instalment buying and its credit system as rather a good thing. He looked at it as a modern method of doing business, beneficial to persons of small incomes, and as presenting a means of obtaining credits that ordinarily would be denied to them. It was, according to the understanding obtained of the President's view, an orderly way of extending credits to those who have fixed regular incomes with whom credit arrangements could be made based on percentages of income to credits desired and length of time within which to pay.

Young Helpers' League to Meet.

The twenty-sixth annual meeting of the Young Helpers' League of the Woman's Branch New York City Mission Society will be held on the afternoon of Dec. 12 at the home of Mrs. John S. Rogers, 53 East Seventy-ninth Street. Stephen

RELIGIOUS SERVICES

Continued From Preceding Page.

Jewish

TEMPLE EMANU-EL,
5th Av. and 43d St.
Saturday, 10:30 A. M.—Dr. Krass on "A Great Jewish Scholar."
Sunday, 11 A. M.—Dr. Krass on "Hanukkah and Christmas—Resemblances and Differences."
Sunday, 8 to 10 P. M.—Lectures on the Bible.
Monday, 11 A. M.—Dr. Krass on "What Influence Has Judaism Had Upon the World?"
Friday Evening Services, 5:30 o'clock.
Daily Noon Servfce, 12:30 o'clock.
All are welcome.

CENTRAL SYNAGOGUE,
55th St. and Lexington Av.
RABBI JONAH B. WISE will have for his subject the morning lecture on "REVOLUTION AND REVELATION."
Sabbath of Chanukah.
Central Synagogue is open every day.
Religious School, Sundays 9:45 A. M.
Friday evening services begin 5:30.

CONGREGATION SHAAREY JESHURUN,
56th St. (west of Lexington Av.).
ISRAEL GOLDSTEIN, Rabbi.
Today, 11 A. M.—Chanukah Sermon.
Next Friday eve., Dec. 10, 5:15 P. M.—Lecture by Rabbi On "JEWISH LEADERS AT THREESCORE AND TEN"

CONGREGATION RODEPH SHOLOM,
DR. RUDOLPH GROSSMAN, RABBI.
Services in Mecca Temple, 130 W. 56th St.
FRIDAY EVENING, 5:30 o'clock.
Saturday morning, 10:15 o'clock.
Rev. Dr. STEPHEN S. WISE will preach.
ALL WELCOME.

TEMPLE ISRAEL,
91st St., near Broadway.
Today 10:15 Dr. Harris, who will preach on "Hannukah and the Home."
Fri. Dec. 10th 8:15 Dr. Nathan Krass, "Does the individual owe a debt to the Union?"

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Free COPY of JEWISH SCIENCE INTERPRETER, the monthly messenger of Health and Happiness, write to Headquarters, 100 West 72d St.

Lutheran

ADVENT, Broadway and 93d St.
Dr. Steimle, 11, "Words." 8, "Bible Sunday." 3, Young People's Hour, led by Miss Markley.

HOLY TRINITY, 65th St., Central Park W.
The Rev. Dr. Paul Scherer, Pastor.
11 A. M.—"Enjoying Religion."
3:45—Service of Music.
Wednesday evening service at eight.

ST. JAMES'S,
Madison Av. at 72d St.
REV. WM. F. SUNDAY, PH. D.,
Sunday morning at 11 o'clock.

Methodist Episcopal

CALVARY, University Avenue, below Burnside Avenue.
ALBERT E. BEEBE, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—Holy Communion.
8 P. M.—Sermon by Pastor.

CHELSEA, 178th St., west of Broadway—C. F. Reisner, pastor. 11 A. M.—"Reliable Christians." 7:45—Lamberti Trio; the pastor.

GRACE METHODIST, WEST 104TH ST.
DR. JOHN L. DAVIS, D. D., MINISTER.
11 A. M.—"Others." Broadcast WPCH.
8 P. M.—Dr. Lynn Harold Hough.

MADISON AVENUE CHURCH, 60th St.
Rev. Ralph W. Sockman, Ph. D., D. D.
Rev. John A. Wollenweber, B. D.
DR. SOCKMAN at 11 and 8.
11—"That's Human Nature."
8—"Our Imprisoned Splendor."
9:45 A. M.—Graded Church School.
6—Informal Tea. 7—Young People.

METROPOLITAN TEMPLE,
7th Av. and 14th St.
Rev. Wallace MacMullen, D. D., Minister.
Rev. Harrison H. Black, Associate.
11 A. M.—Holy Communion.
7:45 P. M.—The Silent Voices of God. Dr. MacMullen preaches morning and evening. Church School, 9:45 A. M. League, 7 P. M.

ST. ANDREW'S,
W. 76th St., near Amsterdam Av.
JAMES HARDY BENNETT, Pastor.
11—"The Song of Moses and the Lamb."
8—"The Victorious Lamb."

ST. JAMES',
Madison Av. and 126th St.
Rev. FRED W. STACEY, Minister, 11 and 8.
8—Masonic Service, Bunting Lodge.

ST. PAUL'S,
West End Av. and 86th St.
RAYMOND L. FORMAN, D. D., Pastor.
Preaching:
11—"The Way Out."
8—"An Address to the Devil."

UNION METHODIST EPISCOPAL,
New York's most centrally located METHODIST CHURCH,
48th St.—99 steps west of Broadway.
Rev. Robert J. Harrison, M.A., D.D., Minister will preach.
11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Visitors to New York cordially invited.

WASHINGTON SQ., 4th St., W. of Sq.
Rev. CHARLES K. ROSS, Ph. D., Pastor.
11—Communion Service.
8—"DAWNING LIGHTS."

Moravian

FIRST CHURCH, Lexington Av. and 30th St.
11 A. M., Harry E. Stocker, Ph.D., Minister.

New Church

THE NEW CHURCH, (Swedenborgian),
35th St., between Park and Lexington.
Rev. A. WILDE, Pastor.
Divine Worship 11 A. M.
Subject—"The More Abundant Life."

CHURCH OF THE NEW JERUSALEM,
Clark St. and Monroe Place, Brooklyn.
Take west side subway to Clark St.
Rev. E. M. LAWRENCE GOULD, Pastor.
11 A. M.—"The Word of God."

New Thought

THE APPLIED PSYCHOLOGY ASS'N,
ANNA C. NOLLER,
Sunday, 11 A. M., GUILD HALL,
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Your Greatest Wish Can Be Realized.
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Presbyterian

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WILLIAM PIERSON MERRILL,
JAMES McCLUSKY FARR.
Dr. MERRILL will preach at 11 and 4.
7 P. M.—CLOKEY'S "THE VISION."
NOON HOUR SERVICE daily, 12:30-12:50.

BROADWAY PRESBYTERIAN,
Broadway and 114th St.
Rev. Walter Duncan Buchanan, D.D., LL.D. Pastor will preach 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN,
Madison Av. and 57th St.
Rev. DWIGHT WITHERSPOON WYLIE, D. D., LL. D., Pastor.
9:45 A. M.—Church School.
Services 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
The Pastor Preaches at Both Services.
WEDNESDAY EVENING AT 8,
Midweek Hour of Prayer.

FIFTH AV. PRESBYTERIAN,
Fifth Avenue and Fifty-fifth Street.
Ministers: The Rev. Henry Howard, The Rev. Minot C. Morgan, D. D.
11:00—Morning Service, Dr. Howard.
4:00—Afternoon Service, Dr. Morgan.
4:00—Organ Recital by Harry Gilbert.
8:00—"The People's Service," Dr. Howard.
9:30—Church School.
10:30—Man's Bible Class, Dr. Morgan.
10:00—Women's Bible Class, Old Sanctuary.
8:00—Young People's Association.
Wednesday, 8:15, Midweek Service in the Chapel, conducted by Dr. HOWARD.

Presbyterian

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN,
5th Av., 11th and 12th Sts.
Ministers: [Rev. George Alexander, D. D. / Rev. Thomas Guthrie Speers. / Rev. Robert M. Blanchard.
9:45 A. M.—Church School.
11:00 A. M.—DR. ALEXANDER.
4:00 P. M.—Communion.
5:30 P. M.—Young People's Group.
8:00 P. M.—Rev. Stanley A. Hunter, D. D., of St. John's Church, Berkeley, Cal. Midweek Service, Wednesday, 8 P. M.

OLD FIRST CHURCH PRESBYTERIAN,
Organized 1808.
Berkeley and Kinney Streets,
Newark, N. J.
William James Dawson, Pastor Emeritus.
William Hiram Foulkes, Pastor.
Morning, 10:30 o'clock.
(Broadcast by WAAM).
Dr. Foulkes will preach.
Evening, 7:45 o'clock.
Saint Cecelia's Choir of Sixteen Quartet and Sextet Choir.
Rodney Saylor, Director.
WELCOME.

FOURTH PRESBYTERIAN,
West End Av. and 91st St.
DR. FARBER Preaches at 11 A. M. tomorrow.

Evening, Dr. WILLIAM C. COVERT of the Board of CHRISTIAN EDUCATION, at 8 o'clock.

MADISON AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN,
Northeast corner 73d St.
Ministers: [Rev. Nanny Sloane Coffin, D. D., / Rev. William Raymond Jaffre. / Rev. George Stewart, 3d, D. D.
11 A. M.—Dr. Coffin.
4:30 P. M.—Rev. Joseph Fhelps Noyes.
8:00 P. M.—Dr. Coffin.

PARK AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.
Park Av. and 85th St.
Dr. Milton S. Littlefield, 11.
Rev. E. W. Warrington, 8.

RUTGERS,
72d St. at Broadway.
Rev. DANIEL RUSSELL, D.D., Minister.
11 A. M.—Rev. Arthur J. Pennell Preaches. Subject: "MEN AND GODS."
7 P. M.—"Strangers' Rest."
8 P. M.—Rev. George Reid Andrews, "RELIGION AND GRAMMAR."
Young People Especially Invited.

SECOND PRESBYTERIAN,
96th St. and Central Park West.
REV. GEORGE J. RUSSELL,
11 A. M.—"Personal Liberty."
8 P. M.—Thanksgiving Cantata.

ST. NICHOLAS AVE. PRESBYTERIAN,
141st St. and St. Nicholas Av.
REV. HENRY BURNHAM KIRKLAND, PASTOR.
Services at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

WEST END PRESBYTERIAN,
Amsterdam Av. at 105th St.
Dr. A. EDWIN KEIGWIN, Pastor.
11—Sermon by Dr. William Chalmers Covert. This service broadcast by WJZ.

8—Dr. SAMUEL W. GRAFFLIN, Preaches, "WHOLESALE CHRISTIANITY."
Dr. Keigwin administers Communion A. M. and P. M.

WEST PARK PRESBYTERIAN,
Amsterdam Av. and 86th St.
Rev. ANTHONY H. EVANS, Pastor.
Dr. Evans Preaches, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Evening Subject: "Improving Society."

Protestant Episcopal

CATHEDRAL OF ST. JOHN THE DIVINE,
Amsterdam Avenue and 112th Street.
8:00 A. M.—Holy Communion.
9:45 A. M.—Holy Communion (French).
10:30 A. M.—Morning Prayer and Litany.
11:00 A. M.—Holy Communion and Sermon.
Preacher: The Rt. Rev. William T. Manning, D. D., LL. D., Bishop of New York.
3:00 P. M.—Holy Baptism.
4:30 P. M.—Evening Prayer. Preacher: The Rev. Robert W. Norwood, D. D., Rector, St. Bartholomew's Church, New York.
8:00 P. M.—Service for Relief of Jews in Europe.
Daily Services, 7:30 and 10 A. M., 5 P. M. (Choral except Monday and Saturday.)

ALL ANGELS',
West End Av. and 81st St.
Rev. S. de Lancey Townsend, D. D., Rector.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Holy Communion and Sermon. Preacher, The Rector.
4 P. M.—Evensong.

ALL SAINTS', Henry and Scammel Sts.
Rev. Harrison Rockwell, Vicar.
Chambers St. bus east to Scammel St.
8 P. M.—Solemn evensong and sermon.

ASCENSION, 5th Av. at 10th St.
DONALD B. ALDRICH, Rector.
"Calm Soul of all Things! Be it mine To feel amid the city's jar That there abides a peace of Thine Man did not make and cannot mar."
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11—Holy Communion and Sermon (Rector).
11 A. M.—School of Religion.
8 P. M.—Evensong and Address (Rector).
Noonday Service, 12:10 to 12:26 daily.
Organ Preludes and Postludes.
Wednesday, 8:00 A. M.—Holy Communion.

CALVARY,
4th Av. and 21st St.
REV. S. M. SHOEMAKER JR., Rector,
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Holy Communion and Sermon.
"COMING TO CHRIST FOR LIFE."
8 P. M.—"Mission of Personal Witness for Christ."
PREACHER, THE RECTOR.

CHRIST,
Broadway at 71st St.
Rev. JOHN R. ATKINSON, Rector,

Morning Service and Sermon, 11.
Evening Prayer and Sermon, 8.
Preacher: Very Rev. H. C. Robbins, D. D., Dean of the Cathedral of St. John.

GRACE,
Broadway and Tenth Street
Rev. W. RUSSELL BOWIE, D. D., Rector.
8:00 A. M.—Holy Communion.
9:45 A. M.—Church School.
11:00 A. M.—Holy Communion and Sermon "What Responsibility Have We for One Another?"
THE RECTOR.
3:30 P. M.—The Children's Church. The Rev. John W. Suter Jr.
4:15 P. M.—Vesper Service, Chantry, The Rev. Eliot White.
6:00 P. M.—Community Supper.
6:30 P. M.—Discussion Club. New York University Students' Discussion Group.
8:00 P. M.—Evensong and Sermon. THE RECTOR.
12:30 to 12:55—Noonday Services, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday.

HOLY APOSTLES, 9th Av. and 28th St.
REV. LUCIUS A. EDE&BLUTE, RECTOR.
8; 11 A. M.—Holy Communion; 8 P. M.

CHURCH OF THE HEAVENLY REST AND CHAPEL OF THE BELOVED DISCIPLE,
53 East 89th St.
REV. HENRY DARLINGTON, D. D., Rector.
8 and 11 A. M. and 4 P. M.—Rector.
9:30 A. M.—Church School.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY COMMUNION,
6th Av. and 20th St.
8 A. M.....HOLY COMMUNION
11 A. M.....DR. MOTTET
8 P. M.....DR. MOTTET
Monday, 8:15 P. M., Organ Recital.

CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION,
Madison Av. and 35th St.
REV. H. P. SILVER, D. D., Rector.
8, and 10 A. M.—HOLY COMMUNION.
11 A. M.—Holy Communion, Sermon, Rector.
4 P. M.—Choral Evensong. Address by Rev. J. L. Gibbs.
Noonday services, 12:20 to 12:40 daily except Saturday. Music and address.

CHAPEL OF THE INTERCESSION,
Trinity Parish. Broadway and 155th St.
Rev. MILO H. GATES, S. T. D., Vicar.
8, 9, 9:45, 11 A. M.—8 and 8 P. M.

CHURCH OF THE RESURRECTION,
74th St., east of Park Av.
Rev. E. RUSSELL BOURNE, Rector.
Services 8 and 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

HOLY ROOD, Ft. Washington Av., 179th St.
Rev. G. A. Carstensen, D. D., Rector.
Services, 8, 11 and 8 o'clock. Sacred Cantata, "Ruth," at evening service.

ST. AGNES'S CHAPEL, Trinity Parish,
92d St., west of Columbus Av.
Rev. W. W. BELLINGER, D. D., Vicar.
7:30 and 9—Holy Communion.
10:00—Morning Prayer and Litany.
11:00—Morning Service, Sermon, Preacher. The Rev. CALEB R. STETSON, S. T. D., Rector of Trinity Parish.
2:45—Sunday School, Bible Classes.
4:00—Evening Prayer, Brief Address.

ST. ANDREW'S, 8th Av. and 127th St.
Services 8, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Rev. A. E. RIBOURG, D. D., Rector.

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S,
Park Av. at 51st St.
ROBERT NORWOOD, Rector.
8:30 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Holy Communion and Sermon—Dr. Norwood.
2:45 P. M.—Sunday School.
4 P. M.—Evensong and Address—Mr. Macon.
Anthem: Excerpts from "Hora Novissima"—Parker.
Holy Communion, Thursdays 10:30 A. M.

ST. CLEMENT'S,
423 West 46th St. West of 9th Av.
Rev. Thomas A. Sparks, Rector.
Services 8, 11 and 8.

Protestant Episcopal

ST. GEORGE'S,
Stuyvesant Square,
16th St. east of 2d Av.
Rev. Dr. KARL REHLAND, Rector.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11—Holy Communion and Sermon (Rector).
4 P. M.—Vespers. Service and hour. Address by the Rector.

ST. IGNATIUS,
West End Av. and 87th St.
Masses 8, 9:30, 11.
Vespers and Benediction, 4.

ST. JAMES',
Madison Av. and 71st St.
Rev. Frank Warfield Crowder, D. D., Rector.
8 A. M., 11 A. M. (Rector); 4 P. M. (Rev. Stanley T. Cooke).
HOLY INFANTS,
In the Parish of St. James',
316 East 99th St.
Rev. Dudley S. Stark, Vicar.
Services 8 A. M., 10:30 A. M. and 8 P. M.

SAINT JAMES, Jamaica Ave., 159th St.
Services 8, 11 A. M., 4 P. M.
Rev. DeWITT L. PELTON, D. D., Rector.

ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST,
11th St., west of 7th Av.
Rev. JOHN ARMSTRONG, Pastor.
Services 8 and 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Wed. noon, Fri. 10 P. M. Organ Recital, WNYC

ST. MARK'S IN-THE-BOUWERIE,
10th St. and 2d Av.
WILLIAM NORMAN GUTHRIE, RECTOR.

11—REV. PERCY STICKNEY GRANT, S.T.D.
"RADIANT FATHERHOOD—THE GROWING IMPORTANCE OF FATHER."
4—RECTOR'S AFTERNOON.
Sixteenth Bibliotheca Festival.
8—MRS. DIANA WATTS,
"BEAUTY IN RELIGION."
(Greek Songs by Mr. Christos Vrionides.

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN,
139 West 46th Street.
Rev. J. G. H. BARRY, D. D., Rector.
Low Masses, 7:30, 9:15. Children's Mass, 9. High Mass and Sermon (D. Delany), 10:45. Vespers and Benediction (Father Pierce), 4.
Weekday Masses, 7, 8, 9:30.
FIFTY-EIGHTH ANNIVERSARY
Conception of the Blessed Virgin Mary, Wednesday, Dec. 8.
High Mass and Sermon (Dr. Delany), 10:45. Gounod's Mass in B flat (Theresien-Messe). FULL CHOIR AND ORCHESTRA.

ST. MARY'S, 521 West 126th St.
Rev. Charles Sheek Acking, S. T. D., Rector.
Sundays, 8 and 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Thursdays and Holy Days, 11 A. M.

Church of St. Matthew and St. Timothy,
36 West 84th St.
Rev. FREDERICK BURGESS, B. D., Rector.
8 (Rector). 9—Organ Recital by C. H. Demarest. Autumn Presbyterian Church (Hymn singing and Descant)

ST. PAUL'S CHAPEL, Trinity Parish,
Broadway, Fulton and Vesey Sts.
Rev. JOSEPH P. McCOMAS, D. D., Vicar.
8, 10, 12:30. 11 (Sermon); 4, Montgomery Memorial Choral Anniversary Service.
PREACHING (Monday-Friday) 12:30.
Subject: "Unity of Offices, Nos. 1 Council. Daily (7:45) 8, 12 or 12:15, 5 P. M.

ST. STEPHEN'S, 69th St., near Broadway.
Dr. Seagle, Rector. Services, 8-11, 4-8.
The Rev Canon G. Osborne Troop of Montreal, Can., will preach at 11.

ST. THOMAS'S,
5th Av. and 53d St.
Rev. ROELIF H. BROOKS, S. T. D., Rector.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11—Morning Service and Sermon (Rector).
4 P. M.—Special service for New York Bible Society, addressed by the Rector.
8 P. M.—Hour of Organ Music.

TRANSFIGURATION, 1 East 29th St.
LITTLE CHURCH AROUND THE CORNER.
Rev. RANDOLPH RAY, D. D., Rector.
Communions 8, 9, daily 7:30.
11—Missa Cantata and Sermon (Rector).
4—Vespers and Devotions.

TRINITY,
Broadway and Wall St.
Rev. CALEB R. STETSON, S. T. D., Rector.
7:30 and 9 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11:00 A. M.—Holy Communion (Sermon).
Preacher, the Rev. Paul B. Bull, Community of the Resurrection, Mirfield, England.
3:30 P. M.—Evensong (Sermon).
MIDDAY SERVICE
December 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10.
Preacher, the Rev. Paul B. Bull, Community of the Resurrection, Mirfield, England.
The Service begins at 12 noon and ends at 12:30 P. M.
Organ Recital Wednesday and Friday, 12:30 to 1 P. M.

TRINITY CHAPEL, Trinity Parish,
West 25th St., near Broadway.
Rev. J. WILSON SUTTON, D. D., Vicar.
8 and 11—Holy Communion.
4, Evening Prayer: 4:45, Lecture, "St. Mark's Gospel."

TRINITY CHAPEL, Trinity Parish.
West 25th St., near Broadway.
Rev. J. WILSON SUTTON, D. D., Vicar.
SPECIAL LECTURES.
Rev. PAUL B. BULL,
of Mirfield, England.
Tuesday, Dec. 7.
"The Incarnation and the Church."
At 8:30 P. M.

Reformed

COLLEGIATE CHURCH OF NEW YORK
THE MIDDLE CHURCH.
Second Avenue and Seventh Street.
Edgar Franklin Romig, Minister,
will preach at both services.
11 A. M.—"Awaiting the Kingdom."
8 P. M.—Special Music by Choir and Vocal Union.

THE MARBLE CHURCH
Fifth Avenue and Twenty-ninth Street.
Rev. David James Burrell, D. D.
Rev. Daniel A. Poling, D. D. } Ministers.
Dr. Poling will preach at both services.
11 A. M.—"The Absolute Necessity."
Communion at the morning service.
8 P. M.—"The Barred Door."
Midweek Service Wednesday, 8 P. M.

THE CHURCH OF ST. NICHOLAS
Fifth Avenue and Forty-eighth Street.
Malcolm James MacLeod, Minister.
11 A. M.—Dr. MacLeod—"How Does Religion Help a Man?"
8 P. M.—An evening with Horatio Parker. Wednesday 8 P. M.—Dr. MacLeod on Blaikie's Life of David Livingston.

THE WEST END CHURCH
West End Avenue and 77th Street.
Rev. Henry Evertson Cobb, D. D., Minister.
Dr. Cobb will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
4:30 P. M. Special Music—Handel's "Messiah."
8 P. M. Young People's Society.

THE FORT WASHINGTON CHURCH
Fort Washington Avenue and 181st Street.
Rev. Irving Husted Berg, D. D., Minister.
Will preach at both services.
11 A. M.—"Jesus and the Future Life."
8 P. M.—"The Higher Life."
9:50 A. M. Church School.
Midweek service Wednesday, 8 P. M.

HAMILTON GRANGE, Convent Av. & West 149th St.—Rev. Arthur Frederick Mabon, D. D., Minister—11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

HARLEM, Lenox Av. and 122d St.
Rev. Edgar Tilton Jr., D. D., Minister.
11 A.M.—Communion and reception of new members.
8 P. M.—Musical service, "Song Time and Harvest," by John H. West.

Roman Catholic Directory.

HOLY CROSS.
42nd St., West of 8th Av.
Rev. FRANCIS P. DUFFY, Rector.
Mass at 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12.

ST. AGNES.
143-149 East 43rd St.
Mgr. JOSEPH P. CHIDWICK, Rector.
Mass at 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11.
9:15, 10:30, 11:40.

ST. BERNARD.
230-232 West 14th St.
Mgr. J. F. SMITH, Rector.
Mass at 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12:30.

ST. FRANCIS OF ASSISI,
141 West 31st St.
ANSELM J. KENNEDY, O. F. M.
Mass at 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11:30 A. M.
2:30 A. M. for Night Workers.
12:15 P. M. on weekdays only.
(See the wonderful Mosaic work here.)

ST. LEO, 11 EAST 29TH ST.
Rev. Wm. A. Courtney, Rector.
Masses 7, 8, 10, 11.

CHURCH OF ST. PAUL THE APOSTLE,
Columbus Av. and 59th St.
Free Lecture by
Rev. James M. Gillis, C. S. P.,
on
"Today and Tomorrow."
THE FUTURE OF WOMAN.

ST. STEPHEN,
147-149 East 28th St.
Rev. WM. A. COURTNEY, Rector.
Mass at 5:45, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11.

Spiritualist

SPIRITUALISTIC CHURCH OF ADVANCED THOUGHT,
123 West 94th St.
Can we communicate with the dead? Spirit greetings of love and assistance proving
THERE IS NO DEATH.
REV. JOHN HILL, Speaker,
Sunday Evening—10th Anniversary—at 8:30 P. M. sharp. No charge or collection.

Spiritualist

SPIRITUAL SCIENCE INSTITUTE, INC.,
123 West 72nd Street.
Founder-President,
Julia O. Forrest, Pd. M.
Spiritual Healing Service Every Evening,
Tuesday—8 P. M.
Thursday—and 2:30 P. M.
ANNOUNCEMENT:
INSPIRATIONAL CHURCH OF DIVINE SCIENCE.
SPIRITUAL MARRIAGE
TO BE HELD AT
MANHATTAN CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH,
BROADWAY AT 76TH STREET,
WEDNESDAY, DEC. 15, 1926, 8 P. M.
JULIA O. FORREST, M.S.S.L.
ALL ARE WELCOME.
I. A. S. COUNCIL MEMBER.

CHURCH OF SPIRITUAL COMMUNION,
ARTHUR FORD, Lecturer.
CARNEGIE HALL, West 57th St.
SUNDAY, 8 P. M., Chapter Room—Lecture, "Spiritualism God's Finest Effort."
TUES., 8 P. M., Studio 607, Message Service. Demonstration, Music Healing and Materializing Medium, will demonstrate. All powers. Member General Assembly Spiritualists.

CONRAD H. HAUSER, 250 W. 50th, nr. Broa. Spiritualist Church of Psychic Science. Formerly at 227 West 56th St. MESSAGE SERVICE Sun., Tues. and Fri., 8 P. M.; Sun. and Wed., 2:30 P. M. Member of General Assembly of Spiritualists.

Theosophy

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS,
1 West 67th St.
Free Lecture Sunday, 3:30 P. M.
"MASTERS OF THE WISDOM."
7—"Are Living Men of Power and Compassion? What is Their Work in the Present Era?"
NO CHARGES OR COLLECTIONS.

N. Y. LODGE THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY,
At 2,228 Broadway, bet. 79th and 80th Sts.
Sunday, Dec. 5, 8:30 P. M., lecture by E. Jack Barlow.
"Physical Culture and World Peace." Dealing with the Science of Physical Development for Health and Self-Expression.
Public Cordially Invited.

Unitarian

ALL SOULS',
4th Av. at 20th St.
A CHURCH OF SPIRITUAL FREEDOM.
MINOT SIMONS, D. D., MINISTER.
11 A. M.—Dr. MAXWELL SAVAGE, Worcester, Mass.
10 A. M.—CHURCH SCHOOL.
11 A. M.—Children's Church. Blue Class.
FREE LITERATURE TABLE BY REQUEST.

CHURCH OF THE SAVIOUR,
(First Unitarian of Brooklyn),
Pierrepont Street and Monroe Place,
(Borough Hall subway station, Brooklyn).
Service 11 A. M.
Dr. Lathrop
and Community Gordon of Melbourne, Australia.

THE COMMUNITY CHURCH OF N. Y.
(See Heading—"Community Church.")

Universalist

CHURCH OF THE DIVINE PATERNITY,
Central Park West and 76th St.
Rev. FRANK OLIVER HALL, D. D.,
will preach at 11 A. M.
"HOW GOD REVEALS HIMSELF."

Vedanta

VEDANTA SOCIETY,
Founded by Swami Vivekananda, 34 W. 71st.
11 A. M.—"Man, the Master of His Destiny."
3:30 P.M.—"The Health of the Spirit."
All Welcome.

Other Services

MISS VILLA FAULKNER PAGE,
Metaphysical School of Health,
Founder-Director.
SPECIAL COURSE
APPLIED PSYCHOLOGY (Adm.),
STEINWAY HALL,
Room 505, 113 West 57th St.
WEDNESDAYS, 8 P. M.
THURSDAYS, SECOND LECTURE AND HEALING, 12:15. FREE TO ALL.

RANASHAD LECTURES,
Speaker
Mollie Brandenburg.
DOES SPIRITUALISM IMPLY IMMORTALITY OF THE SOUL?
HOTEL McALPIN, Broadway and 34th St.
Sunday Nov. 28, 8 P. M.
QUESTIONS ANSWERED BY RANASHAD.
Public Invited.

Fellowship of the Life More Abundant.
MISS VILLA FAULKNER PAGE,
Founder-Speaker.
Sundays, 11 A. M., Brooklyn, Masonic Temple.
Subject, Dec. 5, "Christ in the Twentieth Century." (Special Healing Service).
Community Singing. All welcome.

THE GOODYEAR MEETING ROOM
and Bookshop, 500 5th Av. (42d St.).
Sun. 11—ELISE APLAND.
"My Words Shall Not Pass Away."
Daily 12:15—HERBERT D. PORTER, Open Class in Divine Science. All welcome.

ANTHROPOSOPHICAL SOCIETY,
PUBLIC LECTURE
Sunday evening, Dec. 5th, 8:20 P. M.
HUMAN CONSCIOUSNESS.
Speaker: Miss M. Cotterell, O. B. E.

FREETHINKERS' SOCIETY of New York
326 West 58th St. Sunday, 3 P. M.
PROF. HARRY ELMER BARNES
will deliver a lecture entitled
"MODERN SUPERSTITIONS."
Admission Free. Questions.

SEARS PHILOSOPHY.
Not better—not worse—but Different.
Sunday, 11, A. M.
Chalfit Hall, 163 West 57th St.
Subject—"The Garden of Eden."

"THE COUE INSTITUTE," 30 West 55th St.
Lectures daily. Patients admitted with doctor's diagnosis only. Open lecture Monday, Dec. 6, at 3 P. M. Phone Circle 9083.

A. A. LINDSAY, M. D., Psychologist.
Sun., Tues., 8 P. M., Hotel Ansonia.
"Man—Mind—Suggestion." Collection.

BROOKLYN.

Congregational

PLYMOUTH,
Orange St., Brooklyn.
J. STANLEY DURKEE, D. D., Pastor.
WM. J. WHITE Acting Asst. Pastor.
11 A. M. Divine Worship.
Sermon by Dr. DURKEE,
The Christian's Weapon.

Ethical Movement

BROOKLYN ETHICAL SOCIETY,
Academy of Music (Atlantic Av. Station).
11 A. M. Dr. John L. Elliott:
"HOW TO TREAT PEOPLE WE DISLIKE."

Methodist Episcopal

SIMPSON METHODIST EPISCOPAL,
Clermont and Willoughby Aves., Brooklyn.
Clarence Tucker Craig, Minister.
10:30—Dr. Lynn Harold Hough, Minister of Central M. E. Church, Detroit, will preach.
8:00—Sermon by the Minister: "Looking Forward to Christmas."

Presbyterian

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN,
Henry St. near Clark St.
11 A. M.—Rev. Dr. L. Mason Clarke will preach.

LAFAYETTE AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN,
corner South Oxford St.
Dr. Charles C. Albertson will preach at 11 and 7:45.

Protestant Episcopal

GRACE,
Hicks St.
Between Remsen and Joralemon Sts.
Second Sunday in Advent, Dec. 5th.
8:00 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11:00 A. M.—Holy Communion and Sermon.
The Rev. George F. Atwater, D. D. (Rector).
4:30 P. M.—Evening Prayer and Address.

Y. M. C. A.

REV. S. PARKES CADMAN, D. D.
3:30 Sun., Bedford Br. Y. M. C. A., B'klyn.
Topic—"Humanity and Christ."
Questions Answered.
Southern Melodies—Hampton Institute Male Quartet.
Visitors in N. Y. invited to Attend.
B.M.T. Subway to DeKalb, I.R.T. to Nevins. Take Gates Car to Sanford Ave.
Greatest Men's Meeting in Greater N. Y.

DR. CHAIM WEIZMANN
Will deliver
"A Reply to the Pritchett Report on Palestine"
Before the
Free Synagogue
at
CARNEGIE HALL
Seventh Ave. & 57th Street
Sunday morning, Dec. 5, at 10:30 o'clock.
Special Chanukah Musical Program, including Handel's "Judas Maccabaeus."
All Are Welcome.

THE AMERICAN BIBLE SOCIETY

Its Purpose—For over one hundred and ten years its sole purpose has been to encourage a wider circulation of the Holy Scriptures "Without note or comment."

Its Service — Translation, publication and distribution of the Holy Scriptures for missionary purposes. Its total issues for 110 years were 174,121,599 volumes in more than 200 languages and dialects and in 16 languages and systems for the blind.

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American Bible Society,
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Write for Annuity Booklet No. 113-C.

3 Free Psychology Lectures
Hear
YACKI RAIZIZUN
Author, Lecturer, Teacher
Manhattan Church, 76 St. and B'way

SUNDAY, Dec. 5, 8 P. M.,
The Nature of Creative Mind
MONDAY, Dec. 6, 8 P. M.,
Your Latent Powers; How to Develop Them
TUESDAY, Dec. 7, 8 P. M.,
Steps to Self-Mastery
ALL WELCOME. VOLUNTARY OFFERING

DR. KRASS
Speaks Sunday Morning, December 5th, at 11 o'Clock Sharp
on
"HANUKKAH & CHRISTMAS"
Resemblances and Differences
at
TEMPLE EMANU-EL
Fifth Avenue and 43rd Street
All are cordially welcome

"A Harbor of Hope"
THE RESCUE SOCIETY
Old Chinese Theatre, 5-7 Doyers Street.
Gospel Service Nightly, 10 P. M.

RADIO MASS MEETING
Sunday 3:30. Broadcast WMCA
Edward G. Clark, City Mission (formerly Nate Fenton's Dives), Buffalo, New York.
Subject—Up From the Depths.
Sunset Park M. E. Church Choir.
Forty Voices. Herbert Sweet, Tenor Soloist.
A good place to go.
THOMAS J. NOONAN, Superintendent.

Can Religion Face Facts?

Announcing a series of outspoken addresses by BISHOP IRVING S. COOPER
PRINCESS THEATRE
West 39th Street,
East of Broadway.
Sunday, December 5th—3:15 P. M.
EVOLUTION WITHOUT ATHEISM.
Scientific facts vs. theological speculation—REINCARNATION as it affects evolution.
Sunday, December 12th—3 P. M.
WORSHIP WITHOUT MATERIALISM.

West Side Unitarian Church
110th Street, Just East of Broadway
At 11 A. M.
Dr. A. Wakefield Slaten
"Why We Do Not Behave

DRAMA IS DYING, STAGE LEAGUE TOLD

Movies Chiefly Responsible, Golden and Dowling Say at Biltmore Luncheon.

TILT OVER UNCLEAN PLAYS

Barrett Clark Asserts He Has Never Seen One—Calls Shakespeare's Classics "Dirty."

The drama is dying, being slowly but certainly killed by the motion picture and other influences, John Golden and Eddie Dowling told 125 members of the Drama League at that organization's first luncheon of the season at the Hotel Biltmore yesterday. The general discussion was about "What Is a Clean Play?"

No answer was given to the question though several opinions were advanced as to what constituted a dirty play. There was a sharp difference of view as to whether life as a whole was not dirty, expressed by Mr. Golden and Barrett F. Clark, the latter taking the affirmative, while practically all speakers agreed that the audience itself determined what was clean and unclean on the stage.

Mr. Dowling presided and introduced Mr. Golden as the greatest producer of clean plays in the world. During the course of his remarks he made this assertion:

"I don't think any of you know what it means to write a clean play; how hard it is. You can produce 100 books for what it costs to produce one play. You are going to get censorship in the theatre whether you like it or not if managers are not more careful. Of seventy-seven Broadway plays today there are only seven which are successes and of those seven six are clean plays. All the intelligence in America will not support the theatre—you have got to get the mob. And it is a striking fact that the plays that have lasted and lasted have been clean plays such as 'Lightnin'' and 'Abie's Irish Rose.'"

Mr. Golden, who held much the same view, declared:

"It is what you think that will make or spoil our theatre. I can only speak for myself and I only know what John Golden likes to do. I like to produce clean plays. I don't agree with Mr. Clark when he says that all life is dirty. I don't believe any such damned thing. I believe that life is beautiful. Of course we were all born in sin, but we are trying to live it down."

Mr. Clark made the assertion at the outset that he had never seen or read a play that he considered dirty, and continued:

"There is nothing so dirty as human life itself. It would be impossible to write anything more dirty than the life that is going on within a mile of where I am standing. A clean play is a negative virtue, just as the glorification of the bathroom is one of the outstanding negative virtues of America today. But the plays that have survived were almost all dirty. Nearly all of Shakespeare's plays are what might be considered dirty, and the old Greek plays, almost without exception, were based on irregular events or happenings that come under the same category."

Basil Dean and Basil Rathbone, Englishmen, practically agreed, earlier, that the test of cleanliness in plays was the sincerity of the playwright. The Rev. George Reid Andrews, Chairman of the Drama Committee of the Federal Council of Churches and Chairman of the Church and Drama Association, held that if the theatre was to have a real place in civilization playwrights, producers and actors must approach their work as "pastors, priests, rabbis, teachers and other public servants."

"Give the people what they want? Ridiculous! We don't give our children what they want. We don't give ourselves what we want," he asserted.

SOPHIE BRASLAU IN RECITAL

Contralto Delights Large Audience at Music League Benefit.

A large and enthusiastic audience at Carnegie Hall heard Sophie Braslau, contralto, last evening, in her only New York recital, given to aid the National Music League. Louise Lindner was at the piano. Miss Braslau was in her element in the Russian songs, especially in the unaccompanied recitative of "The Bride." She modulated her contralto with indefatigable zeal, sliding from half-tone to half-tone, or from octave to octave, with the curious effect of singing fractional intervals. She was prodigal with her deeper tones, dazzling her audience thereby.

The artist made her greatest effort in Rachmaninoff's "Fate," calling to her aid all the dramatic elements in her voice and temperament. That her performance fell short of the intention was more the composer's fault than the singer's, who employed every means at her command to give color to the theme.

Miss Braslau was at her best in the Italian numbers in the second group. The two Sicilian folk-songs, arranged by Geni Sadero, especially the "Carter's Song," allowed her to use her favorite portamento, which gave an individual and personal character to all she did. In Respighi's "Nebbie" Miss Braslau successfully evoked the sombre colors of an elegiac ode.

Ravel's "Vocalise" threw a glaring light on the singer's vocal methods. In following the intricacies of the mechanism, one sometimes forgot the voice. When the mechanism failed, as it did in "Le Jardinier," "L'Ile Heureuse," and Dobois's "Tarantelle," the voice lost its individuality and power. Miss Braslau sang two encores to this group, one of them the "Erl-King," which is certainly not the best of her songs. Songs in English contributed the remainder of the program.

"Say It With Flowers" Presented.

"Say It With Flowers," by Luigi Pirandello, was presented at the Garrick Theatre at 11:30 o'clock last night. The review of the play will appear on Monday morning.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

A play called "The Captured" is announced by a new producing firm headed by Leslie Morosco. It will probably open in New York after the holidays.

The Actors' Theatre will hold a symposium on "Beyond the Horizon" at the Mansfield on Sunday afternoon.

"What Every Woman Knows," "The Girl Friend," "The Vagabond King," "They All Want Something," "Loose Ends," and "Naked" will end their New York engagements after tonight's performances. "Princess Turandot" will close at the Provincetown Playhouse tomorrow night.

Robert Woolsey has been engaged for "Rio Rita."

Mayor Walker will be one of the speakers at the dedication of the new Ziegfeld Theatre, Sixth Avenue and Fifty-fourth Street, next Thursday afternoon.

"The Blacksmith's Daughter," a comedy by Peretz Hirshbein, will be presented at the Yiddish Art Theatre for one performance only next Tuesday night. Maurice Schwartz will play the leading role. Except for this there will be no interruption of "The Tenth Commandment," now being acted there.

AUTHORS' LEAGUE BENEFIT.

Entertainment to Aid Endowment Fund to Be Given at the Roosevelt.

An entertainment in which many of the best known players and writers in New York will take part will be staged by the Authors' League of America at the Hotel Roosevelt on Sunday night to aid its endowment fund. Supper and dancing will follow, the music to be by Ben Bernie's orchestra.

The party is one of several by which the league hopes to raise $100,000 for the care of its helpless and unfortunate members.

Among those scheduled to appear or to be represented on the program are Edna Ferber, Beatrice Fairfax, Ines Hayes Irwin, Alice Duer Miller, Gladys Unger, Rita Weiman, Thyra Samter Winslow, Florence Reed, Neysa McMein, Pauline Lord, Cecile Sorel, Alice Brady, John Van Druten, Percy Ames, June Walker, Donald McDonald, George Abbott, Ruth Hammond, Milt Gross, George McManus, Harry Hershfield, Rube Goldberg, Irvin Cobb, Don Marquis, Rupert Hughes, Will Irwin, Clarence Buddington Kelland, Owen Davis, Tony Sarg, John V. A. Weaver, Jack Donahue, Geoffrey Kerr, George Abbott, R. J. B. Denby, Anne Morrison, A. E. Matthews, Celia Glynn, Harry Kalmar, Bert Ruby, Arthur Richman and Arthur Hornblow Jr.

ELSHUCO TRIO PLAYS.

Please in Music of Proved Vitality in Aeolian Hall.

The Elshuco Trio, William Kroll, violin; William Willeke, 'cello, and Aurelio Giorni, pianist, gave the second concert of its tenth season in New York last night in Aeolian Hall. The program consisted of the Beethoven Trio in B flat; a "sonata à trois" by Jean Baptiste Loeillet, and the Tschaikowsky A minor trio, "In the memory of a great artist." The least familiar music was that of Loeillet. It is rather conventional in the fast movements, but the slow movements, especially the adagio, are very melodious and warm in sentiment.

The performances of the evening were musicianly, although rather routine in their nature. The program, devoted to music of proved vitality and beauty, gave pleasure to a large audience.

Lighthouse Players Act Playlets.

The Lighthouse Players, an amateur group composed entirely of young blind women, presented the first of their series of Winter programs last night at the Lighthouse Little Theatre, 111 East Fifty-ninth Street. The little plays presented were "Mirage," by M. P. Baird; a modern version of "Columbine," by Colin Campbell Clement, and "Tea for Six," by Walton Butterfield.

The players were Rose Resnick, Mabel Heidenger, Mary Bierman, Anna Beach, Margaret Foley, Sara Rae, Lillian Hillman, Hazel Crosby and Ruth Askenas. Among the sponsors for the Lighthouse Players are Billie Burke, Winthrop Ames, Otis Skinner, George M. Cohan and Grant Mitchell.

"La Vestale" Again Applauded.

Spontini's "La Vestale," which is one of the best of the Metropolitan revivals of the last two seasons, was given again last night in the great lyric theatre on Broadway. It enlisted the services of Rosa Ponselle, one of the few sopranos capable of doing justice to the old music; of Mr. Lauri-Volpi as her Roman lover; of Mr. Basiola, who took the place of Mr. de Luca of the original cast, and Messrs. Pinza and d'Angelo in secondary parts. Mr. Serafin, as heretofore, led an admirable performance. The theatre was packed and the opera was received with acclaim.

Reception Today to Mme. Sorel.

Mme. Cecile Sorel of the Comédie Française, who in private life is the Countess de Segur, will be the guest of honor tomorrow at a luncheon and reception to be given at the Hotel Brevoort by the Alliance Française. Welcoming speeches will be made by Paul Duran, President of the alliance; Maxime Mongendre, French Consul General, and Daniel Michonet of Paris, who is here on a lecture tour. After the luncheon Mme. Sorel will recite and there will be music.

Jewish Theatrical Guild to Meet.

An open meeting of the Jewish Theatrical Guild will be held at the Bijou Theatre next Tuesday night at 11 o'clock. Willie and Eugene Howard will be the guests of honor. A brief address will be delivered by James J. Gerard, former United States Ambassador to Germany. There will also be a musical program. William Morris, President of the Guild, will preside.

Reinhardt and Giannini on Way Here.

HAMBURG, Germany, Dec. 3 (AP).—Max Reinhardt, famous theatrical producer, and Dusolina Giannini, Italian-American opera singer, are passengers on board the steamer Deutschland, which sailed today for New York.

SCREEN NOTES.

Jesse L. Lasky, Vice President of Famous Players-Lasky Corporation, yesterday denied the published report that the Paramount Studio in Astoria was to close down. Mr. Lasky said that there was no truth in the report. He said that three pictures were now being produced in the East and that after the holidays the company plans to make other pictures. He said that he could not understand where the rumor originated.

The management of the Fifth Avenue Playhouse decided to end the run of "The Cabinet of Dr. Caligari," and to replace this picture with "The Golem" and "The Pilgrim." These pictures will be on exhibition for one week.

"Potemkin," the Soviet production, will be presented tomorrow evening at the Biltmore Theatre.

James Crude's production, "Old Ironsides," will be offered on Monday evening at the Rivoli for an indefinite run.

The George M. Cohan Theatre will be the scene this afternoon of the opening of the French picturization of Jules Verne's novel, "Michael Strogoff."

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Goldwyn arrived here yesterday from Hollywood. Mr. Goldwyn is the producer of "The Winning of Barbara Worth," a picture which is to be held over for a second week at the Mark Strand.

"Tell It to the Marines," produced with the cooperation of the United States Marine Corps, is to be presented for an indefinite run, on Dec. 23, at the Embassy Theatre.

"Sweet Rosie O'Grady," with Shirley Mason, is the pictorial attraction at the Hippodrome.

Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's picture, "The Fire Brigade," will have its premiere at the Central Theatre on Dec. 16.

The German film version of "Faust," featuring Emil Jannings and directed by F. W. Murnau, producer of "The Last Laugh," is the offering for the Capitol next week.

The screen conception of "Love 'Em and Leave 'Em" is the principal attraction at the Paramount.

MUSIC NOTES.

Pietro Yon will play at 3:30 o'clock tomorrow afternoon on the new Balbiani organ at St. Vincent Ferrer's Church, Lexington Avenue and Sixtieth Street. Assisting in the program are the Dominican Choristers.

The Fortnightly Forum on Sunday night at the Park Lane will hear a discussion of jazz music by Ben Bernie, George Gershwin, H. O. Osgood, Mme. d'Alvarez, Mr. and Mrs. David Mannes, John Erskine, Ernest Hutcheson and Lawrence Tibbett.

Jessie Ward Haywood will be assisted by Herbert Rothwell, tenor, and Roy Underwood, piano, in an evening recital of poems and songs tomorrow at Steinway Hall.

The William Knabe Company is holding an exhibit of twenty pianos in special cases, the work of Italian craftsmen, which will be shipped to American collections or private purchasers.

Today's Radio Program

Dec. 4, 1926. Eastern Standard Time. Wave lengths in meters on left of station title, kilocycles on the right.

OUTSTANDING EVENTS ON THE RADIO TODAY

1:45 P. M.—Foreign Policy Association luncheon—WEAF.
7:30 P. M.—Play, "Phipps"—WEAF.
8:00 P. M.—Musical comedy hits—WEAF.
8:10 P. M.—Boston Symphony Orchestra—WJZ, WRC, WBZ and WGY.
8:15 P. M.—Band concert—KDKA.
9:00 P. M.—Symphony orchestra—WEAF and twelve stations.
10:09 P. M.—Operatic arias—WGN.

NEW YORK.

492—WEAF—610.

6:45-7:00-7:30 A. M.—Tower health exercises.
7:47-8:00 A. M.—Morning prayer services.
12:45-1:45 P. M.—Luncheon orchestra.
1:45 P. M.—Foreign Policy Association luncheon from Hotel Astor; The Question of Philippine Independence," Judge Daniel R. Williams, Dr. Stephen P. Duggan.
4:00 P. M.—Tea music.
5:00 P. M.—Dance orchestra.
5:45 P. M.—Scottie Miller, impersonator.
6:00 P. M.—Dinner music.
7:00 P. M.—Dance orchestra.
7:30 P. M.—'Cello quartet.
7:45 P. M.—"Mildred in Paris," Donald Stuart.
8:00 P. M.—Musical Comedy Hits.
9:00 P. M.—Walter Damrosch and Symphony Orchestra.
10:00 P. M.—Charles Robinson, Celia Branz, duets.
10:15-12:00 P. M.—Dance orchestras.

526—WNYC—570.

6:20 P. M.—Arnold Koning, 'cello.
6:50 P. M.—"Public School Athletics," Commissioner George V. McLaughlin.
7:00 P. M.—Herman Neuman, piano.
7:10 P. M.—"Our Ambulance Service," Dr. I. L. Nascher.
7:30 P. M.—Police alarms.
7:35 P. M.—Richard Oxley, trumpet.
7:50 P. M.—Murray Schulberg, violin.
8:05 P. M.—Richard Weiss, horn.
8:20 P. M.—Frank Ruhf, tenor.
8:50 P. M.—Pearl Miller, soprano.
9:10 P. M.—Emily Avery, piano; Maribel Pratt, soprano; Roger Bird, tenor; Elizabeth Gleason, soprano.
10:10 P. M.—"Old Sourdough," F. H. Chase.
10:20 P. M.—Police alarms; weather.

455—WJZ—660.

1:00 P. M.—Dance orchestra.
2:00-2:05 P. M.—Weather reports.
2:05 P. M.—National Republican Club talk.
4:30 P. M.—Dance orchestra.
5:32 P. M.—Market closing prices.
5:35 P. M.—Financial summary.
5:50-6:00 P. M.—Farm market reports.
7:00-8:00 P. M.—Dance orchestras.
8:00 P. M.—Rebecca Bean, contralto.
8:10 P. M.—Boston Symphony Orchestra.
10:16 P. M.—Rebecca Bean, contralto.
10:30-11:30 P. M.—Dance orchestra.

316—WGBS—950.

10:00 A. M.—Gym class; songs; talk.
1:30 P. M.—Scripture reading; violin.
1:35 P. M.—Luz Gonzales, soprano; H. Noris, violin; N. Ciganeri, piano.
3:00 P. M.—Dance orchestra.
6:00 P. M.—Uncle Geebee.
6:30 P. M.—Dance orchestra;
7:00 P. M.—Mary Sargent, readings.
7:15 P. M.—News.
7:20 P. M.—Melody Maids.
7:45 P. M.—Dance music.
7:55 P. M.—Talk.
9:00 P. M.—Concert Trio.
9:45 P. M.—Mary Browne, soprano.
10:15 P. M.—Talk.
10:30 P. M.—Dance orchestra.

341—WMCA—940.

10:30 A. M.—Market reports.
11:00 A. M.—Grace Horan, piano.
12:30 P. M.—Market reports.
6:00 P. M.—Dance orchestra.
7:15 P. M.—Harmonica duets; talk.
8:00 P. M.—B. Andrews, tenor; S. Goichberg, mandolin; B. Gordon, tenor.
9:00 P. M.—J. Martin, baritone; Mildred Sciano, soprano; B. Day, songs.
10:00 P. M.—Maurice La Vove, baritone.
11:30 P. M.—Al Bert, ukulele.
11:40 P. M.—Dance orchestra.

1178—WRNY—800.

11:00 A. M.—Musical symposium; talks.
11:45 A. M.—Question of the day.
12:15 P. M.—Songs; talk.
12:45 P. M.—Children's party; music.
7:00 P. M.—Sports; financial; weather.
7:15 P. M.—Jack Fuld, songs.
7:30 P. M.—Concert orchestra.
8:00 P. M.—Israel Orphan Asylum program.
9:45 P. M.—Ethel Zimmerman, songs.
10:00 P. M.—Mack and Lennie, songs.
10:15 P. M.—Newkirk and Barth, harmonica, guitar.
10:30-11:30 P. M.—Melody Maids, songs.
11:30 P. M.—Dance orchestra.

275—WPCH—1,100.

10:30 A. M.—Talks.
12:30 P. M.—Dance music.
4:00 P. M.—Children's hour.
4:45 P. M.—Magic talk.
5:00 P. M.—Piano duets.
5:15 P. M.—American Legion news.
5:30 P. M.—String ensemble.
6:15 P. M.—Ethel Zimmerman, songs.
6:30 P. M.—Wallace M. Maffice, baritone.
6:45 P. M.—Ramon and Orlando Ricalde, duets.
6:55 P. M.—Weather; financial news.
7:30 P. M.—Anne Ulrich, soprano.
7:45 P. M.—Bert Dixon, baritone.
8:00 P. M.—"Rambles," Adolphe de Castro.
8:15 P. M.—Madeline Hardy, piano.
8:30 P. M.—Marine Band; soloists; brass quartet.
10:00 P. M.—Readings; songs.
11:00 P. M.-2:00 A. M.—Dance orchestras; soloists.

303—WMSG—990.

6:00 P. M.—Popular songs; talk.
7:15 P. M.—Wyllie Whyte, piano.
7:30 P. M.—Gomhar Schiller, soprano.
7:45 P. M.—Louise Weltman, piano; songs.
8:00 P. M.—Hymen Bensin, violin.
8:15 P. M.—Talk.
8:30 P. M.—Studio recital.
9:00 P. M.—To be announced.
9:00 P. M.—Tito Venturi, tenor.
10:15 P. M.—Ladies' Trio.
10:35 P. M.—Popular songs.

319—WGR, Buffalo—940.

6:45 A. M.—Same as WEAF.
1:00 P. M.—Concert ensemble.
3:30 P. M.—Concert.
8:00 P. M.—Same as WEAF.
10:00 P. M.—Weather forecast.

389—WGN—506.

7:05 P. M.—Fern Sculls piano.
7:15 P. M.—Punch and Judy.
7:35 P. M.—Dinner music.
9:00 P. M.—Same as WEAF.
10:00 P. M.—Grand opera.
11:00 P. M.—Popular songs.
12:00 P. M.-1:20 A. M.—The Music Box.

303—WLIB—990.

8:00 P. M.—Dinner concert.
8:15 P. M.—Million sing; almanac; story.
8:30-9:00 P. M.—Musicale.
12:00 P. M.—Songs; organ; dance music.

238—WOK—1,260.

7:00 P. M.—String ensemble.
9:00 P. M. (217 meters)—Theatre music.
10:30 P. M.-1:00 A. M.—Artist recital.

443—WMAQ—670.

7:00 P. M.—Theatre organ.
7:30 P. M.—Orchestra.
9:00 P. M.—Musicale; pantologue.
9:30 P. M.—Popular songs.

536—KYW—560.

8:00 P. M.—Music; talk.
9:00 P. M.—Musicale.
10:00 P. M.—Classical concert.
1:00 A. M.—Time signals; weather.

226—WIBO—1,330.

7:00-9:00 P. M.—Dinner music.

226—WBBM—1,330.

9:00 P. M.—Orchestra; soloists.
10:30 P. M.—Songs.
11:00 P. M.—Variety musicals.
12:30 A. M.—Dance music.

286—WENR—1,127.

9:00 P. M.-3:00 A. M.—Popular music.

422—WLW, Cincinnati—716.

8:00 P. M.—Sadie Cash.
9:00 P. M.—Dance music.

326—WSAI, Cincinnati—920.

7:45 P. M.—News; sextet.
9:00 P. M.—Same as WEAF.

CHICAGO.

389—WGN—506.

7:05 P. M.—Fern Sculls piano.
7:15 P. M.—Punch and Judy.
7:35 P. M.—Dinner music.
9:00 P. M.—Same as WEAF.
10:00 P. M.—Grand opera.
11:00 P. M.—Popular songs.
12:00 P. M.-1:20 A. M.—The Music Box.

303—WLIB—990.

8:00 P. M.—Dinner concert.
8:15 P. M.—Million sing; almanac; story.
8:30-9:00 P. M.—Musicale.
12:00 P. M.—Songs; organ; dance music.

238—WOK—1,260.

7:00 P. M.—String ensemble.
9:00 P. M. (217 meters)—Theatre music.
10:30 P. M.-1:00 A. M.—Artist recital.

445—WMAQ—670.

7:00 P. M.—Theatre organ.
7:30 P. M.—Orchestra.
9:00 P. M.—Musicale; pantologue.
9:30 P. M.—Popular songs.

536—KYW—560.

8:00 P. M.—Music; talk.
9:00 P. M.—Musicale.
10:00 P. M.—Classical concert.
1:00 A. M.—Time signals; weather.

226—WIBO—1,330.

7:00-9:00 P. M.—Dinner music.

226—WBBM—1,330.

9:00 P. M.—Orchestra; soloists.
10:30 P. M.—Songs.
11:00 P. M.—Variety musicals.
12:30 A. M.—Dance music.

286—WENR—1,127.

9:00 P. M.-3:00 A. M.—Popular music.

345—WLS—870.

6:00 P. M.—Lullaby time; talk.
9:40 P. M.-2:00 A. M.—Barn dance.

370—WEBH—810.

10:00 P. M.—Edgewater Beach Orchestra.
10:45 P. M.—News.
11:00 P. M.—Orchestra.

CANADA.

357—CHIC, Toronto—840.

10:00 P. M.—Orchestra.

335—CNRW, Winnipeg—1,356.

11:00 P. M.—Dance music.

357—CKCL, Toronto—840.

7:00 P. M.—Dinner music.

357—CKNC, Toronto—840.

8:30 P. M.—Orchestra; duets; bridge game.

SOUTH.

400—WHAS, Louisville—1,200.

8:30-10:00 P. M.—Concert; thrift talk; time announced.

285—WSM, Nashville—1,000.

7:45 P. M.—Orchestra; bedtime story.
9:00 P. M.—Popular music.

476—WFAA, Dallas—630.

7:30 P. M.—Dance music; chorus.
12:00 P. M.—Artist recital.

428—WSB, Atlanta—700.

6:00 P. M.—Music program.
9:00 P. M.—Musical artists.
11:45 P. M.—Concert.

476—WBAP, Fort Worth—630.

8:30 P. M.—Sunday school review.
9:00 P. M.—Piano; songs.
10:30 P. M.—Symphony orchestra.

375—KTHS, Hot Springs—800.

10:00 P. M.—Orchestra; entertainer.

400—PWX, Havana—750.

8:00 P. M.—Cuban songs.
10:00 P. M.—Dance music.

357 CZE, Mexico City—840.

10:00 P. M.—Music; weather; lecture.

WEST.

526—KMOX, St. Louis—1,070.

9:00 P. M.—Soloists, Ethel and Junior.
10:00 P. M.—Weather report.
11:00 P. M.—Play.
11:15 P. M.—Dance music.

545—KSD, St. Louis—550.

9:00 P. M.—Same as WEAF.

484—WOC, Davenport, Iowa—620.

8:00 P. M.—Same as WEAF.
10:00 P. M.—Studio musicale.

416—WCCO, Minneapolis-St. Paul—720.

7:15 P. M.—Dinner concert.
8:45 P. M.—Talk.
9:00 P. M.—Same as WEAF.
10:00 P. M.—Musicale.
11:00 P. M.—Market reports; weather.
11:05 P. M.—Dance music.

500—WDAF, Kansas City—850.

7:00 P. M.—School of the Air.
9:00 P. M.—Same as WEAF.
10:00 P. M.—Studio recital.
12:45 A. M.—Nighthawk Frolic.

322—KOA, Denver—830.

12:30 A. M.—Dance music.

405—KHJ, Los Angeles—740.

11:30 P. M.—News; quintet; soloist.
1:00 A. M.—Dance music.

261—KGO, Oakland—830.

11:45 P. M.—Sports talk.
12:00 P. M.—Dance music.

312—WHO, Des Moines—526.

7:00 P. M.—Same as WEAF.
8:00 P. M.—Studio recital.
9:00 P. M.—Musicale.
10:00 P. M.—Same as WEAF.
11:00 P. M.—Dance music.

508—WOO—590.

11:00 A. M.—Grand organ.
11:30 A. M.—Weather; time signals.
12:00 M.—Luncheon music.
4:40 P. M.—Police reports.
4:45 P. M.—Grand organ; trumpets.
7:00 P. M.—Dinner music.
9:55-10:02 P. M.—Time signals; weather.

395—WLIT—760.

12:00 M.—Almanac announcements; organ.
12:30 P. M.—Concert orchestra.
2:00 P. M.—Orchestra.
4:20 P. M.—News.
4:30 P. M.—Artist recital.
7:20 P. M.—Dance orchestra.
7:55 P. M.—Entertainers.

395—WFI—760.

10:15 A. M.—Market reports.
1:00 P. M.—Ensemble.
3:00 P. M.—Male quartet.
3:30 P. M.—Mandolin orchestra.
4:20 P. M.—Talk.
6:30 P. M.—Dance orchestra.
7:00 P. M.—Toy tales.
8:00 P. M.—Talks.
8:15 P. M.—Soprano solos.
9:00 P. M.—Same as WEAF.
10:00 P. M.—Male quartet.
10:30 P. M.—Dance orchestra.

OTHER EASTERN STATIONS.

263—WAAM, Newark—1,140.

6:00 P. M.—Dance Orchestra.
6:30 P. M.—Airlitorial; orchestra.
7:00 P. M.—Bill Fellmeth, sports.
7:15 P. M.—Children's program.
7:35 P. M.—Popular songs.
8:15 P. M.—Playlet.
9:00 P. M.—Entertainers.
10:00 P. M.—Dance Orchestra.

231—WODA, Paterson—767.

12:00 M.—Dance music.
12:20 P. M.—News.
12:30 P. M.—Songs.
12:45 P. M.—Dance music.
3:45 P. M.—String ensemble.
4:30 P. M.—Dance orchestra.
5:30 P. M.—News; talk; music.

387—WFG, Atlantic City—1,060.

7:00 P. M.—News; organ recital.
7:30 P. M.—Dinner music.
8:30 P. M.—Studio program.
9:00 P. M.—Concert.
9:30 P. M.—Concert orchestra.
10:00 P. M.—Studio recital.
10:30 P. M.—Dance music.

275—WHAR, Atlantic City—1,090.

2:30 P. M.—Seaside Trio.
7:00 P. M.—Lecture period.
8:00 P. M.—Seaside Trio.

278—WHAM, Rochester—1,050.

6:30-7:30 P. M.—Dinner music.
7:30 P. M.—Theatre musicale.
8:30 P. M.—Weather; markets.

348—WEEI, Boston—880.

6:45 A. M.—Same as WEAF.
4:00 P. M.—Ruth Clark, piano.
4:15 P. M.—Play.
6:45 P. M.—Venice Orchestra; news.
8:00-10:00 P. M.—Same as WEAF.

430—WNAC, Boston—697.

10:30 A. M.—Women's Club.
1:00 P. M.—News.
1:10 P. M.—Luncheon concert.
1:20 P. M.—Dance orchestra.
1:45 P. M.—Luncheon orchestra.
4:00 P. M.—Dance orchestra.
5:00 P. M.—Tea dance.
6:00 P. M.—The Smilers.
6:30 P. M.—Dinner dance.
7:36 P. M.—Talk.
8:00 P. M.—Concert.
9:00-11:00 P. M.—Dance music.

367—WEAN, Providence—820.

11:00 A. M.—Home Service Club.
11:55 A. M.—Time signals.
12:00 M.—Concert orchestra.
12:10 P. M.—Weather report.
12:15 P. M.—Musicale.
4:00 P. M.—Tea dance music.
4:30 P. M.—Weather report.
6:30 P. M.—Dance orchestra.
7:30 P. M.—Male Quartet.
9:00 P. M.—Concert program.
9:00 P. M.—Dance music.

256—WCSH, Portland—1,170.

10:00 A. M.—Housewives' hour.
11:57 A. M.—Time signals.
12:00 M.—Stocks; weather.
6:00 P. M.—Markets; weather; news.
6:30 P. M.—Children's period.
7:30 P. M.—Sport results.

468—WRC, Washington—640.

6:45-7:45 A. M.—Setting-up exercises.
11:55 A. M.—Time signals.
12:00 M.—Organ recital.
1:00 P. M.—Mayflower Orchestra.
7:00 P. M.—Talk.
7:15 P. M.—Orchestra.
8:05 P. M.—Same as WJZ.
11:00 P. M.—Dance music.

300—KDKA, Pittsburgh—970.

6:15 A. M.—Setting-up exercises.
9:45 A. M.—Market review; news.
11:55 A. M.—Time signals; weather; markets.
6:15 P. M.—Dinner concert; band.
7:15 P. M.—Talk.
8:15 P. M.—Band concert.
9:55 P. M.—Time signals; weather.

461—WCAE, Pittsburgh—850.

6:30 P. M.—Dinner concert; markets.
7:15 P. M.—Sports; police reports.
8:00 P. M.—Music.
9:00 P. M.—Same as WEAF.

389—WTAM, Cleveland—770.

6:15 P. M.—Music.
8:00 P. M.—Orchestra.
9:00 P. M.—Same as WEAF.
10:00 P. M.—Variety musicale.

517—WJR, Detroit—580.

7:00 P. M.—Orchestra; soloists.
9:00 P. M.—Concert.
11:30 P. M.—Jewett Jesters.

286—WREO, Lansing—1,050.

7:00-8:00 P. M.—Dinner music; news; organ
11:00 P. M.-1:30 A. M.—Dance music.

422—WKRC, Cincinnati—710.

10:00 P. M.—Orchestra.
11:00 P. M.—Popular program.
11:15 P. M.—Orchestra.

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RADIO MAN, A. I. R. E., SEVEN YEARS' training, includes retail-wholesale selling, parts, sets production, construction, service, office detail; presently developing sales territory; immediate salary no object; conscientious worker; best references. H 901 Times Downtown.

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GOVERNOR SMITH makes trenchant comment on the editorial policy of The American Hebrew

STATE OF NEW YORK
EXECUTIVE CHAMBER
ALBANY

ALFRED E. SMITH
GOVERNOR

November 15, 1926.

Mr. Bernard Edelhertz,
Publisher, The American Hebrew,
19 West 44th Street,
New York City.

My dear Mr. Edelhertz:

The effort of the American Hebrew to bring about better understanding between Jew and Gentile has interested me greatly. Such a campaign is a distinct contribution towards strengthening the fundamental conception of American Democracy. Underlying that conception is the great principle of the sacredness of every human soul irrespective of his race, creed or origin. This has been the magnet which has attracted men of all races to this land and which has been responsible for the rapid process of American assimilation so that from coast to coast over an expanse of thousands of miles we think and feel as Americans.

Now and then attempts are made to abandon this principle but they are short lived, for the American people are sound at heart and recognize that tolerance, equal opportunities and the judgment of men upon no other basis but their merits and character have been the chief cause of the greatness and development of our blessed land.

I congratulate you, therefore, upon the fundamental work you are doing for the cause of better understanding and wish your publication every success in its noble aims.

Very sincerely yours,

Alfred E. Smith

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and his Harmonica Orchestra
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800 STUDENTS GET PRELATE'S BLESSING

Cardinal Hayes Presides at Annunciation Church Before Mission League.

CADETS ESCORT OF HONOR

Belgian Jesuit in Address Says All Nations Look to America to Support Missions Abroad.

Cardinal Hayes bestowed the apostolic benediction upon eight hundred juniors and seniors of the eight Catholic colleges in the Archdiocese of New York yesterday morning in the Church of the Annunciation, Convent Avenue and 131st Street.

The young women and men in cap and gown marched to the church from the Convent of the Sacred Heart, across the street. The occasion was the first pontifical mass sung under the auspices of the Catholic Students' Foreign Mission League of the Archdiocese. It was the feast day of St. Francis Xavier, the patron of the Society for the Propagation of the Faith, of which the league is an auxiliary.

The Cardinal presided on the throne. At the end of the mass he delivered a short address to the students. The celebrant of the mass was the Right Rev. John J. Dunn, Auxiliary Bishop of the archdiocese and pastor of the Annunciation Church. Bishop Dunn organized the students' league.

The students were from the colleges of New Rochelle, Manhattanville, Good Counsel, Mount St. Vincent, Marymount, Manhattan, Fordham and Cathedral.

An escort of honor to the Cardinal were thirteen officers from the cadet corps of Xavier High School and a like number from the Citadel Military Academy. The entire choir of the Pope Pius X School of Music, trained by the Madames of the Sacred Heart, sang the mass. The sermon was preached by the Rev. Theodore Van der Schueren, a Belgian Jesuit, who has served forty-two years as a missionary in India. He said that there were 267 Belgian Jesuits in India, but that Belgium and the other countries of Europe that carried on this mission work before the war were no longer able to do so. "At the present time the eyes of every mission in the world are turned toward America for help," said the priest.

SIR ALFRED BUTT SAILS.

Did Not Find as Many Good Plays Here as in Previous Years.

Before sailing at 12 o'clock last night on the White Star liner Olympic for Southampton, Sir Alfred Butt, managing director of Drury Lane Theatre, London, and other playhouses and cinemas, said: "I have seen many plays in New York, but, on the whole, do not think that the standard of all around excellence compares favorably with previous years. Perhaps this is because the demand on account of the large number of theatres is too great for the limited supply of authors and and composers—perhaps it is because managers and producers are too apt to follow a formula that has proved a success rather than aim for originality. In any case it is probably only a transitory stage—at least I hope so.

"I have only secured one play and, as regards Drury Lane in London, where "Rose-Marie" continues after twenty-one months to play to capacity, I have not definitely settled upon a successor. I have the right to produce "Song of the Flame" and also an option on two other big musical shows from here. The final choice will depend upon certain negotiations which are still pending.

Sir Alfred was accompanied by Lady Butt.

Arthur Hammerstein was also a passenger on the Olympic to see about putting "Rose-Marie" on in Vienna and looking at rehearsals of the show in Berlin. Incidentally Mr. Hammerstein will see about staging "The Desert Song" in London.

BIDS PHYSICIANS REGISTER.

Secretary of State Board Warns Final Date Is Jan. 1.

Members of the medical profession were reminded yesterday by Dr. Harold Hyppins, Secretary of the State Board of Medical Examiners, that they must register on or before Jan. 1, 1927, under the recently enacted Webb-Loomis law if they are to continue to practice in New York State. According to Dr. Hyppins, 11,000 of the 16,000 physicians in the State have registered up to the present time. Physicians who fail to register by the first of the year will be legally disbarred from practicing medicine.

The law was designed to weed out of the medical profession those physicians who were practicing without licenses. Upon registering each physician pays a fee of $2. Registration blanks are mailed to physicians in New York by the State Department of Education.

AMUNDSEN REVIVES FEUD WITH NOBILE

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

our contract he came over to America as delivered lectures. He was gone for six months, during which time I was in Rome working, getting ready for the flight."

Mr. Ellsworth appeared to be distressed last night at the revival of the old dispute. He revealed that he had sent a telegram of personal greeting to General Nobile on the latter's recent arrival in this country.

Ellsworth Regrets Controversy.

"I have been engaged in so much controversy that I do not want to say anything more, not anything at all," he said. This cablegram is all news to me, and I don't know anything about resigning from the Aero Club. If Amundsen has resigned for me, however, I approve and will stand by his action, as he and I are as one person.

"I have no bone to pick with anybody. I haven't anything against Nobile or anybody else and I'm awfully sorry if any trouble has been stirred up again."

General Nobile did not appear to be greatly concerned with the new turn in the controversy last night. He confirmed Amundsen's statement that he was lecturing in America with the approval of the Aero Club of Norway and exhibited what purported to be an English translation of a letter sent last August by Dr. Thommessen on behalf of the club to Premier Mussolini. Part of the letter said:

"* * * we feel it necessary to express our most sincere thanks to the Royal Italian Government and to the men who by its order participated in the glorious enterprise.

"It may be safely stated that without the ability and experience thus made available for the expedition and without the very liberal support afforded by the Italian Government in different forms it would have been impossible to secure success and accomplish the planned flight.

"Very particularly we desire to express to General Nobile our admiration and our deepest thanks. As the designer and constructor of the dirigible Norge, as the man who devised and made numerous important improvements, as the dirigible commander during the flight, he has acquired such merits as it is difficult to evaluate. His work has surpassed the most optimistic hopes which could be expected from him when he joined the enterprise.

"The direction of the vast aeronautical organization of the flight was chiefly entrusted to him and he carried out this difficult work in every detail, demonstrating the greatest ability and reliability."

The Italian commander quoting from the address to which Mr. Amundsen objected as he says he gave it, offered the following excerpts:

"This last expedition is strictly connected with the previous expedition made last year by Amundsen and Ellsworth. It is known that this attempt failed, but the Norwegian explorers and the brave American did not get discouraged, and they persisted in trying to realize their idea, asking and obtaining our cooperation.

"However, if the truth is to be known, it is fair to state that the first idea of a polar exploration with an Italian airship belongs to us Italians. In fact, in the month of March, 1925, when we were without news of Amundsen and his companions, I was naturally, so to speak, induced to consider the problem of using aerial means in polar explorations."

Discusses Idea of Dirigible.

The lecture then went into General Nobile's reasons for believing dirigibles superior to planes in polar work and continued:

"Thus in the month of May, 1925, I conceived the idea of preparing and effecting an Italian polar expedition with a dirigible."

He worked out plans for the flight from Spitzbergen, over the North Pole to Alaska, he said, and then quoted:

"While this Italian project was ripening, Amundsen asked to meet me. In our interview he explained his idea to use a dirigible to cross the Arctic from Spitzbergen to Alaska. This idea of using an Italian airship to explore the Arctic was therefore conceived by Amundsen independently of me, but after me. In fact, to Italy full credit must be given for the technical organization of the entire flight from Rome to Alaska. It was entirely made through our own initiative and under our responsibility, with the cooperation of the Aero Club of Norway."

In his address, General Nobile went on, he mentioned especially the President of the Aero Club and Major Sverre and Engineer Bryn of the club's directorate for their technical cooperation and the preparation of the bases at Spitzbergen and in Norway. He also expressed appreciation of the financial assistance given by the Aero Club and Lincoln Ellsworth, he said, and mentioned particularly that for a private citizen to offer such great financial help and accompany an expedition of this nature as well was remarkable.

The Norwegian Aero Club figured once before in the Amundsen-Ellsworth-Nobile dispute when it was asserted, and afterward denied by Mr. Ellsworth, that Ellsworth had accused the Aero Club of bad faith and would not write his part of the Aero Club's official history of the expedition if General Nobile were allowed to share in writing the book. Mr. Ellsworth flatly denied having any trouble with the Aero Club and said he would write his share of the volume and did not care whether or what General Nobile wrote.

News of the new dispute followed by only a few hours the decoration of Mr. Ellsworth by the Norwegian Government for his part in the polar undertaking. The Grand Cross of St. Olaf was presented to Mr. Ellsworth yesterday by Consul General Hans Fay at the Norwegian Consulate General at 115 Broad Street.

St. Vincent Ferrer Church—Lex. Ave.-66 St.
YON ORGAN CONCERT on great BALBIANI organ Sunday Tickets $1 Dec. 5 at 3:30 at Rectory

TOWN HALL, THIS AFT. at 3:00 Piano Recital by HAROLD BAUER
Program: Pastorale, Cesar Franck; Suite A Minor, Bach; Fantasie C Major, Mozart; Sonata A Minor, Mozart; Forest Scenes, Op. 82, Schumann; Variations, A Minor, Reyer; Ondine, Ravel; Polonaise Fantasie, Chopin. Seats $1, $1.50, $2 at Box Off. (Mason & Hamlin.) Mgt. Metropolitan Musical Bureau.

MOTION PICTURES.

The Screen's BIGGEST Begins Tomorrow Sunday Matinee at 3
At last—a stupendous picturization of the play they said was TOO BIG even for the screen! Thousands of wild-riding Tartars; the passions and splendors of barbaric ceremonies in natural colors; a city in flames; thrill piled upon thrill! Carl Laemmle presents Ivan Moskine in the Universal Film de France triumph—
JULES VERNE'S
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Geo. M. COHAN B'way, Near 42d Street Twice Daily, 2:30 & 8:30 Sunday Matinee at 3 P. M.
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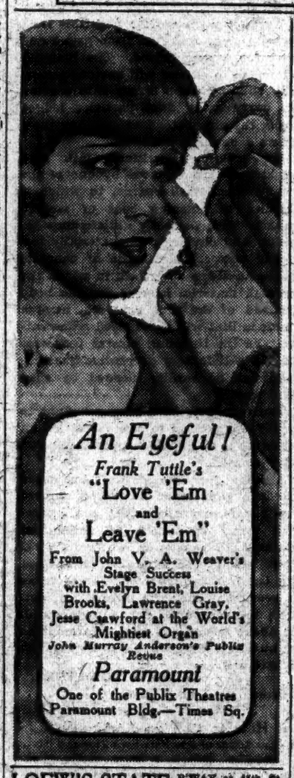

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SAMUEL GOLDWYN'S presentation of the HENRY KING production
The WINNING of BARBARA WORTH
From the Famous Novel by HAROLD BELL WRIGHT.
with RONALD COLMAN VILMA BANKY
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JOHN BARRYMORE in "Don Juan" and VITAPHONE PRESENTATIONS
WARNER Thea., B'way at 52d. MATINEE DAILY at 2:30. 50c, 75c, $1. Sat., Sun., Hol., 50c-$1.50. Evenings 8:30, 50c to $2.00.

PLAZA Mad. Ave. & 59th St. James Oliver Curwood's 'The Country Beyond' with Olive Borden, Ralph Graves, Gertrude Astor.
Young People's Perf. Today, 10:30 A. M. Preview of "ALASKAN ADVENTURE." Tomorrow & Monday "That Model from Paris"

Beau Geste CRITERION B'way & 44. Twice Daily 2:30-8:30

WALLACE BEERY and Raymond Hatton in Paramount's "WE'RE in the NAVY NOW" HOUSE OF HITS RIALTO TIMES SQUARE

CAPITOL B'way & 51st St. TIN HATS with STAR CAST CAPITOL GRAND ORCHESTRA

LOEW'S STATE B'WAY at 45th St. ALL THIS WEEK
GENE TUNNEY IN PERSON and IN ACTION ISANEZ "THE TEMPTRESS"
—In Addition to Regular Program— Gene Tunney will appear 2:12, 4:12, 7:12 and 9:12

D. W. GRIFFITH'S Paramount Productions
SORROWS of SATAN
2:30-8:30 DAILY Cohan Theatre B'WAY at 43 St.

SYD CHAPLIN in "The Better 'Ole" and Vitaphone PRESENTATIONS
S. S. MOSS' COLONY MATINEE DAILY at 1:30. MOSS' Thea., B'way at 53d. 50c, 75c, $1. Sat., Sun., Hol.-$1.50. Evenings 5:30, 75c to $2.00.
LOEW'S LEXINGTON Lex. Ave. at 51st St. IBANEZ' "THE TEMPTRESS" with Greta Garbo, Antonio Moreno.

S. S. MOSS' CAMEO 42 St. & B'way. American Premiere LYA DE PUTTI in Famous French Love Drama "MANON LESCAUT"

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SHUBERT Thea., 44th W. of B'way. Mat. Today & Wed. 2:30. THE REIGNING MUSICAL HIT
COUNTESS MARITZA
BOOTH Thea., 45th W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinee Today & Wed. 2:30. BAINTER—First Love WITH BRUCE MCRAE
44th ST. Thea., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Today & Wed., 2:30. SENSATIONAL MUSICAL SUCCESS KATJA
PRINCESS 39 St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Last 2 Last. Mat. Today, 2:30. Times Luigi Pirandello's Greatest Play Naked with AUGUSTIN DUNCAN & MARGUERITE MISSIRI.
"BROADWAY" BROADHURST, W. 44th. Mats. Sat. & Wed. Matinees Daily Week of Dec. 27.
AMERICAN TRAGEDY Dreiser's Exciting Melodrama Longacre, W. 48 Mts. Today & Wed.
Ambassador Thea., 49th W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. THE ACE OF MUSICAL COMEDIES
QUEEN HIGH With CHARLES BUGGLES, FRANK McINTIRE, LUELLA GEAR & 50 Others.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
Today 2, Painted Alda, Fleischer, Telva, Howard, Tokatyan, Scotti, Tibbett, Bada, Paltrinieri, Didur, Serafin. Tom'w 7:45, Lakmeglin, Rosiglia, Matzenauer (Gauthier), Whitehill, Gustafson, Chamorro, Rodansky, (1st prior) Ruffo, 8:30, Verdi's Requiem, Kemlitz, Alcock; Gigli, Pinza, Mstr. Opera Chorus & Orch., Serafin. Mo. 12, Mats. Turandot (Leeltza, Alcock, Gauthier, Howard, Tokatyan, Ruffo, Bada, Tedesco, Lodhiar, Altglass; Chamorro, Serafin. Wed., 7:45, Walkure, Jeritza, Easton, Matzenauer; Gaucher, Whitehill, Bender, Bodanzky, Thurs., Aidea (Gauthier); Rodiguez, Anthony, Howard; Lauri-Volpi, Rosiglia, Bada, Picco, Didur, Serafin. Fri., 8, Cosi fan tutte, Mott, Alda, Dalmores, Smith, Ruffo Bada, Reinhardt; Serafin, Hasfeld, Shilay, Bourskaya, Pederson, Didur, D'Angelo, Altglass, Serafin. Sat., 2, Forza del Destino, Peralta, Telva, Pinza; Martinelli, Danise, Pinza, Mardones, Setti, Picco, Martinelli, Danise, Pinza, Mardones, Setti, Picco, Sat., 8 (Pop. Pr.), Giaconda, Easton, Gordon, Alcock; Tokatyan, De Luca, Kothier, Picco, Tedesco, Serafin.
NON-SUBSCRIPTION PERFORMANCE; WED., DEC. 8, at 8:00 AIDA $1 to $6. Rothier, Gordon, Lerch; Martinelli, Danise, Martino, Mardones, Serafin.
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC Thea., Tues., at 8:15. Zimbalist, Gluck, Tchaikowsky, Zeller, Bach; Lauritzen, Rosenthal, Kindler, Kochanski, Ludwig, Bodansky, Seats at Academy and Metropolitan. ENABE PIANO USED EXCLUSIVELY.

COSMOPOLITAN Thea., Col. Cir. & 59th. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed.
SOREL with FLORENCE EARLE COAKLEY COMPANY
Today & Tom'w, "MATHIESE DE BOIS" Next Week: Mon., Tues. & Wed. Evs. & Wed. Mat. "La Boule de Suif" (Tallow Ball) & "Le Mariage" (The Wedding). Thurs. Evs. & Sat. Mat. & Fri., "Madame de Bel."
ONLY 2 TIMES MORE! (END OF RECORD RUN TO-NIGHT)
HELEN HAYES in What Every Woman Knows by Sir James M. Barrie's with KENNETH MACKENNA
ELIOT—LAST NIGHT
Final Matinee TODAY.
THEATRE GUILD PRODUCTIONS
GUILD Thea., W. 52d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Tom'w 2:30.
PYGMALION
SIDNEY HOWARD'S COMEDY
NED McCOBB'S DAUGHTER
JOHN GOLDEN Thea., 58th E. of B'way. Circle 6075. Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:30.
Neighborhood Playhouse 466 Grand St. Tonight & Every Eve. (Ex. Mon.) 8:30. Mat. Sat. 2:30.
THE HINDU COMEDY
The Little Clay Cart
BASIL DEAN Presents
FRANCINE LARRIMORE in NOEL COWARD'S Comedy "THIS WAS A MAN"
With A. E. Matthews and Nigel Bruce.
KLAW THEA. 45 St. West. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs.
46TH ST., East of Broadway. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Today & Wed. & Sat. 2:30.
PASSIONATE DRAMA OF THE SEXES
THE SQUALL
With BLANCHE YURKA
PLAYHOUSE 48th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:30.
DAISY MAYME
WALTER HAMPDEN in CAPONSACCHI "His Best since 'Cyrano!'"—Telegram
Hampden's Theatre, 63d St. and B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:15.

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CENTURY THEATRE 62 St. & Cent. Pk. W. LAST MAT. TO-DAY, 2:30

A. H. WOODS PRESENTS
LOWELL SHERMAN in The WOMAN DISPUTED with ANN HARDING
FORREST W. 49th St. Evs. 8:40. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:40. LAST 10 TIMES
FLORENCE REED in The SHANGHAI GESTURE
CHANIN'S 46th ST. Tn., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:40. Mts. Today & Wed., 2:40.

THE LADDER
NOW at the new WALDORF
50 St., E. of Broadway. Mats. Today & Wed.
STILL THE FUNNIEST PLAY IN TOWN
LOOSE ANKLES
GARRICK 65 W. 35th St. Evs. 8:40. Mats. TODAY & THURS., 2:40.
Yiddish Art Thea., 2d Av. & 12th St. Sun. 7:30. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Today, Tom'w & 7:30. Maurice Schwartz's production of THE TENTH COMMANDMENT
49TH ST. Thea., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Today & Wed., 2:30.
WM. HODGE in his great laugh hit The JUDGE'S HUSBAND
"SEED OF THE BRUTE" with ROBERT AMES
COMEDY 41st St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY & THURS., 2:30.

NOW ELTINGE Thea., W. 42 St. Evs. 8:30. AT Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. "PERFECTLY IRRESISTIBLE"—American.
"WE AMERICANS"
SELWYN Th., TOMORROW NIGHT at 8:30. Also Sat'y Mat.—Seats a Week Ahead.
RUTH DRAPER in her Amazing CHARACTER SKETCHES. No better Sunday Night Entertainment in Town.
LAST TWO TIMES
"TURANDOT"
PROVINCETOWN PLAYHOUSE 133 MACDOUGAL ST. MATINEE TO-DAY.
William Fox Presents THE MOTION PICTURE
WHAT PRICE GLORY
SAM H. HARRIS Theatre, 42 St., W. of B'way. TWICE DAILY 2:30—8:30. Sun. Mat. at 3. All Seats Reserved.

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BARRYMORE Matinees TO-DAY and WED. 2:15. in The Constant Wife by W. Somerset Maugham.
PLYMOUTH Tr., W. 45th St. MONDAY Evening, WINTHROP AMES' GILBERT AND SULLIVAN OPERA COMPANY
Mon., Tues., Wed., Fri., Sat. Evs. & Thursday & Saturday Matinees at 2:15.
The PIRATES of PENZANCE
Thursday Evening IOLANTHE
VANDERBILT 48 St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Last Mat. TO-DAY, 2:30. LAST 4 PERFORMANCES
THE GIRL FRIEND EVA PUCK & SAM WHITE
BAYES Thea., 44 St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Last Week. MATINEE TODAY, 2:30.
"Gertie"
"A satirical kick in the pants."—Telegraph.
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BELMONT Thea., 48th, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Today & Thurs., 2:30.
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Casino Thea. 39 St. & B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:30.
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"UP THE LINE" The Record Price Play with Winona Johns & Louis Calhern
SHUBERT-RIVIERA 97th St. & B'way. Mat. Today.
MARJORIE RAMBEAU in JUST IS ZAT SO? Next Week The Comedy Sensation. Sunday Concerts 2 to 5:30 and 7 to 11
2 GIRLS WANTED LITTLE THEATRE 44 St. W. of B'way. NOW Evs. 8:30. Mts. TO-DAY & WED., 2:30.
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LOOSE ENDS with DION TITHERADGE, VIOLET HEMING, MOLLY HERN.
RITZ Theatre West 48th St. Evs. 8:30. Matinee TO-DAY, 2:30.
NATIONAL 7th, 41 St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TO-DAY & Wed., 2:30. GEORGE M. COHAN presents
The Thrilling Hit Yellow! Week of Holiday Performances
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THE MUSICAL COMEDY SENSATION
CASTLES IN THE AIR
Singing and dancing chorus of 100 people. CENTURY THEA., DEC. MON., DEC. 6
OH, KAY! Imperial W. 45 St. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Today, Wed., 2:30
Musical Comedy Hit
Gertrude Lawrence Oscar Shaw Victor Moore
LILLIAN GISH in The SCARLET LETTER
CENTRAL BROADWAY & 47TH ST. TWICE DAILY, 2:15-8:15
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Dir. A. L. Erlanger GAIETY B'way, 46 St. Evs. 8:40. Mats. Today & Wed.
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DAVID BELASCO presents Lily Sue
WILLARD MACK—BETH MERRILL
EMBASSY BROADWAY AT 46 ST.
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4th BIG MONTH OF THE COMEDY HIT
THE LITTLE SPITFIRE
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The WILD ROSE
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The Donovan Affair
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EMPIRE Theatre, B'way, 40 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
THE CAPTIVE Edward Knoblock's World Triumph
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"Miss Brady has given herself to a fine undertaking. 'The Witch' is one of the most imaginative plays in the modern theatre, magnificently seen, rich in texture like an Elisabethan tragedy, tender and compelling. Its canvas is vast, its dramatic movement superb; the emotional range of it is tremendous."—STARK YOUNG in The New Republic.
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Sup. and Hol. Mats. at 2. All Mats. except Sat. & Hol. 50c and $1.00
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2d Month of the Comedy Hit THEY ALL WANT SOMETHING with WILLIAM TILDEN
PHILIP GOODMAN'S Musical Hit!
CLARK & McCULLOUGH in THE RAMBLERS with MARIE SAXON and a remarkable cast.
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GLOBE THEATRE TOMORROW AT 1:30 P. M.

The Roosevelt Recitals (Last Concert) Hotel Roosevelt, This Afternoon, at 5:30. MARGUERITE D'ALVAREZ (Contralto)
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In a recital which will include a group of Mr. Gershwin's own song hits.
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"All the News That's Fit to Print"

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ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President.
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SATURDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1926.

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REPUBLICAN PEACE AT ANY PRICE.

The war of North Dakota upon the White House has been short, sharp and decisive. Senator NYE emerged from his interview with the President all adrip with the spoils of victory—particularly the spoils of office. He needs all the Federal jobs that are going in his State. The Republicans desperately need his vote in the Senate. Both get what they want, and the President undertakes to let the North Dakota Senators have full sway in the matter of appointments, as becomes Republicans in good and regular standing. The unfortunate gentleman out in North Dakota who thought that Mr. COOLIDGE had appointed him United States Marshal is to be informed that it was all a "clerical error," and that his only hope now, as a faithful lieutenant of the President's North Dakota lieutenant, is some day to be provided somewhere with an office "equally as good."

This appears to be about the end of the attempt to discipline the irregular and insubordinate Republicans in the Senate. When their votes become absolutely necessary, the necessary offices for them will be forthcoming. The old doctrine used to be, "first pure, then peaceable"; but when Republican peace must be had, the price of Republican purity is none too high to pay for it. Incidentally, Senator NYE has done valiantly not only in forcing the President to retreat, but in vindicating and heightening that precious thing in our Government, "Senatorial privilege." If the Presidential privilege is clipped in the process, why trouble about that? Under our system as developed, the President must somehow manage to get along with the Senate. The easiest way to do it is to allow the Senate to dictate all the important appointments to office. This is another thing which Mr. COOLIDGE, in his careful observance of the division of powers laid down in the Constitution, seems willing to turn over to the "wisdom" of the Senate.

THE ODDS AGAINST SOCIETY.

In Missouri, as everywhere else in the United States, "justice," ironically so styled, protects the dangerous criminal against the public. Into the general causes of the feeble administration of criminal law we need not enter, nor into the special effort which Missouri is about to make, if her next Legislature is tractable, to revise what The Kansas City Star calls her "antiquated, bandit-coddling criminal code." We content ourselves with printing the odds against punishment in two Missouri cities, as given by Judge HENNINGS of St. Louis, President of the Missouri Association of Criminal Justice, whose investigations have brought about the proposed radical changes in the code:

According to the records in St. Louis, the chances for one committing murder or manslaughter are 6 to 1 against any punishment, and in Kansas City 11 to 1. One committing a robbery knows that the chances are 24½ to 1 in St. Louis and in Kansas City 28 to 1 that he will not be convicted; and in cases of burglary the chances in St. Louis of getting away are 25 to 1 and in Kansas City 50 to 1; and after he is convicted there is a good chance of not serving out his sentence.

It is hard for a criminal to break into jail. Even if he succeeds, he can hardly stay long enough to get acquainted. Of the inmates—perhaps it would be more correct to call them transients—of the State penitentiary, 57 per cent. are "doing" a little "time" for robbery. The average length of their sentences is five years; of their actual punishment, eleven months. First offenders or "repeaters," they are driven out automatically if they have the forethought to obey the rules. Murder is an 11 to 1 "shot"; robbery a 28 to 1 "shot"; burglary a 50 to 1 "shot"! What criminal, with even the thinnest sort of sporting blood, wouldn't leap at the offer of such odds? Why is he called an "enemy of society"? Society is his best friend. It directly encourages him. It cannot bear to see him suffer. It prefers to suffer itself. We commend these instructive bookmaker's odds to the millions of Americans who pat their comfortable stomachs and tell Europe how to behave and where she can find an example of all the virtues.

A FAMOUS TRIAL.

Now that the celebrated case in New Jersey has ended with the expected verdict of acquittal, a word may be said about its conduct, as also about the course of the press in giving up so much space to a record of it day after day. The chief motive of the newspapers was to help, if possible, in clearing up a baffling mystery. The court proceedings were minutely printed, not because the details were scandalous or salacious, but because of the wide and urgent appeal to human curiosity and intelligence which so extraordinary a crime, so long and so unaccountably unsolved, necessarily makes. When a crime is a deep mystery, it deserves more attention than when it is merely revolting.

In this particular murder, the possible motives were so many, the perpetrators might have been among so many suspected persons, the efforts of the officers of justice were so thwarted in running down the real criminal, that the public came to have an absorbing interest in every aspect of the trial. Lawyers have been reading the printed evidence, page after page, and have been discussing it with keen professional comments. Students of morbid psychology have found in the reports ample material inviting their scrutiny. The general reader has not found the prolonged account wanting in human interest. The crime would not have been treated at such length had it not been mysterious in its commission and in its consequences, and so fair warrant for the exercise of the best minds that could be brought to bear upon its solution.

Opinions will differ on the question whether this prosecution was wise; whether the Grand Jury should have indicted the accused persons on evidence which the trial jury found wholly inadequate; whether the cost to the county was not far greater than the result would justify. But in regard to one aspect of the case there can be little disagreement. The lawyers for the defense did the best thing possible for their clients in waiving privilege and putting them on the stand to be subjected to severe cross-examination. The probability is that even without this the jury would not have convicted the accused. Their lawyers might have rested their case on the wholly unconvincing evidence adduced by the prosecution. But it was well that the persons charged with the murder should have been made witnesses in their own behalf, so that it could never hereafter be said that they did not dare go on the stand, or that if they had testified, and been searchingly cross-examined, the truth would have come out. The original mystery remains unfathomed, but at least one large area of suspicion has had the light let in upon it, and we now know that the real murderers could not be proved to have been lurking there.

RAILROAD MEN AND GARMENT WORKERS.

Two labor stories of importance stand side by side in the day's news. They supply chronicle and commentary on the rival methods of reason and war in industry. A board of arbitration acting under the new Railroad law awards an increase of $15,000,000 to the conductors and trainmen on Eastern railroads, equivalent to a 7½ per cent. rise in wages. The decision is rendered by a vote of 4 to 2, the representatives of the public joining with the representatives of the brotherhoods. Hearings, study of testimony, framing of decision and publication of the report, on a matter affecting nearly 90,000 workers and involving the complicated business of freight rates and wage schedules, are completed within five weeks. The verdict is acquiesced in by both sides. That is one story.

Simultaneously, a mass meeting of garment workers in New York City bitterly denounces the motives and the methods of a leadership which precipitated 30,000 workers into an unnecessary strike, protracted over five months, involving the loss of millions of dollars in wages and terminating in an admittedly disastrous defeat. This is the characterization of the cloakmakers' strike by the President of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union. The conflict was planned and let loose by the Left Wing element in the local unions. In part it was an attempt to capture the garment workers' organization for the Communist philosophy. In part it was the Communist strategy of fomenting "class consciousness" by conducting class wars. War within the garment workers' organization is on, and may yet end in disruption of the union.

Such an outcome would be all the greater pity because of the long years it took the unions and the garment industry to escape from chronic conflict and chaos. The principle of arbitration, and beyond that, of cooperation for the promotion of peace and the welfare of the industry, seemed to be well established. An elaborate system of "joint control," of continuous conference and conciliation, had been built up. A noteworthy advance had been made toward that partnership in industry which underlies the surest thought among both employers and workers. All this was wrecked in an attempt to adapt the book theories of Moscow to labor conditions in the United States.

A MILLION DOLLARS FOR THE PARK.

It is to be hoped that Mayor WALKER will act favorably on the recommendation of the Central Park Association that the city provide a fund of $1,000,000 for the immediate restoration of Central Park. The need is apparent. As the Olmsted brothers indicated in their careful report last Summer, it will be necessary to carry out extensive labors of reclamation if the park is to be saved from further decay. The longer the delay in beginning the work, the greater will be the ultimate expense.

This sum of a million should be, in the opinion of the association, in addition to increased funds for maintenance. There is what might be termed a major operation to be performed. This involves tree surgery, soil improvement and the installation of adequate watering facilities. The cost should be charged to capital expenses. But a greater operating fund is also needed. Commissioner GALLATIN has on occasion pointed out how limited is the personnel at his service for the upkeep of the parks. Not only does he not have enough men to do the ordinary gardening, but he is handicapped by the lack of sufficient park police to help prevent the despoilers and check the litterers.

The Central Park Association has also asked the Mayor to authorize the transfer of the unused lower reservoir to the Department of Parks. There is still difference of opinion how this area ought to be used, but there seems to be no valid objection against the transfer. Compared to the necessity of providing for the restoration of the existing park areas, this is but a secondary matter. The cost of remodeling the reservoir is sure to be great. It hardly seems worth while to spend money on this project at a time when the rest of the park is in such urgent need of funds. The million dollars which the Central Park Association suggests will not do more than begin the work of restoration. It is easy enough to allow trees to become sick, but quite another matter to cure them. Whatever the amount of money which the city finally decides to give, the work will take long. The sooner a start is made, the better.

REAL ESTATE BONDS.

Investors and bond houses alike will welcome the plan of the American Construction Council to undertake a national survey of the real estate bond business. It has grown to huge proportions. The National Association of Real Estate Boards reported that its members sold nearly $1,500,000,000 worth of real estate mortgages and bonds between 1900 and 1923. This is merely the beginning of the story. It is only during the last few years that financing of skyscrapers has become the vogue. Experts estimate that the volume of real estate bond offerings has doubled in the past three years.

This rapid expansion has brought in its wake abuses. Inflated appraisal is perhaps the worst of them. S. W. STRAUS put the case frankly enough in a recent address before the Construction Council: "The demand for independent appraisals on the part of investors has led to the use of incompetent or irresponsible appraisers by irresponsible underwriting houses anxious to make use of the independent appraisal as a selling device." The older and more conservatively managed houses, mostly organized from the lending end, are free from such practices, which constitute something of a threat to the good repute of a form of investment second to none in soundness and security.

While there may be minor criticism of the personnel of the committee which is to conduct the survey, it is in the main composed of men who know their business and are sincerely anxious to bring about effective reform. The naming of FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT as Chairman is itself a guarantee that those behind the move mean business. The committee will look into such matters as the formation of a national organization of those interested in marketing real estate bonds, the drafting of a code of ethics and the adoption of uniform practice with regard to appraisals. The committee is specially enjoined to cooperate with the securities commissioners of the various States. In New York Attorney General OTTINGER has been looking carefully into the whole situation with a view to adequate regulation. He has intimated that he would be glad to see a bit of house-cleaning done. "It is time for closer organization of the bond houses themselves for purposes of mutual cooperation and for legislative regulation and standardization of their business methods," says KEITH WINTER, Deputy Attorney General in the current issue of Building Investment and Management, which has been conducting a symposium on the subject.

OUR DEAD IN FRANCE.

Those who have sons or brothers lying in the "white-shadowed" fields of France will read with grateful feelings the report of the National Commission on Fine Arts about the American cemeteries and battle monuments. Others will take patriotic satisfaction in knowing that these cemeteries will, when completed, present a "modest, dignified and beautiful appearance quite in keeping with the national sentiment of respect and reverence for the memory of the dead." While the areas originally suggested by the commission were in certain instances curtailed by the War Department, an organization chartered by Congress has bought the additional land included in the original recommendation. The Secretary of War who approved the restrictions was one of the largest contributors to the purchase. Ultimately the entire area should be brought under Government control.

These cemeteries and monuments the commission speaks of as "the most enduring and most appealing monuments of the great war." There is only one American grave there for every one hundred graves of other nations, but ours are not neglected and will be given such care, even when all their nearest of kin have gone, as the graves of their comrades who have been brought to military cemeteries at home.

Those whose dead lie in France will also be grateful for Mrs. CASPAR WHITNEY'S description of two of these cemeteries, contained in a letter to THE TIMES two months and more ago:

> We got to our cemetery at Belleau Wood just before sundown, and the beauty of the scene remains unforgettable. Our men rest on a hillside, in a beautifully kept cemetery, all green and white—green lawns and white crosses; no color otherwise, save the flag flying high above. It is majestic in its simplicity. Encircling it on three sides were fields of newly cut hay stacked in small haycocks, yellow and gold, across which the long shadows of the late afternoon fell, adding to the deep tranquillity. Above, Belleau Wood, dark, solitary, mysterious, seemed to stand guard over the sleep of our men. Not a soul was in sight, not a roof to be seen, save that of the keeper of the cemetery. Here reigned the peace of God, and here one felt that God is good, and out of the sorrow and pain of the great war will come, in His own good time and way, good. Only we mustn't forget.
>
> Montfaucon, the other cemetery we visited, is equally beautiful; and here we saw the loveliest lily pond I have ever seen anywhere. I am sure that mothers and fathers, could they see where their sons lie, would feel less unhappy at having them sleep in foreign soil. Here always will the graves be cared for; never will they be neglected or disheveled, whereas I fear that many a grave at home will all too soon be neglected and forgotten.

One might add the words of PERICLES over the Athenian dead to their parents: that they may be called fortunate to whose lot has fallen such "an honorable grief," as to those whose dead have become a nation's care in a foreign land.

NEW JERSEY BLUE LAWS.

Why should the "Sunday Blue Laws" of New Jersey be known as "the vice and immorality act"? The latter name was given to them in a report of a meeting at the State House in Trenton on Wednesday. Senator WILSON of Passaic County presided. The conservatives, or non-repealers, outnumbered the liberals, who would have dead-letter Sunday laws removed from the statute book. Arguments of strict Sabbath observers were applauded with "Amens!" which "made the hearing," says the reporter, "sound more like a prayer meeting than a legislative proceeding." There was "bickering almost from the outset." Hisses were heard from the standpatters when a view not to their liking was advanced. Why consolidated blue laws were to some understandings the same thing as a vice and immorality act was made clear by the judgment of an Asbury Park clergyman that Sunday bathing for amusement is a sin. As the meeting went on, "demonstrations against modification were frequent."

The Rev. Dr. ESTORNELLS of Camden could not have pleased such an assemblage, since he declared that the blue laws made hypocrites of citizens of the State, and that their purpose was to compel attendance at church, in which they manifestly failed:

> Golfing, motoring, dancing in private homes, motion pictures, baseball and other recreations are violations of laws, yet one sees no effort to enforce them. . . . We do not want prohibition, but sensible and reasonable regulation, having regard to the rights and privileges of those who wish to go to church and those otherwise inclined.

Some distasteful logic was contributed by the Rev. C. S. LONGACRE of Washington. He is a Seventh Day Adventist, and recalled that there is no agreement as to which day should be observed as the Sabbath. He praised the California law, which provides for a day of rest, but places no restrictions upon its observance. A strict constructionist declared that New Jersey did not want to take its morals from California. Mr. LONGACRE rejoined that if it was moral to do a thing one day it should be legal to do it any day. Whereupon he was ordered by a conservative to "sit down!" Speaker CHANDLESS of the Assembly submitted that at least the churches had a right to undisturbed worship. Showing how opinions may depend upon the point of view, the Rev. F. W. JOHNSON of Newark triumphantly called attention to the many unsuccessful attempts in the past to loosen the blue laws, while Director of Public Safety LA BARRE of Trenton intimated that no strenuous attempt was made because they were dead-letter laws for the most part, except in Ocean Grove, where to bathe on Sunday used to be sinful. Uniform enforcement, he said, would result in an overwhelming demand for repeal.

The meeting ended with everybody of the same opinion still. The sensible course would be to begin repealing the blue laws, taking the admittedly unenforceable first, but always protecting the right of undisturbed worship. Everybody is for a quiet Sunday on his own street.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

The "Far Too Common Cold."

In England, too, the medical faculty is put on its defense for having no quick and certain cure for the common cold. It is a complaint so universal and disagreeable that everybody is asking for a preventive or a remedy. But the doctors, at least when they are frank, admit that they do not know either. This is virtually the confession of Professor LEONARD HILL, a high British authority upon "colds and catarrhs," in a lecture recently given at Gresham College.

The great trouble is that the infecting bacillus may well be named Legion, as there are so many of him. That is one difficulty about the inoculation cure. You may have exactly the right serum for one bacillus, while it is really another that is doing the mischief. Hence it happens that inoculation sometimes appears to be highly efficacious, but more often fails sadly.

Professor HILL came out strongly on the side of prevention. The thing to do is to fortify your body impregnably in defense against the invaden. Once he breaks through your lines at any point, however, you are lost, and then there is nothing to do but let your affliction "run its course." There are various measures of relief, but apparently only time and nature can effect the cure.

We all know the things that we are told we ought to do when we have a bad cold, but we also know how impossible it is for most of us to do them. Keeping your feet warm, your head cool, or making sure always to breathe clean air, pure air, having a wholesome diet and taking outdoor exercise would be all very well if one had not to keep on working and living in ordinary conditions. If the common cold were more acutely disabling, probably its victims would more wisely surrender to it, and perhaps the doctors would find out something better to do about it. As it is, it seems destined to go on as one of the little miseries of life which we complain about, but can do little or nothing to get rid of.

College Men Need Not Apply.

For many Summers the boy has stood on the burning deck of transatlantic liners. He is a college boy. Cherbourg and Southampton lie close beside and the boy is eager to be off for Montmartre and Piccadilly. He has enlisted as deckhand, elevator runner, potato peeler, bath and boot steward, jazz orchestra contributor—but only for the duration of the voyage. In former years he used to go across as nursemaid to a cargo of Texas steers.

Now the Shipping Board has put its foot down. Experience has shown, it says, that the practice of engaging collegiate tourists as deckhands has served to demoralise the permanent force and interfered with the policy of building up American crews for our merchant marine. Young men willing to make the sea their permanent livelihood have been deprived of the opportunity by college amateurs who are here today and in the Place Pigalle tomorrow.

Just how the new rule is to be enforced is not stated. Perhaps the applicant must fill out an application deposing under oath that he is not candidate for the degree of A. B. or B. Sc. in any recognised college. The result will be a heavy strain on the moral fibre of the undergraduate.

The Science of Nursing.

Doctoring and nursing, the latter particularly, have acquired great dignity of late years. A doctor, of course, was always an important member of a community, especially when he combined the attributes of priest and healer. Something of the old union of physical and mental medicine man in one person is found again in our modern psychiatrist, and his assistant, the nurse, shares to a large extent his knowledge, experience and position.

The appointment of Miss EFFIE J. TAYLOR as Professor of Psychiatric Nursing at the Yale School of Nursing emphasizes the high esteem in which the profession is held by scientists as well as by the public. The old-fashioned rule-of-thumb methods have gone into the discard. Understanding of the causes and treatment of mental diseases has reached a point that makes a two or three years' training period necessary for prospective nurses. Yale has abandoned the old apprenticeship method of training, and concentrates on an intensive educational system.

One would like to know what that excellent old nurse, Mrs. Sairey Gamp, would have said to a professorship of nursing. Her husky voice and moist eye would doubtless have been rougher and wetter than ever as she uttered her disapproval. And if necessary she would have reinforced her opinions by liberal quotation from her authoritative friend, Mrs. Harris.

These Indians Like Florida.

In expressing a desire to become citizens of the United States the Seminole Indians ask that they be not removed from Florida. Presumably the plea is superfluous, for once granted citizenship it is difficult to see how the Government could forcibly transfer them.

It is made, however, because there justly rankles in the memory of the Seminoles the unwarranted and unpardonable breach of faith of the Federal Government with the Indians of Georgia, ninety years ago. They had been promised their lands, which it had been stipulated should not be taken from them. But the State of Georgia wanted the land for its white settlers, so it forced the Indians out. The Government gave them what it termed "just compensation," but the Indians neither forgot nor forgave this broken promise.

The Seminoles, now few in number, inhabit a portion of the Everglades of Florida. They have intermarried with whites and blacks, and although still isolated from both races have not profited from contact with them. For the last eighty years they have lived in virtual independence, with a truce between themselves and the United States Government.

CATHOLICS AND SCHOOLS.

Their Action Helped Atlanta to Keep City Institutions Open.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The editorial "Smith and the Schools," in THE TIMES of Nov. 28, deals very effectively with the attitude of Governor Smith toward the public schools of New York State, showing conclusively, to use your own words, that he "has done more to help and develop the free public schools of the State of New York than any predecessor in office."

Transferring our attention from New York to Georgia, we find there also within the past few weeks Catholics showing further proof of patriotism in giving voluntary and practical financial support to the public school. The letter which gave rise to your editorial, strangely enough, came from a reader in Atlanta, Ga., who feels that Governor Smith may be opposed because, your correspondent alleges, "he belongs to a church which has never been hearty in support of the nonsectarian, public, free school." Let your correspondent from Atlanta turn to his own city, and see if he can harmonize this characterization with what has happened there during the past month, the public schools being open at the moment largely owing to the interest and effort of a Catholic.

Toward the end of October the sixty public schools in Atlanta were about to close, the city's financial condition making it impossible to pay the 1,200 teachers employed. The city banks refused to lend money for the purpose, owing to the bad condition of the city finances. A Catholic, J. J. Spalding, stepped into the breach, and evolved a plan by which some fifty citizens, including four Catholics, would be responsible for a loan of $5[illegible]000 from the banks, this to be used in loans to the teachers in return for assignment of their salaries when the city is able to pay them. Mr. Spalding drew up the warrants and certificates of service, which the banks agreed to accept. Three years ago a similar condition existed regarding the public schools, when Catholics, who only constitute about 2 per cent. of the city's population, underwrote 15 per cent., or $50,000, of a loan necessary to keep the schools open.

This ought effectively to dispose of the assumption that Catholics are antagonistic to the public school. Catholics everywhere pay taxes for the support of public education, in addition to providing educational facilities in their own schools. Further, Catholic schools are a distinct financial contribution to their communities. For example, in Atlanta the Catholic schools, estimating on a Government figure of $40 a year for each child, save the city $36,000 a year, and an investment of $200,000, based on the Government estimate of an investment of $12,000 for every fifty children.

PATRICK J. WARD.
Washington, D. C., Dec. 1, 1926.

Our Interest in the Philippines.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In view of the awe and excitement over the political machinations of Soviet Russia, the land laws of Mexico, and the onward march of crime, all of which are attached as denying or violating "liberty, right, justice," &c., it is of interest to read the letter of Lloyd M. Crosgrave in THE TIMES today.

At the beginning of the fourth paragraph, Mr. Crosgrave's letter speaks for the United States as follows:

> "Let us try to be frank as we read Colonel Thompson's report. . . . Let us admit that intelligent self-interest is our chief ideal. . . . "
>
> Isn't that what the gunman says when he robs another man's purse to fill his own? Isn't this what the Southern slave-holders said in objection to Lincoln's effort to perfect Uncle Sam's title to the name of a "free nation"?

Mr. Crosgrave's letter concludes: "Let us hope, however, that the Filipinos will realize that they are a weak people dealing with a strong people and that their intelligent self-interest lies in making the best terms possible."

Is it a question of right or a question of strength? DANIEL J. DOWNING.
Brooklyn, Dec. 2, 1926.

ASTOLAT.

When valor's burnished cymbals
browned with rust
And the bright wine of flattery grew
flat,
When no stanch shield could stave the
inner thrust,
He sighed, "I shall go back to Astolat!"

Remembering cool hands upon his
brow,
Remembering calm lips upon his
hair—
That childish kiss, which had outlived, somehow,
The flaming, dooming lips of Guinevere.

The gardens had not changed since he
had gone—
Thyme, lupin, gillyflower, while the
brake
Was sweet with roses and a martial
swan
Pecked its own image in the placid
lake.

Astolat was as Astolat had been,
Only one lily missing . . . and yet
that
Made it become a place unknown,
unseen,
For man may not go *back* to Astolat.

JOHN HANLON.

CUTTING BUILDING COSTS.

Two Methods Suggested for Reducing Construction and Repair Bills.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I read with interest the article by Mildred Adams entitled "Machine-Made House Sought by Builders."

Although not a builder, I am connected with one of the large title companies which loans millions of dollars yearly on real estate operations and have come to know some of the deficiencies and the costliness of modern building operations. In my travels I recently came across two methods quite unrelated, but which, combined and applied to building operations, would, I believe, reduce building costs very materially, lengthen the life of the building itself, and cut repairs and upkeep; and I am taking the liberty of briefly describing them in this letter.

Both methods referred to have long since passed the experimental stage, and one is in quite extensive use today—as a curative rather than as a preventive measure.

The first comprises a complete patented system of building construction, applicable primarily to small or low buildings, but which can readily be applied to structures of any height in the form of partition and curtain walls. This system was perfected about fifteen years ago, passed all the tests of the Building Department and its use, I am told, is sanctioned by the Building Code of New York City.

The system consists essentially of two parallel rows of an inch or so thick, factory made, reinforced concrete slabs with a two-inch or more air space between, the reinforcing being so designed that, as the slabs are set up, they automatically lock together, or are fastened by bolts, into a perfectly rigid and practically finished wall, at great saving in labor cost.

The man from whom I obtained my information of this system stated that at the time the Woolworth Building was being erected he was prepared to take a contract for all the partition work in that building at a figure approximately one-half of that actually paid for it. The only deterrent was his inability to come to terms with the patentee, who was one of those "impossible inventors." I had occasion to look up the patent and found that it will expire in a few months.

The other method has to do with rendering walls, both under and above ground, permanently waterproof. This is accomplished by the application to the outer and inner face of the wall of a liquid preparation which imparts to the wall material the property of repelling water, not by filling the interstices with a chemical deposit or with a wax, but by imparting the property of greatly increasing the surface tension of the drops of water coming in contact with it.

For example, a very porous brick through which the breath can be readily blown will absorb water like a sponge. Treat one-half of the brick with the fluid and dry it. The untreated half will absorb water as before, but from the treated half drops of water will roll off like so many drops of mercury with no penetration and with no apparent diminution of porosity.

There is no need of inside furring and lathing on outside brick walls, as a single coat of finishing plaster, to which some of the fluid has been added, will positively prevent water from coming through even if the outside or exposed surface has not been treated.

Exterior walls treated with this fluid remain clean and free from grime and dirt for a long period. The inability of water to adhere will obviously keep the building clean, every rain serving to carry away dust particles lodged from the air, instead of carrying them in as a permanent deposit.

On interior partitions lath and plaster can be replaced by one of the many cheap wall boards, to which is applied a finishing coat of treated plaster with perfectly satisfactory results, and obviously at materially lessened cost. Walls made of concrete slabs as above described, in which the treated material is used for the body instead of ordinary concrete, have a surface that will never need redecorating, as the finishing plaster possesses highly satisfactory decorative qualities and can be readily cleaned by soap and water.

Builders have been very reluctant to apply this process to new work, though the cost is negligible compared to benefits secured.

I know of two hardly completed modern skyscraper structures rushed up almost overnight that are suffering many thousands of dollars of damage by reason of water penetration, which could have been forestalled by the treatment above referred to as a preventive measure at nominal cost. One of these buildings, I understand, is about to undergo such treatment as a curative measure at a very much larger cost.

RALPH S. VOORHEES.
Brooklyn, Dec. 2, 1926.

How to Call an Ambulance.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The other day, in a letter to the newspapers, some one suggested that policemen be authorized to call a taxi and drive to the nearest hospital in order to secure first aid for emergency patients.

This is an excellent suggestion in emergencies where minutes count. The important thing, however, is to inform the public how to secure an ambulance in such emergencies. The thing to do is to call Police Headquarters, Spring 3100. From there the call is immediately relayed to the hospital which furnishes emergency ambulance service in the district where the accident has occurred. Many do not know they cannot call any hospital for an ambulance. There are only eleven hospitals in the city which maintain emergency ambulance service.

When an injured person has to wait half an hour for an ambulance, the delay can nearly always be accounted for in Spring 3100 not being called immediately. Hospital records show that in from one to three minutes after the call is received an ambulance is on its way. If, however, an accident occurs four miles from the emergency hospital, it may take as much as fifteen minutes for an ambulance to reach its destination. Therefore, where minutes count I think the suggestion that policemen have authority to hail a taxi and send the patient to the nearest hospital is a good one.

LUCY M. MOORE,
Superintendent Knickerbocker Hospital.
New York, Dec. 1, 1926.

MOTH PLANE TAKES COBHAM TO CAPITAL

High Wind Forces British Flier and Wife to Stop for Fuel on Way From Philadelphia.

RECEIVED BY PRESIDENT

Hero of Antipodes Flight Is Honor Guest of Scientific Men, Army, Navy and Government Officials.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—Sir Alan Cobham, the British airman who recently flew from London to Australia and back, reached Washington today from Philadelphia in his 700-pound De Havilland "moth" plane, accompanied by Lady Cobham.

They received an enthusiastic welcome when they landed at Bolling Field, where they were met by Major George E. Covell, acting commandant of the field, representing the chief of the Army Air Service; John O. La Gorce of the National Geographic Society, and a delegation from the British Embassy.

Sir Alan and Lady Cobham, escorted by Wing Commander T. G. Hetherington, Air Attaché of the British Embassy, went directly to the White House, where they were presented to President Coolidge at noon.

An hour later Sir Alan was entertained at the Cosmos Club, Washington's leading scientific organization, at a luncheon given by Dr. Gilbert H. Grosvenor, President of the National Geographic Society, and its Board of Trustees. A luncheon was tendered to Lady Cobham by Mrs. Grosvenor at her home.

Tonight Sir Alan lectured on his flight from London to Cape Town before the members of the National Geographic Society, members of the British Embassy staff and high officials of the army and naval air services being present as special guests.

Sir Alan's "moth" plane was delayed a little in reaching the capital by a forced landing near Belair, Md., for fuel. They had left Philadelphia at 8:10 o'clock, and were expected at Bolling Field about 10 o'clock. Major M. F. Harmon and Captain E. G. Reinarts were then sent on a reconnoisance flight in an observation plane as far as Elkton, Md., but they did not find the "moth," which arrived an hour and twenty minutes later.

When with cold noses on smiling faces Sir Alan and Lady Cobham landed, the first thing the aviator said was:

"We should have been here an hour earlier, but talked a little too long to the Mayor of Philadelphia and also had to face a 45-mile wind, which used up all our petrol, forcing us to land on a farm near Belair for fuel."

To this Lady Cobham added:

"The weather was terrible yesterday. It was simply freezing. Today it was not so bad. We traveled at 2,000 feet all the way."

Sir Alan and his wife plan to return to New York tomorrow, flying as far as Bristol, Pa., to deliver the plane to K. B. Walton, for whom it was sent to this country, and continuing from there by train.

The "moth" plane, which is the first of its kind in America, is a two-seated machine with a four-in-line cylinder engine, air-cooled, dual ignition, a hand starter in the cockpit, a luggage compartment, and wings that can be folded so that the machine can be run into a garage.

Its flight range is three and one-half hours, and it is credited with going twenty miles to a gallon of fuel, its speed range being between forty and ninety miles an hour. It is the type of plane that won the King's Cup race in England this year, covering 1,490 miles at 90.4 miles an hour with wide-open throttle for 16 hours, 23 minutes and 40 seconds.

BEAT OFFICERS IN AIR TEST.

Non-Commissioned Marines Complete First Leg of San Diego Flight.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—Six non-commissioned officers of the Marine Corps have shown the way to their higher ranking officers in the art of flying.

A report received today by officials of the Corps in Washington as to the progress of the twelve Marine Corps planes making a transcontinental flight from Washington to San Diego, Cal., disclosed that six of the planes piloted by non-commissioned officers in charge of a warrant officer, Marine Gunner Michael Wasercsak, arrived at Montgomery, Ala., without incident, but that four planes piloted by commissioned officers under command of Major Ross E. Rowell, experienced difficulty due to fog and were forced to land at Fayetteville, N. C. The two other planes piloted by commissioned officers were successful in their efforts to reach Montgomery.

The planes at Montgomery have been ordered by Marine Corps headquarters to proceed without waiting for the lagging planes, on the flight to San Diego which is being made for the purpose of transporting fighting planes to the naval base there.

Stops along the route will be made at Tallulah, La.; Dallas, San Antonio, Fort Clark, Sanderson, Marfa and El Paso, Texas, and Tucson, Ariz.

FOR BETTER BATTERY PARK

Association Calls Upon W. H. Childs to Name Committee.

The Battery Park Association, of which William Hamlin Childs is President, adopted, at a meeting held yesterday afternoon at the Whitehall Club, 17 Battery Place, the following resolution:

"Resolved, that the President appoint a committee on ways and means which shall be empowered to proceed to the accomplishment of the purposes for which the association has been organized, with special reference to the rehabilitation and preservation of Battery Park, and to its protection from neglect and injury; to open a public competition among landscape architects, if in their discretion the committee deem said action wise, for a prize not to exceed $500, for the best plan for redesigning and reconstructing Battery Park; and in any other way to improve the conditions attendant upon said park, to the end that said park may be the open space of beauty and charm it was intended to be, as well as the noble entrance to the city of New York, which this association is organized to cause it to be made."

11 SHIPS SAIL TODAY, 7 BOUND FOR EUROPE

Princess de Bragance Is Among Those Booked to Leave on the Leviathan.

FOUR LINERS TO GO SOUTH

Large Passenger Lists Reported on the Roma and Volendam. Due This Morning.

Seven steamships will sail today for Europe, and four for South America, Central America and the West Indies. Two are due to arrive from Europe. The sailings are:

The Leviathan of the United States Lines, at 9 A. M., for Cherbourg and Southampton, from West Forty-sixth Street; the French liner, Paris, at 10 A. M., for Havre, from West Fifteenth Street; the Atlantic Transport liner, Minnewaska, 10 A. M., from West Sixteenth Street, for Cherbourg and London; the White Star liner, Cedric, at 11 A. M., from West Twentieth Street for Liverpool; the Cunarder, Ausonia, at noon, from West Thirteenth Street, for Plymouth, Cherbourg and London; the Scythia of the Cunard Line, at 11 A. M., from West Fourteenth Street for Queenstown and Liverpool, and the Anchor liner, Cameronia, at noon, from West Fourteenth Street, for Moville and Glasgow.

Passengers sailing on the Leviathan include:

Princess de Bragance, Major Gen. A. Greenlaw,
Hans Kempinski,
Miss Lois Moran,
Mrs. G. E. Moran,
Miss Betty Moran,
W. Kenig,
Mrs. Kenig,
Mrs. Y. S. Bernstein,
H. Blitz-Spier,
Mrs. Blitz-Spier,
Dr. and Mrs. C. K. Carsant,
H. Lawrenson,
Bernard Dardaine,
Mrs. H. R. French,
Theodore Gross,
Mr. and Mrs. Leo B. Delaney,
Mrs. D. F. Calvit,
Mrs. A. L. G. Doty,
H. L. Rothschild,
Mr. and Mrs. G. C. Urquhart,
Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Watkins,
Miss N. J. Bernstein,
Nils Bouveng,
Mrs. P. Bradlee,
Mr. and Mrs. I. De-laux,
Miss F. M. Foster,
S. Goodman,
R. Goubert,

Booked to sail on the Paris are:

Konrad Bercovici,
Edwin L. James,
E. B. Babcock,
Mrs. J. P. McEvoy,
Jed Harris,
Dr. D. Masson,
Dr. A. Rousseau,
R. D. Appleton,
Mrs. Appleton,
Prince P. de Bourbon,
Count de Polignac,
Stuart Armstrong,
C. W. Watson,
Maynard Dixon,
R. E. Pelterie,
J. Hunsdelle,
Henri Galland,
Vicomtesse de Selignac-Fenelon,
P. de Villefond,

Sailing on the Minnewaska are:

Lady Johnstone,
Prof. L. A. Martin,
Mrs. A. M. Vincent,
Mrs. Vincent,
Miss Lillie Loat,
Miss A. Jacques,
Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Bates,
Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Guiney,
Mrs. H. G. Henderson,
Mrs. J. C. Leatham,
Mrs. A. Montant,
Mrs. E. W. Beckwith,
Miss M. Huger,
Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Rockwell,

Some of the passengers booked on the Cedric are;

W. B. Alexander,
C. E. Beggs,
R. Barker,
R. D. Beyse,
Samuel Boyd,
Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Brandwood,
James Brown,
Miss L. C. Burdett,
Mr. and Mrs. F. Coop,
A. L. Cowtan,
E. S. De Jongs,
Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Delafield,
J. Delafield,
J. Delmadge,
Miss S. M. Edwards,
T. S. Edwards,
Mr. and Mrs. Cecil Fried,
Miss M. Gallon,
Miss L. Graham,
Miss E. Harmon,

Passengers sailing on the Ausonia include:

Baron H. von Harder,
Miss E. M. Pedolin,
Capt. C. C. Williams,
Dr. and Mrs. L. A. Schinfer,
Dr. and Mrs. E. Megrall,
Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Austin,
Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Robinson,
Miss J. Haines,
S. D. Richardson,
Joseph Calvert,

On the passenger list of the Scythia are:

Capt. M. H. Coote,
K. Matsumsta,
C. H. Brown,
F. J. McGowan,
R. T. Phipps,
Miss J. Boote,
Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Johnson,
Miss K. Johnson,
R. Robertson,
A. M. Hughes,
G. B. Fitzgerald,
R. Young,
E. E. Poole,
Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Goodsell,

Booked on the Cameronia are:

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Milne,
C. H. Smith,
Miss B. Boyd,
Miss K. D. Dand,
The Rev. R. S. Craig,
M. Ralston,
Mr. and Mrs. A. Sherriff,
Mrs. E. S. Jewell,
T. K. Cornelius,
James Knox,
T. C. MacLennon,

Passengers leaving today on the Pastores of the United Fruit Line for Cuba, Colon and Costa Rica include;

Major J. S. Long,
Major F. L. Kuehule,
Adj. Gen. F. W. Ward,
Nicholas Adam,
Mr. and Mrs. N. E. Balatow,
Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Brotman,
Mr. and Mrs. E. Brunswick,
John M. Byrne,
Boughey Bywater,
Miss Ida Chenales,
Mr. and Mrs. N. Cheney,
Mr. and Mrs. J. Cooper,
Mrs. K. Deans,
Mrs. I. Delgado,
Miss M. Delgado,
Miss J. Delgado,
Joseph Kirby,
Julius Kuhn,
Mr. and Mrs. G. S. Ward,
Mr. and Mrs. G. K. Wessels,
C. E. Whalen,
Mrs. M. Williams,
Mrs. Jane Wyatt,
Henry Altemus,

Sailing on the Munson liner Pan America for Rio de Janeiro, Santos and Buenos Aires are:

Rudolf E. Cahn,
M. A. Cremer,
Irwin E. Mayer,
J. B. Hartley,
Major R. J. Revenhart,
Andrew E. Chasay,
Peter G. Krsoll,
Miss Marie Lizmes,
John Beveloss,
L. W. Fene,
Miss E. Byington,
Mother Rosoria Marchase,
Federico Mendez,
Mrs. R. A. Henry,
Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Prall,
Samuel McIntosh,

Bookings on the Ward liner Siboney for Havana include:

D. Valesco,
L. Valesco,
Miss M. Valesco,
Miss C. Valesco,
Mrs. U. Gergulio,
Miss E. Gergulio,
Miss D. Garguilo,
Mrs. B. G. Rasis,
E. F. Austin,
Miss M. M. Derovin,
Mrs. J. B. Hamilton,

Passengers booked to sail today on the Fort Victoria for Bermuda, include:

Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Bacon,
Frank J. Murray,
Thomas A. Davis,
Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Vanderpool,
Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Roosevelt,
Miss K. Blagdon,
Mrs. G. C. Hollister,
Captain and Mrs. T. F. Sullivan,
Mrs. C. Rogers,
Miss P. Benkard,
Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Owen,

Among the passengers due today from Naples on the Italia-America liner, Roma, are:

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Frisco,
Miss Ruth Abbett,
Mr. and Mrs. J.Wyne,
Lathan Abbot,
Count A. Bonaccessa,
Mrs. H. Pfenning,
Bruce F. Talley,
C. F. Talley,
Mrs. G. Smith,
Miss Patrisi,
Mrs. A. B. Seager,
Mrs. M. Salzan,
Mr. and Mrs. Walter Winstone,
Mrs. E. N. Loeb,
Mrs. C. E. Swanson,
Mrs. E. G. Deutsch,
Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Jansston,
Mr. and Mrs. E. Snell,
C. K. Davis,
B. Gramatica,
R. G. Mather,
Mr. and Mrs. E. Talcott,
Mr. and Mrs. Henry Collier,
Mrs. Rosina Hess,
Miss Edith Hess,
Rev. L. T. Merusi,
Miss Edwina Rose,
C. R. Weelnsan,
Mr. and Mrs. Julius Rolshoven,

Passengers due to arrive today from Rotterdam on the Holland-America liner, Volendam, include:

H. Bode,
Mrs. Bode,
H. J. Bode,
J. Burkl,
E. B. Eisenbrant,
C. G. Forster,
Mrs. A. Grippin,
J. W. Hall,
J. K. Harms,
Jean Kempen,
Mrs. Kempen,
H. Larraide,
Mrs. Larraide,
Mrs. T. G. McCabe,
E. M. Moore,
Mrs. Moore,
Mrs. F. Morley,
Mrs. E. Murphy,
Mrs. F. W. Nellson,
Miss H. F. Nellson,
Miss K. Ogle,
C. H. Padgett,
Mrs. M. Peloubet,
Miss D. Ribera,
Mrs. C. Rosenow,

$360,000 for Fur Charity Chest.

Gifts of $360,000 have een pledged to the annual Fur Industry Charity Chest of $1,000,000, according to an announcement made by Motty Eltingon, Campaign Chairman, yesterday, at an Executive Committee meeting of the Charity Chest Campaign. Especial mention is made of pledges by young men's clubs.

ARCHIBALD G. LOOMIS DIES FROM APOPLEXY

Treasurer of Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad Was Formerly New York Banker.

CHICAGO, Dec. 3 (AP).—Archibald Gilbert Loomis, banker and Treasurer of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad, died of apoplexy at his home here tonight. He is survived by his wife and daughter, Miss Madeline Loomis, and Stillman Loomis and Archibald H. Loomis, sons, in New York City.

Mr. Loomis was named Treasurer of the road in 1917 and was widely known as a banker. He was born in Hartford, Conn., June 20, 1862. He started his banking career as a clerk at Hartford and subsequently held positions with the National City Bank of New York, of which he was at one time a director, and with N. W. Halsey & Co., brokers, of San Francisco. He was Vice President of the Union Trust Company of Providence from 1907 to 1915.

Mr. Loomis spent thirty-four years with the Aetna National Bank of Hartford, from 1885 to 1899, attaining the presidency in 1891. He was then for six years Vice President of the National City Bank of New York before he went to San Francisco for two years for N. W. Halsey & Co. He was married three times. His first wife, Cordelia Harwood of this city, died in 1873; his second, Mary Wain of Hartford, died in 1886. His third wife, who survives, was formerly Ellen Hanson of Hartford.

MAJOR HAROLD R. STOBIE.

Former Member of King's Royal Rifle Corps in England Dies at 44.

Major Harold Ramsay Stobie, who died recently in St. Raphael's Hospital, New Haven, Conn., was formerly a Major in the King's Royal Rifle Corps and during the last two years of the World War commanded the Bombing, Gas and Trench Mortar Schools at Aldershot, England.

He was born in Edinburgh, Scotland, forty-four years ago, and educated at the University of Edinburgh and the London School of Lines. During the first two years of the war he served in the trenches. For bravery in the field he received the Order of the British Empire. He was a Fellow of the Chemical Society of England, a member of the St. Andrews Society, and recently had been nominated for the Presidency of the British Luncheon Club of New York. He leaves a wife, who was Mildred Ely of St. Louis; a son, Harold Ramsay Stobie, and two daughters. Burial took place on Thursday in Woodlawn Cemetery.

Peter C. Sharp Dies at 102 Years.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Kan., Dec. 3.—Peter Charles Sharp, 102 years old, pioneer resident of Pittsburg, died here late today. Fifteen years ago Sharp discovered that the wife he believed dead in the Chicago fire in 1871 was alive. He had married again and was living with his second wife.

The first wife came from her home at Oakland, Cal., the second wife, Celia Samantha, 50, remained at the home, and for several weeks Sharp and his two wives lived in the same house. Finally Ann Catherine, the second wife, left. She still lives in California, it is understood.

William Senter.

PORTLAND, Me., Dec. 3 (AP).—William Senter, 75, widely known as a dealer in nautical instruments, who adjusted all of Admiral Peary's instruments before the explorer's journeys northward, died here today. He had been a jeweler here for sixty-one years, being the third of the name to conduct the same business. He was born in Portsmouth, N. H.

The Rev. John W. McCarthy.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Dec. 3 (AP).—The Rev. John W. McCarthy, who had served Southern New England Catholic parishes since 1883, died at the Truesdale Hospital here today. He was graduated from Boston College and Grand Seminary in Montreal.

Benefit for Mulberry House.

A supper dance for the benefit of the Mulberry Community House, 258 Mott Street, will be given tonight on board the Conte Rosso, Pier 95, foot of West Fifty-fifth Street. It will be given under the patronage of the Italian Ambassador to the United States and Donna Antonietta De Martino and Consul General and Mrs. Emilio Axerio.

The committee in charge includes Mrs. Charles Dana Gibson, Mrs. James F. Shaw, Mrs. Johnston L. Redmond, Mrs. Charles Cary Rumsey, Mrs. J. Henry Lancashire, Mrs. Joseph Paterno and Mrs. James A. Burden.

Among those who have taken reservations are Mr. and Mrs. Samuel L. Fuller, Mrs. Dwight W. Morrow, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Scoville, Judge Louis A. Valente, Mrs. Llopello Perera, Mrs. Henry J. Burchell, Harry E. Ward, Mrs. Harold A. Sands, Princess Serge Obolensky, Mrs. Stanley Dwight, Mrs. H. Casimir de Rham, Mrs. Harold A. Sands and Miss Louise B. Laidlaw.

Col. Griffiths Gives a Farewell.

Lieut. Col. Sir John Norton Griffiths, Bart., of London, who sailed early this morning on the Olympic, gave a farewell dinner last night at the Ambassador. His guests were Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Lowell Dillon, Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Bogert Jr., Mr. and Mrs. John Stewart Pettit, Mr. and Mrs. Maxwell Stevenson and Mr. and Mrs. John Baird of Philadelphia.

Charles S. Carscallens Are Hosts.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles S. Carscallen of the Plaza gave a dinner at that hotel last night. Among their guests were Mr. and Mrs. Frederick E. Kessinger, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Smithers, Mr. and Mrs. Russell A. Cowles, Mr. and Mrs. Henry S. Thompson, Mr. and Mrs. John D. Carscallen 2d, Dr. and Mrs. James C. Ayer, Mr. and Mrs. Frank H. Hays, Mr. and Mrs. Edward de Forest Simmons and Mr. and Mrs. Frederick W. White.

A Daughter to Mrs. A. P. Morgan.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Alexander P. Morgan in Paris on last Wednesday. Mrs. Robert H. White, a sister of Mrs. Morgan, received a cable announcing the birth of the child, which is their second. Mr. and Mrs. Morgan have been living in Europe for four years. She is the former Miss Janet Croll, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James S. Croll of Flushing, L. I.

Dinner for Mrs. Grace A. Drayton.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Tilt gave a dinner last night at their home, 39 East Seventy-ninth Street, for Mrs. Grace A. Drayton. After the dinner other guests arrived for an entertainment, which included the showing of the first of a series of cartoon motion pictures by Mrs. Drayton, entitled "Anthony and Cleopatra." Motion pictures taken by Arthur S. Vernay on a recent trip through Africa were also shown, and those taking part in the musical program included Mrs. William Wood Ricker, Miss Louisa Ceballos and Walter Moore.

CHARLES RINGLING, CIRCUS OWNER, DIES

Member of World's Greatest Show Organization One of Six Famous Brothers.

STARTED VENTURE AS BOYS

Began Without a Dollar—Charles a Financier and Railroad Builder Recently.

Special to The New York Times.

SARASOTA, Fla., Dec. 3.—Charles Ringling, noted show man, died at his home here suddenly tonight of a cerebral hemorrhage. Several weeks ago he contracted a cold while he was with his circus in Birmingham, Ala. He had been confined to his home, but last evening he was pronounced out of danger. His brother, John, was with him at the end.

Mr. Ringling was born in McGregor, Iowa, sixty-two years ago and when still a child moved with his parents to Baraboo, Wis., which town's name has since been associated with the Ringling brothers.

Mr. Ringling established a Winter home here fourteen years ago and had been prominently identified since then with the development of the West Coast. He was President of the Ringling Bank and Trust Company, the Sarasota Chamber of Commerce, and the Charles Ringling Company, which built Sarasota Terrace Hotel and the civic centre around Ringling Boulevard. He was also a railroad builder. He leaves a widow, a son, Robert, and a daughter, Mrs. Hester Lancaster. The son has just returned from a tour of Europe, where he appeared as a vocalist.

First Stricken Last Spring.

Charles Ringling suffered a nervous breakdown last May, but early in June he was reported to be recovering at his home in Sarasota.

One of the famous "six brothers of Baraboo," Charles Ringling was the son of a harness maker of Baraboo, Wis. The brothers, John, Charles, Otto, Al, Alfred and Augustus, started their circus ventures without a dollar, about forty-five years ago, with performances comparable to those given in the backyard by a group of boys. Gradually enlarging the enterprise, they organized a brass band and a concert company and gave entertainments in towns and villages near Baraboo.

Then came a real one-ring show, which prospered and by 1888 was ready for railroading. In 1890 it traveled in thirty cars and was ready to compete with Barnum & Bailey.

Acquire Baraum Show.

Soon James A. Bailey agreed to a division of territory and sold the Ringlings a half interest in his Forepaugh-Sells circus. In 1906, after the death of Mr. Bailey, the brothers took over the rest of the Forepaugh-Sells property, and in October, 1907, they bought from Mr. Bailey's widow for $410,000 the entire Barnum & Bailey Circus.

"To me my circus is my 'menagerie,'" Charles Ringling said in an interview. "Somehow, I always think in terms of animals instead of sawdust and some other things that are necessary to make a circus. And if ever I am inclined to wonder whether I am the sort of man I'd like to be I go out to the 'menagerie' and look at the monkeys and tigers and lions in the face. It is there I see my measure. It is there I always find the answer to my inner questioning.

"For, unless my animals like me, I am a failure. Any man is a failure if animals do not like him. There is something wrong with him. So, as some men have their fetiches, their standards and their self-created ideals, I have my beasts of the plain and mountain and jungle, and if they like me I am satisfied with myself.

Snarl of Tiger Had Its Meaning.

"When a tiger snarls at me or an elephant gives his trunk a nasty switch or a lion roars at me, I stop quickly and look him in the face. If I see that he means it, then I take stock of myself for the last day or two. What have I done that I shouldn't do? If, after meeting my gaze for a moment or two, the beast turns away as if a bit ashamed, then I know he was just in a temper for the moment, and I am relieved.

"An animal knows a man better than a man knows his own kind. He sees beneath the surface. The animal is quick with sympathy and quick with resentment. He understands a man's moods instantly. And that is why the watchword of my circus is 'Be kind to the cage people.'"

Mrs. Sarah L. Wardner.

Mrs. Sarah L. Wardner, who taught in private and public schools for more than sixty years, died yesterday, aged 80, at her home in Plainfield, N. J. Since 1902 she had taught continuously in the public schools of Plainfield, until last year, having charge of the Americanization Night School, the Summer School and as substitute teaches in the day schools. She was the widow of Morton S. Wardner. She left two sons, Dr. James F. Wardner of Buffalo, N. Y., Thomas B. Wardner of Plainfield, and a daughter, Mrs. P. W. Caris, a teacher in Starkey's Seminary at Lakemont, N. Y.

Ambassador Touched by Messages.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—The British Embassy today received the following cable message from Sir Esme Howard, British Ambassador, who is now in England and whose eldest son died early in the week:

"The British Ambassador and Lady Isabella Howard beg most heartily to thank all those who have telegraphed or written to them expressing sympathy on the death of their son. They hope to be able to reply to all these individually at a later date."

Obituary Notes.

JOHN C. GERCKEN, 76 years old, a retired Brooklyn policeman, died on Thursday at the home of his son, 1,825 Eighteth Street, Brooklyn.

ARTHUR OTTO FLOX, in the printing and stationery business, died in the Peck Memorial Hospital on Thursday after an operation. He was in his thirty-sixes year. The funeral services will be held at the home of his mother, 181 Hall Street, Brooklyn, this evening.

CHARLES DAVID WILSON, a retired produce dealer, formerly of the firm of Wilson Bros., died on Thursday at his home, 50 South Oxford Street, Brooklyn. He was in his seventy-first year. Mr. Wilson was born in Brooklyn and with his brother established the produce firm in 1873. He retired from active business a year ago. Mr. Wilson had a Summer home in Oswegatchie, Conn. He left a widow, a son, Edward Victor Wilson, and two daughters, Mrs. E. W. De Motte and Mrs. William H. Knouck.

Miss MARY C. GARDNER, 92, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. David Gardner, died yesterday at the home of her niece, Mrs. Robert Lowry, 945 Prospect Avenue, Plainfield, N. J. She was born in Plainfield, and was the oldest member of the Park Avenue Baptist Church.

DAVID SKEELS, 34, formerly a member of the Detroit American League Baseball Club, died Thursday at a tuberculosis sanatorium in Spokane, Wash.

REV. DR. MOSES DIES; A NOTED SCHOLAR

Was Rabbi of the Central Synagogue in This City for Seventeen Years.

REFORM JUDAISM PIONEER

Founded in Chicago One of First Free Synagogues in America—Author of Many Works.

The Rev. Dr. Isaac S. Moses, noted Biblical scholar, who for seventeen years was rabbi of the Central Synagogue, died yesterday of heart disease at his home in the Manhattan Square Hotel after a year's illness, in his seventy-ninth year. Next Wednesday would have been his birthday.

A pioneer in Reformed Judaism in the United States with Isaac M. Wise, Kaufman Kohler and other German Jews, Dr. Moses compiled the Union Prayer Book used in most Reformed Jewish congregations today. He also was the author of numerous works. When he retired as rabbi of the Central Synagogue in 1917 he was elected Rabi Emeritus.

Rabbi Moses was born at Santomischel, Posen, Germany, on Dec. 8, 1847. He came to America in 1871 and later became rabbi of a small congregation in Quincy, Ill. In 1879 he went to Milwaukee and in 1883 to Chicago, where he founded the People's Synagogue, one of the first free synagogues in the United States. In 1901 he was called to New York to become rabbi of the Congregation Ahawath Chesed, later known as the Central Synagogue, and still later merged with the Free Synagogue.

Dr. Moses's sermons were noted for their grace of style. They did not often concern themselves with political or controversial current happenings. In his books, as well as his sermons he drew freely from his store of Biblical and Talmudic knowledge. This first book was "The Pentateuch" published in 1881. Then followed "The Historical Books of the Bible" and "The Ethics of the Hebrew Scripture." In 1894 and again in 1906 he published a Sabbath School hymnal, which is used in many Jewish religious schools today. In the first of those years he also published a collection of "Hymns for Jewish Worship." His most famous work was the Union Prayer Book, first issued in 1892.

Together with his brother, Adolph, Dr. Moses edited "Der Zeitgeist," a liberal German-Jewish periodical, during his service as rabbi in Milwaukee. His published sermons include "Man and Humanity," issued in 1886, "The Message of the Age," 1890, and "On the Heights," 1892.

Dr. Moses played a large part in spreading the Summer camp movement among New York boys. Twenty-one years ago he acquired a tract of land at Schroon Lake in the Adirondacks and founded Schroon Lake Camp, which began in a modest way but has since become a large institution, with hundreds of alumni who grew up under Dr. Moses's influence as director.

THRONG OF NOTABLES MOURNS W. H. PORTER

Financial and Social Leaders Crowd Church at Funeral of Morgan Firm Member.

Leaders in New York's financial, business and social life crowded the Central Presbyterian Church yesterday morning at funeral services for William H. Porter, a member of J. P. Morgan & Co., who died suddenly on Tuesday. So great was the crush of limousines in Fifty-seventh Street and Madison Avenue that extra policemen had hard work to keep traffic moving. A motorcycle escort preceded the cortège from the church to Woodlawn Cemetery.

Flowers were banked high on the church altar. The services were held by the Rev. Dr. Dwight Witherspoon Wyllie, pastor of the church; the Rev. Dr. Paul Moody, President of Middlebury (Vt.) College, of which Mr. Porter was a trustee, and the Rev. Dr. Charles W. Hinton of the Episcopal Church of St. John in Lattingtown, near Locust Valley, L. I.

J. P. Morgan and other members of his firm were honorary pallbearers. They included E. T. Stotesbury, Charles Steele, Thomas W. Lamont, H. G. Lloyd, Dwight W. Morrow, Thomas Cochran, Junius Spencer Morgan Jr., Thomas Gates and Russell C. Leffingwell. Members of the J. P. Morgan & Co. staff were ushers, including F. D. Bartow, William Ewing, H. S. Morgan, A. M. Anderson, T. S. Lamont, Henry P. Davison Jr., L. A. Keyes, M. D. Simpson and E. E. Thomas.

William L. Du Bost, President of the Chamber of Commerce, headed a delegation from that body. Others were James Brown, Chairman of the Executive Committee; Eugenius H. Outerbridge, Alfred E. Mayling, Darwin P. Kingsley, Frederick H. Ecker and Charles T. Gwynne.

A delegation representing the New York Board of Trade and Transportation included Samuel S. Conover, Alexander Gilbert, Charles H. Sabin, George W. Simmons, Charles E. Mitchell, R. A. C. Smith, Joseph P. Day, E. Vail Stebbins, William McCarroll, J. Frederick Talcott, Lee Kohns and Charles L. Bernheimer.

A large group represented the Chemical National Bank, of which Mr. Porter at one time was President. In this delegation were Percy H. Johnston, President; Robert Goelet, Frederic S. Allen, W. Emlen Roosevelt, Arthur Iselin, Gerard Comly, Charles A. Corliss, William Fellowes Morgan, Edwin S. Schenck, Henry A. Caesar, Samuel T. Jones, John G. Schmelzel, Stephen L. Jenkinson, Albert Angus, Clarence England and Eugene Pascal.

Others at the services included Mr. and Mrs. John W. Davis, Mrs. Henry P. Davison, Paul M. Warburg, Mrs. Robert Bacon, Miss Betty Stettinius, Mr. and Mrs. George B. Case, J. J. Morrow, Mrs. Stuart Walker, Herbert L. Satterlee, Otto T. Bannard, Dr. Elmer Ellsworth Brown, E. E. Loomis, Mrs. John Marsh and John D. Ryan.

THESPIANS AT BIER OF JAMES K. HACKETT

Services for American Actor Held in 'Little Church'—Ashes in Woodlawn Vault.

Funeral services for James K. Hackett, American actor who died in Paris on Nov. 9, were held yesterday afternoon at the Church of the Transfiguration (The Little Church Around the Corner), 1 East Twenty-ninth Street. About 300 hundred fellow-players and friends attended.

The Episcopal services were used, with Dr. Randolph Ray, rector of the church, officiating. There was no eulogy. The coffin, which bore an urn containing the ashes of the dead actor, was covered with laurel.

The remains of Mr. Hackett, which had been lying in the mortuary chapel of the church since arriving from Europe on Wednesday, followed the honorary pallbearers in the initial procession to the altar. The choir sang "Abide With Me."

Dr. Ray read from the forty-fourth chapter of Ecclesiastes, followed by a hymn; a prayer, and the singing of "Lead, Kindly Light," as the choir lingered about the coffin. After the final prayer the procession attended the ashes to the mortuary chapel.

The honorary pallbearers included John Drew, Bernard M. Baruch, Professor Lewis F. Mott, representing City College, of which Mr. Hackett was an alumnus; Frank Gillmore, Executive Secretary of the Actors' Equity Association; Frank H. Hitchcock, Arthur Guiterman, ex-Judge W. M. K. Olcott, W. Francklyn Paire, representing the American Society of the French Legion of Honor; George W. Hubbell and F. W. Richardson.

Besides the widow, a daughter, Mrs. Edward J. Hunter of Detroit, attended, accompanied by her husband. There were delegations from the Lambs, Players, Equity, City Colleges and other organizations. A group of boys represented Public School 69, from which the actor was graduated. Also at the services were Rabbi Stephen S. Wise, Clare Eames, Brandon Tynan, Alice Fisher and Clifford Brooke.

There were a number of floral tributes, including a large wreath of white chrysanthemums from the Lambs and one of pink roses from the Players.

The ashes will rest temporarily in a vault at Woodlawn Cemetery and will later be placed in a permanent mausoleum being built by Mrs. Hackett.

REVERE'S DESCENDANT DIES

Deborah, Last Surviving Great-Grandchild, Lived to Be 90.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., Dec. 3.—Miss Deborah Revere, last surviving great-grandchild of Paul Revere, died of the infirmities of age last night at the home of her niece, Mrs. William Everett of 25 Madison Avenue, Montclair.

Miss Revere was born in Bridgewater, Mass., ninety years ago and made her home there all her life, but for the last fifteen years she had been spending the Winters with Mrs. Everett, another niece, Miss Elizabeth Revere and a nephew, Paul Revere, both of Bridgewater.

Funeral services will be held tomorrow in Bridgewater, where burial will take place.

Captain James Marquand.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Dec. 3 (AP).—Captain James Marquand, 90, New Bedford's oldest whaling master, is dead following a month's illness.

He went to sea at the age of 10, was mate of a vessel at 14 and followed his calling for forty-eight years. Born in Pictou, N. S., Nov. 5, 1836, he came to the States as a boy, locating in Fall River. He was boat steerer aboard the Mount Wollaston for a forty-two months' cruise to New Zealand and brought back 3,000 barrels of oil. Another cruise aboard the bark Coral was for forty months.

Miss Carrie A. Rockefeller.

PHELPS, N. Y., Dec. 3 (AP).—Miss Carrie A. Rockefeller, 52, widely known as a fancier of fine horses, is dead here from heart failure. She had spent her entire life on the noted "flower farm" north of this village.

Deaths

FOX—On Dec. 2, 1926, Katherine Fox, beloved daughter of Ann Fox, sister of Thomas J. Fox and Anna Fox. Funeral from Universal Parlors, Lexington Av. and 82d St., Monday, Dec. 6, at 9:30 A. M., thence to St. Agnes' Church of St. Agnes, East 43d St. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

GERCKEN—John C., age 76, beloved father of John C. Jr. Funeral services at the home of his son, 1,825 80th St., Brooklyn, Saturday evening, 8:30. Interment Sunday, 2 P. M., Evergreen Cemetery. Kindly omit flowers.

GILL—Florence G. (nee Bollinger), on Thursday at her home, 256 East 22d St., Brooklyn. Wife of Thomas Gill. Survived by one son, Thomas, Jr.; two brothers, John J. and Dr. Alfred E. Bollinger; two sisters, Mrs. Madeline Dreyer and Mrs. Josephine Kelton. Funeral Saturday, 9:30 A. M.; thence to Holy Cross Church, where requiem mass will be offered. Interment Holy Cross Cemetery.

GRUNER—On Dec. 1, William, beloved husband of Louise and father of Carl G. and Frederick J. Funeral from Walter B. Cooke's Chapel, Fordham Road and Jerome Av., Sunday at 4 P. M.

HAHN—Lillian Esther, wife of Rev. Dr. Judah L. Hahn of Cong. Mount Sinai Anshe Emeth, 175th and Wadsworth Av., mother of Edith, Alma and Hillel, daughter of Charles Bernstein, sister of George, Freda, Abe, Herman and Sidney Bernstein. Interment at Mount Judah Cemetery, Sunday, 10 A. M., from late residence, 841 West 177th St.

HAHN—We respectfully announce to our members, seat holders and Sisterhood of Cong. Mount Sinai Anshe Emeth, 175th St. and Wadsworth Av., the demise of Mrs. Lillian Esther Hahn, wife of Rev. Dr. Judah L. Hahn of Cong. Mount Sinai Anshe Emeth and request their attendance at her late residence, 841 West 177th St., Sunday morning, Dec. 5, 1926, 10 o'clock sharp. Interment at Mount Judah Cemetery.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF CONG. MOUNT SINAI ANSHE EMETH.

HERRMANCE—At New Canaan, Conn., Dec. 2, 1926, Catherine Miller Tobey, widow of the late Samuel Fox of Sprock, Herrmance, in her eighty-sixth year. Funeral at Redmen, N. Y., on Monday, Dec. 6 Hudson (New York) and Flushing (New York) papers please copy.

HEY—Suddenly, on Dec. 2, Minnie Prince Hey, widow of Ellis Hey, in her sixtieth year. Funeral from Leon E. Bally's Funeral Parlors, 671 8th Av., on Monday at 8:30 A. M. Solemn requiem mass at St. Malachy's Church, West 49th St., at 10 A. M. Interment Flushing Cemetery.

HEYL—On Dec. 2, 1926, George A., son of the late William G. and Mathilde Chardon Heyl, in his ninety-first year. Services in St. James's Church, 22d and Walnut Sts., Philadelphia, Saturday, Dec. 4, at 12 o'clock noon. Interment private.

HOFER—On Dec. 2, 1926, after a short illness, Elizabeth, trained nurse at Madison Square Church. Funeral services at John H. Hatterman's Funeral Home, at 810 East 86th St., on Saturday, 3:30 P. M. and Sunday, 2 P. M. Relatives and friends are especially invited to attend.

HOULIHAN—Patrick J., at Long Beach, N. Y., on Dec. 2, 1926, beloved husband of Mary C. and father of Gladys, Beatrice and Doris. Funeral from his late residence, Ocean Front, Virginia Av., Long Beach, N. Y., on Monday, Dec. 6, at 9:30 o'clock, thence to St Mary's of the Isle Roman Catholic Church, at 10 A. M., where a solemn high mass will be offered. Interment Calvary Cemetery, Pennsylvania papers please copy.

KOTZ—After a brief illness, on Friday, Dec. 3, 1926, Benedict, beloved father of William A. and Mrs. Clementine Wolman, in his 46th year. Funeral from his residence, 169 Woodruff Av., Brooklyn, Monday, 9:30.

LASCHOW—Michael, suddenly at Unity Hospital, Brooklyn, Dec. 2. Funeral from Riverside Memorial Chapel, 76th St. and Amsterdam Av., Sunday, Dec. 5, 1 P. M.

MACARTHUR—On Nov. 30, in Salt Lake City, at the home of his sister, Mrs. William Storey, Arthur Frederick, husband of Mary Seymour MacArthur. Funeral from St. Bartholomew's Church, Park Av. and 50th St., Monday, Dec. 6, 2:30 P. M. Boston papers please copy.

McCONNELL—Minnie May, Dec. 3, 1926, at her residence, 200 West 79th St. Funeral services at the Campbell Funeral Church, Broadway at 66th St., Saturday, Dec. 4, at 2 P. M.

McLAUGHLIN—On Thursday, Dec. 2, 1926, James, beloved husband of the late Cecelia McLaughlin (nee McGovern) and father of James McLaughlin, Cecelia McGrath, Jane Sommer, Margaret Hornsch. Funeral from his late residence, 409 East 204th St., on Saturday at 9:30 A. M. at St. Brendan's Church, 207 Perry Av. Relatives and friends especially invited to attend. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

MARKS—Nathan, beloved husband of Rebecca, father of Rose Friedner, Minnie Metzger, Sallie Wormser, Henry, Michael, Jack, Abe and Jesse. Funeral Sunday, Dec. 5, 1 o'clock, from his late residence, 2,058 Creston Av., Bronx. Kindly omit flowers.

MARKS—Hermann Benevolent Society: Deeply sorrowful, we announce the death of Brother Nathan Marks, first honored, last remaining charter member. Funeral Sunday, 1:30 P. M., from residence, 2,058 Creston Av. Interment Mount Zion. Brethren please attend.

A. MEISNER, President.
L. B. MARKS, Secretary.

MARKS—Sioux Lodge, No. 357, Knights of Pythias: Members are requested to attend the funeral of Mr. Nathan Marks, beloved father of our brothers, P. C. Jack Marks and Henry Marks, on Sunday, Dec. 5, at 1:30 P. M., from his late residence, 2,055 Creston Av., Bronx.

CHARLES LEVINE, Chancellor Comm.
HENRY WOLFF, Keeper Rec. and Seal.

MILLER—On Dec. 2, 1926, Helen (nee Wick), widow of Joseph A. Miller, devoted mother of Phillip, Clarence, Walter and Blanche. Funeral services at her home, 2,878 Bailey Av., near 238th St., Sunday, Dec. 5, at 2 P. M. Interment Woodlawn.

MOREAU—Dec. 3, 1926, Charles Moreau. Services Stephen Merritt's Chapel, 223 8th Av., near 21st St., Monday, 10:30 A. M.

MORITZ—Herman C., beloved husband of Millie, of Westerlo Villages. Remains lying at Thomas Didle's Funeral Chapel, 16 Westchester Square, Bronx. Funeral private.

MOSES—Rev. Dr. Isaac S., in his eightieth year, on Dec. 2. Beloved husband of Lillie A. Moses and devoted father of Herbert S., Arthur E., Eugene F. and Edna M. Flarsheim. Funeral services at Central Synagogue, 55th St. and Lexington Av., Sunday, Dec. 5, at 2 P. M.

MOSES—Isaac S. The Central Synagogue with deepest sorrow announces to its members the death of Isaac S. Moses, its rabbi and spiritual leader for many years and since 1919 its Rabbi Emeritus. His name is now linked for us with those of his great predecessors, Adolph S. Hechesch and Alexander Kohut. A worthy descendant of the great prophets and wise teachers of Israel, his memory is and will be an inspiration for us and our people. Services will be held at Central Synagogue, 55th St. and Lexington Av., on Sunday, Dec. 5, 1926, at 2 P. M.

THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES,
SAMUEL B. HAMBURGER, President.
NAZA PASKUS, Secretary.

MOSES—Dr. I. S. The Women's Organization of Central

LOST and FOUND

Advertisements received until midnight
TELEPHONE LACKAWANNA 1000
Rate 60 cents an agate line.

LOST.

BANKBOOK No. 286641 Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; payment stopped. Please return to bank, 51 Chambers St.

BANK BOOK, 2365, Mortgage & Trust Co., name Katherin Ward Murphy; return Apt. 1730 Ansonia Hotel.

BANK BOOK, No. 20513, Return Chelsea Exchange Bank, 1,500 Broadway.

FOUNTAIN PEN, black, band engraved "C. I. L."; reward. Monument 6600. Lambert.

PAPERS—Between 52d Av., 34th-40th Sts., Thursday; reward. Pennsylvania 6460. Wallcomb.

PURSE, gray snakeskin, taxi between Park Place-West Houston St., Thursday evening; very liberal reward. Phone Kelley 10586.

PURSE, tan, Thursday, 14th St., 7th Av. subway; reward. Aiello, Beekman 8680.

SPECTACLES, Wednesday evening, 69th St. Madison Av. Return Phillips, 140 West 86th.

STOCK CERTIFICATE (one) for five (5) shares New York Central R. R. Co., No. A 181,541, issued to Miss Blanche Andrews. Finder return same to Mrs. R. N. Mason, 1,908 Florida Av., Washington, D. C.

SUITCASE lost from rear of auto on Tuesday, Nov. 30, 1926, two black suitcases, initialed L. S. F., containing lady's wearing apparel and jewelry; liberal reward for information or return; no questions asked. Murray Hill 3406, between 9 and 10 A. M.

Jewelry.

BAR PIN, bow knot, sapphires and rhinestones, Thursday, between 116th-97th Sts.; reward; sentimental value. Academy 8295.

BAR PIN, with three diamonds, in subway, night Nov. 26; reward. Pennsylvania 1083.

BRACELET, flexible, platinum, sapphires and diamonds, between Grand Central and Roosevelt Hotel, 45th St. and Madison Av., Wednesday evening, Dec. 1, about 7 o'clock; reward. Return to Mr. McCaffrey, Roosevelt Hotel.

BRACELET, platinum, 324 diamonds, 72 onyx, on Dec. 1, between West 61st and Times Square or in Apollo Theatre. $100 reward. Raymond C. Yard, Inc., 607 5th Av. Murray Hill 1288.

BRACELET, flexible platinum set with diamonds and sapphires, on Dec. 2, between Ansonia and 109th St.; reward. Call John 1831.

BROOCH, small flat opal, on Madison Av. between 42d-45th, or 61st-63d Sts. Phone Butterfield 5078.

BROOCH, cameo, man's head surrounded with pearls, Tuesday afternoon; reward. Ferguson. Butterfield 1403.

DIAMOND PEACOCK PIN, Tuesday, Nov. 30, between 79th St. and Riverside Drive and 57th St. and Madison Av.; reward. Box 425, Room 200, Times Building.

EARRING, diamond, between 150th-161st, Amsterdam and Riverside, Thursday, Dec. 2; liberal reward. 790 Riverside Drive, Apt. 2A.

EARRING—Pearl surrounded by 10 small diamonds. Liberal reward if returned to 1,049 Park Av., Apt. 10B.

EARRING, antique, silver, rose diamonds, baroque pearl; liberal reward. Kandt, Caledonia 4700.

PIN lost Dec. 2, evening, in west side subway train between 59th and 125 Sts., a gold pin of 4 small butterflies and 5 pearls; reward. E. T., Fairbanks 9661.

PIN, diamond, key shaped, Wednesday, shopping district or taxi; suitable reward. Rhinelander 0485. 119 East 78th St.

PIN, between Hotel Lucerne and 24 West 84th, Florentine mosaic pin; reward. 301 West 79th. Peirsel, Room 406.

RING, 2 red stones, diamonds, between 50th Town Hall; reward. Trafalgar 0154.

RING, signet, initial "B," last Thursday; keepsake; reward. Ingersoll 5572.

STRING of pearls, Dec. 3, on 5th Av., between McCutcheon's and Altman's; reward. Finder please call South Orange 396.

WRIST WATCH, lady's, white gold, monogram K. L. E., date 6, 4, '25 on back; reward. Tel. Lynbrook, Long Island 2514-R.

WRIST WATCH, white gold, initialed H. S. between 106th St. and Stera Bros.; reward. Academy 9050.

WRIST WATCH, ladies', between 8th-10th Sts.; liberal reward. 40 East 10th.

$150 REWARD
for return of platinum flexible diamond bracelet containing 34 diamonds, lost Nov. 23, at or between 5th Av. Hotel and County Fair Restaurant, or in taxi. Charlton & Co., 624 5th Av.

$150 REWARD
for return of ring containing 1 large diamond, 16 small diamonds and 6 small sapphires, lost Nov. 29, between Kew Gardens, L. I., and Hotel Pennsylvania, or on L. I. R. R. Toplis & Harding, 522 5th Av.

$75 REWARD
for return of platinum bracelet, 76 diamonds, lost Nov. 27, between 45th St. and 5th Av., 23d St. and 4th Av., Madison Av. and 47th St., and Broadway-45th St. Toplis & Harding, 522 5th Av. Murray Hill 8092.

$500 REWARD
for pearl rope containing 216 large and 218 small pearls lost Nov. 25, between 52d and 58th Sts., or in taxicab. Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

$400 REWARD
for return of lady's ring, 3 diamonds and solitaire diamond ring, lost Nov. 24 at Lakewood, N. J. Herbert J. Payne, 15 William St. Hanover 0635.

$250 REWARD
for return of flexible platinum diamond and emerald bracelet lost Nov. 30, 5th Av. between 38th St. and 57th Sts. L. H. & B. H. Weinberg, 66f 5th Av.

$50 REWARD
for return of diamond and platinum wrist watch, forty diamonds, lost Dec. 1, between West 86th St. and West 72d St. Toplis & Harding, 522 5th Av. Murray Hill 8092.

Wearing Apparel.

FUR, silver fox, in cab at 62d and Park Av., Dec. 2, 8 P. M.; reward. Colony Club, 62d and Park Av.

NECKPIECE, silver fox, black tail, tipped with white, vicinity 23 E. 86th Thursday; liberal reward. Pauline Altman, above address.

SCARF, black Spanish lace, three-cornered; reward. Phone Caledonia 6570.

Cats, Dogs and Birds.

FOX terrier, wire haired, female, black, white; name "Tuppy"; reward. Endicott 2238.

SPITZ, white, male, Friday, vicinity 163d St. Broadway; reward. Phone Billings 7834.

A REWARD OF $100
FOR RETURN OF SEALYHAM TERRIER DOG, MALE, WITH BLACK SPOT ON BACK AND OVER EYES, LOST IN THE VICINITY OF BROADWAY AND 12TH ST. OWNER, PARK M. WOOLLEY, APTHORP APTS. TELEPHONE SUSQUEHANNA 7600.

FOUND.

WATCH, man's, Interborough subway, Dec. 1; owner identify and pay advertisement. J. J. Kennedy, Circle 5000.

REGISTERED dog service by which lost dogs may be recovered; charge 10 cents; give permanent mailing address. Write Lost and Found Department, THE TIMES, 229 West 43d St., or apply Subway Level Office, Times Building, New York.

TO READERS OF The New York Times

The New York Times is sold to newsdealers without the return privilege. They regulate their orders to meet a stable demand. To ensure a copy of The Times order in advance from your dealer. He, as well as The Times, will appreciate your cooperation.

Broadway to Fourth Ave. 8th to 10th Sts.

THE John Wanamaker STORE

Formerly A. T. Stewart

Store Hours 9 to 6 Telephone Stuyvesant 4700

Take a Trip on S. S. Santaland
'Around the World by Radio Flash'
Daily in the Auditorium at 11, 2 and 3:30
Entrance Through TOY WORLD
Third Gallery, New Building

Two Big Buildings · 16 City-block Floors · 44 Elevators · 14 Million Dollars of Goods

Toy World En Fete · S. S. Santaland Sailing Frequently · The Whole Store in Festive Mood

Wanamaker's Welcomes Another Happy Christmas Saturday

From the Founder's Writings

Almost Everything in the Store Has Quality That Makes It a Christmas Stock

serviceable for Christmas remembrances, and especially of serviceable qualities.

While we provided largely, it has been very carefully done.

We do not sell tawdry nor tinsel merchandise. We aim to have every article to be such as will fulfill the customer's expectation for the money paid for it.

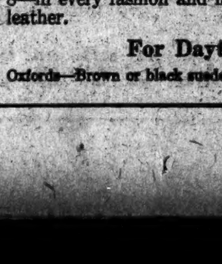
In almost every case, prices are lower than last year. We do not say everything, but wherever it is possible to have lower prices, the public may be sure that they are so adjusted. We are aiming at a lower basis of costs in all our purchases, that we may be able to make lower selling prices.

There are no urgencies here to any one to buy, except as they need; nor are there any baits or hodge-podge inducements to make people come in with a hope of selling them something when they come.

This Store is first for its patrons and afterward for its owners. By mutual cooperation it improves somewhere every day.

(Signed) John Wanamaker

Special Holiday Music
Daily in the
STEWART ROTUNDA
11 A. M. to 1 P. M.
and 2 P. M. to 5 P. M.
December 4
The Lyman Singers (Male Quartette) With Organ



Silk Faille Hats
That Have A Brilliant Way of Being Smart
$12

Little hats—charmingly nonchalant—that are given individuality and distinction by metallic stitching—gold or silver. The new interpretation of the hat that completes the silhouette in which the lavishly fur-trimmed coat, or the fur coat plays the important part. Rose, green, powder blue, beige, soft browns and black.

Second Floor, Old Building

Girls' Fur-Trimmed Coats! $25

WERE $29.75 TO $89.50

The majority are dress-up coats, as gay as festive occasions! Every bright youthful color—in velveteen, broadcloth, suede cloth, pile fabrics, trimmed in—

Beaver *Squirrel* *Japanese Fox* *Dyed Lapin*

Sports Coats, too—for older girls with their warm tweed mixtures, blending into the long haired fur collars!

MISS 6 TO 16

should see the lights twinkle on the Christmas tree that is there for her in the Girls' Shop.

Second Floor, Old Building

A Small but Distinctive Group of Sports Frocks
(FOR MISSES AND WOMEN)

$16.50 $26.50 $34.50

ORIGINALLY $25 TO $49.50

From our regular Sports Shop collection lowered because sizes are incomplete.

One and two-piece frocks of silk and woolens—nearly all Paris-inspired models.

First Floor, Old Building

1,000 New Gift Frocks

FOR LITTLE MISS 1 TO 6

$1.65 and $2.65

Fascinating little frocks, with exquisite touches of hand-work, that the very young fashionables will adore. And, mothers will approve of your choice, for the frocks are not only very attractive, but quite practical—they can be tubbed and pressed off in a jiffy.

At $1.65—Fine nainsook and striped dimity frocks with bright colored hand-smockings. Sizes 1 to 3.

At $2.65—Sheer voiles, plain or embroidered in a smart blocked pattern, dotted swiss or printed cottons, with tiny lace edged ruffles, hand-smockings or effectively trimmed with hand-drawn colored threads. Sizes 2 to 6.

Third Floor, Old Building

Perfume Atomizers, $2.95 $3.95 $6.95

FOR OUR $3.50 TO $20 GRADES

Little squatty atomizers—tall graceful atomizers—what a variety of attractive styles, with gilt mountings and mesh covered bulbs.

Fluted glass in jewel colorings. Crackled glass in an exquisite opaline effect. Gold-flecked glass in deep rich tones. Hand-decorated glass. Painted glass in striking two-tone effects.

Thoroughfare, and Street Floor, Old Building

Skate and Shoe Outfits
350 Gifts for Men, Women, Boys, Girls

$7.50

$10 AND $11 GRADES

Highly tempered steel hockey skates of a famous make. Attached, in the correct scientific balance, to reinforced leather shoes with counter and ankle supports. Heights: Men's shoes, 6 inches; women's shoes, 8 inches. . . A gift that brings Christmas joy to every youthful heart!

Sports Shop, Third Gallery, New Bldg.

Daytime and Evening Slippers

1,200 Prs. Made-to-our-Order **$9.50 Pr.**

FOR OUR $12.50 GRADES

Yes, made to our order, at notable price concessions, by one of our best makers who had on hand a surplus collection of fine materials and leathers. An important feature of this offering is that there are all sizes—from 8 to 8—in every fashion and in every material or leather.

For Daytime

Oxfords—Brown or black suede with simulated lizard.
Two-Eyelet Ties—Walnut kidskin; patent leather.
Tongue Slippers—Gunmetal calfskin.
One-Strap Slippers—Black suede; patent leather; patent leather with gun metal patent leather; deep brown kidskin with walnut kidskin.
Opera Slippers—Patent leather.

For Evening

One-Strap Slippers—Silver brocade; gold brocade; silver brocade with silver kidskin.
Opera Slippers—Black velvet.

First Floor, Old Building

A Collection of Dolls in a Saturday Sale

Hundreds and hundreds of dollies for little girls—and big girls. Teeny weeny dollies that cuddle. Big, strong dolls that walk and talk and blink their eyes. All ready now in TOY WORLD at Wanamaker's. Doll houses, too—doll furnishings, that teach how to keep house.

Baby Dolls in Basket, $2.95
OUR $3.75 GRADE
New Born Baby Doll with bisque head and eyes that open and close. Tucked away in a woven basket and snuggled up under a blanket.

Mama Dolls, $1
Unbreakable heads and soft bodies.

Mama Dolls, $3.50
Sleeping-eye dolls dressed in pink or blue. Height 21 in.

Dolls, $2.25
New born baby dolls with bisque heads and sleeping eyes. Length 18 in.

Imported Dolls, $1.95
Jointed dolls with bisque heads and moving eyes. Height 24 in.

TOY WORLD, Third Gallery, New Building

Gifts
Specialized in Prices
that will receive a big welcome

Pin Seal Handbags at $5
Under-arm styles with side straps, pouch bags, envelopes—many with gold plated details!
Street Floor, Old Building

Silk Costume Slips at $3.85
This $5 and $7 grade is a manufacturer's sample lot—so radium, crepe de chine and satin are included. Tailored and embroidered styles. Flesh, white, black and many costume colors.
Third Floor, Old Building

Embroidered Silk Shawls, $12.75
A lovely fuchsia design traces its way over crepe de chine that is hand-knotted—with silk fringe. Pastel colors embroidered in self tones, or flower colors. White and black, too.
Street Floor, Old Building

Crystal-Effect Necklaces, $4.95
Fashionable Mellon cut beads in tie effects, with clasps of sterling silver. White, rose, amethyst, topaz, aquamarine shades.
Street Floor, Old Building

Washable Capeskin Gloves, $2.25
The smartest slip-on style is also supremely practical. Brown, tan, beige, beaver, gray.
Street Floor, Old Building

Women's French Handkerchiefs
35c each—$3.85 Doz.
White linen in hand-blocked borders, either narrow and very dainty—or wide and striking! Rose-pink, red, light or navy blue, tan, green, mauve. Hand rolled edge.
Street Floor, Old Building

$30 Semi-China Dinner Services From Open Stock, $20

Despite the small price the special high glaze of these attractive services will never craze or crack. Two colorful designs—including the famous Dresden flowers. Each service 100 pieces for 12 persons—with opportunity to add to your set from open stock later.

Second Gallery, New Building

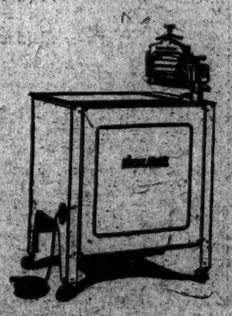
A Small First Payment Sends Home

Your Sellers Kitchen Cabinet
5 Models, $47.50 to $90

One of these models is exactly the right size for *your* kitchen. Any one of them will save you time and energy by eliminating waste motion. A cabinet keeps within arm's reach most of the utensils and ingredients used in the preparation of a meal. No running between pantry, table and range. The cabinet is pantry and table combined. Your meal is prepared comfortably seated at its broad enameled surface. An ideal Christmas gift for the home!

Housewares Store, Seventh Gallery, New Building

24 Electric Washers Hurry Away
$99.50 for $160 Mayfairs
$108.50 for $155 Western Electrics



The Mayfair is the oscillator type. The Western Electric the cylinder type. Both washers embody the most effective cleansing principle, raising the clothes and dropping them back into sudsy water. Thus all dirt is dissolved and carried out of the fabrics. Just 4 machines are floor samples. The remainder have never been operated.

A Small First Payment.

Electric Shop, Seventh Gallery, New Building

Come early in the morning, if you can; leave Saturday afternoon for those whose business duties prevent shopping at any other time.

Everybody wants to visit Wanamaker's, especially at Christmas time. They want to see the beautiful things from all over the world, to enjoy the artistic displays, to hear the music, to see the Auditorium pageant, to mingle with the happy crowds——

But that's the trouble—"crowds too big on Saturday afternoon," many people say, "and I can't go other days"——

We meet this condition by setting apart

Two Christmas Nights at Wanamaker's

MONDAY, DECEMBER 6
MONDAY, DECEMBER 13

Store Open Until 9 P. M.

A service for those who cannot shop in the day-time

Without hardship to our store-workers—time is so arranged that no one will be called upon to serve longer hours than usual at this time of year.

Choose the most convenient time for you—but plan a visit to Wanamaker's before Christmas.

English Arm Chairs

$75

FOR OUR $113 TO $123 GRADES

$99

FOR OUR $155 GRADE

Big, comfortable chairs that will hold you fast in utter ease. Frames of solid birch in walnut color—full spring backs and spring seats.

Covers of mohair with seat and backs of fine quality imported hand-loom wool tapestry.

The chairs at $99 have needlepoint tapestry which we selected abroad

Fifth Gallery, New Building

Eastern Rugs
Gifts that will be Remembered As long as their hard-wearing weaves endure!

$45 Mosoul and Beloochistan Rugs, $29
Average size 3.6x6 ft.

$85 to $95 Kurdistan, Guendji and Kazak Rugs, $48
Sizes from 3 to 4 ft. wide by 6 to 9 ft. long.

$125 and $135 Persian Sarouk Rugs, $89
Average size 3.6x5 ft.

$275 to $325 Mahal, Gorovan and Serapi Rugs, $185
Average size 9x12 ft.

Note New Location—Sixth Gallery, New Building

Found! 1,800 More of Those

Fine Shirts at $1.65

Men and women are buying them for gifts—these shirts of broadcloth, madras, or oxford. Neckband styles in white or striped broadcloth; in madras; in oxford. Collar-to-match style in rayon-striped broadcloth. Collar attached in white broadcloth or oxford.

Sizes from 14 to 17—we have found about 1,800 more of these shirts to go at the same low price—good gifts!

Neckties at 85c—Low-priced!
Charvet weaves. Moire stripes. Twills. Reps. Checks. Figures. Dots. Packed in a Christmas box if you wish—a fine sight to greet a masculine eye on Christmas morning!

Rayon-and-Wool Socks, 55c pr.
4,000 PAIRS OF OUR $1 GRADE
Imported or domestic. Two-toned heather mixtures. Novelty checks. Some full-fashioned. Wide range of colors.

Silk-and-Lisle Union Suits, $4
OUR $8 GRADE
From one of the best makers, who is discontinuing these suits—we took all he had to sell at half the usual price. Finely tailored in a desirable weight—long sleeves with ankle length drawers or short sleeve and short drawers. Sizes 34 to 46.

Street Floor, Old Building

REDS IN CLOAK UNION SEEK VOTE ON REVOLT

Leaders Ask Election, Saying They Will Quit If Workers Express Wish by Ballot.

LAUNCH ATTACK ON SIGMAN

Communist Ranks Are Depleted as Fight Spreads and Way Is Sought to Save Strike.

INTERNATIONAL STEPS IN

Pledges Help to Get Favorable Terms From Employers—Struggle May Break Grip of the Reds.

Left Wing and Communist leaders of the Cloakmakers General Strike Committee declared last night they were willing to submit the issues between them and the International Union officials to the arbitrament of an election, supervised by the labor movement or the American Civil Liberties Union, and would resign and hand the conduct of the strike to the International Union if directed to do so by the mandate of the rank and file.

The declaration was made last night at a meeting of the General Strike Committee held at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 East Fourth Street, where the leaders of the strike denounced President Morris Sigman of the International Ladies Garment Workers Union with having "betrayed the strike." The anti-Communist demonstration at Cooper Union Wednesday night where a resolution was adopted calling on the strike leaders to resign and place the conduct of the strike in the hands of the International Union's officers, was asserted to have been "staged" for the purpose.

The Cooper Union meeting was condemned as "provocative," and the General Strike Committee was authorized to prepare a reply to the public statement of Mr. Sigman, who accused the Left Wing and Communist leaders with being criminally negligent in the handling of the strike.

Hyman Attacks Sigman.

Louis Hyman, Chairman of the General Strike Committee; Charles Zimmerman and Joseph Boruchowitz asserted that Mr. Sigman was present at all conferences held with the employers and was put forth as a spokesman of the union. It was also alleged that Sigman adherents were placed on important committees and had much to do with the conduct of the strike and could not be held blameless as to its outcome.

Mr. Hyman made a bitter attack on Mr. Sigman and his associates, charging them with "organizing the underworld" and with having advertised the loss of the strike to the jobbers and submanufacturers. He asked how a proper settlement could be made with jobbers and submanufacturers since Mr. Sigman admitted that the strike had failed. Mr. Sigman was not present at the meeting.

The revolt of the rank and file of striking cloakmakers against the Communist leadership of the twenty-three weeks' strike which began Wednesday night at a spontaneously organized mass meeting in Cooper Union was widespread yesterday and resulted in a large number of desertions and resignations from the Trade Union Educational League, the organization of W. Z. Foster and the Workers' (Communist) Party.

At the same time the Communist and Left Wing leaders of the strike, at the meeting of the General Executive Board of the International Union, sought to ascertain under what conditions the International would step in and attempt to salvage the strike.

"The International Union is ready to take over the cloak strike provided Communist leaders get out and stay out," was the reply made to the inquiry by President Morris Sigman of the International Union.

Ready to Take Over Strike.

Mr. Sigman emphasized the point that the General Executive Board, consisting of officers from variolls parts of the country, was prepared to do everything in its power to save the remnants of the strike "despite the almost hopeless situation in which the Communist leadership has dragged it."

Confronting the Communist strike leaders at the meeting, Mr. Sigman declared: "Your incompetence and servility to Communist Party orders have all but broken the strike and your premature settlements with hundreds of submanufacturers and contractors, before settlement with either the Industrial Council or the Jobbers' Association had been made, disrupted the entire strike and struck the foundation from it.

"Notwithstanding the fact that the strike finds itself now in the midst of the dull season; that both the International and all its subsidiary organizations have been drained to the last cent by the extravagant manner in which this strike had been conducted, and the slim prospects of getting a satisfactory agreement from the jobbers at this late hour, the General Executive Board is ready to take the risk, in order to serve the cloakmakers, and take over the strike, jointly with a committee of cloakmakers who are on strike. There must, however, be one condition to this—the present blundering leaders of what remains of the strike, with very few exceptions, should take their hands off the entire situation."

Many Desert Left Wing.

The first effect of the revolt was the wholesale defection from the ranks of W. Z. Foster's Trade Union Educational League. The resignations included men who had hitherto been stanch adherents of the Left Wing. Among them were Philip Kurinsky, one of the men who organized the Trade Union Educational League; David Smith, Phil Kreitzer, who was Vice President last year of the so-called "Joint Action Committee"; Morris Feinberg and Isaac Feinstein.

It became evident yesterday in the needle trades that the battle that is now preparing behind the lines will mean either the shattering of the Communist grip on the needle trades or a victory which will mean complete capture of the needle trade unions and a movement toward other large and powerful organizations of workers. It was reported yesterday that W. Z. Foster and C. E. Ruthenberg, Executive Secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party, will arrive in this city shortly to handle the campaign for the Communists.

Prison for Prince Murat For Part in Fox Fur Swindle

PARIS, Dec. 3 (AP).—Found guilty of complicity in a swindle, Prince Michael Murat, descendant of Napoleon's Marshal, Joachim Murat, will have to serve three months in prison.

The Correctional Court today passed sentence on the Prince on the charge of aiding to defraud shareholders in a company of which he was President. The supposed object of this company was to breed silver foxes in France with the promise of a large return through the demand for fox fur.

Gaston Fontanile, described by the court as "the two-legged fox who originated the scheme," was sentenced by default to ten years in prison. He disappeared, allegedly with most of the funds, when it became known the authorities were making an investigation.

STATE CALLS PUGILIST IN TROOPER'S MURDER

Witness Says De Luccia Told Him of Casualties, Indicating He Lingered at Hotel.

Special to The New York Times.

PATERSON, N. J., Dec. 3.—Peter White, pugilist, was called as a witness by the State today in an effort to break down the alibi advanced in behalf of James (Slambang) De Luccia, who, together with Samuel Alessi, is on trial before Justice Charles C. Black and a jury in the Court of Oyer and Terminer for the murder of State Trooper Charles Ulrich at the French Hill Hotel, Wayne Township, on the morning of Feb. 17 last.

Earlier in the trial three witnesses testified that De Luccia, after punching Ulrich's companion, Trooper Matthew McManus, on the nose, had fled down the cellar stairs and out through a rear door and that when Ulrich was killed De Luccia was running down the driveway to escape.

White said today that at 5 A. M. on the morning of the murder he met De Luccia in front of a restaurant in Paterson and that they entered a taxicab together. According to White, De Luccia said to him: "There has been trouble at French Hill and one guy has been killed and another is dying." The State maintains this shows that De Luccia remained at the hotel longer than the other witnesses admitted.

Cross-examined by John M. Ward, defense counsel, White, who was picked up by the police as a material witness Feb. 18, admitted that he had subsequently told "seven or eight different stories." His testimony today was the truth, he said.

The trial will continue tomorrow. It is expected the State will rest Monday morning and that the defense will take two days to put in its case.

OLD ART TREASURES GOING ON SALE TODAY

Receipts From Auction of Kaplan Collection Total $75,695 in Four Sessions.

The receipts at the fourth session of the sale of the art collection of the late Nathan Samuel Kaplan, inventor of artificial pearls, at the Anderson Galleries yesterday, amounted to $24,987.50, making the total now $75,695. At the final session today, the rarest objects of the collection will be offered, among them the jeweled gold box sent to Paul I of Russia by Louis XV, the gold and Vernis Martin box given to the Empress Marie Thérèse by Louis XV, the Cellini "jeweled" crystal cup, the Carreno portrait of Charles II of Spain, old French furniture, watches and tapestries.

A gold mounted translucent vitrified enamel box by Devigne of Paris, circa 1785, with rich ribbed gold ground reflecting the light in such manner as to produce sunrise effects, was acquired by Edward Baxter for $925. He also paid $560 for another gold mounted semi-translucent enamel box, with opaque blue and silver-gray stripes, the latter strewn with crimson holly branches, and for another enameled gold box bearing the miniature of the Grand Condé surrounded by laurel leaves, he paid $540.

L. W. Grant bid in for $825 a French seventeenth century mottled pearl nautilus with jeweled mounts, the shell engraved in India ink with motifs from the story of Perseus and Andromeda.

A remarkable jeweled ormolu coach clock by George Margetts, London, 1785, banded with pieced arabesques, fan motifs and fillets of pearls and rubies, went to Dr. E. Cadgene for $525. Albert R. Louis bid in two Louis Quatorze needlework covered high-back chairs for $1,600 and J. O. Voit paid $800 for a Louis Quinze walnut chaise longue covered with eighteenth century lamps.

Mrs. S. R. Guggenheim acquired a circular tapestry stool for $570, and Symons, Inc., paid $525 for a sixteenth century Burgundian walnut tabernacle, now a buffet.

WOULD FREE ALGER'S YACHT

Andrews Asks Release of the Laurentian From Liquor Charges.

NOFOLK, Va., Dec. 3 (AP).—The trial of Captain Benjamin Jarvis, master of the yacht Laurentian, on which 724 quarts of whisky were seized by the Coast Guard in June in local waters, has been set in Federal court for Dec. 13. At the time of the seizure the yacht, owned by Russell A. Alger of Detroit, was under charter to C. K. G. Billings, who was aboard with a party of friends.

District Attorney Kear has until Dec. 7 to file an answer to the petition of Mr. Alger that the vessel be released from a $150,000 bond. Mr. Alger's attorneys contend that the release of the yacht and withdrawal of charges against the master were recommended by General Lincoln C. Andrews, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, in a letter read in court yesterday.

General Andrews wrote to Mrs. Mabel Walker Willebrandt, Assistant Attorney General, not only recommending release of the yacht, but reiterating his policy of concentrating on prosecution of major prohibition offenders rather than petty violators. The letter declared he was not satisfied with the procedure of the Coast Guard in searching the vessel, and quoted District Attorney Kear of Norfolk as declaring he personally questioned the legality of the seizure.

Judge Groner gave the Federal Attorney five days in which to file an answer to the petition, and allowed the attorneys for Mr. Alger five days in which to submit briefs.

MORSE TRIAL JURY LOCKED UP FOR NIGHT

Confined in the Hotel McAlpin After Deliberating for Ten Hours on Case.

ALL EXHIBITS ASKED FOR

Court, in Charge, Warns Freeing of Ten Defendants Is Not to Affect the Verdict on Six Others.

After deliberating for ten hours on the evidence presented against Erwin A., Harry F. and Benjamin W. Morse, Rupert M. Much, Henry E. Boughton and George M. Burditt, a jury which has listened to the case for eight court weeks was locked up at 11 o'clock last night in the Hotel McAlpin. The defendants are charged with conspiracy to use the mails in the fraudulent promotion of stock sales in companies organized by C. W. Morse.

Just before being locked up for the night the jury requested all of the Government exhibits. Counsel for the defense and the prosecutor went over each item before sending it to the jury.

The case was handed to the jury at 1 P. M. after Judge Thomas D. Thacher had concluded his charge which was started at 10:40. The Court instructed the jury that deliberations could begin after luncheon. The jury, escorted by Deputy United States Marshals, was taken out and returned at 2:17 o'clock. Twice during the session preceding the dinner hour requests for certain exhibits were sent out to the court.

Judge Thacher started his charge with an appreciation of the services of the jurors, who have listened to the evidence as presented since Oct. 11. He told them of their responsibilities and warned them that they were to be the judges, as his duty ceased when he explained the law to them. He then proceeded to define legally the charge of conspiracy, and read the indictment, declaring that the Government retained only four overt acts. He told of the dismissal of the charges against ten defendants by him and declared that this action was not to influence their decision. He explained various portions of the evidence.

Judge Thacher then reviewed the various requests to charge offered by defense counsel. One list contained seventy-one requests.

GIRL SLAYER ENTERS MANSLAUGHTER PLEA

Court Allows It on Ground That Mrs. Denino, 16, Could Never Be Convicted of Murder.

Because he believed a first or second degree murder conviction impossible, Judge James M. Barrett in Bronx County Court yesterday accepted a plea of guilty of manslaughter in the first degree from Catherine Denino, 16-year-old slayer of Luigi Fino.

The girl already has confessed killing Fino, who was 34 years old, because, she said, he attacked her when she was a child, and after she had married Rocco Denino and built up a happy home with him in Evanston, Ill., tried to blackmail her husband with his story of his former relations with her, so that her husband drove her from his home.

Judge Barrett said he would defer sentence until Dec. 23, pending an investigation of the circumstances which led the girl to the killing. He accepted the manslaughter plea, he said, despite the fact that he had no doubt the girl was guilty of first degree murder.

"The Court has determined that she would never be convicted of murder by a jury," he said. "The only chance the people have is for a plea of manslaughter in the first degree. That is the only reason I have for accepting this plea."

District Attorney John E. McGeehan told Judge Barrett that Fino had attacked the girl when she was 12 years old and had threatened to kill her if she told. The girl's son was adopted by a family in the West, he said.

According to Mr. McGeehan, the girl fell in love with Denino and married him last July. Their married life was happy until Fino re-entered it in an attempt to blackmail her husband.

On Nov. 12 Mrs. Denino left for New York, armed with a pistol and determined to shoot her way back into her husband's love if possible, Mr. McGeehan said. She saw Fino coming out of a barber shop at Bergen Avenue and 149th Street and killed him. Since then her husband has expressed his approval of her act and has said that he wanted to aid and comfort her.

PRINCE GOES DOWN WITH HORSE AT JUMP

Keeps Hold of Reins, Remounts and Follows Hounds at Melton Mowbray.

LONDON, Dec. 3 (AP).—The Prince of Wales again has come a cropper, says a dispatch to The Westminister Gazette from Melton Mowbray.

Hunting with the Quorn hounds, he was unhorsed yesterday when his favorite hunter, Just An Idea, fell at a formidable hedge jump near Great Dalby.

The Prince was thrown over his horse's head but fell clear of the animal. He kept hold of the reins, quickly remounted and, covered with mud, followed the chase.

Recent rains had made the going through the fields treacherous, and there were several spills among the huntsmen.

STUDENTS BEAT JEWS IN BESSARABIAN TOWNS

Troops Called Out to Disperse Bands—Homes and Stores Damaged in Kishinev.

BUCHAREST, Dec. 3 (AP).—Infantry and cavalry were summoned today in several towns in Bessarabia to disperse bands of students who were reported to have attacked Jewish inhabitants. The reports stated the students, notably in Kishinev, smashed the windows of homes and stores and beat many Jews.

At Calaras, between Kishinev and Jassy, the students stormed a locomotive, bound the engineer and held the train until their companions returned from the town, where they gave severe beatings to many Jews.

Philadelphia Judge Scores Board of Pardons; Lays Convicts' Taunts to Its "Mollycoddling"

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 3 (AP).—Another broadside at the State Board of Pardons was fired in Quarter Sessions Court today by Judge Harry S. McDevitt, who has long been known as a severe critic of that body.

Misplaced "sympathy and mollycoddling" of prisoners by the State Board, the Judge charged, was responsible for the defiant attitude of two convicts who yesterday stood in court and openly berated the Judge for alleged "unfairness." Judge McDevitt's arraignment of the pardon tribunal came during his address to the November Petit Jury, which was discharged today.

"When the Pardon Board sat in Harrisburg last Wednesday," said the Judge, "and pardoned a former policeman who had been implicated in the $35,000 robbery of a fur store you cannot blame jail birds for thinking they have been imposed on.

"You can trace the attitude of these criminals directly to Harrisburg," Judge McDevitt went on. "When you figure 500 pardons have been granted during the last four years to people of that character, who should be kept in jail for the safety of the community, you can well understand why most of us are thankful that the present Board of Pardons is passing out of existence.

"If sympathy and mollycoddling are to take the place of well-deserved and proportionate sentences, then they had better not be tried in this court room while I am presiding, because, regardless of their talk and criticism and their personal opinions, I propose to continue to give them what they deserve.

"I think the respect of this community of two million people is of much more importance than the respect of a lot of jail birds who are only safe when they are behind a twenty-foot wall, and not even then, because they can dig tunnels."

Judge McDevitt was referring to the appearance in his court yesterday of five convicts from Eastern Penitentiary, indicted for attempted jail breaks last June, when an almost completed tunnel was discovered leading from a prison cell toward an outer wall. Two of these prisoners taunted the Judge with charges of bias. Four of the five were found guilty and their sentences doubled by the Court.

NEW RODGERS PLEA JAILS HIM FOR LIFE

He Admits Possessing Pistol When Captured—Smiles at Court's Warning.

DECLINES AID OF COUNSEL

Thinks Baumes Law Will Fail—Executive Clemency His Only Possible Hope for Freedom Now.

John J. (Bum) Rodgers pleaded guilty yesterday to a charge of having possessed a pistol, a violation of the Sullivan law. As a result of this plea and the fact of his previous convictions he will be sentenced Tuesday to life imprisonment as a fourth offender, and this, under the Baumes law, means he must serve the full term of the sentence unless he receives Executive clemency.

Rodgers's plea came as a surprise. He entered Judge James M. Barrett's court room in the Bronx County Court guarded by five armed Deputy Sheriffs and spoke in an undertone to District Attorney John E. McGeehan. He then announced that he wished to withdraw his former plea of not guilty. He was without counsel, but declined an offer to have counsel assigned, and asserted that he was fully aware of his rights. He heard Judge Barrett say that under the law he had no alternative other than to sentence him to prison for life, and his only visible reaction was a faint smile.

After his record had been read and other formalities had been disposed of, Rodgers was taken downstairs to the jail, where, day and night, until he leaves for Sing Sing Tuesday, a guard will remain just outside the cell door.

Since the worst that could have happened to Rodgers had he elected to go to trial would have been imprisonment for life, his change of plea occasioned conjecture until it was learned that Rodgers had expressed the conviction that the Baumes law would sooner or later be declared unconstitutional. Mr. McGeehan said that Rodgers had shown him on several occasions that he was fully aware of his legal rights and possibilities.

Although the fourth offender statute is not new, before the enactment of the Baumes law the Parole Board had the right to release a life prisoner on parole after a certain length of time, on good behavior and for other reasons. Now only the Governor can get a life-long prisoner out before the term is served.

In giving his pedigree to the clerk of the court Rodgers said he was 34 years old, that he and his father had been born in this country and his mother in Ireland. He said his address was 4,274 Third Avenue. This is where he was captured on Thanksgiving morning when a score of detectives entered the room where Rodgers was asleep. In a dresser drawer within his reach lay a loaded pistol. His plea yesterday meant that he admitted the possession of that weapon. Rodgers described himself as a lather, married and with one child. He said he drank moderately. His mother is living.

His record of convictions, as read by Judge Barrett, follows:

Nov. 20, 1908, violation of parole, petit larceny, sent to the House of Refuge; April 9, 1909, petit larceny, one year in the penitentiary; June 17, 1912, carrying a blackjack, three years and four months to seven years in State Prison; Feb. 22, 1917, assault and robbery, fourteen years in State Prison; Jan. 13, 1922, violation of parole, remanded to State Prison; July 13, 1924, robbery, sent to penitentiary for violation of parole; June 30, 1925, assault (resisting arrest), five years in the penitentiary, with seventeen accumulated years; Dec. 11, 1925, robbery, fifteen years, with twenty-two accumulated years.

SAY MORAN IS INSANE.

Lawyers Plead Not Guilty for Him and Lunacy Commission Is Named.

Attorneys for Thomas (Red) Moran, self-confessed slayer of two policemen, pleaded not guilty for him yesterday on the ground of insanity, before Judge George W. Martin in the Kings County Court. The Court appointed a commission in lunacy to examine Moran. This will require postponement of his trial, which was scheduled for Dec. 6.

The alienists appointed on the commission were: Drs. David Goreoran of the Creedmore Branch of the Brooklyn State Hospital; Carroll Nicholls and Russell Blaisdell of the Kings Park State Hospital.

SAYS GIRL'S BURIAL WAS PART OF PLOT

Erdman Olson's Father Asserts It Was Designed to Throw Suspicion on His Son.

YOUTH IS STILL MISSING

Authorities Hear He Had a Male Companion the Night His Sweetheart Disappeared.

PRAIRIE DU CHIEN, Wis., Dec. 3 (AP).—A conviction that the body of Clara Olson was "planted" for purposes of discovery on a hillside overlooking the home of her sweetheart, Erdman Olson, and to direct suspicion toward him was expressed today by Albert Olson, father of the missing eighteen-year-old college boy, who has been charged with the girl's murder.

The body of Clara, who was 22 years old and a farmer's daughter and who disappeared from her father's home Sept. 9, was found yesterday by a searching party in a shallow grave within a quarter of a mile of the tobacco plantation where Erdman lived with his parents.

The search for young Olson, who disappeared from Gale College a day after her father had threatened his arrest if the girl was not produced, brought word to Crawford County officials today that suspects were being held at Danville, Ill.; Des Moines, Iowa; Evansville, Wis., and Crawfordsville, Ind. The Sheriff, who examined a suspect at Dwight, Ill., reported the youth held there was not Olson.

Erdman's father declared preposterous the theory that his son had placed the body where it was found yesterday. The boy knew, Mr. Olson said, that the wooded plot where the grave was discovered was frequented by hunters and that it was the scene at this season of extensive woodcutting. He could not have hoped, the father insisted, that the body would lie there undiscovered.

The father told of the son's presence, on the night Clara disappeared, at a dance at Seneca, 12 miles from his home; his departure just before midnight and his arrival home at 1:15 A. M.

"He could never have gotten the girl killed and buried her and driven home after he left the dance near midnight, and still have reached home a few minutes after 1," Mr. Olson said. "And, if he had, his clothes would have shown it. There was no sign of mud or disarray on his clothes or on the car."

A new factor was injected into the situation today, with a report that young Erdman Olson left the dance with a male companion. Deputies made inquiries in the hope that if Erdman had a companion the latter could throw light on the boy's movements on the night of Sept. 9, when he is alleged by Clara's father, Christ Olson, to have appeared in the driveway of the home near Seneca at an hour coincident with that at which the girl left home.

ROOSEVELTS ON LION HUNT.

Archie and His Wife and Party Are Now in Arizona.

TUCSON, Ariz., Dec. 3 (AP).—Archie Roosevelt was cleaning saddles and assembling equipment today for a trip into the mountains of Southern Arizona and Northern Mexico, seeking jaguars and mountain lions.

The party includes Mr. and Mrs. Archie Roosevelt, their cousin, Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish, and Fairman Dick of New York City. They will be accompanied by Billy Chester, a noted mountain guide and lion hunter, who some time ago successfully piloted Stanley Graham in his search of mountain lions with bow and arrow.

Mr. Roosevelt said two hunting trips were planned by his party, the first to be in the Arizona mountains, in which the women will take part, and the other in Mexico, where the men alone will undertake the rougher country. The trip to the base camp will be made by motor, and from there on the men will travel on horseback. They expect to be in the hills for two weeks or more.

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GHOSTS DO EXIST, M'DOUGALL ADMITS

They May Not Be Supernatural, However, Harvard Professor Tells Spiritist Conference.

RIGOROUS INQUIRY URGED

Dr. Prince Thinks True Psychic Science Will Develop From Study of Supernormal.

Special to The New York Times.

WORCESTER, Mass., Dec. 3.—Ghosts do walk, even though they may not be supernatural, said Professor William McDougall of Harvard University in a lecture on spiritism, in the symposium on that subject that was resumed tonight at Clark University here.

Both Professor McDougall and Dr. Walter F. Prince, President of the Boston Society of Psychic Research, declared that some extraordinary things occurred in the seance room which were not explainable by man's ordinary philosophy.

There was danger of self-delusion, even if the danger of mental disturbance due to dabbling in the occult was not so serious as it has been pictured, they said. Dr. Prince added that possibly the production of ectoplasm, the substance from the medium's body by which phenomena are said to be produced, might be attributed to the inexperience of the European mind, not so keenly attuned to skepticism as was the American mind through long and sad acquaintance with fraud.

Scientific inquiry and scientific experimentation might throw light on what as yet was merely a collection of curious and rare experiences tending to produce a belief in spiritistic appearances, they said.

Much Evidence Assembled, He Says.

Professor McDougall praised Clark University for courageously bringing together those interested in psychical research. He added that it would be a sign of true enlightenment if more universities undertook the scientific investigation of this absorbing problem.

"There has been gathered a very weighty mass of evidence indicating that human personality does not always at death cease to be a source of influence upon living," he said. "I am inclined to regard as part of this evidence occurrence of ghostly apparitions.

"It seems to me that in many of these experiences there is something involved that we do not understand at all, some causal factor or influence other than disorder within mental processes of the percipient.

"I hold that a case has been made out for clairvoyance of such strength that further investigation is imperatively needed.

"I would say the same of many of the alleged supernormal physical phenomena of mediumship.

"I am not convinced of the supernormality of any of these in any instance. But I do feel that evidence for them is such that the scientific world is not justified in pooh-poohing it, but rather is called upon to seek out and investigate alleged causes with the utmost impartiality.

Amateurs Are Warned Off.

"This is no field for the casual amateur; for the man who wishes to take a rapid glance at the phenomena and thereupon form his own conclusions.

"It is a field of research which at every step demands in the highest degree the scientific spirit and all-around scientific training and knowledge."

The public as a whole was not particularly concerned over whether or not they are rational beings, said Professor McDougall, and there psychical research must interest the intellectual few, but, he added:

"They keenly desire to know whether there is a kernel of truth in the widely accepted claims of communication with departed friends; whether each of us, as science tell us, is forever shut off from his fellows by the distorting and inadequate means of communication provided by sense organs and the muscular system; whether there is not some common stock of memory and experience upon which men may draw in ways not recognized by science; whether at death each of us is wholly exterminated; whether ghost stories are founded on illusion and other forms of error."

Prince Expects Psychic Science.

A belief that something convincingly true would arise from an investigation of spiritism; that it formed the basis of a scientifically demonstrable theory, and that true psychic science would some day arise, just as astronomy did from astrology and chemistry from alchemy, was voiced by Dr. Prince.

The "will to believe," put forward by some as an explanation of spiritistic phenomena, was just as foolish as a "will to disbelieve" on the part of unsympathetic critics, he said.

"Every scientist, when he enters the field of psychical research with general hostile intent," he said, "belongs to the class of persons whose conclusions are actuated by their emotions rather than by calm reasoning.

"Phenomena of the same nature as those which now form the subject matter of psychical research are witnessed to from the first records of the human race, in all lands, in our Bible and other bibles, in the writings of the Christian fathers. Such testimonials are shared by the greatest intellects.

"There are persons whose works show them to have been careful, intelligent and patient observers," he said. "The spectacle of these men calmly announcing that they have reached severally one or another stage of conviction that supernormal facts exist is profoundly impressive.

"Psychic research extends back through centuries of gross and silly superstitions, but the same is true of other sciences.

"There are four types of supernormal phenomena upon which psychics agree—telepathy, verdical apparitions, mediumistic deliverances and psychometry, which is the ability to recite during contact with a strange object facts true of a person connected with the object, yet not inferrable from the object itself.

"Many scientific men have been convinced of ectoplasm. I have never seen any exhibition of it or heard any careful description which was in the least convincing to me. Whether there is a genuine product of that name I will not undertake to decide."

Ohio Farmer Breaks Record For a Ten-Acre Corn Crop

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Dec. 3 (AP).—Ira Marshall, Hardin County farmer, who last year produced a world's record corn crop on ten acres, this year bettered his own record by producing 1,663.3 bushels of shelled corn on ten acres for an average yield of 166.33 bushels to the acre. This was officially announced today at Ohio State University after a check-up at Mr. Marshall's farm.

While Mr. Marshall was bettering last year's record of 160 bushels an acre, his twenty-year-old son Glenn came within one bushel of equaling the 160-bushel yield. In another part of the field on which Mr. Marshall produced this year's record crop, Glenn recorded on ten acres a yield of 1,593 bushels, or 159.3 bushels an acre.

BERRY BUYS HOME ON STATEN ISLAND

Richmond County Democrats See Political Move, but General's Friends Deny It.

Leaders of the dominant Democratic faction of Richmond County have become somewhat worried, it was learned yesterday, by the fact that Controller Charles W. Berry has purchased the Romer house in the Dongan Hills section and will soon move from Brooklyn to Staten Island. The house adjoins the grounds of the Richmond County Country Club and was purchased from former State Senator George Cromwell.

General Berry has been a resident of Brooklyn for many years and for several years was Chairman of the Kings County Democratic Committee. His three votes with the two of Borough President James J. Byrne gave Brooklyn five votes of the sixteen in the Board of Estimate.

The leaders of the regular Democratic organization of Richmond are David S. Rendt, County Chairman, and Borough President John A. Lynch. They supported former Mayor John F. Hylan for renomination in 1925 and opposed the nomination of Mayor Walker.

According to some Richmond Democrats, Controller Berry's coming residence in that borough may weaken considerably the influence of Mr. Rendt and Mr. Lynch. The Controller is known to be a close friend of Governor Smith, whose wishes the present regular Democratic organization opposed in supporting Mr. Hylan, and some members of the Rendt-Lynch faction were reported to see General Berry's change of residence as part of a plan to bring the organization into closer alliance with Tammany and Governor Smith.

Friends of General Berry denied that there was any political significance in his purchase of a Staten Island home, which, they said, was acquired for purely personal reasons.

URGES COMPULSION IN VOCATIONAL SCHOOLS

New Yorker Advocates Sending Boys to Training Classes After Leaving Public Schools.

LOUISVILLE, Dec. 3 (AP).—Compulsory vocational education after a boy leaves grammar school or high school was advocated by Harry Burr of New York, President of the Wallpaper Manufacturers' Association, in an address prepared for delivery today before the Trade and Industrial Education section of the American Vocational Association, in first annual convention here.

Mr. Burr said compulsory education ended at 15 or 16 years, when the Government dropped the boy. As a general thing he was allowed to seek some position from which he could derive fair wages and easy hours. Seeking vent for his energies, Mr. Burr said, "in very many instances a boy gradually drifts into crime."

Charles A. Wardner, Director of Jackson, Mich., saw good programs of industrial information being given through the medium of the movies as a suggestion to small city high school teachers in teaching occupations. Very good films were being obtained from advertising concerns who furnished the films practically free, the school merely paying transportation.

The home economics section, operating simultaneously with the commercial education, vocational guidance, industrial education, civilian vocational rehabilitation and agricultural educational sections, had a full program. Federal and State home economics directors were augmented by such leaders as Miss Anna E. Richardson, director of child study and parental education, American Home Economics Association, Washington, D. C., and others.

BORGLUM LOSES SUIT.

Must Pay Stephenson, Klan Slayer, $27,586, Bridgeport Court Rules.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Dec. 3 (AP).—David C. Stephenson, former Klan leader of Indiana, and now serving a life term in the State Prison there for the murder of Madge Oberholzer, has been awarded judgment by stipulation of $27,586.60 in his suit against Gutson Borglum, sculptor, of Stamford, in a decision handed down in Superior Court here.

Stephenson brought his action for $30,000 against Borglum three years ago to collect on three promissory notes given by Borglum. The notes totaled $24,500, and the Klan leader brought his action to recover the principal with interest from the date of issue.

ACTRESS ASKS DIVORCE.

Kathryn Hill Accuses Her Husband of Cruelty.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Dec. 3.—Charging that her husband, Ira L. Hill, a photographer, was both verbally and physically cruel to her, Kathryn Hill, a motion picture actress, has sued for divorce. She alleges that Mr. Hill pulled her hair, threw water at her in a glass, falsely accused her and was in the habit of drinking too much liquor.

The couple were married in October, 1921, and separated three years later, the complaint says.

The date of the trial has not been set.

36 ARE INDICTED IN GAMBLING POOLS

Six Persons in Albany and 30 in Bay State Accused by Boston Grand Jury.

GIFTS TO PARTIES CHARGED

One Group Is Said to Have Donated $15,000 to Republicans in New York Campaign.

RIVALS "AIDED" DEMOCRATS

Huge Amounts Are Alleged to Have Been Collected, $75,000 Weekly in These Cities Alone.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Dec. 3.—The Federal Grand Jury investigating the Hudson and Albany baseball and stock pools completed its investigation late this afternoon by returning secret indictments against thirty-six Massachusetts and New York men. The indictments charge conspiracy in the interstate shipment of lottery tickets.

Coincident with discovery that indictments had been returned, it was revealed that leaders of the pools under investigation have demanded investigation of a rival lottery.

It was learned also that the organizations which have occupied the attention of the Federal Grand Jury for the past two days are said on good authority to have contributed $15,000 to the New York Republican campaign fund in the Gubernatorial and Senatorial election contests waged last November, and that a rival lottery heavily supported the Democratic campaign.

Of the 36 men indicted today, 30 are said to live in Boston, Springfield, Pittsfield and North Adams and the remainder in Albany. Arrests are to be made as soon as possible, it was announced tonight. Warrants will be forwarded to Albany and placed in the hands of Deputy United States Marshals there for service. Other warrants will be sent throughout Massachusetts, from Boston to Springfield, Pittsfield and North Adams. The warrants were issued tonight on the order of Judge Elisha H. Brewster in Federal Court.

The Albany baseball pool has been under investigation by State authorities on several occasions and its activities in Massachusetts often have been curtailed. It never has been entirely suppressed, however, and authorities have had difficulty in obtaining evidence against the men heading the organization. Although there have been two large pools in Albany, the activities of each in Massachusetts have been credited generally to the Albany lottery.

Thousands of Tickets Sold Weekly.

Thousands of tickets have been sent into Massachusetts weekly, Springfield probably furnishing the most fertile field. The procedure has been to send the tickets by special messenger to sub-agents in the various cities and towns. The money sometimes was collected by messenger, sometimes by express. Only on rare occasions did the pool representatives use the mails.

Prizes sometimes as high as $15,000 were paid weekly and "hits" have been reported from a number of cities in this State.

Another pool investigation is expected to follow the one just completed as a direct result of the Government's activities against the Hudson and Albany pools. It was learned from an authoritative source here today that heads of the Albany and Hudson pools, through go-betweens, have practically demanded an investigation of a large and successful pool which for some time has competed with them for leadership in the Albany and Western Massachusetts district.

On the highest authority it was stated here that the heads of the Albany and Hudson pools having contributed to the Republican campaign expenses in New York State, resent the investigation because it is being carried on here, by a Republican administration, and particularly because the competing pool, which heavily supported Democratic candidacies in the campaign, has thus far gone unmolested.

During the two days the Federal Grand Jury investigated the case more than fifty witnesses were in the corridors outside the jury room, waiting to testify. These included police of Massachusetts and New York cities and agents of the pool. Most of the police were questioned merely in regard to investigations they had conducted in their respective localities, while a number of the agents received promises of leniency if they would assist the Government to obtain evidence against the leaders of the two pools. Some accepted this proposition, it was said. Among the witnesses here was one woman, whose connection with the pool was not made public.

Big Sums Raised Weekly.

BOSTON, Dec. 3 (AP).—The Albany pools, it is charged, operated lotteries on baseball and Clearing House statistics.

To illustrate the magnitude of the lotteries a Federal official said it had been ascertained that in four Massachusetts cities alone sales of Albany pool tickets aggregated $75,000 weekly.

Politicians, gluhmen, bookmakers, bartenders, race-track touts and agents scattered throughout New England and New York are said to be implicated in the promotion of the Hudson Pool. While its prizes were said to have run as high as $7,000, it was reported that they represented only a small part of the total sum received from thousands of speculators.

Investigation of the pool, Federal authorities revealed, was started after Joseph T. Stephen, a Boston bank clerk who recently pleaded guilty to embezzlement of $10,000, told them he had lost part of the money "playing the pool." Investigators declared that his case was only one of many in which large sums had been lost in an attempt to win the capital prize.

Court Frees Banker's Chauffeur.

When Charles E. Gardner, retired banker, of 12 East Sixty-third Street, indicated yesterday that he did not desire to press the complaint, Magistrate Richard F. McKinley in Harlem Court discharged Earl Perry, 26 years old, of 240 West Fifty-sixth Street, Gardener's chauffeur, who had been charged with placing $12,000 worth of jewels, entrusted to him on Oct. 7 by Mrs. Gardner, in a safe deposit box in his own name. Mrs. Gardner subsequently died.

DEBUTANTES JOIN IN JUNIOR ASSEMBLY

Throng of Buds of This Winter and Last Dance at the Ritz-Carlton.

ELABORATE FLORAL DISPLAY

Many Dinners for Debutantes Given by the Subscribers Preceding the Ball.

An important event for the younger members of society was the first of the Junior Assemblies of this season, which was held last night in the main ballroom suite of the Ritz-Carlton. These dances have held a place in society for many years and have been considered the best medium of bringing together the débutantes of each season. The subscription list is restricted to current débutantes and those of the previous season and the subscribers to them are their mothers or near relatives. This year the subscription list is unusually large and it includes practically all the débutantes of the Winter.

The dances, which are the outcome of the Junior Cotillions founded many years ago by Mrs. Arthur Murray Dodge, have for years been directed by Mrs. Richard C. Colt, Mrs. James Gore King, Mrs. Marshall J. Dodge, Mrs. Walter Phelps Bliss, Mrs. Herbert L. Satterlee, Mrs. de Lancey Kountze and Mrs. Harry T. Peters who, last night, respresenting the other subscribers, took turns in receiving the guests at the entrance to the main ball room. The balustrades of the stairway leading to the room were twined with Southern smilax and on either side were masses of flowering begonias and tree palms. The ballroom itself was festooned with ropes of smilax and in the corners were lofty palms and flowering Autumn plants.

Many Dinners Precede Ball.

As is customary, many dinners were given in advance of the ball by the subscribers. Mr. and Mrs. Charles B. Alexander gave one of the largest dinners of the night in the Louis XVI dining room of their home, 4 West Fifty-eighth Street. It was for their grand-niece, Miss Janet McCook Whitman, who is passing the Winter with her maternal grandmother, Mrs. John J. McCook. At Pierre's dinners were given by Mr. and Mrs. Harry T. Peters, Dr. and Mrs. William Darrach and Mr. and Mrs. Pierre Jay.

Mr. and Mrs. James Lees Laidlaw and Mr. and Mrs. William Willis Reese gave dinners at Sherry's, and at the Ritz-Carlton there was still another by Mr. and Mrs. Lyttleton Fox for their débutante daughter, Miss Constance Fox. At their home, 13 East Seventy-fifth Street, Mr. and Mrs. Sidney P. Henshaw gave a dinner for their niece, Miss Elizabeth Hamilton, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William H. Hamilton. A small dinner was given by Mr. and Mrs. Frederick S. Armstrong at their home, 400 Park Avenue, for their daughter, Miss Suzanne Armstrong.

Mr. and Mrs. Alexander's dinner guests were Mr. and Mrs. Winthrop W. Aldrich, Mr. and Mrs. Arnold Whitridge, Mr. and Mrs. Eliot Cross, Mr. and Mrs. de Lancey Kountze, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Iselin, the Misses Janet Whitman, Phyllis Baker, Temple Biddle, Marie Iselin, Leila Morgan, Alice Whitehouse, Sally Pratt, Martha Kountze, Elizabeth Bliss, Eleanor Lapsley, Evelyn Whitehouse, Lily Cushing, Helen Douglas Robinson, Ruth Pruyn, Hope Iselin Livermore, Elizabeth Woodward and Anne King Carley.

Also Alfred Norris, Bruce Kelham, John Potter, Eliphalet Nott Potter Jr., Reginald H. Bishop, Robert Gorden Jr., Archibald Alexander, Henry Sergeant Cram, Richard F. O'Neil Jr., Clarence Whitman, Kenneth Walker, John W. Livermore, Paul Hampden, Charles Norton, William Eldridge, Edward King McCagg, Lloyd Mann, John Gates, Gardner Simmons, Maitland Alexander Jr., Bruce Cardew, Whitney Cromwell, Harvey Phillips and Ricardo Sequier of Buenos Aires.

Mr. and Mrs. Reese Hosts.

The dinner which Mr. and Mrs. Reese gave at Sherry's was for their débutant cousin, Miss May Willis Swords, daughter by a former marriage of Mrs. Oliver H. P. La Farge. The other guests were Mr. and Mrs. Reginald Satterlee Willis, Mr. and Mrs. La Farge, the Misses Elsie Barber, Margaret Brett, Lucie Bedford, Jane Baldwin, Katherine Bowler, Eleanor Boardman, Elizabeth Benjamin, Constance Dane, Deborah Dyer, Catherine Fuller, Cecilia Fuller, Priscilla Fairchild, Cordelia Gurnee, Adelaine Greenleaf, Elisabeth Gay, Martha Rosalie Humphrey, Kathleen Howell, Agnes Howell, Frances Heckscher, Edith Jaffray, Mary Keogh, Elizabeth Litchfield, Camille Miller, Emily Morris, Claire May, Katherine Steele, Elizabeth Stickney, Margaret Sparrow, Jane Schley, Frances Seymour, Margaret Van Winkle, Mildred Barclay Vander Poel, Barbara Van Rensselaer, Helen Wilmerding, Elizabeth Wyatt, Carola Winter, Kathryn Wylie, Aline Woods, Hope Yandell.

Also Louis C. Owens, Richard Sanger, Roger Walcott, Tom Kendall, Walter de Haven, Robert Bishop, Samuel Hammill, Charles B. Hester, K. Blyth Emmons, Charles Grimes, William Huntington, Porter Buck, Whitney Satterlee, Wentworth Johnson, John Lawrence, Charles Hewitt, George Lane, Minturn P. Collins Jr., Nat Tyler, Edward K. Mills, John Pierson, Philip Robinson, Henry Satterlee, François Lehideux, John Thayer Mahan, Schuyler Mathews, Edward Herndon, Charles Beattie, Otis Chapman, Morris Ketchum, Robert Cox, John Tappan, Wilfred B. Langmore, Joseph P. Croll, Fred Nichols, Samuel Auchincloss, Richard Clayton, Archibald Moran, Somers Sturgis, William B. Hawthorne, Russell Burke, William Gwinn, John Gould, John Forbes, Walter White, John Kellogg, Earle Stevens Jr., Geoffrey Platt, Bancel La Farge, Jacqueline A. Swords, Joseph Stout, Orton Jackson, John McDaniel and Frank Q. Reed.

Dinner for Miss Constance Fox.

At the dinner given by Mr. and Mrs. Lyttleton Fox in the Pall Mall room of the Ritz-Carlton for their débutante daughter, Miss Constance Fox, the guests were the Misses Pauline Dodge, Clare Kellogg, Eleanor Langley, Natalie Ryan, Judith Hamlin, Jean Cochran, Maria Patterman, Ethel Schniewind, Frances Gillmore, Jeanne Léonard, Polly Potter, Katharine Tod and Geneviève Fox. The young men were Whitney Stone, Robert Wylie, Henry de Give, Sidney Lanier, Stephen Van Rensselaer 2d, Townsend Coleman, Gerard H. Cox, Sherwood Flather, Irwin Powell, Walter Smith, Harold Salembier, Bronson Griscom, Gardner Stout, Robert Lawrence, Malcolm Field, William Barclay Harding, William Fanshawe White, Laurence L. Driggs Jr., Richard Baldwin, Richard W. Simmons, William Wetmore, Howell G. Cushing and Peter Baldwin.

Mr. and Mrs. Jay's dinner at Pierre's was for their daughter, Miss Louisa Jay. Their guests included the Misses Lucy Lattingwell, Sarah Bartlett, Elizabeth Eldridge, Virginia Morris, Eleanor Hewitt, Ursula Griswold, Cornelia Curtis, Margaret Hatch, Sylvia Frewster, Peggy Miller, Frances Bland, Sarah Williams, Mary R. Lambert, Anne Colby, Dorothea Villard, Madeline Prentice and Eva Wise, also Samuel Thorne Jr., Reginald Garnett, Henry K. Prince, William S. Anchincloss, Alfred Bingham, William A. M. Burden, Thatcher M. Brown Jr., John Burrough, Patrick Morgan, William G. Breed Jr., Harden Crawford Jr., Albert C. Wall Jr., George Clark, John Begg, Raoul Pantaleoni, William Nauts, Penwick Wall, Louis Lusk, Webb Trimble, Benjamin Morris, Robert Grant, De Witt Smith, Adrian Lambert, Baird McCaleb and John K. Prentice.

The dinner given by Mr. and Mrs. Peters at Pierre's was for their daughter, Miss Natalie Peters, and their guests included the Misses Alma Murray, Bertha Benkard, Dorothy Milburn, Peggie Phipps, Ellen Comly and Adelaide Hutton; J. Russell Lowell, Reginald Rose, Leonard Cushing, William Mackey, Hunt Howell and William Potts.

Dinner for Miss Louise Laidlaw.

Mr. and Mrs. Laidlaw's dinner at Sherry's was for their daughter, Miss Louise Burton Laidlaw. Their guests were Helen Beals; Madelaine and Letyta Curtis, Alexandra Daniel, Margaret Lee Haggin, Clover E. Henry, Eunice Smith, Alixe Walker, Mary Walker, Fannie Whitfield, Ann Stuart Wortley, Mary Wood, Shelby Carter, Richard Aldrich, William Allen, Frank A. Vanderlip Jr., John Cooper, Hastings Hoadley, Philip Bartlett, William Kimball, Munson G. Shaw Jr., Schuyler K. Smith, Robert Hereford, Louis de Zerega, William Wadhams Jr., Edward T. Davis, Eben Richards, Gardner Prime, Roger C. Dunn, George W. Pierson, C. L. Singleton, Arthur Hoppi, Robert Marlin, Dexter B. Peck, Keith Smith, William Carter Dickerman and Robert Finley.

Among the guests at the dinner given by Dr. and Mrs. William Darrach at Pierre's for their daughter, Miss Edith Darrach, were Mr. and Mrs. Willis D. Wood, the Misses Hope Borden, Claire Birge, Naomi Douglas, Sarah Heaton, Susanne Tilton and Grace Wallace; J. Delafield du Bois, Frederick P. Delafield, Alfred Borden, Percy L. Douglas, Alston Goff, Nelson Holland, Brooks Harlow, Edwin K. Merrill, Richard McClenahan, Leland Rose, Curzon Taylor, Robert M. Wood and Dr. Clement Penrose Cobb.

Mrs. S. P. Henshaw Hostess.

Another dinner in advance of the Assembly was given by Mrs. Sidney P. Henshaw of 13 East Seventy-fifth Street for her niece, Miss Elizabeth Hamilton, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William H. Hamilton. After it she took her guests to the theatre. Among the guests were the Misses Gwendolyn Talbot, Louise Coburn and Carol Ferguson; Arthur Borden, Wilson Lloyd, William H. Hamilton Jr., Abbott Hamilton and Harrison Bernard.

The next dance in the series will be on Jan. 7.

MRS. W. M. WASHBURN WED TO L. G. THOMAS

News of Widow's Marriage to Dramatist's Son in Paris on Nov. 13 Just Received Here.

Cable dispatches have been received in New York announcing the marriage in Paris on Nov. 13 of Mrs. Elizabeth Clarkson Washburn, widow of W. Mayhew Washburn of this city, to Luke Garretson Thomas, son of Mr. and Mrs. Augustus Thomas of 145 East Fifty-fourth Street.

The bride is the daughter of Mrs. Robert R. L. Clarkson and the late Mr. Clarkson of Midwood, Tivoli-on-Hudson, and this city. She is a niece of Mrs. Frederick Edey of 290 Park Avenue and a granddaughter of the late James Otis of this city. Her marriage to W. Mayhew Washburn, a brother of Watson Washburn, the tennis star, took place on Oct. 29, 1919, at the home of her sister, Mrs. Frank A. B. Washburn, in this city. Mr. Washburn died on Aug. 1 of this year after a short illness at the Neurological Institute.

Mr. Thomas is a graduate of Williams College, where he was a member of the Psi Upsilon Fraternity. During the World War he served overseas as a major in the army. This is his second marriage. He and Mrs. Thomas, a daughter of J. Mahoney, well known in New York sporting circles, were divorced in Paris on Dec. 29, 1925. His father, Augustus Thomas, is the well-known American playwright.

Marron—Schumacher.

Miss Ruth Elizabeth Schumacher, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wilbert A. Schumacher of Park Hill, Yonkers, and Lieutenant Cyril Quenton Marron, United States Army, of Manila, were married in Cavite, Philippine Islands, on Nov. 24, according to cable dispatches received here. The ceremony took place at the home of the bridegroom's brother, Lieut. Commander Adrian Marron.

The bride was graduated from Wellesley College in 1925, and Lieutenant Marron from the United States Military Academy at West Point in 1923.

Lieutenant Marron and his bride will spend a year in the Philippines, where he is stationed with the Thirty-first Infantry.

HOLIDAY FIESTA TODAY.

Many Women to Aid Neurological Institute by Novel Method.

A holiday fiesta will be held today at the new Schrafft store, 556 Fifth Avenue, under the auspices of the Cooperative Committee of the Neurological Institute, of which committee Miss Mary Lincoln Aldrich is Chairman.

Fifty per cent. of the gross receipts from luncheons, the tea dance and dinners will be devoted to the institute. The program will continue until midnight in the Alexandrian Room. Several novel features will be carried out by débutantes of this season and last and some of the younger married women of society.

Tea and dancing to the music of Roger Wolfe Kahn's orchestra are expected to attract many after they leave the opera and the theatres. A feature of the day will be the Celebrities' Meeting Place at the soda water fountain, where, from 5 to 6, Alice Duer Miller and Elizabeth Jordan will preside, having around them a group of celebrities in the worlds of music, literature, art and the theatre. Miss Elsie Barber heads the débutante Tea Dance Committee.

Mrs. Walter N. Rothschild is Chairman of the Neighborhood Committee, members of which have been visiting their friends in the neighborhood from Forty-second Street to Fiftieth, asking them to come to the store today for breakfast, luncheon, tea, dinner or supper and thus benefit the hospital. Assisting her are Miss Alice Lee, Mrs. Edward P. Farley, Mrs. E. T. H. Talmadge, Mrs. J. Horton Ijams, Mrs. John Browning, Mrs. Julius Ochs, Adler, Mrs. Paul Warburg, Mrs. Frederick Tilney, Mrs. Walter Timme, Mrs. Irving Pardee, Mrs. Charles Zabriskie, Mrs. Gerald Warburgh, Mrs. Samuel Brock and Mrs. Royal Cannaday.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Grant B. Schley, who had been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Michael Gavin at 12 East Sixty-fifth Street, sailed on the Duilio to return to their home in Grasse, France.

Gaston Liebert, who is arriving on the Majestic Tuesday, will join his daughter, Miss Madeline Liebert, at 471 Park Avenue.

The marriage of Miss Arvia Brower, daughter of Ferrand Dodd Brower of Harriman, N. Y., to Robert Ralston Crosby Jr. will take place on Jan. 19.

Arthur Ryle Jr. is returning next week from England, where he has been a student at Oxford, to join his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Ryle, for the holidays.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Roelker, Miss Katrina Turle Roelker and Miss Hildegarde Roelker have closed their house at Bedford Village, N. Y., and are in their new house at 57 East Seventy-third Street for the Winter.

John H. Walbridge of the Plaza will give a dinner at that hotel on Monday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Stephen P. N. Rhoades of Whitestone, Short Mills, N. J., are at the Vanderbilt.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Bell Cotton of Mayfair House have gone to Lake Forest, Ill., for a visit with their son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Hale Holden.

Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence McKeever Miller have taken for the Winter the apartment at 11 East Sixty-eighth Street of Mr. and Mrs. Loomis F. Taylor, who with their children will pass the Winter in Hewlett, L. I.

Colonel Thomas H. Birch, former American Minister to Portugal, and Mrs. Birch have returned to 8 East Seventy-sixth Street after a visit with the Spanish Ambassador and Mme. Alejandro Padilla in Washington.

Mrs. Dunlap Hopkins of 127 East Twenty-ninth Street had Mrs. Lewis Nixon, Mrs. Daniel Bacon and Mrs. Washington Dodge among her guests at luncheon yesterday at the Crillon.

Condé Nast will give a small dance on Dec. 15 at his home, 1,040 Park Avenue.

The Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Robert Norwood will give receptions at their home, 525 Park Avenue, on the afternoons of Dec. 7 and 21.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Coster Schermerhorn, who sailed early this morning on the Olympic, will remain in Europe until the middle of January, and on their return they will be at 940 Park Avenue. Mrs. Schermerhorn before her marriage on Tuesday was Miss Ruth Fahnestock, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harris Fahnestock.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur B. Claflin, Mrs. Claflin Breese and Miss Beatrice Breese are at the Barclay for the Winter.

Westchester.

A Christmas dinner-dance will be held on Dec. 18 at the Ardsley Club, Ardsley-on-Hudson. Weymer H. Waitt heads the dance committee.

Mrs. Arthur Acheson of Ardsley-on-Hudson entertained the Central Hudson Committee of the Westchester County Children's Association yesterday at her home.

Mrs. Richard M. Garrett and Mrs. Cameron D. Garrett of Yonkers were hostesses yesterday to the Luther Burbank Garden Club, of which Mrs. Edward S. Burgess is President.

Among those attending the convention of the League of Women Voters in Syracuse are Mrs. Caspar Whitney of Irvington and Mrs. H. Powell Spring of Philipse Manor.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Moore of Pocantico Hills have gone to Ormond Beach, Fla., for the Winter.

Miss Mary Elizabeth Ewers of San Diego, Cal., is spending the Winter with Mrs. John English of Ossining.

The Rev. and Mrs. James A. McWilliams of Ossining are in Bermuda.

Mr. and Mrs. William Fellowes Morgan Jr. of Mount Kisco and family have gone to their town home, 156 East Seventy-ninth Street, Manhattan, for the Winter.

Mrs. Winthrop Cowdin of Mount Kisco will depart shortly on a trip around the world.

Mrs. Rollins Saltus of Mount Kisco entertained the social service group of St. Mark's Church yesterday at her home.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard T. Wainwright of Rye gave a dinner last evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Darwin J. Adams of Rye are entertaining a house party.

A bazaar was held yesterday at the Green Ridge Avenue Congregational Church of White Plains in aid of the church's building fund. Among those in charge were Mrs. H. J. Adams, Mrs. Thomas S. Bernie, Mrs. S. C. Simonson, Mrs. A. E. Moffatt, Mrs. C. J. Cuthridge, Mrs. William Brennan and Mrs. H. M. West.

Mrs. J. B. Teal of Bronxville gave a large bridge-tea yesterday at the Bronxville Field Club.

Mr. and Mrs. John Slade Jr. of Bronxville are at the Carolina in Pinehurst, N. C. Mrs. Slade was Miss Bernardine Gleason of Scarsdale before her recent marriage.

Mrs. James A. Martin of Mount Vernon entertained forty with a luncheon and bridge at Sherry's this week.

Mrs. Henry Exner of Mount Vernon entertained yesterday afternoon.

George M. L. La Branche of Pelham Heights has issued invitations for a tea-dance at Sherry's on Dec. 18 in honor of his débutante daughter, Miss Estelle La Branche.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward H. Hart of Pelham Manor and son have sailed for Europe.

Miss Margaret Brewer of Baltimore is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas W. Walsh of Pelham Manor.

Miss Emily M. Disbrow of New Rochelle has sailed for Egypt and will be gone for six months.

Long Island.

Mrs. Henry W. Wandless of Garden City entertained at tea yesterday. Among her guests were Mrs. Luet Wiltbank, Mrs. M. Hall Marshall, Mrs. Percy Baylis, Mrs. Chester Greene, Mrs. Lillian Barnes, Mrs. C. E. Von Gehr, Mrs. Frederic Kimball, Mrs. Joseph Britton and Mrs. Charles Rhinehart.

Mrs. Edward Gabler of Garden City gave a tea yesterday in honor of Dr. and Mrs. Henry Leibelt, who are guests at the Garden City Hotel.

The Phi Chi Sorority will give a benefit bridge this afternoon at the Garden City Hotel.

New Jersey.

The first of the faculty dances in Princeton will be given tonight at Thomson Hall. On the receiving line will be Mrs. John Grier Hibben, Mrs. Christian Gauss and the members of the Dance Committee, Mrs. Robert Maxwell Scoon, chairman; Mrs. Luther Pfahler Eisenhart, Mrs. Richard Montgomery Field and Mrs. Frank Graham. Those who do not care to dance may play cards in the Rose Cottage Tea House. Mrs. Duane Stuart will be in charge of this feature.

Colonel and Mrs. James Barnes gave a dinner last night at Stoney Brook, entertaining Mr. and Mrs. Burnham Dell, Mr. and Mrs. William Farragut Meredith and Professor and Mrs. Shirley Warner Morgan.

A concert and dance was given last night at the Stacy-Trent in Trenton by the musical clubs of Lafayette College. The patrons and patronesses for the dance were Professor and Mrs. Robert Illingsworth, Professor and Mrs. D. S. Prentiss, Major and Mrs. Julius Jensen, Mr. and Mrs. H. Arthur Smith, Mrs. G. C. Burgess, Mr. and Mrs. John G. Conner, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Robinson, Mrs. R. A. MacGalliard, Dr. and Mrs. William A. Wetzel, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Pittman, Mrs. C. A. Blake, Mr. and Mrs. George S. Lippincott, Mrs. D. C. Banks, Mrs. J. G. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Martin P. Devlin, Mrs. James Pole, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Fisher, Mrs. H. S. Tucker, the Rev. and Mrs. M. A. Fiscon, Mrs. Edward Wardell, Mr. and Mrs. Walter W. Prior and Mr. and Mrs. John J. Eagen Jr.

Professor and Mrs. Chalfont Robinson have had as their guests in Princeton Professor and Mrs. Archibald Henderson of Chapel Hill, N. C.

The Berkeley Club of Trenton gave a dance last night at the Trenton Country Club. The patrons and patronesses were Mr. and Mrs. Bentley H. Pope, Mr. and Mrs. Harold C. Harvey, Mr. and Mrs. Edward C. Rose, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Collin Minton Jr., Colonel and Mrs. David S. Hill, Mr. and Mrs. George E. Maguire, Mr. and Mrs. Frank J. Wetzel and Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Bradley.

Mrs. Lewis Lawton of Trenton was a luncheon hostess yesterday to Mrs. A. M. Maddock, Mrs. A. M. Maddock Jr., Mrs. Alton S. Fell, Miss Mary Stapler and Mrs. Albert W. Rees.

Mr. and Mrs. Fisher Howe were dinner hosts last night at their home, Snowden, near Princeton.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank L. Van Wie of Montclair will entertain forty tonight at a house warming in their new home.

Mrs. Harold C. Stoker and Mrs. Carlton Cox of Montclair will give a large tea on Dec. 15 at the Montclair Golf Club in honor of Mrs. Robert Lynn Cox.

Mr. and Mrs. John T. Creighton of Montclair will give a dance on Dec. 30 in honor of their daughters, the Misses Genevieve and Kathryn Creighton.

The Knickerbocker Country Club of Tenafly gave a dinner dance last night before the Charity Ball given at the Englewood Golf Club in aid of the Englewood Hospital. Among those who had tables were Miss Margaret Duryee, Mr. and Mrs. David P. Earle, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Lown, Mr. and Mrs. Justice Ingersoll Wakelee, Mr. and Mrs. Edward DeWitt, Thomas Miller, Mrs. Earle Talbot of Englewood and Mrs. James Inslee Coddington and Mrs. Hempfield of Tenafly.

The Misses Ruth and Beatrice Hall of Englewood gave a bridge and tea at the Knickerbocker Country Club yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Alden Reed of Englewood have a son, born on Thursday.

Miss Louise Boettger of Hackensack entertained at tea on Wednesday.

Mrs. William J. Hutchinson of Englewood gave a dinner last night before the Charity Ball.

The Berkshires.

Mr. and Mrs. William B. Osgood Field are entertaining a house party of young friends of their daughter, Miss Marjorie L. Field, at Highlawn, Lenox, for the first skating of the season.

The Pittsfield Country Club's log cabin beside a lake will be opened today. Frederick Goodrich Crane of Dalton will be host.

Miss Elizabeth Caldwell is visiting relatives in Chicago where she will be introduced tonight to society at a dinner-dance. Her parents, who were at the Harrod Inn, Stockbridge, after they closed their villa, are the guests of Mrs. Caldwell's sister, Mrs. William G. Hibbard, at Winnetka, near Chicago, and will leave soon for California or Northern Africa.

Lieut. Col. Marlborough Churchill of New York is at Harrod's, Stockbridge, and will stay for several weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Sedgwick will close their Stockbridge home on Dec. 15 and spend the Winter at the Henry D. Sedgwick house in East Twenty-second Street, New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Comes left Pittsfield for Chicago yesterday after spending the Autumn at White Tree Inn.

Arrivals at the Hotel Martin, Stockbridge, include Mrs. Kenneth Ives and Phillip Ives of Bedford, N. Y., and Mrs. Walter Ewing Hope, Mrs. Harry Content and William Jay Schieffelin of New York.

KATHRYN AUSTIN ENGAGED.

Vassar Graduate to Wed Malcolm C. Spence—Other Betrothals.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Allan Austin of 411 West 114th Street have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Kathryn Clark Austin, to Malcolm Christie Spence, son of Dr. and Mrs. D. Benham Spence of Bernardsville, N. J.

Miss Austin was graduated from Vassar College in 1926. Mr. Spence is a graduate of Columbia University, class of 1922, where he was a member of the Delta Kappa Epsilon Fraternity.

No date has been set for the wedding.

Lea—Davidson.

The engagement has been announced of Miss Myra Lea, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Gilpin Lea of Jersey City, to Thomas Burleigh Davidson, also of Jersey City.

Miss Lea attended Dana Hall in Wellesley, Mass., and the New York School of Interior Decoration. Mr. Davidson is the son of Mrs. James Thomas Davidson of South Berwick, Me. He is a graduate of Dartmouth College and of the New York Law School.

No date has been set for the wedding.

Mrs. Tyler Harbeson Hostess.

Mrs. Tyler Harbeson of Paris, who is at the Plaza, had among her guests at luncheon yesterday at that hotel Mrs. Ten Eyck Wendell, Mrs. Robert M. Littlejohn, Mrs. Herbert Ten Broeck Jacquelin and Miss William Waters.

TO HONOR OTTO H. KAHN.

Friends of Boston's Repertory Theatre Will Entertain New Yorker.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Dec. 3.—Otto H. Kahn, New York banker, will be the guest of honor tomorrow evening at a dinner to be given by Mrs. Henry Jewett at her home, The Branches, in West Newton. Later in the evening Mr. Kahn, Mr. and Mrs. Jewett and Miss Francesca Braggiotti will occupy the State Box at the performance of "Enchanted April" in the Repertory Theatre. The City Box will be occupied by Mrs. Waldo Richards of New York, Mr. and Mrs. Calvin Austin and friends. After the play an informal reception will be given for Mr. Kahn in the library of the theatre, where he will meet the members of the company.

On Sunday afternoon Mr. Kahn will deliver a lecture in the theatre. Tea will be served and another reception will be tendered. The pourers will be Mrs. Henry Jewett, Mrs. Cyrus Dallin, Mrs. Frederic H. Curtiss and Mrs. Norman P. Gresley. Among those assisting will be Mrs. Homer L. Bigelow, Mrs. Charles McDermott, Mrs. A. C. Ratshesky, Mrs. Harry K. Noyes, Mrs. Harry L. Rice, Mrs. William B. Rice 2d, Miss Gertrude Harvey and Miss Nancy Voss.

BUDS OF SOCIETY HAVE A BUSY DAY

Miss Margaret L. Haggin Entertained at a Luncheon Given by Her Mother at Sherry's.

MARGARET GOULD'S PARTY

Virginia Chapin Honored — Misses Iselin and Kountze to Make Their Debuts Tonight.

Débutantes had another busy time yesterday. Many luncheons and dinners were given in their honor, and later they went to the first of the Junior Assemblies.

Mrs. Joseph E. Corrigan gave a luncheon at Sherry's for her daughter, Miss Margaret Lee Haggin, and another by Mrs. Clifford A. Gould of South Orange, N. J., was at Pierre's for her daughter, Miss Margaret Gould.

Among Mrs. Corrigan's guests were the Misses Charlotte Brown, Jane Ely, Constance Fox, Cecilia Fuller, Hope Foote, Eugenie Flinn, Cordelia Gurnee, Harriet Haight, Aurelie Murchison, Eunice Putnam, Sally Quimby, Sibyl Shaw, Grace Tingue, Betty Jenney, Jeanne Leonard, Mildred Barclay Vander Poel, Barbara Van Rensselaer, Kathryn Wylie, Shirley Bent, May Swords, Ellen Comly and Elisabeth Stickney.

Mrs. Clifford A. Gould's guests at Pierre's were Mrs. Frederic C. Reynolds, Mrs. Brokaw Dugmore, Mrs. Thomas H. Gillespie, Mrs. Edwin A. Bayles, the Misses Mary S. Sheppard, Ottilie Schreiber, Jeanne Leonard, Noel Chatillon, Audrey Joel, Aurelie de Maurias Murchison, Lesta Morse, Leigh Haskins, Ellen Comly, Sylvia Hitch, Edna Brokaw, Katherine Beach, Phoebe Vail, Georgia Hyde, Jane Baldwin, Constance Leake, Judith Hamlin, Ethel Schniewind, Dorothea Morrell, Louise Coburn, Elisabeth Hanna, Emilie Boyd, Elisabeth Hamilton, Sara Chisholm, Mary Frances Wey, Hope Richardson, Elisabeth Miller, Mildred Fahnestock, Katharine Ogden, Jean Graves and Elisabeth Gleason.

Luncheon for Virginia Chapin.

Mrs. Simeon Brooks Chapin of 930 Fifth Avenue gave a luncheon yesterday at her home for her débutante daughter, Miss Virginia Chapin. The guests included Mrs. Harold Kenneth Taylor, Mrs. H. Duncan Wood, Mrs. Young Kaufman, the Misses Florence and Lois Clarke, Olive Y. Anderson, Jean Van Voorhees Banks, Mary and Hannah Gawthrop, Carroll Ferguson, Kathryn S. Jordan, Genevieve Fox, Cora Legg, Charlotte Townsend Littlejohn, Rita Manning, Natalie Ruan, Virginia Jocelyn Vanderlip, Marjorie Sperry, Lois H. McCall, June Hess, Elisabeth M. Chapin, Jane Baldwin, Marjorie Heather, Janet L. Williams and Carolyn M. Storrs.

Also the Misses Nancy R. Watson, Charlotte M. Stone, Janet and Helen O'Ryan, Frances Crawford Masury, Margaret Knott, Audrey Joel, Marian Gould, Elisabeth Baldwin, Noel and Hortense Chatillon, Elsie Y. Barber, Frances T. Goodwin, Mary Sheppard, Frances Patten, Anne L. McEwen, Elisabeth Stout, Ottilie E. Schrieber, Natalie and Hannah Watts, Kathleen Von Gontard, Ella K. Uppercu, Janet L. Williams, Imogene Reeve, Mary Kane, Hester Anne Fisher, Elizabeth Ely, Carol and Mildred Hockstader, Jean Ickelheimer, Huguette M. Clark, Margaret A. Abell, Francesca Carey, Marion Cartier, Virginia Bedell, Rhys Caparn, Natalie Follmer, Jane Erdmann, Charlotte Hanna, Ruth Jones, Faith Severance, Margaret K. Van Winkle, Betty Waters, Camille Miller, Constance Gibbony, Adair and Madeleine Childress, Schatz Adams, Mary Brannon and Zora Cheever.

Others were the Misses Ellen Comly, Edith B. Cram, Dorothea Bauer, Elizabeth C. Field, Janice Jefferson, Helen Millington, Margaret Metcalf, Jean McLeod, Ruth Noyes, Elisabeth Colton Nichols, Ruth Hope Sterling, Helena R. Silleck, Angela Stevenson, Beatrice Terry, Patricia White, Janetta Whitman, Grace Wallace and Mrs. Nevile Clarke Gardiner.

Mrs. Chapin will give a dance for her daughter at Sherry's on Dec. 21.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Iselin and Mr. and Mrs. de Lancey Kountze will give a dinner dance tonight at the Ritz-Carlton to introduce their respective daughters, Miss Marie Iselin and Miss Martha Kountze.

Mrs. Kenneth O'Brien will give a luncheon followed by a theatre party today for Miss Constance Fox, débutante daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Lyttleton Fox, and niece of Mr. O'Brien.

Mrs. G. Clinton Miller will give a dinner tonight at Pierre's for her daughter, Miss Camille Miller, and later will take her guests to the dance of Mrs. Iselin and Mrs. de Lancey Kountze.

Mrs. John C. Minor will give a luncheon today at Pierre's for her débutante daughter, Miss Mary K. Minor.

FREDERIC BULL TO REWED.

Will Marry Susan Dresser on Tuesday, Five Days After Divorce.

Frederic Bull, who was divorced from the former Miss Helen Robinson in New Jersey on Thursday, will be married to Miss Susan Fish Dresser, daughter of Mrs. E. Burnham Dresser of 234 East Sixty-eighth Street and the late D. Le Roy Dresser on next Tuesday at the home of Mrs. Dresser. Announcement of the marriage plans were made yesterday. Only immediate relatives and a few intimate friends will witness the ceremony, which will be followed by a small reception.

Miss Dresser is the niece of the Vicomtesse d'Osmoy, who sailed this week for Europe after spending the Autumn in this country, and of Mrs. John Nicholas Brown, Mrs. George Grenville Merrill and Mrs. Peter Goelet Gerry.

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SALE TODAY at 2:30
FINAL SESSION
A Magnificent Assemblage of
ORIENTAL RUGS
also Chinese Rugs
in all sizes and designs
Being the Property of a Well-known Importer & Wholesaler
Phone Plaza 6034 6035
M. H. Rains
Auctioneer

MARJORIE BOURNE MARRIES SUDDENLY

Co-Heiress to $40,000,000 Eludes Friends and Weds Alexander D. Thayer.

6 ONLY TOLD OF CEREMONY

Bride Is the Daughter of Late F. G. Bourne, Head of Singer Sewing Machine Company.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Dec. 3.—Miss Marjorie Bourne of Gwynedd Valley, co-heiress to a fortune estimated at $40,000,000 left by her father, Commodore Frederick G. Bourne, head of the Singer Sewing Machine Company, and Alexander D. Thayer of Chestnut Hill were married quietly near Norristown today.

Only six persons knew in advance of the ceremony—Mrs. Thayer's brother-in-law and sister, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Beaver Strassburger; the Rev. William C. Patterson, who performed the ceremony in the Episcopal Church of the Messiah, Gwynedd Valley; J. Peter Strassburger, the bride's nephew, and two intimate friends of the couple, Mme. Stephane Benicsky and Henry D. Bradley of New York, who attended.

After repeated denials of her engagement, Mrs. Thayer announced it on Monday through Mr. and Mrs. Strassburger. Since then the couple have been continually revamping their plans in order to elude the queries of friends, reporters and relatives.

The Thayers are expected to go to New York for a few days, after which they will go South. After Jan. 1 they will be at home at Gwynlian Farm, Gwynedd Valley.

Mr. Thayer, the son of Brig. Gen. Russell Thayer and Mrs. Thayer of Chestnut Hill, is in the insurance business. He is well known as a tennis player. He is a former University of Pennsylvania football and baseball star and served over seas during the war. He is a member of the Philadelphia Cricket and St. Anthony Clubs.

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exhibition of contemporary decorative art and paintings
on view
december 1st to 31st
daily 9-5 sunday 2-5

Let a Mirror Reflect Your Christmas Wishes

AFTER the tree is stripped, and the tissue and the tinsel of Christmas put away, the gay little mirror you send as a Christmas gift will go on and on through the year reflecting your Christmas wishes. The upkeep of such daily cheer costs nothing, and the original cost is ridiculously low when you consider that the magic of a lovely mirror is practically endless.

OVINGTON'S
"The Gift Shop of Fifth Ave., Inc."
Fifth Avenue at 39th Street

AAA
American Art Galleries
Madison Avenue 56th to 57th Street
To Be Sold Today at 2:30 p.m.
Rare Old Rugs
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ISPAHAN rugs with their brilliant draughtmanship and amazing rose-crimson, sapphire-blue and emerald grounds, and Polonaise carpets woven as presents from the king to foreign monarchs, in silk and gold and silver threads; A magnificent royal Persian animal carpet from the Marquand Collection; A Persian emblematic silk rug from the Yerkes Collection and an exquisite little XVII century *millefleurs* rug; A group of the more formalized carpets of Kouba, of Asia Minor and of Spain, Saracenic 'Damascus' rugs of the XV century, fine Fereghans, Khorassans and Samarcands, the latter possessing utilit

Flowers Loses Middleweight Championship to Walker Before 11,000 in Chicago

WALKER DETHRONES FLOWERS IN CHICAGO

Captures Middleweight Championship Before a Crowd of 11,000 in 10-Round Bout.

DECISION CALLED WRONG

Critics Deplore the Verdict, Though It Appears Popular With Fans, Who Cheer It.

RECEIPTS PUT AT $77,000

Capacity Throng Pays Top Gate Since Recent Legalization of Boxing in Illinois.

By JAMES P. DAWSON.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 3.—After ten rounds of sizzling, savage fighting before the largest crowd that ever witnessed a ring battle in this city, Mickey Walker of Elizabeth, N. J., won the world's middleweight championship from Tiger Flowers of Atlanta, Ga., tonight. A crowd of 11,000 thronged the Coliseum.

Referee Benny Yanger, old-time featherweight fighter, lifted Walker's hand in victory when the final bell ended hostilities after he had separated the contestants from a grim clinch.

Police swarmed into the ring from all sides and surrounded the victor and vanquished. Then the crowd let loose a roar of approval which left no doubt as to the popularity of the award. The former welterweight champion smiled happily as he realized he had won another title, which Flowers had won from Harry Greb.

Though the crowd was satisfied with the verdict, the same could not be said of the critics assembled at the ringside from all sections of the country. The decision was declared one of the worst rendered in recent years.

Flowers was the winner according to the majority opinion. The clownish champion, who disregards all accepted boxing procedure for a style which is now peculiarly his own, had beaten Walker so far in the opinion of some of the critics that there was no room for doubt.

Five Rounds to Flowers.

Among the dissenters was the writer. His score sheet showed five rounds for Flowers, four for Walker and one even. Even disregarding the round score, Flowers accomplished by far the greater work. Walker scored two knock-downs, it is true. He floored Flowers in the first round and in the ninth session he staggered Flowers with a vicious left hook to the jaw.

Flowers went down partly because he was off balance, and to show that he was unhurt he turned one of his favorite backsprings, regaining his feet, and then tore into Walker as Walker tore into him. He didn't take a count. But they were knock-downs even though Flowers regained his feet before one could be started. Perhaps these decided the issue in Walker's favor.

There is no other way for accounting for the decision of Referee Yanger. In view of the rumors and reports which preceded the fight the possible effect of the decision on Illinois boxing will be cause for speculation.

Commissioners John Reighemer, Chairman, Paul Phehn and O. W. Hunke were at the ringside, but got away before an expression of opinion could be obtained. Manager Walk Miller for Flowers, however, voiced his dissatisfaction.

"I must bow to the decision," said Miller after the fight. "The boxing commissioners had a good man as referee and he said Walker won and Walker must have won. At the same time, however, there is no denying that Flowers was fouled several times during the battle.

"I have an ironclad agreement which binds Walker to defend his title in a return bout with Flowers within three months in a city other than Chicago. Walker cannot fight any other challenger until he fights a return with Tiger. Of course the match will be held in New York City."

Gate Amounts to $77,000.

The paid attendance for the battle amounted to $77,000. The number of persons who paid for the spectacle was 9,127.

The five rounds which Flowers won were the second, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth. Walker won the first, fourth, ninth and tenth and the third was even. The knockdowns scored by Walker in the first and the ninth were clean if not conclusive, but in the five rounds he won, Flowers overcame the point advantage which even these knockdowns gave to Walker.

It was expected that Walker would fight for a knockout as his only means of winning from Flowers. He did just that and failed. He was not expected to outpoint Flowers in ten rounds, although the challenger started admirably, and Walker didn't outpoint Flowers, the decision to the contrary.

At the final bell it was Walker who was the more tired of the two. It was Flowers who was carrying the fighting, as Flowers had done through the greater number of rounds. Flowers looked and acted the victor, not the vanquished.

Walker was blinded from the blood which flowed from a severe laceration over the left eye, a cut which Flowers opened in the second round and pounded at every opportunity through eight succeeding chapters until Walker's face was a crimson smear. Walker's lips were battered and bleeding. His nose spouted blood and the left side of his face was bruised by the club-like rights of Flowers. The champion, who was relieved of his title, on the other hand bled only slightly from the nose and mouth and was obviously fresher than Walker when the final gong clanged.

Walker Starts Fast.

Walker started the battle as if to make short work of Flowers. He ripped and slashed with tigerish fury and forced Flowers before him under torrid fire to the head and body. With a right to the jaw he deposited Flowers on the floor, and when the negro regained his feet immediately with a startled grin on his face it was to face a barrage of rights and lefts to the body and head.

Walker met with a surprise in the second round, and the battle took on a different hue. Flowers went into the challenger before Walker could get started, and blinded the New Jersey gladiator with driving rights and lefts as only Flowers can deliver them in his clownish style of fighting.

The punches carried no particular "steam," but they were bewildering blows and they upset Walker's battle plans. With a right to the jaw early in the round Flowers staggered Walker, and late in the session Mickey staggered backward under another right to the jaw, rebounding to face the fire again only to run into a smacking right which opened a cut over his left eye.

Manager Jack Kearns never could stanch the flow of blood from that wound and Walker went through the rest of the battle blinded partly at least. At times he had recourse to the thumb of his left glove in brushing aside the flow, which hampered his sight.

Flowers continued after his rival with the start of the third round, but Walker evened the round with a late rally, in which his furious fighting had the crowd, partial to the challenger from the start, yelling their encouragement. After being peppered and harried for half the round by Flowers, Walker launched an attack to the body, which hurt the negro.

In the fourth session Walker had his fighting fury of old. He battered Flowers freely with both hands to the head and body, staggering the champion with two hard rights to the jaw and almost bending Flowers double with two rights to the body. Against this Flowers was wild and flustered. But he recovered quickly and through the fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth rounds subjected Walker to such a fire as the New Jersey lad never before experienced.

Enough to Insure Victory.

This sustained offensive with its point scoring effect, was enough to clinch victory for Flowers unless Walker scored a knockout in the later rounds. The negro chased Walker, driving home to the head and body pitilessly, relentlessly, with both hands in a driving attack which had Walker plainly at sea and clinching at times to get a breathing spell from the drill fire.

Flowers protested he had been hit low in the stomach, and some at the ringside saw Walker's right for the body land low accidentally. The protest went unheeded. Later, in the eighth round, Flowers almost floored his rival with a wicked clubbed right to the jaw.

With the ninth round Walker launched a desperate attack, but for the time Flowers held his own in the torrid exchanges which resulted. Then Walker unleashed a left hook to the jaw which staggered Flowers and a right which followed floored the negro, who regained his feet instantly and pitched into his rival.

The crowd was wild as Walker fought viciously for a knockout, but Flowers kept away from further damaging blows. In the tenth session the pair went after each other hammer and tongs. His reckless offensive gave Walker the round by a slight margin.

In the scheduled eight-round semi-final George Godfrey, local negro heavyweight, knocked out Cowboy Billy Owens of Texas in the eighth session, Referee Davey Miller stopping the contest to save Owens from further punishment.

Babe McGorgory, Oklahoma light-heavyweight, and Chuck Burns of Texas fought eight rounds to a draw. In another bout scheduled for eight rounds Walcott Langford, local negro middleweight, knocked out Jack Eikhart, Texas Indian, in four rounds.

Jackie Williams, local boxer, won the decision over Harry Robart, another local lad, in the six-round bout which opened the card.

STORY OF THE BATTLE TOLD ROUND BY ROUND

Walker Gets Greater Reception as He Is Introduced—Yanger Is the Referee.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 3.—Walker was the first to enter the ring. He was followed a second later by Flowers. Each boxer was well received by the crowd. Flowers's weight was announced as 159½. Walker received the greater ovation when he was introduced. Walker's weight was 154½ pounds. Benny Yanger was referee.

The story of the fight round by round follows:

First Round.

Walker drove a right to the body and after another right to the body he floored Flowers with a right to the jaw. Flowers got up without taking a count. In a furious exchange, Walker battered the champion about the body, face and head with both hands both at long range and close quarters. Flowers hooked a right to the face and missed a left and they clinched. Walker staggered Flowers with a right to the jaw, then drove the champion about the ring with rights and lefts to the head. Walker sent a right to the body and Flowers put a left and right to the head at the bell.

Second Round.

Flowers hooked a left to the body, and after hooking another left to the body the champion peppered Walker with short jabs to the face. Walker missed a right and left. Flowers hooked a left to the body. Walker missed several rights to the jaw, then Flowers drove a right to the face. Flowers put a right and left to the face. After missing two rights, Walker hooked a right and left to the head. Flowers staggered Walker with a left to the jaw. They missed with lefts and clinched. Flowers drove a right to the head and Walker came back with a staggering right to the jaw. Flowers staggered Walker with a right to the jaw, and with another right opened a cut over Walker's left eye.

Third Round.

Flowers hooked a left to the jaw and followed with another right and left to the jaw. Flowers twice clubbed his right to the jaw. After missing several rights and lefts Walker drove a right to the jaw. Flowers jabbed his right to the face and then hooked his left to the head. Flowers drove a left to the body. Both missed rights, then Walker hooked a left to the head. They exchanged rights and lefts to the face. Walker hooked a right to the head, but missed with a second right. Walker drove two rights to the body and hooked a left to the jaw. At the bell Flowers hooked a left to the jaw.

Fourth Round.

Flowers hooked a left to the body and they clinched. Flowers jabbed a right to the face and they clinched. Twice Flowers put his right to the jaw and Walker hooked a left to the face. They exchanged lefts to the head, then Flowers hooked a left to the body. Walker put a right and left to the head, then drove a right to the face. Walker missed a right and left and Flowers jabbed a right to the face. Walker drove two hard rights to the face, which hurt, and then put several rights and lefts to the body. Walker drove two hard rights to the body at the bell.

Fifth Round.

They went into a clinch without striking a blow. Walker drove a right to the head, then hooked a left to the head. In a clinch, Flowers uppercut to the face while Walker repeatedly pounded rights and lefts to the body. They exchanged rights and lefts to the face. Walker stung the champion with a right to the jaw. Walker drove a right to the body and Flowers put a left to the head. Flowers jabbed right to the face, and in a hot exchange each pounded the face with both hands. Flowers hooked a right to the head, clubbed a right to the face, then pounded Walker about the head and face until Walker, blinded by the blood from his left eye, clinched as the bell sounded.

Sixth Round.

Walker put a right to the body, a left to the face and they clinched. Flowers hooked a right and left to the head. Flowers clubbed a right to the face, then drove Walker to the ropes with rights and lefts to the face. Flowers hooked his left and right to the body. Flowers hooked a left to the body and a clinch followed. Flowers jabbed his right to the face repeatedly. Walker hooked a left to the head and Flowers did the same. Flowers hooked a left to the body and Walker drove a right to the head. Flowers hooked a right and left to the face, then drove a terrific right and left to the face. Walker's right to the body was blocked. The champion peppered Walker with both hands to the face and head. Walker drove a right to the body at the bell.

Seventh Round.

Flowers kept jabbing his right to the face and Walker came in with a left to the body. Flowers's claim that the blow was low was not allowed. Walker sent hard rights and lefts to the face, but Flowers kept after the challenger, driving both hands to the head and body, forcing Walker about the ring. Flowers sent two lefts to the face, then blocked a right to the head. Walker sent a left to the chin. Flowers landed with a right to the jaw and a left to the head. They exchanged rights to the head at the bell.

Eighth Round.

Flowers kept punching his right jab to the face and Walker drove a right to the body. Flowers repeatedly uppercut with his right to the face. In a clinch Flowers outpunched Walker with both hands to the head and body. Flowers jabbed his left to the face, then pounded Walker about the ring. Walker hooked a right to the body. They exchanged hooks to the head. Flowers almost sent Walker down when he clubbed a right to the jaw. Flowers hooked a left to the body and a right to the face at the bell.

Ninth Round.

Walker hooked a right to the body. Flowers sent his right in Walker's face, clubbed his right to the jaw and body, then hooked his left to the face. Walker hooked a right to the body, and after an exchange of blows to the face, Walker put another right to the body. Walker almost floored Flowers with a terrific left to the jaw. Flowers went into a clinch and jabbed his right to the face. Walker hooked a right to the jaw that floored Flowers. The champion came right up again but was met with rights and lefts to the head in a furious exchange. Flowers fought back furiously jabbing a left to the jaw at the bell.

Tenth Round.

The boys shook hands. Flowers hooked a left to the body, then hooked rights and lefts to the body. Walker drove a right to the face and clinched. Walker hooked a left to the face as Flowers came in, then drove a right to the body. Flowers hooked a left to the body and drove a right and left to the face. They clinched. Flowers pounded the head and body with both hands. They exchanged blows to the body and clinched. Walker drove a right to the head and Flowers sent two to the chin. Walker landed a right to the body and Flowers sent several uppercuts to the chin. Walker drove a right to the jaw. After a few more exchanges the final bell sounded.

WALKER HAS A RECORD IN WINNING 2 TITLES

Held Welterweight Crown for Four Years Until Beaten by Latzo Last Year.

Mickey Walker enjoys an unusual distinction in pugilism. At the age of twenty-five he has led two ring divisions. He was world's welterweight champion for four years until he lost his crown last May 20 to Pete Latzo in a ten-round bout in Scranton. Now, seven months after being dethroned Walker comes back to boxing a bigger and stronger performer, to win the middleweight title.

Walker is a product of Elizabeth, N. J. His name is Edward Michael Walker and he was born on July 3, 1901. He has been fighting for six years. Walker rose rapidly to the estate of a ring champion. He started boxing in 1920, or, at least, that is the earliest year of record for the New Jersey favorite, and in 1922, he was world's welterweight champion. He won this title from Jack Britton in a spectacular battle in old Madison Square Garden, gaining a decision over Britton in fifteen rounds. Subsequently Walker became embroiled in difficulties with the State Athletic Commission here which kept him out of New York rings for three years. Then he came back to make a desperate though unsuccessful effort to beat the late Harry Greb for the world's middleweight title.

Walker and Greb clashed here on July 2, 1925, Greb carrying off the decision in fifteen rounds. On the following Sept. 21 Walker retained his welterweight title in a battle against Dave Shade on a decision which was widely disputed. Thereafter Walker took things comparatively easy, until the night of May 20 last when he entered the ring against Latzo for their ten-round bout in Scranton. Latzo received the decision and the title in this contest.

The loss of his crown started Walker on a campaign to regain his laurels. His first important step in this direction he essayed against Joe Dundee with disastrous results. Dundee pounded out a victory over the former champion and sent Walker into temporary retirement. After a rest Walker abandoned the welterweight class, convinced that the strain of making weight weakened him, quietly took himself off to the Maine woods, and went through a siege of hard, earnest training. He ar back to the ring recently to beat Jock Malone in his first effort since the Dundee fight. The Malone battle equipped the former welterweight champion for his middleweight title bid last night in Chicago.

Cubs Name Miss Donahue As Secretary; Re-elect Veeck

CHICAGO, Dec. 3 (AP).—Miss Margaret Donahue, for seven years connected with the Chicago National League Baseball Club, today was elected to the office of secretary at the annual meeting. As far as is known, she is the only woman officer in the major leagues and succeeds John O. Seys, who was named Second Vice President. William L. Veeck, President and Treasurer, and William Walker, First Vice President, were re-elected. The Board of Directors extended congratulations to Manager Joe McCarthy for his work in 1926. It was decided to change the name of the ball park from Cubs Park to Wrigley Field.

CYCLING CARNIVAL IN GARDEN TONIGHT

Prelude to Six-Day Race to Benefit Press and Sports Bays of Cathedral.

HOPKINS AN ATTRACTION

He Will Meet Chapman and Madonna in Motor-Paced Feature of Bike Program.

The world's foremost cycling stars will be seen in action in Madison Square Garden tonight in the carnival of sprint races that will serve as an appetizer for New York's forty-first international six-day race, which will start at 9 o'clock tomorrow night. The meeting tonight is for the benefit of the press and sports bays in the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, and is expected to draw a capacity crowd.

The feature event of the night will be a five-mile motor-paced race, in which Victor Hopkins, the Iowa farmer boy who annexed the American championship last Summer, will ride against two of his most formidable rivals. These will be George Chapman, who, prior to being dethroned by Hopkins, had held the American motor-paced title for six successive years, and Vincent Madonna, crack Italian pace follower.

Another event on the card will be a one-mile match race between Alfred Goullet, famous six-day rider, who is returning to competition after a year's lay-off, and Franco Georgetti, Italian star who captured the last Garden six-day race. This test will be decided in two best heats out of three.

Three in Match Feature.

Another match will be a three-cornered tilt in which the starters will be Cecil Walker, crack Australian rider; Fred Spencer, former American champion, and Pietro Linari, one of Italy's leading cyclists, who also will be a starter in the coming grind.

A fourth feature will be an Australian pursuit race between Reggie McNamara, "iron man" of the cycling game, and Gaetano Belloni, while another Australian pursuit race will be a team event in which Georges Wambst and Charley Lacquehay, French riders, will oppose Dave Lands and Otto Petri.

In addition all of the riders who will compete in the coming six-day race will be seen in action in a five-mile open and a half-mile handicap, while the amateurs will race in a half-mile handicap and a two-mile open.

The motor-paced race promises to be one of the most stirring events of the year, as the rivalry among the three entrants is exceptionally keen. Prior to the advent of Hopkins, Chapman had been regarded invincible among the American motor-paced followers. He had won the title for a half dozen years and seemed well on his way to annex his seventh championship when, almost in mid-season, the Iowa youngster came streaking out of the West.

Hopkins Rose Rapidly.

Not even slated to ride in the series of races to decide the title, Hopkins nevertheless got his chance when one of the regular riders was injured and had to withdraw from the competition. Then followed a string of sensational victories which terminated with the Iowan in possession of the crown.

In tonight's race Chapman can be counted upon to make a determined bid to regain his lost prestige. Madonna also is expected to strive hard for the honors. Although he has never won the American championship, the Italian has been a close contender for many years and several times missed the title by the narrowest margin.

Goullet also will be an attraction among the cycling enthusiasts who are more than eager to find out whether their idol still is the famous cyclist of old. A few years ago, Goullet was hailed as the greatest six-day rider of all time. Illness two years ago caused him to slip back. He then decided to take a full year's rest, and he is now confident he will be able to ride as well as ever. Goullet will ride with Fred Spencer in the coming grind.

PINA SCORES KNOCKOUT.

Injury to Hand Forces Foy to Quit In K. of C. Amateur Bout.

Leonardo Pina, Chilean amateur champion, was credited with a knockout over Jack Foy in the second round of a scheduled three-round bout at the Columbus Council, K. of C., in Brooklyn last night. Foy injured his hand and was unable to continue. The bout was in the 128-pound class.

The summaries:

112-Pound Class—George Cohen, Seward's Gym, defeated Joe Turner, Beecher's Gym, three rounds; James Palumbo, Beecher's Gym, defeated Jack Schweitzer, Seward's Gym, three rounds.

125-Pound Class—Sam Chernoff, Yorkville Boys' Club, defeated Harry Steele, unattached, three rounds; Victor Pace, Montrose A. C., defeated Sam White, Crupp's Gym, four rounds.

128-Pound Class—Leonardo Pina, Chile, knocked out Jack Foy, unattached, two rounds; Lee Ferro, K. of C., Astoria Centre, defeated Ed Pfeister, New York Evening H. S., three rounds.

135-Pound Class—William Lynch, Hudson Guild, defeated August Ferdinand, Salem-Crescent A. C., three rounds.

140-Pound Class—Joe Cosentino, Beecher's Gym, defeated John De Louise, Seward's Gym, three rounds.

145-Pound Class—Al Perenti, Parkway Gym, defeated Joe La Sale, Seward's Gym, three rounds.

165-Pound Class—Sid Augstreich, Seward's Gym, defeated Irving Brodsky, unattached, three rounds.

GLANCY SETS SWIM MARK.

Establishes New Middle Atlantic Time of 2:22 2-5 for 200 Yards.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 3 (AP).—Harry Glancy, former Cincinnati swimming star, now wearing the colors of the Penn A. C., established a new Middle Atlantic A. A. U. 220-yard free style swimming record here tonight, when he swam the distance in 2:22 2-5. The old record was 2:31 2-5, held by Ernie Uhl, also of the Penn A. C.

Murphy and Hindle Draw.

CAMDEN, N. J., Dec. 3 (AP).—Tommy (Kid) Murphy, Trenton, N. J., and Jackie Hindle, Gloucester, N. J., fought a ten-round draw here tonight, in the opinion of newspapermen at the ringside. The men are lightweights. Ted Coolidge, New York, outpointed Willie Toney, Baltimore, in eight rounds.

Mendo Outpoints Dougan.

ERIE, Pa., Dec. 3 (AP).—Jimmy Mendo, Cleveland, gained the decision over Leroy Dougan, New Orleans, in a fast ten-round bout here tonight. Each weighed 122 pounds.

Tiger Is Cue Victor.

R. Tiger defeated F. Numann in their block of the three-cushion tournament at Yank Adams's Billiard Academy last night by the score of 25 to 18. The match required forty innings. Tiger had a high run of 3, while his opponent's best run was 2.

Australian Cricket Team Drew $300,000 at English Matches

LONDON, Dec. 3 (AP).—Cricket often has been called a sleepy game by American baseball fans but there were enough cricket enthusiasts in England to pay $300,000 to watch the recent test matches between England and Australia. There were five matches, making an average paid attendance of 60,000. The Australian share was $80,000. The remainder, minus expenses, went to the English clubs participating in the contests.

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WETZEL IS VICTOR AT N. Y. A. C. BOUTS

Stops Johanes in Second Round in Amateur Tourney—Two Other Knockouts Scored.

Three knockouts were recorded in the amateur bouts staged at the New York Athletic Club last night, and one of these proved to be the most thrilling battle of the evening. The match was between Walter Wetzel of the National Club and Frank Johanes of the Lenox A. C. They were fighting in the 118-pound class.

Both were sluggers and, casting science to the winds, tore at each other from the tap of the opening gong. The result was that Wetzel soon hit the canvas, but got right up and flattened out Johanes. They mixed again and Wetzel again was floored, but when he got to his feet he quickly put Johanes down just as the bell sounded. Coming out in the second round, the boys started right in slugging again and Wetzel went down from a right swing, only to regain his feet and land a terrific right flush on Johanes's jaw. Johanes dropped, and this time he was counted out and had to be carried from the ring, though he was quickly revived.

The first knockout came in the bout preceding this, in the same class, and the victor was Sammy Miller of the National Club, who stopped George Giola in the first round. The third knockout went to the credit of Joe Ferdinand, Crescent Salem, who dropped Anthony Trilola, Auto Engineers, in two rounds.

The summaries:

112-POUND CLASS.

Vincent Corabie, Trinity Club, defeated August Svelto, unattached; three rounds.

Charles Raymond, Trinity Club, beat Dan Bobgorvi, Brooklyn Evening High School, three rounds.

Charles Monros, National Club, defeated Jimmy Farranti, unattached, three rounds.

Joe Diefendach, National Club, defeated Willie Canfield, Trinity Club, four rounds.

118-POUND CLASS.

Sammy Miller, National Club, knocked out George Giola, unattached, one round.

Walter Wetzel, National Club, knocked out Frank Johanes, Lenox A. C., two rounds.

Joe Ferdinand, Salem Crescent A. C., knocked out Anthony Trilola, Auto Engineers, two rounds.

Joe Koch, National Club, defeated William Mosylack, Lenox Hill Club, three rounds.

Joe Hopkins, Auto Engineers, defeated Peter Atses, Greek-American A. C., four rounds.

128-POUND CLASS.

Tom Thomas, Salem Crescent A. C., defeated Emmet Collins, National Club, three rounds.

Jack Valk, Trinity Club, knocked out Al Kats, National Club, one round.

Emil Suhlasaba, Lenox Hill A. C., defeated Jack Silvers, National Club, three rounds.

136-POUND CLASS (SPECIAL).

Jim Anderson, Salem Crescent A. C., knocked out Harold Griffen, New Dorp A. C., two rounds.

138-POUND CLASS.

Harry Maller, National Club, defeated Sam Rubin, unattached, three rounds.

147-POUND CLASS.

Ed Slusin, Educational Alliance, knocked out Walter Carroll, unattached, two rounds.

Harry Wankun, Trinity Club, defeated Fred Schwing, Yorkville Knights, three rounds.

160-POUND CLASS.

Frank Ayres, National Club, knocked out Emilio Ross, East Side Boys' Club, two rounds.

Fred Alvarsi, National Club, defeated Jim Williams, Salem Crescent Club, three rounds.

Met. Bowling Team Advances.

The Metropolitan team moved into second place in the American National Bowling tournament which is being held at Thum's by downing the New York Edison team in three straight games last night. The Metropolitan team rolled 996, 919 and 1,057, while the Edison team totaled 901, 911 and 856.

VOGEL TO APPEAR IN BATTLE TONIGHT

Faces Bruce Flowers in Bout at Walker A. C.—Johnny Leonard Meets Anderson.

Sammy Vogel, one of the leading local lightweight contenders, and Bruce Flowers, negro boxer, will clash in the feature bout of ten rounds at the Walker Athletic Club tonight. Both fighters are ranked among the first flight of 135-pounders and the bout has aroused much interest.

Young Frankie, Harlem middleweight, will oppose Mike Reilly in the ten-round semi-final and in a special six James Braddock, New Jersey light-heavyweight, will square off with Al Seattle. Canada Lee and Bert Lamb are down for one of the fours, and the opener will bring together Bobby Nelson and Jack Peterson.

A capacity crowd is expected at the Ridgewood Grove S. C. tonight when Allentown Johnny Leonard faces Eddie Anderson of Wyoming in the feature bout of ten rounds. Davey Abad and Archie Bell will meet in the semi-final ten. Pal Silvers, Brownsville lightweight, will face Jimmy LuDuco of Yonkers in a six.

Two feature ten-round bouts have been arranged for the Ninth Regiment Armory tonight with Billy Algieres and Jimmy Kelly, and Mike Carrier and Joe Downey topping the bill. Three six-rounders also will appear on the card.

Billy Franklin and Italian Joe Gans will appear in the feature ten-round bout at the Fourteenth Regiment Armory in Brooklyn tonight. Sammy Tish and Al DeSilva are paired for the semi-final eight.

Two special bouts will feature the amateur boxing show of the Good Shepherd A. C., to be held tonight. Ray Bates of the Holy Name Club and George Daggett of the Hudson Guild will meet in one of these and Willie Calvert of the home club and Willie Lynch of Hudson Guild in the other.

NEW JERSEY TEAM GAINS SOCCER FINAL

Central High of Paterson Beats Abington and Bethlehem in Penn Title Play.

HORACE MANN DEFEATED

Bows to Baltimore Poly, 7-0, in Round Before Semi-Final—Morris Loses to Harrison (N.J.) Eleven.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 3.—Central High of Paterson, N. J., and Baltimore Poly reached the final round of the University of Pennsylvania interscholastic soccer championship tournament today and will play for the cup tomorrow morning at 11:30 at Franklin Field.

After eliminating Abington (Pa.) High School this morning, by 8 goals to 0, the Paterson team easily won from Bethlehem (Pa.) High this afternoon, 4 to 0. Harris, playing centre forward, scored all four goals in the latter game and four of the eight in the morning.

Harrison High of New Jersey, won its way to the semi-final by disposing of Morris High of New York City, in a thrilling game, 1 to 0, the lone tally being scored by Zarnowski, who substituted for Dalton in the last minute of play. The Harrison team put up a good fight against Baltimore Poly, but lost out, 3 to 2. Cooke and Murphy scoring the goals for the upper Jersey team.

Baltimore went into the semi-final by beating Horace Mann High School of New York City, 7 to 0.

In an earlier match today, St. John's School of Manilus, New York, lost to Bethlehem High, 3 to 1.

The line-ups:

BALT. POLY (7).		HORACE MANN (0).
Unger	G.	Edmerly
Musch	R.B.	Bernard
Basurek	L.B.	Rawlings
Schweiker	R.H.	Jones
Feldman	C.H.	Weinberg
Beatty	L.H.	Rose
Marks	I.R.	Fraser
Hubert	O.R.	Mitchell
Dibbern	C.	Bernstein
Flaherty	L.	Buckner
Buckley	O.L.	Weiskopf

Goals—Flaherty 2, Hubert 2, Marks. Beatty.

Referee—J. Connell. Time of halves—Thirty minutes.

BETHLEHEM (3).		MANLIUS (1).
Schultz	G.	Terris
Reynold	R.B.	Philippi
Glazier	L.B.	Poly
Hoch	R.H.	Schrander
Bowe	C.H.	McFarland
Grater	L.H.	Kellogg
Beahm	O.R.	Porris
Thomas	I.R.	Wetzel
Byington	C.	Salas
Jacoby	I.L.	Kershaw
Dickerman	O.L.	Danker

Goals—Jacoby, Boch, Byington, Kershaw. Referee—D. Scott. Time of halves—Thirty minutes.

PATERSON (8),		ABINGTON H. S.(0).
Kurtyke	G.	Burkenstock
Krommer	G.	Shanken
Van Giesen	L.B.	Green
Kastner	R.H.	Ramsey
Barker	C.H.	Graff
J. Durkin	L.H.	Haas
Prend	O.R.	Julius Pearson
Claxton	I.R.	Schwartz
Harris	C.	Joe Pearson
Stewart	L.	Funke
Scarmuzzi	O.L.	Mallory

Goals—Harris 4, Claxton 2, Stewart. Scarmuzzi. Referee—Oates. Time of halves—Thirty minutes.

HARRISON H S (1).		MORRIS HIGH (0).
Booth	G.	Feldustbaum
Tino	R.B.	Rochli
Triano	L.B.	Remick
Price	R.H.	Kliem
Gunsella	C.H.	Gowotsky
Dalton	L.H.	Schitzner
Zarkowski	O.R.	Frankfort
Lyons	I.R.	Rabinowitz
Quick	C.	Gorrier
Dolan	L.L.	Johnson
Murphy	O.L.	Neuman

Goal—Zarnowski.

Substitution—Harrison High: Zarnowski for Dalton.

Referee—Scott. Time of halves—Thirty minutes.

BALT. POLY (3).		HARRISON (2).
Unger	G.	Booth
Musch	R.B.	Tino
Pasurek	L.B.	Triano
Schweizer	R.H.	Gunsella
Feldman	C.H.	Price
Beatty	L.H.	Dalton
Marks	I.R.	Borkowski
Hubert	O.R.	Lyons
Dibbern	C.	Quick
Flaherty	L.	Dolan
Buckley	O.L.	Murphy

Goals—Dibbern 2, Feldman, Cooke, Murphy.

Substitution—Harrison: Cooke for Price.

Referee—Scott. Time of halves—Thirty minutes.

PATERSON (4).		BETHLEHEM (0)
Zester	G.	Schultz
Krommer	R.B.	Reynolds
Van Giesen	L.B.	Glazier
Castner	R.H.	Boek
Berkin	L.H.	Bowe
Trend	I.R.	Beahm
Claxton	O.R.	Thomas
Harris	C.	Irvington
Stewart	L.	Jacoby
Scarmuzzi	O.L.	Dickerson

Goals—Harris 4.

Referee—Oates. Time of halves—Thirty minutes.

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Star Fencers Touring France Seek Revival in Sport There

PARIS, Dec. 3 (AP).—A revival of fencing is being attempted by a little group of the best swordsmen of France. With Lucien Gaudin at their head these men are touring the provinces and fencing in star bouts solely to stimulate interest in their sport. Gaudin, long regarded the most remarkable fencer in the world, says enthusiasm for fencing is increasing because of these trips as the followers of the sport in smaller cities rarely have opportunities to witness their own swordsmen compete with those of national reputation.

NEW UTRECHT SIX BEATS MORRIS, 4-0

Takes League Lead When Monroe and Stuyvesant Teams Deadlock at 0 to 0.

STANDING OF THE TEAMS.

	Won.	Lost.	Tied.	Pts.
New Utrecht	2	0	0	4
Stuyvesant	1	0	1	3
Jamaica	1	0	0	2
Erasmus	1	0	0	2
James Monroe	0	1	1	1
Boys'	0	1	0	0
Clinton	0	1	0	0
Morris	0	2	0	0

The New Utrecht High School hockey team gained undisputed lead in the P. S. A. L. hockey tournament by defeating the Morris High School team at the Brooklyn Ice Palace last night while the Stuyvesant and James Monroe High Schools played to a scoreless tie. New Utrecht defeated Morris 4 to 0 and now heads the list with two victories and no defeats or ties.

Stuyvesant is in second place with one victory, no defeats and one tie—that played last night with James Monroe. Before last night's contests a quadruple tie existed for first place. Now Erasmus and Jamaica, both idle yesterday, are tied for third position.

The star playing of the New Utrecht forwards was responsible for the victory over Morris last night. Ryan, the centre, scored two of the goals, while Revson, left wing, and Ruzow, scored the others. All the tallying was in the first half, Morris tightening up in the second period to stop all New Utrecht sallies.

Ruzow Scores First.

Ruzow was the first to score for New Utrecht, putting the disc into the net after fifty-five seconds of play. Revson scored after another fifty-five seconds of competition after a nice run down the ice which resulted in a score. The Morris defense was so busy during these minutes that it got no attack under way.

After two minutes and forty seconds of play Ryan scored his first goal on a pretty shot from an angle. He scored again after five minutes and forty-five seconds on another difficult shot. With slightly more than the first third of the first half over, Morris had four goals against it. From that point on, however, nothing got past the Morris goalie, Marcus.

An airtight defense by James Monroe stopped the Stuyvesant offensive in the other game. By virtue of its previous league victory, Stuyvesant was favored to win from Monroe which had been defeated. McCoy, Spurber and Geller put up a brand of hockey that nullified all the Stuyvesant thrusts at the goal.

Monroe On the Attack.

In the second half, James Monroe got an opportunity to launch an attack or two of its own but Reilly and Morgenstern took care of these efforts and prevented any scoring. Wahl also starred on the defense.

The line-ups:

NEW UTRECHT (4).		MORRIS (0).

Backers of Sargasso Rewarded When Greentree Colt Triumphs at New Orleans

SARGASSO SCORES POPULAR VICTORY

John P. Grier Colt Earns New Orleans Brackets In Second Racing Start.

RUNS AS ODDS-ON CHOICE

Pays Only $3.60 for $2 in Winning Amite Purse for Greentree Stable —Dry Moon In Front.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 3.—Making the second start of his racing career, Sargasso, carrying the pink silks of the Greentree Stable of Mrs. Payne Whitney, won the Amite Purse, a dash of five and a half furlongs for the two-year-olds, which had the place of honor on the card at Jefferson Park this afternoon.

Sargasso, chestnut son of John P. Grier and Nada Mae, which had run second to Drummer Boy in his only previous start, was made the odds-on favorite on that performance and paid only $3.60 for each $2 ticket in the mutuels. Arnold had the mount and, under the light weight of 105 pounds, the colt ran in 1:09 flat over a fast track.

It was an off day and the racing was rather featureless, most of the events being easily won. Form players fared fairly well, three favorites coming to the winning post.

The public could see nothing in the Amite Purse but the Greentree youngster and the money rolled in for this maiden, with the rest of the field of seven almost neglected. The colt ran quite up to expectations and was easily the best of the lot.

Sargasso was rather slow at the barrier, but Arnold lost no time in taking his mount up on the outside of the leaders. Coming into the stretch Arnold found an opening on the inside and did not hesitate in sending the colt through it. Sargasso dashed to the lead and drew away in the last sixteenth to win handily by a length from J. L. Ledoux's Martin's Caddy. The latter showed a great burst of early speed, and at the end held on well to save the place by half a length from Mrs. A. R. Lawson's Torrance. Martin's Caddy was a rank outsider and paid $22.50 for the place and $6 to show.

Lionne Best in Sprint.

The opening number was a sprint of five and a half furlongs for maiden two-year-old fillies and a dozen brackettes misses faced the barrier. The winner was C. E. Durnell's Englishbred filly Lionne, which made good at the first asking hereabout, paying three to one to her backers, or $8 for each $2 invested in the machines.

D. Smith rode Lionne and he was slow getting his mount away. But he took the filly up on the outside and she closed with a game rush to win going away. S. N. Holman's Bride's Cup set the early pace, encountered trouble at the end and was beaten half a length for the money.

Mose Goldblatt's veteran Dry Moon, after two unsuccessful attempts, at last found the right spot and came home an easy winner in the six-furlong dash under claiming conditions. The old son of Olambala and Honeymoon was the hot favorite in a field of ten and paid $5.40 in the machines.

Dry Moon was one of the last to get going when the break came and he was outrun during the early part of the journey. When the stretch was reached Workman woke him up and he displayed some old-time speed in the drive to the wire, winning easily at the end from G. W. Hurst's three-year-old gelding Orbit. Long Point opened a good lead at the start, tiring and finishing well out of the money.

Fausto a Disappointment.

After three efforts here C. C. Wright's Fausto was considered ripe for a winning effort in the gallop of a mile and a sixteenth for four-year-olds and upward under claiming conditions and he was made the 3-to-2 favorite among the nine cheap ones that went to the post. But he had bad luck at the start, Ryan taking him over the oversized route and giving him a weak ride generally. At the end he was beaten a head by the Southland Stable's Lieutenant Rust, a long shot that paid $23 in the mutuels. Lieutenant Rust came up on the outside, closed with a fine burst and was just up to gain the decision.

Another long shot scored in the mile dash for fillies and mares, when C. Viau's three-year-old filly Lannie at $36.20 for $2 just toyed with her seven opponents. This daughter of Transvaal and Magical was the featherweight of the party under 98 pounds and D. Smith had the leg up. While she broke slowly, Lannie was rated along easy in back of the leaders. Around the turn Smith called on her and she went to the front with a rush to win in a gallop by five lengths from J. McGraw's Ombrage. J. J. Russel's Black Wand, winner of her last start here and the short-priced favorite, finished third under a weak ride by Barnett.

Jefferson Park Entries.

FIRST RACE—Purse $1,000; maidens; all ages; allowances; six furlongs.

Index.	Wt.	Index.	Wt.
1724 Firedog	108	— Ballyragus	101
1724 Gleaming	108	— Hero	108
— Golden G.	110	— Pomegranate	116
— Joe Straus	110	1726 aWar Grail	105
— The Beadle	111	1724 Palatine I.	109
— Dolly Sc	108		

a C. Ferraro entry.

SECOND RACE—Purse $1,000; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; one mile.

(1726) Chief Twig	118	1716 Joe Pride	97
— *Chick Up	107	1727 *Oliff	104
— Stamp	114	1740 B. Spalding	94
— Dr. Macduff	107	— *Curley	96
1740 J. Campbell	107	1718 *Roy. Char	100
1688 *Gipsy Flyer	99	1738 *Revellion	99
— *J. Knight	104	1738 *Ess	95
— Son of Jer	107	1726 *Ben	95
— *Slico Br'ch	96	1728 Yoo Hoo	110

THIRD RACE—Purse $1,500; claiming; all ages; six furlongs.

1665 Blue Bill	110	1738 aGad	102
— *Rodrigo	110	— Star Sack	110
— G. Rose	102	— *Belboa	103
1731 *Ragtime	106	1738 aDavid L.	108
1738 Big Swop	110	— Operator	110
— *Miss Maise	102	1616 Everglade	115

FOURTH RACE—Purse $1,000; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; five furlongs.

1590 Red Spider	106	1742 *Le Guinee	107
1742 Sparkling W.	103	1726 *Team Spy	107
— Ben Omar	109	(1742) Hakw God	110
— *Sprinkle	107		

FIFTH RACE—The Blesville Hotel Handicap; purse $1,500; three-year-olds and upwards; one mile and a sixteenth.

— Jolly Gus	95	— Pelop	105
— E. Mills	102	— Blackhead	105
1172 Syrrup Cup	110	1726 *McBinkle	102
1742 Spacaster	102	(1726) Old Sip	120

a Hd. De Mar.107 b C. E. Durnell entry. b Greentree Stable entry.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $1,000; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; one mile.

1731 Laddeso	108	1727 Bernard	112
— Wyay	109	1731 *Make Up	102
1726 Hawkinge	110	— *Private S.	94
1724 aMarwitz	108	416 *Hale	106
1668 *Farm. Boll	109	— Cano	110
1739 *Reliable	95	— *Fanning	95
— *Royal Kiss	95	— *Gloria Q.	106
1731 *Al Stoller	102	1668 *Donnavidee	106
— *Bellini	106	1726 Critical M.	106

SEVENTH RACE—Purse $1,000; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a furlong.

1632 Capt. Martin	110	1726 *Green B.	94
1727 *Champs	101	1726 *Red Bell	108
— *Sweetpea	102	— *Escarre	102
— Zoom	110	— Scandot	104
— *Festival	104	1724 *Olinde	104
— Dentaria	106		

aAppearing allowance claimed.

Weather steam; track fast.

400 in Line When Sale Opens For Alabama-Stanford Game

PASADENA, Cal., Dec. 3 (AP).—Four hundred men and women were standing in line today when Stanford University officials opened the office at which tickets will be distributed for the Alabama-Stanford football game here New Year's Day. Students in charge of the ticket sale estimated that all seats in the Rose Bowl would be taken by application and that there would be no public sale.

THE SANTA ROSALIA GOES TO CHICK BELL

John A. Scott Jr. Triumphs in the Other Featured Race at Juarez.

Special to The New York Times.

JUAREZ, Mexico, Dec. 3.—Chick Bell led Bronston o the wire in the Santa Rosalia Purse at a mile and a furlong, one of the two featured races, here today. Tugs was third.

John A. Scott Jr. scored his second victory of the meeting in the other feature, the Laredo Purse, over the seven-furlong course. Miss Fryer outgamed Closeup for the place.

The summaries (AP):

FIRST RACE—Purse $400; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; five and one-half furlongs.

Miss Impudence, 111	(Hinry)	6.00	3.60	3.00
Dunsmuir, 111	(H. Haj)		4.60	3.00
Miss Major, 111	(Greenwood)			3.20

Time—1:09. Lady Harding, Scarpa, Pacific and Altamour also ran.

THIRD RACE—Purse $400; claiming; two-year-olds; five and one-half furlongs.

Princess Pillow	(Dufour)	5.40	2.80	2.80
Runopin, 106	(Frederick)		8.20	4.60
Sheffield, 105	(Collins)			3.00

Time—1:08 4-5. Sheard, Cal. Sprague, Grace Lauer, Guzette, Captain Bridges, Winnie Winkle, Joker and Miss Texas also ran.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $400; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; five and one-half furlongs.

Furious Bill, 112	(Smallwood)	14.00	6.80	4.60
Sagasso King, 111	(Long)		3.60	2.80
Fairy's Beau, 115	(Coelhran)			2.20

Time—1:07 4-5. Little Tokalon, Chamberlona, Miss Leighton, Dustbrush, High Card, Mayflower, Madrono and Old Fop also ran.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $400; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs.

Peter Patter, 116	(Hay)	8.80	4.00	3.00
Golden Maiden, 108	(Kiniry)		4.20	2.80
Yorkshire Maiden, 105	(Robertson)			2.40

Time—1:14 4-5. Hackamore, Lucky Cat, Rainy Day, Frank Esh, A. N. Akin, Marcella, Hey Felicitous, Nettie Cole and Peter Pierson also ran.

SIXTH RACE—The Laredo; purse $800; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; seven furlongs.

John A. Scott Jr.	109	(Yates)	7.80	4.00	3.00
Miss Fryer, 110	(Robertson)		3.80	2.80
Closeup, 110	(Hopkins)			4.00

Time—1:26 4-5. Korby, Recover, Dell Evans, Crescent, Nan's Fortune, Stump Jr. and Pearl Boots also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—The Santa Rosalia; purse $800; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a furlong.

Chick Bell, 108	(Imig)	4.20	3.40	3.40
Bronston, 110	(Rolacko)		7.60	6.40
Tugs, 110	(Frederick)			6.20

Time—1:54 1-5. Flaxy Mae, Latheba, Bonita, Brown and Whipsaw also ran.

Weather clear; track fast.

FLUSHING Y. M. C. A. WINS SWIM MEET

Peidl's Fine Work Helps Team Beat Holy Name A. A. Natators, 36½-25½.

The newly organized swimming team of the Flushing Y. M. C. A. sprang a surprise by defeating the Holy Name A. A. in a dual meet in the sixty-foot Flushing pool last night. The score was 36½ to 25½.

Joseph Peidl of the Flushing contingent was the outstanding performer. He won the 100-yard free-style sprint with ease in 1:02 1-5, leading by three yards Thomas Clark of the Holy Name A. A., the runner-up.

Peidl also took the 60-yard backstroke dash in 0:42 2-5, a body length ahead of Julius Esinsky of the opposition, his closest rival. Then he helped his teammates—Andrew Nostrand, William Sherman and Robert Nelson—to capture the 160-yard relay race in 1:23 1-5.

Peter Lechnowitz was a winner for Holy Name, gaining the decision at 100 yards breast stroke in 1:18 4-5, and John Dreyfus took the 40-yard dash in 0:21.

One of the Flushing "Y" girl swimmers, Miss Iris Jakoff displayed remarkable promise in two races for members, scoring at 40 yards free style in the fast time of 0:25 4-5 and at 40 yards breast stroke in 0:36 4-5. The summaries:

Dual Meet Events.

40-Yard Swim—Won by John Dreyfus, Holy Name; Andrew Nostrand, Flushing, second; Peter Lechnowitz, Holy Name, third. Time—0:21.

160-Yard Swim—Won by Joseph Feidl, Flushing; Thomas Clark, Holy Name, second; Thomas Mahoney, Holy Name, third. Time—1:02 1-5.

100-Yard Breast Stroke Swim—Won by Peter Lechnowitz, Holy Name; William Schultz, Flushing, second; Arthur Hoenig, Flushing, third. Time—1:18 4-5.

220-Yard Swim—Won by William Sherman, Flushing; George McCoy, Holy Name, second; Robert Nelson, Flushing, third. Time—3:43.

60-Yard Back Stroke Swim—Won by Joseph Feidl, Flushing; Julius Csesinsky, Holy Name, second; Harry Waldron, Holy Name, and Andrew Nostrand, Flushing, tied for third. Time—0:42 2-5.

Fancy Diving—Won by William Schultz, Flushing, 63 points; George McCoy, Holy Name, 56 points, second; Frank Jacquemard, Holy Name, 52 points, third.

160-Yard Relay Swim—Won by Flushing (Nostrand, Nelson, Sherman, Feidl); Holy Name (Lechnowitz, Stanford, Dreyfus, McCoy), second. Time—1:23 1-5.

Score—Flushing Y. M. C. A. 36½, Holy Name A. A. 25½.

Events for Flushing Members.

40-Yard Swim, Women—Won by Miss Iris Jakoff; Miss Alice Mahoney, second; Miss Regina Johnson, third. Time—0:25 4-5.

40-Yard Breast Stroke Swim—Won by Miss Iris Jeoff; Miss Anna Wilson, second; Miss Kathryn Hotine, third. Time—0:38 4-5.

60-Yard Swim, Boys—Won by McCrea Sykes; Albert Purchase, second; Jack Kerr, third. Time—0:36 4-5.

VALLEY TEAMS SET DATES.

Book More Big Ten Elevens Than Ordinarily Is the Case.

CHICAGO, Dec. 3 (AP).—The Big-Ten and the Missouri Valley will engage in more inter-Conference football games next Fall than for many years, four having been announced up to today, with the Valley football coaches still in session perfecting their schedule.

Wisconsin will play two Valley teams, Grinnell at home on Nov. 6 and Kansas at Lawrence, Kan., on Oct. 5. The Kansas game is a return engagement for the Badgers.

Oklahoma has been invited to the University of Chicago stadium and a game with Drake has been signed by the University of Minnesota.

BARDALID TRIUMPHS IN TIJUANA FEATURE

Holds Sway Throughout in the Fourth Race, Beating Nancy Winet to Wire.

STARLESS WINS IN GALLOP

Jockey Jones, Rider of Bardalid, Also Scores With Long's Entry in the Following Event.

Special to The New York Times.

TIJUANA, Mexico, Dec. 3.—G. O'Connell's five-year-old gelding Bardalid, the even-money favorite, captured the fourth and featured race over the mile and a sixteenth course here today by a length, after leading all the way. Nancy Winet, which was off last of the field of seven, gained ground rapidly in the final furlong, but, although she easily overhauled Aristotle for the place, could not get to the winner.

R. Jones, who rode Bardalid, guided Baron Long's Starless to a four-length victory in the following race, a five-furlong dash. The winner was a hot favorite, paying only 20 cents on the dollar, and won with the ease the odds indicated she should. The two-year-old filly went into the lead shortly after the start and merely romped home. Buddy Clark finished second and Jola Shot third.

The eleven-year-old Matinee Idol, a son of All Gold and Matinee, which races in the colors of B. Creech, caught Balefull in the closing strides of the second race, over the five-furlong distance, to win by a head. Mala was off from the barrier like a flash, but wilted to nothing after being overhauled by Balefull in the back stretch and finished ninth in the field of ten. The latter nosed out Silver State, which was with the leaders throughout, for the place.

Another two-year-old campaigner scored when Fireplace, a ten-year-old gelding, outlasted the favorite, Vanderberg, in a driving finish in the five-furlong sprint which opened the program. The winner made the pace all the way. Goldstein had no trouble in slipping into the show position.

S. Polk's Golden Sweep led Melschrino and Rosamond to the wire in the seventh race over the clubhouse course, which is 220 feet less than a mile.

The summaries (AP):

FIRST RACE—Purse $800; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; five furlongs.

Fire Place, 110	(Stone)	7.20	3.00	2.60
Vanderberg, 107	(Paternell)		2.60	2.60
Goldstein, 106	(Austin)			4.40

Time—1:01 3-5. Marigold, Mala, Olympian King, Stamp, Tuxedo Sam, Malvern, Jones Adam, Old Paige and Murphy also ran.

SECOND RACE—Purse $800; claiming; colts and geldings; three-year-olds and upward; five furlongs.

Matinee Idol, 104	(Peternell)	7.80	4.60	3.20
Balefull, 107	(West)		10.80	5.20
Silver State, 98	(Mahoney)			3.60

Time—1:01 1-5. Golden Red, Douglass H. Johnston, Burke's Boy, Sportsman, Woodie Montgomery, Mala and Mr. Fat also ran.

THIRD RACE—Purse $800; claiming; fillies and mares; three-year-olds and upward; five and one-half furlongs.

Quines Gold, 114	(Elston)	7.40	4.00	3.40
Lady Berrildon, 110	(Mooney)		4.80	3.60
Brocken Girl, 103	(McClair)			5.40

Time—1:08 1-5. Runerva, Polly Girl, Jersey Red, Belle of Milton and Combustion also ran.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $800; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a sixteenth.

Bardalid, 108	(Jones)	4.00	2.80	2.20
Nancy Winet, 103	(Dalton)		4.20	3.00
Aristotle, 106	(Pendergrass)			2.20

Time—1:46. Harry Maxim, Zealot and London Smoke also ran.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $800; claiming; maiden two-year-olds; five furlongs.

Starless, 114	(Jones)	2.40	2.20	2.20
Buddy Clark, 104	(Graham)		2.20	3.20
Jola Shot, 114	(Craigmyle)			2.20

Time—1:02. Sliceton, Shasta Gravey, Soldier Bird, Tavern Talk and Cibis also ran.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $800; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs.

Frank Gallor, 101	(Peterson)	34.00	12.20	7.40
Cotfield, 108	(Dye)		6.00	5.40
Queen Anne Marie, 104	(Paternell)			3.80

Time—1:15 4-5. Raymond Dale, Remnant, Farnell and Proceeds also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—Purse $800; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; Club House course. (250 feet less than a mile.)

Golden Sweep, 101	(Graham)	7.80	5.40	3.40
Melschrino, 111	(Dye)		6.00	5.20
Rosamond, 105	(Peterson)			4.20

Time—1:07 3-5. Six Fence, Dara, Dellar, Darius and Pud also ran.

EIGHTH RACE—Purse $800; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; five furlongs.

Shasta King, 107	(Elston)	4.20	5.00	2.60
Kaliko, 99	(Austin)			2.60
Virginia Carlton, 106	(Willingham)			2.40

Time—1:01 2-5. Downtown, Rey Schee and Pickpocket also ran.

Weather rainy; track slow.

Herrmann May Confer Here.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 3 (AP).—August Herrmann, President of the Cincinnati Reds, will meet Thomas E. Wilson, owner of the Columbus American Association Club, either in New York or Chicago within the next two weeks and then the final result of the Cincinnati Club's negotiations for the Columbus franchise is expected to be announced.

Tijuana Entries.

By The Associated Press.

FIRST RACE—Purse $800; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; five furlongs.

*Program	106	Good Will	111
Miss Beulah	111	*Love	97
Lad. Broadwater	111	*Valley Joe	102
*Miss Ida Brown	102	*Buck Garrett	104
Ormesbrook	111	*Segner M.	101
*Willowbrush	97	*Ninon	97

SECOND RACE—Purse $800; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; five furlongs.

*Billy Watts	102	Brownlan	102
Ben	102	*Quittine	106
*Harry D.	106	*L'Etang	97
Vibrator	111	Gold Grafton	111
*Clog	106	Bellwood	111
Murphy	114	Omega	111

THIRD RACE—Purse $800; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; five and one-half furlongs.

*Pretext	105	*Frank Sumpter	109
*Chief Clerk	99	Lottie Lorraine	104
*Stamp	99	Trinette	104
*Edmon	106	*Water Shot	99
*Walter de B.	99	*Ike Harvey	102
Bokie	111	*Laura M.	96
*James B. Brown	110	*Man, Wood	106
Jack Ladi	104	Baleful	104
*Cancellation	99	*Van Orman	102

FOURTH RACE—Purse $800; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; five and one-half furlongs.

*Merry Chase	91	*Runolathe	109
Cap Reard	105	*Scout Boyer	94
*Bookbinder	108	*Deep Thought	108

FIFTH RACE—Purse $800; claiming; four-year-olds and upward; one mile.

Oliva	107	Winecraker	107
*Snow Cap	102	Midnight Stories	107
Star Cloudy	107	*Hiram Taylor	102
The Franciscan	116	Polite	107
*Woodlady	106	*Talos	102

SIXTH RACE—The Tecate Claiming Handicap; purse $1,000; three-year-olds and upward; one mile and seventy yards.

Father	103	aHigh Prince	104
Heron's Pride	104	Sweepstakes	114
Much On	102	Letter Six	98
aSeattle On	94		

aIrby entry.

SEVENTH RACE—Purse $800; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; one mile.

Jay Mac	106	*Tan Bon	108
*Zing	108	*Jay Roberts	103
Lucky Run	113	*Cadmus	108
*El Rekle	108	*Smart Guy	102
Wrangler	108	*El Cid	109
Dustproof	108		

EIGHTH RACE—Purse $800; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs.

Poppina	107	*Miss Emmert	104
*Hardman	107	*Green Spring	107
Brother John	108	Invictus	109
Marwaltz	111	*W. Montgomery	94
Mary Kinkead	112	Royal Calmex	107
*Joe Patton	107	*Nantucket	107
*My Daddy	104	*Bank Jr.	107
Queen Grace	104	*Valor	107

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather unsettled; track fast.

JEFFERSON PARK CHART

By The Associated Press.

New Orleans, Friday, Dec. 3. Weather clear; track fast.

1745 FIRST RACE—Maiden fillies, two-year-olds; purse $1,600; five and one-half furlongs. Start good; won driving; place same. Winner, b. f., 2, by Berkeley—Lionne, Trainer, D. E. Fountain. Time—0:25⅘, 0:48⅘, 1:09.

Ind.	Starters.	Wt.	P.	P.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.	Jockeys.	St.	Pl.	Sh.
—	Lionne	110	3	3	3	1½	1½	1½	1½	D. Smith	3.60	3.60	2.60
—	Bride's Cup	118	1	1	1	1½	1½	1½	2¼	Caniff4	34.00	15.60	6.60
454	Omb	116	2	2	2	2½	2½	2½	3½	Frank	20.00	....	7.00
—	Chaste's Idiot	110	10	7	6	5½	5½	4½	4½	Carwell	11.60	....	....
—	Lillie L.	110	7	11	8	8½	7½	6½	5½	Finnerty	67.30	....	....
1697	Remote	110	12	8	9	9½	9½	8½	6¾	Arnold	7.80	....	....
1717	Miss Cook	118	9	10	11	11½	11½	9½	7½	Lagoe	81.20	....	....
—	*Miss Wanacone	110	6	9	10	10½	10½	10½	8½	Barnett	71.60	....	....
—	*Dorada	110	5	5	5	4½	4½	5½	9½	Churchman	71.60	....	....
—	Shoplifter	110	11	12	12	12½	12½	12	10½	Sharpe	68.30	....	....
1724	J. Laquin	115	8	6	7	7½	8½	11½	11½	Boganiowski	6.60	....	....
—	Blonde	110	4	12	12	12	12	13	12	Tydeck	190.00	....	....

*Field.

Scratched—Belva, Miss Carew, Miss Medler, Fair Name, Boot's Last and Curieda.

Lionne broke slowly, but was rushed up on the outside. She closed gamely in the stretch and won going away. Bride's Cup set a fast pace and saved ground but was in close quarters right at the end. Omb ran a good race, although she was taken wide all the way. Remote tired.

Owners—1, C. E. Durnell; 2, S. N. Holman; 3, J. Spencer; 4, Q. M. Chopin; 5, L. Crain; 6, A. W. Kotwis; 7, E. Applegate; 8, Auhuchon and Rogers; 9, J. H. Lingblad; 10, Mrs. D. Boyle; 11, C. E. Worthington; 12, J. Kelley.

1746 SECOND RACE—Three-year-olds and upward; purse $1,000; claiming; six furlongs. Start good; won easily; place same. Winner, b. h., 3, by Olambala—Honeymoon. Trainer, M. Goldblatt. Time—0:24⅘, 0:48⅘, 1:14.

Ind.	Starters.	Wt.	P.	P.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.	Jockeys.	St.	Pl.	Sh.
1725	Dry Moon	106	6	8	7	7½	7½	7½	1½	Workman	5.40	3.40	2.20
—	Orbit	108	3	4	4	2½	2½	1½	2½	J. McTague	10.80	7.20	3.80
1725	Rundark	107	7	3	3	4½	5½	4½	3½	J. Ryan	9.40	....	2.60
—	Hats Up	106	9	7	6	6½	4½	3½	4½	Emery	61.30	....	....
—	Talequa	111	5	9	9	9	9	9	5½	Lagoe	61.80	....	....
1728	Long Point	108	10	1	1	1½	1½	2½	6½	Rauser	35.00	....	....
—	Redskin	111	4	6	5	5½	7½	6½	7½	Garnett	45.40	....	....
1725	Cream Puff	108	2	5	2	2½	3½	5½	8½	Barnett	22.40	....	....
—	Harlan	111	4	2	8	8	8	8	9	Froggatte	28.40	....	....
—	The Beadle	111	8	10	10	10	10	10	10	C. Miller	224.80	....	....

Scratched—Ice, Stanway and Candy Jar.

Dry Moon broke slowly and was outrun to the stretch. He closed with a rush in the last furlong and won going away. Orbit followed the pace closely and held on gamely. Rundark had no mishaps. Hats Up closed a big gap. Long Point set a fast pace, but tired in the last hundred yards.

Owners—1, M. Goldblatt; 2, G. W. Hurst; 3, C. C. Wright; 4, E. H. Von Rosenau; 5, K. Pitt; 6, G. P. Fought; 7, T. Gaughan; 8, S. J. Kelly; 9, J. Magnus; 10, Dickey & Jones.

1747 THIRD RACE—Four-year-olds and upward; purse $1,000; one mile and a sixteenth. Start bad; won driving; place same. Winner, br. g., 4, by Luke McLuke—Vireo. Trainer, J. P. Letellier. Time—0:24⅘, 0:49⅘, 1:15⅘, 1:42⅘, 1:49⅘.

Ind.	Starters.	Wt.	P.	P.	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Jockeys.	St.	Pl.	Sh.
1726	Lieut. Rust	103	2	2	2	2½	2½	2½	2½	Legnon	23.00	7.00	4.20
1727	Fausto	107	1	1	1	1½	1½	1½	2½	J. Ryan	5.00	3.60	3.20
1729	Taylor Hay	103	5	5	5	5½	5½	5½	3½	Dubois	4.80	....	4.20
1733	My Biddy	100	7	7	7	7½	7½	7½	4½	D. Smith	8.40	....	....
1732	Northern Star	107	8	6	6	6½	6½	6½	5½	Snow	89.20	....	....
1733	Charcoal	103	9	9	9	9½	9½	9½	6½	Froggatte	68.30	....	....
1731	Mark Aurele	103	4	3	4	4½	4½	4½	7½	G. Arnold	36.00	....	....
1697	Grass Tree	115	3	4	3	3½	3½	3½	8½	McDermott	12.40	....	....
1628	Hindoostan	113	1	9	9	9	9	9	9	Lambert'n	195.60	....	....

Scratched—Neptune.

Lieutenant Rust worked his way up on the outside, but closed fast in the stretch and just got up to win. Fausto broke slowly and in a tangle. He was taken very wide all the way, but closed fast. Taylor Hay was outrun for the first six furlongs, but closed fast in the stretch. My Biddy took the lead at the top of the stretch but tired badly at the end. Mark Aurele displayed plenty of speed. He may win a race at a shorter distance.

Owners—1, Southland Stable; 2, C. C. Wright; 3, J. S. Taylor; 4, W. Cain; 5, Mrs. W. J. Foley; 6, Mrs. L. M. Holmes; 7, C. S. Wilson; 8, Woodlawn Stable; 9, Mrs. F. H. Sevin.

1748 FOURTH RACE—Fillies and mares, three-year-olds and upward; purse $1,000; claiming; one mile. Start good; won easily; place driving. Winner, b. f., 3, by Transvaal—Magical. Trainer, C. Viau. Time—0:25⅘, 0:48⅘, 1:14⅘, 1:41.

Ind.	Starters.	Wt.	P.	P.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.	Jockeys.	St.	Pl.	Sh.
—	Lannie	98	3	3	3	1½	1½	1½	1½	D. Smith	33.20	9.40	5.00
—	Ombrage	109	4	4	4	3½	2½	2½	2½	G. Johnson	13.80	6.80	3.20
—	Black Wand	109	2	2	2	2½	4½	4½	3½	Barnett	4.60	....	3.20
1727	Bosh	109	1	1	1	1½	3½	3½	4½	Moser	17.80	....	....
—	Green Woods	102½	5	5	5	5½	5½	5½	5½	Crowell	160.50	....	....
1722	Blended	104	6	8	8	8	8½	8½	6½	Snow	107.20	....	....
1639	Lady Bountiful	103	8	7	7	6½	6½	7½	7½	W. Garner	8.00	....	....
—	Fairy Tolitha	104	7	6	6	7½	7½	6½	8	Bogan'wski	93.00	....	....

Scratched—Too Hoo, Critical Moments, Demtavidoo, Speckled Beauty, Normana, Grapestone and Sister Sue.

Lannie broke slowly, but was rated along back of the field for six furlongs. He closed gamely around the turn and won in a gallop. Ombrage had plenty of speed and held on well. Black Wand was weakly handled. She can do better. Lady Bountiful was outrun.

Owners—1, C. Viau; 2, J. McGraw; 3, J. J. Russell; 4, J. Keller; 5, Sea & Frazier; 6, Miss M. Kelly; 7, S. Louis; 8, K. Pitt.

1749 FIFTH RACE—The Amite; two-year-olds; purse $1,000; five and one-half furlongs. Start good; won easily; place driving. Winner, ch. c., 2, by John P. Grier—Nada Mae. Trainer, C. Phillips. Time—0:24⅘, 0:49⅘, 1:09.

Ind.	Starters.	Wt.	P.	P.	St.	½	½	Str.	Fin.	Jockeys.	St.	Pl.	Sh.
—	Sargasso	105	6	3	3	2½	2½	1½	1½	G. Arnold	3.60	3.60	2.60
1734	Martin's Caddy	113	1	1	1	1½	1½	2½	2½	J. Smith	53.20	22.50	6.00
—	Torrance	110	4	4	4	3½	3½	3½	3½	Lagoe	11.00	....	5.60
—	Tiras	112	6	6	6	6½	6½	4½	4½	Barnett	11.60	....	....
—	Violet Betty	112	2	5	5	5½	5½	5½	5½	Fronk	37.00	....	....
—	Cloud Idolizer	111½	4	7	7	7	7	6½	6½	Connelly	51.20	....	....
—	Society Scout	111	5	2	2	3½	2½	7	7	Hanson	19.80	....	....

Scratched—Scotland, Glanning and Drummer Boy.

Sargasso ran as if much

Rain Falls on Eve of Notre Dame's Contest on the Coast

NOTRE DAME PLAYS ON THE COAST TODAY

Rain Falls on Eve of Battle, but Experts Insist Game Is a Toss-Up.

KAER IS IN FINE FETTLE

Drury Also May Be in Southern California Back Field—All Tickets Have Been Sold.

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 3 (AP).—Prospects tonight were that tomorrow's game between Coach Rockne's Notre Dame eleven and the Trojans of the University of Southern California might be fought in the rain.

Drizzling rain, increasing at times to a gentle downpour, fell late today. Coaches and football authorities gathered here from over the country, however, held the view that moisture would not have any effect on the playing of the intersectional clash.

The only element which could have decided effect is warm weather. That, the authorities agreed, would slow up the men from Indiana.

The usual argument that a team from the four-season sections would be more at home in bad weather, and thus assume an advantage over the Thundering Herd of Howard Jones, was discarded in the light of the splendid work of the Trojan backs in the rain this Fall. Morton Kaer, one of the outstanding line breakers in the country, did some of the best work of his career against the Oregon Agricultural College in a hard rain on a slippery field.

No advantage was given either team by outside coaches. Glenn Warner of Stanford agreed with Tad Jones of Yale that it was a toss-up. Other mentors pointed out what they considered an advantage by one of the two outfits, but each argument was nullified by the next.

In the Trojan camp, with Kaer in fine fettle, discussion centred about whether Morley Drury, who kicks, plunges, calls signals and runs the ends, would be in Jones's line-up. Injured six weeks ago, the big halfback was not expected to figure in another game this year, until a few days ago when it leaked out that Drury might get his chance. The Trojan coach has stated that if Drury is able and wants to go in he will not stop him.

Official word has come from the business end of the Coliseum spectacle to the effect that no confusion over tickets is expecter, for the reason that there are no more tickets to cause such confusion.

FIVE MEETS LIKELY FOR N. Y. U. BOXERS

Army, Penn State, Temple, New Hampshire and Catholic U. Tentatively Scheduled.

Five dual meets have been scheduled tentatively for the New York University boxing team, according to a schedule made public yesterday. Violet battlers, according to present plans, will meet the Army, Temple University, New Hampshire, Catholic University and Penn State. The schedule is more ambitious than that essayed last year in the first season for boxing as a recognized sport at New York University.

Interest in the sport is running high, particularly at the Washington Square College of New York University. Seven veterans of last year's team are seeking berths and fifty-seven new candidates answered the call of Coach Fred Johns.

Best known of all is the giant football player, Al Lasaman. Lasaman won fame during the past season as a star tackle. Before that, however, he attained prominence in the ring by meeting and knocking out four opponents, each in one round. The last of these knockouts was scored over Larry Creighton, the metropolitan amateur heavyweight champion.

Lassman, however, is no longer the "whole team" as he was last season in the first year of the sport. Capable men will carry the Violet colors in every division. One of the best known of last year's veterans is Murray Israel, captain of the team. Israel at one time held the lightweight amateur title and covered himself with glory when he took on a heavyweight at Syracuse last year in order to give N. Y. U. the required number of points necessary to win the meet. There was no other boxer available to meet the Syracuse man and Israel stepped in. He was knocked out after a brave fight.

Frank Ferrara and Chet Cohn are two other veterans of last year's team. Despite his lack of experience, Cohn made the varsity last season and won two out three encounters. An outstanding figure in the 175-pound division is Lou Guardino, who joined the squad last year. He has improved immensely and is expected to make a good showing. Three more of last year's squad are contending for honors in the featherweight division. They are Check, Kleinman and Campiglia. Eight new men have been added to the squad in this division.

Last season the Violet faced the Army, Syracuse and New Hampshire. Eight out of nineteen bouts were won. None of the Violet boxers ever boxed before in intercollegiate competition. Syracuse is the only opponent dropped from the schedule.

MANHATTAN PREP VICTOR.

Quintet Opens Season by Trouncing La Salle Academy, 44 to 6.

The Manhattan College Prep quintet opened its season yesterday at the Manhattan College gymnasium by swamping the La Salle Academy five by the score of 44 to 6. Manhattan led, 20 to 3, at half time.

Shand was the high scorer, with four baskets from the field. His mates on the regular team were close behind in point tallying. Kelleher and Lally registered three field goals apiece, while C. Ryan and J. Ryan, the twin brothers who are at the Manhattan guard berths, each dropped in two goals. The Manhattan first team was removed in the third quarter.

The line-up:

MAN. PREP (44).		LA SALLE (6).
Kelleher	L.F.	Hanneberry
Shand	R.F.	Harris
Lally	C.	Nolan
C. Ryan	L.G.	Kehoe
J. Ryan	R.G.	McDonnell

Goals from field—Manhattan Prep: Shand 4, Kelleher 3, Lally 3, C. Ryan 2, J. Ryan 2, Mitchell 2, Riker, Burns. La Salle: Brooks, McDermott. Goals from foul—Manhattan Prep: J. Ryan 3, Kelleher, Reardon, Riker, Burns, O'Brien. La Salle: Harris, Kehoe.

Referee—J. Cassidy, George Washington High School.

Time of 3-minute periods.

Philadelphia Schoolboy Player Suffers Concussion of Brain

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 3.—Si Kushner, West Philadelphia High end, suffered concussion of the brain today in the game with Germantown High at Franklin Field. The latter team won the Philadelphia interscholastic championship, 7 to 0, before a crowd of 20,000. Kushner was taken to a hospital and was reported resting comfortably tonight.

CRESCENT A. C. FIVE WINS OPENER, 30-19

Leads St. Joseph's College by 13 to 7 at Half—Mannheim Gets in Contest.

The Crescent A. C. opened its basketball season last night at the Crescent gym and triumphed over the St. Joseph's College quintet by 30 to 19. It was a closely contested fray with both teams displaying fine defenses. Score at the half time was 13 to 7, but in the second half the Half-Mooners pulled away from their opponents to secure a comfortable lead.

The Crescents used the same starting line-up as they had last campaign, but they introduced some new players who showed up in commendable fashion. Al Manheim, former Columbia captain, broke into the line-up and played a sterling game. Usher, a product from the University of Nebraska, also made his debut with the Half-Mooners.

The line-up:

CRESCENT (30).		ST. JOSEPH'S (19).
Kurtz	L.F.	Oakes
Keating	R.F.	Sheehan
Provost	C.	Trainor
Crabtree	L.G.	Walker
Raymond	R.G.	Cunniff

Goals from field—Crescent: Kurtz 3, Keating 3, Provost 2, Raymond, Usher. St. Joseph's: Sheehan 3, Cunniff 3, Oakes.

Goals from foul—Crescent: Keating 3, Manheim 3, Provost, Raymond, Jones, Usher. St. Joseph's: Oakes, Sheehan, Walker, Cunniff 4.

Substitutions—Crescent A. C.: Munzer for Kurtz, Usher for Munzer, Manheim for Provost, Lynch for Crabtree, Jones for Raymond. St. Joseph's: Grieco for Oakes, Collins for Trainor, Branks for Walker.

Referee—Brunn, Cornell. Time of periods—20 minutes.

CITY COLLEGE FIVE IN ACTION TONIGHT

Lavender Quintet to Face Strong St. John's College Combination.

The City College basketball team will seek its second victory tonight when it faces St. John's College of Brooklyn. This will be the opening game of the season for the Red and White quintet. The game will be played on C. C. N. Y.'s court.

Coach Crenny of St. John's has only Taps Gallagher remaining from last year and has had a difficult task in building a team but finally has put together a strong quintet. With three football men playing on his team Coach Holman has worked hard all week to get the Lavender five into shape.

The probable line-up:

C. C. N. Y.		ST. JOHN'S.
Raskin	L.F.	Seifert
Rubinstein	R.F.	Kline
Goldberg	C.	Collins
Meisel	L.G.	Gallagher
Hirsch	R.G.	O'Shea

C. C. N. Y. MAT TEAM BEATS TEMPLE, 18-15

Captures Meet in Final Match When Seidler Throws Buchanan.

City College opened its wrestling season last night at the Lavender gymnasium by defeating Temple University of Philadelphia by 18 to 15. It was not until the final match was fought that the New Yorkers went into the lead. Trailing, 15 to 13, before the start of the last engagement of the night, the victors of Tige Seidler, who captained the C. C. N. Y. football team, over Buchanan, the star tackle of the Temple gridiron array, clinched the meet for City College. Seidler and Buchanan fought at even terms for the first six minutes, with Seidler showing himself to be the stronger of the two. His superior strength began to tell and after eight minutes and forty seconds Seidler secured a crotch and half-nelson hold to throw his opponent.

In the 115-pound class Captain Levin of City College easily defeated Captain Blum of Temple by winning on a time decision of 5 minutes 42 seconds. In the 125-pound division Rettew of Temple tossed Markowich of City College with a half-nelson after 4 minutes 30 seconds. City College assumed the lead again when Heller won over Mears of Temple in 1 minute 1 second. Immediately after the men met on the mat Mears grasped Heller and pulled him over on top of him and Heller pressed his advantage to secure a fall.

In the 145-pound class Doole of Temple was victorious over Schwalbenest of City College after 35 seconds work. A crotch and half-nelson gained him the verdict. Blumenfeld of C. C. N. Y. triumphed over Rubican of Temple by tossing him after 1 minute 29 seconds. In the 175-pound class Crawford of Temple downed Petluck of C. C. with an armlock after 2 minutes 9 seconds.

NEWTOWN QUINTET WINS.

Scores Third Straight Victory by Beating Manual, 32-16.

The Newtown High School basketball team won its third straight victory by defeating the Manual Training quintet yesterday at Newtown, 32 to 16. Gute, Newtown centre, was the star of the fray, with five field goals. Chilnitsky, left forward of the Manual combination, also registered five baskets.

The line-up:

NEWTOWN (32).		MANUAL TR. (16).
Hamill	L.F.	Chilnitsky
De Phillips	R.F.	Hartmas
Gute	C.	Gottfried
Seewagen	L.G.	Klein
Pugh	R.G.	Walner

Goals from field—Newtown: Gute 5, Hamill 3, Seewagen 2, Grynwald, De Phillips. Manual Training: Chilnitsky 5, Begg, Gottfried. Goals from foul—Newtown: Seewagen 5, Hamill 2, Pugh. Manual Training: Klein 2.

Georgetown Lists Waynesburg.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Pa., Dec. 3.—Waynesburg College has scheduled a football game with Georgetown University, the contest to be played at Washington, D. C., on Oct. 29, it was announced today.

TEAMS PLAY TODAY FOR JERSEY TITLE

15,000 Expected at Clash Between New Brunswick High Eleven and South Orange.

BATTLE TO BE IN NEWARK

Both Boast Unbeaten Records—Forward Pass Likely to Prove Big Factor in Contest.

The Class A scholastic football championship of New Jersey will be decided this afternoon at the Newark Stadium when the New Brunswick High School eleven clashes with the eleven from the South Orange High School in a post-season battle. It is expected that a crowd of 15,000 will witness the contest.

South Orange and New Brunswick have excellent records this season. The former team played eight games and won all of them, being scored upon only in one contest, that with Lakewood. The New Brunswick eleven has played ten games, winning all of them but being scored upon five times. South Orange ran up a total of 232 points, while New Brunswick ran up only 197.

The game is likely to be a hard-fought one as both elevens have strong offensives and both use the forward pass a great deal. South Orange won most of its games this year by employing an aerial attack, but against New Brunswick the South Orange boys are not likely to have an easy time with this style of attack as the New Brunswick eleven has shown a fine defense against the overhead game this year.

The New Brunswick rushline has proved to be very strong this season, and has stood up against a lot of hard pounding by some excellent teams. Two of the star men on the line for New Brunswick are Krafchick and Smalley, the first a tackle and the latter a guard.

The South Orange stars are Orsi, Edwards, Borton and Lachat, a back field that has won the admiration of a host of scholastic football followers in New Jersey this season. Their teamwork, behind a strong line, has been the forte of the team's offensive all year. This same combination has created havoc among opponents with its aerial attack. Lachat is the most dependable of the South Orange kickers and does most of the punting and has been responsible for the bulk of his team's goal kicking. Smalley is the star kicker of the New Brunswick combination.

ALABAMA SEEKING ITS SECOND TITLE

Victory Over Stanford Will Give It Far West Crown Second Year in Row.

Alabama's football team will be champion of the South and the Far West for the second year in a row if it wins the New Year's Day battle with Stanford on the Coast. This is the third year in succession that the Crimson Tide has taken the Southern Conference championship and, as Stanford is the Coast title-holder, a victory will mean both crowns for Alabama.

Since 1916, according to The Associated Press, this contest, featuring the Tournament of Roses celebration, has become an intersectional classic.

Alabama was victorious over Washington last New Year's day in a thrilling game, 20 to 19, and has a chance to establish a record by winning from Stanford. Only one other university, California, has appeared in the tournament game two years in a row, and the Golden Bears, after beating Ohio State, 28 to 0, in 1921, were held to a tie the following year by Washington and Jefferson.

In nine tournament contests since 1916 the Pacific Coast's representatives have won four, while one triumph each has gone to the Middle West, East and South. Two games ended in ties.

The results since 1916:

1916—Washington State 14, Brown 0.
1917—University of Oregon 14, Pennsylvania 0.
1918-19—No game because of World War.
1920—Harvard 7, University of Oregon 6.
1921—California 18, Ohio State 0.
1922—California 0, Washington and Jefferson 0.
1923—Southern California 14, Penn State 3.
1924—University of Washington 14, Naval Academy 14.
1925—Notre Dame 27, Stanford 10.
1926—Alabama 20, University of Washington 19.

PARENTS TO DINE PLAYERS.

Rutherford Citizens Will Entertain High School Eleven Tonight.

Special to The New York Times.

RUTHERFORD, N. J., Dec. 3.—The parents of the members of the Rutherford High School football team will give a dinner to their sons here tomorrow night at the Elks Club. Hinky Haines and Joe Alexander, both members of the professional Giants also will be guests.

The Rutherford High School players finished one of the most successful seasons in the history of the school.

Well-known State and county officials are also expected to attend the dinner.

The members of the team will be the guests of the Giants at the professional game on Sunday. This game will be against the Chicago Bears.

SOUTH DAKOTA TO TRAVEL.

State College Football Team to Play Two Games in Hawaii.

BROOKINGS, S. D., Dec. 3 (AP).—South Dakota State College's undefeated football team will play two games in Hawaii, one of them with the University of Hawaii at Honolulu, on Christmas Day. Officials of the State College approved the trip today following receipt of a cablegram from the University of Hawaii officials offering to pay all expenses of the team and coach.

The other game will be with a team from the United States, which is expected to be in Hawaii during the holidays.

BOSTON COLLEGE ELECTS.

O'Brien, Left Guard, to Lead Football Team Next Year.

BOSTON, Dec. 3 (AP).—Thomas O'Brien of Waterville, Me., was elected captain of the undefeated Boston College team for the 1927 season today. O'Brien was varsity left guard and played in every game during the past season.

Brown Breaks Ground for Gymnasium Four Stories High and Costing $539,000

Special to The New York Times.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Dec. 3.—Brown University is to have a new gymnasium. A structure costing approximately $539,300, and carrying an additional sum of half that amount as an endowment, was announced this evening by Paul C. DeWolf, Chairman of the Building Committee. Ground for the building was broken today, and it is expected that the completed gymnasium will be ready for use next September.

The gymnasium, which will be four stories in height, will have a floor area of 112 feet by 129 feet, will be in Colonial style, and of red brick faced in limestone. It will provide practice facilities for all sports, including basketball, track, squash, fencing, boxing, handball and wrestling, and locker, shower and drying rooms for the outdoor sports of football and baseball.

An indoor baseball cage and a swimming pool will be added later, but are not included in this program of present construction. The committee appointed by the corporation to handle the supervision to the completion comprises Paul C. DeWolf, Edwin A. Burlingame, Frederick W. Marvel, Edmund Wood and Alfred K. Potter.

The old Andrews Field and its historic Marston Field House that carried the entire field and field house facilities for all Brown outdoor teams for thirty years, is being razed and sold.

ATHLETIC INSIGNIA FOR 44 AT BROWN

Awards in Varsity Soccer and Cross-Country Made—Snell Assistant Court Coach.

Special to The New York Times.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Dec. 3.—The Brown Athletic Council announced awards to forty-four members of the varsity soccer and cross-country and the freshman football and cross-country teams today. Dr. Walter H. Snell, present baseball coach, was named assistant basketball coach, and the election of Roy Randall as football captain was ratified. The recognition of soccer with varsity awards completes the inauguration of the sport on the Brown calendar, for this was the first year it had ever been played at Brown.

Dr. Snell, former varsity basketball coach, was assigned as assistant basketball coach and will aid Coach D. O. McLaughry in the handling of the squad. Snell will be assigned to the freshman team.

A committee of four members of the council was appointed as a subcommittee by Norman S. Taber, Chairman of the council, to study insignia and the allotment of sweaters to the members of the teams. An effort will be made to standardize the entire procedure, under the direction of the council. The members of the committee appointed include Professor P. H. Mitchell, Professor L. T. Bohl, Henry Q. Clark and Frederick W. Marvel.

The awards:

Varsity Cross-Country—S. I. Hall, R. J. Driscoll, P. Maker, W. S. Litterick, L. Garvin, C. O. Parsons.

Varsity Soccer—H. E. Arnold, R. Alison, A. R. Tebbut, W. E. Howe, E. A. Balzer, J. N. Corbridge, L. S. Allard, W. J. Cashman, H. W. Bullard, R. H. Case, Chippendale, E. Lawrence.

Freshman Football Numerals—H. T. Heuser, G. A. Kelly, N. R. Munson, D. O. Merrill, L. G. Cary, W. Dietz, M. W. Gavitt, L. W. Shanowsky, C. A. Munroe, C. L. Russell, S. Van Sant, R. C. MacLean, J. R. Jellerne, H. L. Smith, D. Polsky, W. H. McCabe, R. H. Clarke, E. C. O'Neil, C. Edwards.

Freshman Cross-Country Numerals—T. Shotten, Jr., J. J. Burke, P. L. Slitter, N. E. Church, L. P. Harper, E. C. Aldrich, A. B. Fowler.

UNIVERSITY CLUB VICTOR.

Brooklyn Five Vanquishes Eastern District Y. M. C. A., 44 to 25.

The University Club of Brooklyn easily defeated the Eastern District Y. M. C. A. on the Eastern District court last night, 44 to 25. The University combination led by a comfortable margin at half time, 28 to 14, and steadily increased its lead until the end of the fray.

Roye, at centre, starred for the winners. He tallied seven goals from the field as well as four from the foul line. Knipe also shared in the scoring, with six baskets from scrimmage and a pair from the foul line.

The University Club will play the St. Joseph's College team tonight at the Second Signal Corps Armory in Brooklyn.

The line-up:

UNIVERSITY CLUB. (44).		EASTERN DISTRICT. (25).
Knipe	L.F.	Hager
Jarvis	R.F.	Roes
Roye	C.	Johnson
Smith	L.G.	Koch
Karrow	R.G.	Kilduff

Goals from field—University Club: Roye (7), Knipe (6), Karrow (4), Jarvis. Eastern District: Hager (3), Roes (3), Koch (3), Baer, Johnson. Goals from foul—Roye (4), Knipe (2), Smith (2). Eastern District: Kilduff (2), Roes.

Substitutions—McGreal for Karrow, Meyer for Roes, Baer for Kilduff.

Referee—Fleming. Time of periods—20 minutes.

TRINITY BOOKS 21 GAMES.

Will Open Basketball Season Jan. 5 and Close March 12.

Twenty-one games are on the Trinity School basketball schedule, announced yesterday. The first game of the season is on Jan. 5 against the Franklin School at Trinity. Play will continue until March 12, the Episcopal Academy of Philadelphia being the final opponent. Due to the abolition of football at Trinity, renewed emphasis is being placed on basketball. Coach Simpson has much good material. The varsity squad consists of Stalb, Watson, Merritt, Conley, Carbone, Murray, Gustavus Zimmerman, Hermans, John Zimmerman, Nielson, Putney and Peck. Stalb is captain of the team.

The complete schedule follows:

Jan. 5, Franklin School; 8, St. Paul's School at Garden City; 11, Poly Prep at Poly Prep; 14, Scarsdale at Scarsdale; 18, Stevens Prep at Stevens; 22, Hackley School at Tarrytown; 28, Faculty; 29, Collegiate.

Feb. 2, New York Friends; 5, Alumni; 9, Barnard, on a neutral court; 15, Williams Freshmen at Williamstown; 14, Woodmere at Woodmere; 16, Marquand; 19, Morristown at Morristown; 23, Horace Mann at Horace Mann; 26, Riverdale at Riverdale.

March 2, Columbia Freshmen at Columbia; 9, Staten Island Academy; 12, Episcopal Academy at Philadelphia.

URSINUS ELECTS SCHELL.

Letters Are Awarded to Nineteen Players on Football Team.

At a meeting of the letter men of Ursinus College, it was announced yesterday, Ray Schell of Bloomsburg, Pa., was elected captain of the 1927 football team. The nineteen letter men as announced by Graduate Manager William Bancroft are: S. Moyer, captain; Henkels, F. Strine, Tom Clark, George Erb, William Denny, Jeffers, R. Johnson, W. Moyer, Skinner, Sam Reimert, A. Faust, Bill Benner, Ray Schell, C. Metcalf, Mink, Hitchcock, P. Cherin and Red Enoch, manager.

Savage Five in Action Today.

The Savage School basketball team will open its season this afternoon in its gymnasium against a team representing the Washington Square College of New York University. Only one member of last year's Savage team, which scored fifteen victories and suffered no defeats, has been lost by graduation. Sixteen games are on the Savage schedule.

400 NAVY BOXERS REPORT TO COACH

Webb to Pick 30 for Varsity and Form Squad B for the First Time in Sport.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Dec. 3.—More than 400 candidates for the Naval Academy boxing team have reported to Coach Spike Webb, who said today he would pick thirty for the varsity squad. Others will make up Squad B, which will be formed for the first time in this sport along the lines of the second squad in football.

The other candidates will join the squads for the class and company competitions, there being four of the former and eight of the latter.

As all the stronger opponents of the Navy football team have arranged for two to four annual games, the major contests of its schedules for 1927 and 1928 will be practically the same. Notre Dame, Pennsylvania, Michigan and the Army being under contract to meet the Midshipmen both years.

Colgate may be accepted as another strong opponent in 1927 and also in 1928 as the Naval Academy, according to Commander Jonas H. Ingram, athletic director, is now considering the Maroon's proposal for home and home games for the two years.

It is generally believed here that the Navy will reach its desired plane of football strength under the Ingram guidance in 1928 though the drastic losses by graduation this year will prevent the team of 1927 from being quite up to the standard of the eleven this season.

CENTRAL SPORTS HEAD IN VIEW AT SYRACUSE

Under Proposed Plan the Director of Athletics Would Have Wide Range of Power.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Dec. 3 (AP).—Syracuse University will have a director of athletics who will be virtually a dean of sport, under a plan now being considered by the heads of the institution.

As explained tonight by Vice Chancellor William P. Graham, the management of all phases of all athletics would be vested in the director, who would be analogous to the dean of a college and similarly subject directly to the Chancellor and the Board of Trustees.

Such a plan is now in force at the University of Michigan, where Fielding H. Yost is director, and at most of the other leading institutions of the country, according to Dr. Graham.

The Vice Chancellor said that the system of athletic control in Syracuse at present is obsolete, a survival of a day when athletics played a small part in a university's life and when they were sponsored and developed principally by outside groups such as the alumni.

The athletics of a great university now constitute an activity as extensive as control of a large manufacturing plant and require a single man as executive at the head, it was pointed out.

At present the affairs of sports are administered by the athletic governing board, of which Vice Chancellor Graham is a member. The principal criticism of this, he said, is that its size makes it cumbersome and slow where swift executive action is needed.

TEXAS PICKS TWO CAPTAINS

Worcester Tech Also Selects Two Men to Pilot 1927 Eleven.

AUSTIN, Texas, Dec. 3 (AP).—A football player with a broken leg declined to cast a deciding vote and the Texas University Longhorns today have two captains for their 1927 football team.

The vote for captain was a tie between Clem Higgins of Dallas and Rufus King of Austin. Murray Moore, who suffered a broken leg in a Thanksgiving Day game, was called on to decide, but declined. The two players will alternate as captain.

WORCESTER, Mass., Dec. 3 (AP).—Members of the Worcester Tech football squad elected two men to captain their team in 1927. They are Joseph Guidi of Winthrop and Richard Converse of Springfield.

TUSCALOOSA ELEVEN WINS.

Beats Senn High of Chicago, 42-0—May Play at Pasadena.

Special to The New York Times.

TUSCALOOSA, Ala., Dec. 3.—The Tuscaloosa High School eleven, State champion, defeated Senn High School of Chicago here today, 42 to 0, in an intersectional game. Overtures were made to get Tuscaloosa to play a Pacific Coast prep school in the Rose Bowl at Pasadena.

SOCCER SEMI-FINAL TODAY.

Jefferson and Stuyvesant in P. S. A. L. Match—Tank Meets Listed.

Athletes of the P. S. A. L. will be busy in soccer and swimming activities today. Tank meets are scheduled for morning and afternoon, but the outstanding event of the day will be the soccer match between Thomas Jefferson High School and Stuyvesant High School at Hawthorne Field, Brooklyn, at 1:30 o'clock in the afternoon.

This will be the semi-final round match in the high schools city championship tourney and the winner will play Erasmus Hal High next Saturday for the title.

POSTHUMOUS AWARD IS MADE TO PIMM

Amherst Grants Letter to Player Who Died as a Result of Football Injuries.

VARSITY MEN ARE HONORED

Receive Gold Footballs for Winning Little Three Title—Dates and Assistant Managers Named.

Special to The New York Times.

AMHERST, Mass., Dec. 3.—The Amherst College student Council today ratified a proposal for a football letter award posthumously to Alfred S. Pimm Jr. of West Hartford, Conn., scrub halfback who died Oct. 2 as a result of spinal injuries sustained on the practice field.

Gold Little Three titlist football charms also were awarded to the nineteen varsity letter winners previously announced, and, in addition to Coaches Harry White, Warren Green, David Morton and Henry Crain, there were further awards to Manager Jesse Pillman of Pittsburgh and Assistant Manager John Grant of Fairfield, Conn.

Official announcement of the freshman basketball schedule by the Council reveals six games, as follows: Williston Academy, Jan. 15; Vermont Academy, 21; Deerfield Academy, 29; Loomis Institute, Feb. 2; Wesleyan Freshmen, 12, and Williams Freshmen at Williamstown, 26.

The result of the first major managerial competition bestowed the following assistant managerships:

Football, Oliver C. Henkel of Mansfield, Ohio. Track, Hugh M. Harten of Roselle, N. J.; Soccer, John H. Schnepel of White Plains, N. Y. Intramural Athletics, Harry M. Sisson of Cranford, N. J.

Soccer insignia awards were given to Clifford Bragdon of St. Louis, George Keith of Brockton, Mass., Charles Sun of Tientsin, China; Charles Currier of Jamaica Plain, Mass.; William Wilson of New York City, Robert Hanford of Rochester, N. Y.; James Harlan of New Castle, Pa.; Sidney Jones of Brooklyn, N. Y.; Leo Raney of New York City; Edward Underwood of Brooklyn, N. Y.; Henry Harding of Brooklyn, N. Y.; Richard Merrick of Wilbraham, Mass.; Tommy Lee of Pekin, China; Manager William Regney of Chicago and Assistant Manager Robert Elliott of Evanston, Ill.

Minor letters for soccer were granted to Captain Robert Green of Shelby, Ohio, and Phillip Lisbon of Brooklyn. Cross country insignia were approved for Captain William Hughes of Waterbury, Conn.; Manager Stuart Cook of Wollaston, Mass.; James Clarke of Samokov, Bulgaria; Edward Cobb of New Britain, Conn.; James Harvey of Darien, Conn.; Franklin Shurtleff of West Roxbury, Mass.; Vincent Simmon of Fort Wadsworth, N. Y., and Robert Smith of Thomaston, Conn.

Columbia Grammar Team Entered.

The Columbia Grammar School tennis team which holds the metropolitan and public school scholastic title, will compete in the National Junior Tennis tourney at Baltimore during the Christmas holidays. Leading the Columbia trio is Frank Shields, the National boys' champion. Everett Smith and Harold Blaun are his team-mates.

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And this is just one of 15 new seasonable styles in the Regal Extra Service Winter Line. This Includes high and low shoes, Black and Russet, imported and Domestic Leathers in smooth and heavy grain finishes. Wide and Medium toes. Wet-Proof and Storm Welts. Single and double soles.

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THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 4—The Northwestern disturbance is central east of Newfoundland with increased intensity (Gale from 50 to 56 miles). Pressure is relatively low north of Lake Ontario with a trough extending southwestward to Oklahoma, thence northwestward to Southwestern Wyoming and thence southwestward to Southern California. A marked area of high pressure covers Western Ontario, the Northern Plateau States, the upper Mississippi Valley and upper lake region, and pressure is relatively high in the South Atlantic and East Gulf States.

The outlook is for considerable disturbance Saturday and Sunday in the States east of the Mississippi River, with light rains on Saturday in the Ohio Valley, Atlantic and North Atlantic States; for rain or Sunday in the Ohio Valley and top shower Saturday and Sunday in the lower lake region.

Temperatures will rise on Saturday in the South Atlantic and the south portion of the Middle Atlantic States. It will be colder on Saturday in the lower lake region and upper Ohio Valley and colder Saturday night in the Middle Atlantic and North Atlantic States.

COUNTRY-WIDE WEATHER CONDITIONS.

In the following record of observations at United States Weather Bureau stations yesterday, the temperatures given are the highest during the twelve hours from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M., and the lowest during the preceding twelve hours from 8 P. M. to 8 A. M. The barometer reading and condition of weather are those recorded at 8 P. M., and the rainfall is for the twenty-four hours ended at 8 P. M.

Station.	Temperature. High.	Low.	Barom. Rain- fall.	Weather.
Abilene	78	52	30.04	Clear
Albany	30	20	30.04	.08 Snow
Atlanta	62	42	30.18	Clear
Atlantic City	42	10	30.00	Cloudy
Baltimore	36	24	30.04	Cloudy
Bismarck	6			Cloudy
Boston	32	12	30.04	Cloudy
Buffalo	36	14	29.90	.16 Snow
Charleston	60	44	30.22	Clear
Chicago	46	30	29.98	Cloudy
Cincinnati	62	32	29.94	Cloudy
Cleveland	42	26	29.94	Cloudy
Denver	66	42	30.04	Cloudy
Detroit	40	26	29.96	Cloudy
Galveston	74	62	30.00	Cloudy
Helena	52	32	30.30	Pt. Cldy
Indianapolis	58	30	29.96	Clear
Jacksonville	72	54	30.20	Clear
Kansas City	62	46	29.92	Clear
Los Angeles	60	56	29.78	.20 Cloudy
Miami	76	68	30.16	Pt. Cldy
Milwaukee	36	28	30.08	Cloudy
Minn.-St. Paul	30	26	30.22	Cloudy
New Orleans	68	62	30.22	Clear
New York	38	15	30.10	.09 Snow
Norfolk	42	32	30.00	Cloudy
Okla. City	74	50	29.94	Clear
Philadelphia	34	18	30.10	Cloudy
Pittsburgh	46	24	29.92	Cloudy
Portland, Me.	26	12	30.06	Snow
Portland, Ore.	50	36	30.14	Clear
Raleigh	54	30	30.12	Clear
Salt Lake City	60	50	29.78	Cloudy
San Antonio	74	50	29.90	Clear
San Diego	68	64	29.78	.16 Rain
San Francisco	58	54	29.78	.04 Clear
Seattle	48	44	30.14	.08 Cloudy
St. Louis	64	38	29.90	Clear
Washington	36	28	30.04	Cloudy

Western Pennsylvania—Cloudy, probably snow or rain Saturday and Sunday; colder Saturday.

Western New York—Snow Saturday and probably Sunday; slightly colder Saturday.

Eastern New York—Cloudy with snow in north and possibly light rain in south portion Saturday; colder at night; Sunday increasing cloudiness.

Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland and Southern New England—Cloudy, possibly light rain Saturday, colder at night; Sunday increasing cloudiness.

District of Columbia—Cloudy, possibly light rain Saturday, colder at night; Sunday increasing cloudiness.

Northern New England—Snow or rain Saturday, colder at night; Sunday fair.

NEW YORK CITY WEATHER RECORDS.

Official Temperatures.

8 AM	10	12 M	28	6 PM	29
9 AM	12	1 PM	32	7 PM	27
8 AM	19	2 PM	32	8 PM	28
9 AM	21	3 PM	32	9 PM	27
10 AM	24	4 PM	32		
11 AM	27	5 PM	31		

Average temperature yesterday, 24.
Average same date last year, 44.
Average same date for 46 years, 38.
High yesterday—32 at 2:30 P. M.; low, 15 at 5:30 A. M.

Barometer—8 A. M., 30.30; 8 P. M., 30.10.
Humidity—8 A. M., 46; 8 P. M., 90.
Wind—8 A. M., northwest; velocity, 11 miles; 8 P. M., southwest; velocity, 17 miles.
Weather—8 A. M., clear; 8 P. M., snow.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—Forecast:

North and South Carolina—Increasing cloudiness and warmer Saturday; Sunday cloudy.

Georgia and Extreme Northwest Florida—Fair Saturday and probably Sunday; not much change in temperature.

Florida—Fair Saturday and Sunday.

Alabama—Increasing cloudiness Saturday; Sunday partly cloudy.

Mississippi—Partly cloudy Saturday; Sunday increasing cloudiness, followed by rain in north.

Tennessee—Cloudy Saturday; Sunday rain; not much change in temperature.

Kentucky—Cloudy, slightly colder in north Saturday; Sunday rain.

Ohio—Cloudy, probably snow or rain Saturday and Sunday; colder Saturday.

Illinois and Indiana—Cloudy and unsettled Saturday, probably local snow in north and central portions and rain in extreme south; considerably colder; Sunday probably cloudy and unsettled.

Lower Michigan—Cloudy and considerably colder Saturday, probably local snow in south; Sunday mostly cloudy.

Upper Michigan—Mostly fair Saturday, colder; Sunday partly cloudy to cloudy, not so cold in afternoon.

Wisconsin—Partly cloudy to cloudy Saturday, colder in east and south; Sunday cloudy, not so cold in north.

Missouri—Mostly cloudy and unsettled Saturday and Sunday; colder Saturday, much colder in central and south.

Iowa—Mostly cloudy Saturday and Sunday probably snow by Sunday; colder Saturday. Rising temperature Sunday in north.

Minnesota—Mostly fair Saturday except for some cloudiness; colder in extreme southeast; Sunday probably snow, not so cold.

North Dakota—Mostly cloudy, probably snow Sunday and in west Saturday; not so cold.

South Dakota—Mostly cloudy Saturday, probably snow by Saturday night or Sunday, slightly warmer Sunday.

Nebraska—Mostly cloudy Saturday and Sunday, probably snow by Saturday night or Sunday, colder Saturday in extreme southeast; slightly warmer Sunday.

Kansas—Mostly cloudy and unsettled Saturday and Sunday; probably rain or snow by Sunday; colder Saturday, much colder in southeast and extreme east.

Fire Record.

P. M.	Loss.
12:46—Hudson and Vandam Sts.; trolley car, 8th Ave.	Trifling
1:15—14 E. 22 St.; L. Gleadys	Trifling
1:55—134 St. and Amsterdam Av.; auto not given	Not given
2:15—140 W. 41st St.; not given	Not given
2:10—2 Rector St.; bridge on building in course of construction; not given.	Trifling
5:20—Front of 1,013 1 Av.; auto truck, Charles Heltzner	Trifling
5:20—433 W. 163 St.; I. Wilkins	Trifling
5:20—158 E. 56 St.; not given	Trifling
5:30—39 Grove St.; Mrs. Thorn	Trifling
5:55—738 Tremont Av., Bronx; not given.	Not given
9:50—1,407 Madison Av.; Tony Capuol	Not given
10:20—114 E. 11 St.; Morris Rosenberg	Not given
10:25—85 E. Broadway; not given	Trifling
10:30—513 E. 78 St.; Mary Snyder	Not given
10:40—158 E. 62 St.; King Caoley	Not given
11:20—941 E. 24 St.; not given	Trifling
12:10—837 3 Av.; Jacob Schmidt	Not given
12:20—171 7 Av.; May Wilson	Trifling
12:40—in front of 406 E. 21 St.; auto truck.	Trifling
1:10—121 Essex St.; Jacob Rest	Considerable
1:30—855 St. Nicholas Av.; not given.	Trifling
3:40—1,480 Williamsbridge Rd., Bronx; not given	Trifling
8:20—514 W. 52 St.; Presco Brothers	Trifling
8:00—56 E. 103 St.; S. Derkin	Trifling
4:50—205 W. 140 St.; N. W. Browning	Trifling
9:00—868 8 Av.; Helpin's Restaurant	Trifling
5:45—48 Catharine St.; not given	Trifling
5:50—Broadway and Dyckman St.; not given	Trifling
6:50—4 Rutgers Pl.; Becker	Trifling
6:15—900 6 Av.; not given	Trifling
6:30—Foot of Roosevelt St.; D. & C. sewer.	Trifling
8:50—Hudson St., between King and Charlton Sts., building under construction, Turner Const. Co.	Trifling
7:40—211 W. 59 St.; A. Sparis Shoe Co.	Trifling
8:10—885 E. 9 St.; H. Weinberger	Trifling
9:20—1,403 1st Av.; not given	Trifling

Oxford Choirmaster Heard at Swarthmore.

Special to The New York Times.

SWARTHMORE, Pa., Dec. 3.—The faculty and students of Swarthmore College listened this evening to a lecture recital by Margaret Deneke, choirmaster of Lady Margaret Hall, Oxford, England, on the subject "Dance Forms." The recital was illustrated with selections on the piano from many classic composers and was enjoyed by a large audience.

Wills for Probate.

Manhattan.

BARRY, KATHERINE (Dec. 24, 1925). Estate, $6,190. To William J. Dwyer, of 2,025 Carroll Street, Sunnyside, L. I., $1,000; Mary Edwards, same; Thomas Dwyer, of 10 Skillman Street, Brooklyn, $500; Katharine Edwards of Sunnyside, L. I., $500; William Edwards, same; Rita Barry of Constable, N. Y., same; Katharine Callahan of Buchs, N. Y., same.

DAVIS, AMY E. (Nov. 23). Estate, about $14,000. To Henry J. Davis, husband, executor, of 975 Park Avenue.

HARRIS, ROSE (Nov. 11). Estate, $8,000, to Samuel Harris, son, of 135 West 119th Street. Gross, $1,000; Dorothy M. Luxemburg, daughter, of 194 West Ninety-third Street, $1,000; Jacob Harris, husband, of 875 West Avenue, $5,000.

KIERNAN, LENNA R. (Nov. 5). Estate, $6,000, to a daughter.

MEATON, JANE E. (Nov. 26). Estate, more than $10,000. To the Ophthalmic Hospital, $2,000; Presbyterian Church of Ashland, Pa., $1,000; Robert Easton of Ashland, residue after bequests to other relatives and friends.

LEHMAN, HENRY (Oct. 22). Estate, $1,000. To Bertha Lehman, widow and executrix of 522 West Seventy-seventh Street.

MARTIN, MARY O. (July 25). Estate, $1,800, to William J. Martin, husband and executor of 805 East Sixty-ninth Street, $500; John N. Martin, same address, son, $100; Anna M. Gilligan, daughter; same address, $500.

Letters of Administration.

Issued by Surrogate Foley on these estates:

ABRAMSON, ANNETTE (Oct. 30). Estate, $45. To Solomon Abramson, husband, of 254 Bleecker Street. Other heir, daughter.

DEBOURGO, JOSEPH (Nov. 17). Estate, $350. To Elizabeth Debourgo, widow, of 606 West Ninety-fourth Street. Other heirs, four children.

DUNLEARY, MARY (Nov. 22). Estate, $24,000. To Bridget Donnelly, sister, of White Haven, Pa. Other heir, sister.

GLASSON, JACOB (Nov. 14). Estate, $5,000. Cause of action assets. To Fanny Glasson, widow, of 624 West 139th Street. Other heirs, four children.

GOLDMAN, MAX (Nov. 5). Estate, $4,000. To Harry K. Goldman, son, of 2,477 Grand Avenue. Other heirs, widow and children.

HEIM, ROSA J. (Nov. 15). Estate, $2,700. To Joseph Heim, husband, of 4,129 Thirtieth Street. Other heirs, two sons.

KUILTINEN, ELVIRA (Nov. 23). Estate, $800. To Emil Kuiltinen, husband, of 115 East 130th Street. Other heir, daughter.

LESSER, MORITZ (June 29). Estate, $2,000. To Alexander Lesser, son, of 114th Avenue and Sutphin Boulevard, Jamaica. Other heirs, six sons.

MONAHAN, THOMAS (Nov. 27). To Lester Monahan, father, of 107 Seventh Avenue, to bring suit. Other heir, stepmother.

NICHOLSON, CHRYSTIE (Oct. 29). Estate, $1,000. To John M. Nicholson, son, of Cross Barrington, Mass.

PORTER, JOSHUA (Nov. 20). Estate, $10,000. To Isaiah H. Porter, father, of 200 West 143th Street. Other heir, sister.

RUMPF, JOHN W. (Nov. 27). Estate, $50,000. To Hans Walde, nephew, of 605 McDonough Street.

RIDDER, MARY (Nov. 24). Estate, $1,004. To Theodore Ridder, husband, of 632 West 204th Street. Other heir, daughter.

STONE, LUCY B. (Sept. 18). Estate, $400. To Forrest R. Trafford, husband.

Kings.

FETSCH, WENDELIN (Sept. 5). Estate, $500. To a son, George C. Fetsch, executor, 2194 Putnam Avenue.

GILCHRIST, CATHERINE J. (Nov. 19). Estate, $6,500. The residuary estate distributed as follows: To a nephew, J. Gilchrist, executor, $2,238, 1062a Street, Queens, one-fourth; a niece, Charlotte Gormely, Rivardale, a one-sixteenth share; Helen Charlton Stapp, 106 Eighth Avenue, and Letitia Gilchrist, same address, each one-eighth; a brother, George Gilchrist, 108-37 164th Street, Jamaica, one-fourth; shares of eighteenth each to three others.

LARNER, ANNIE (July 3). Estate, more than $5,000. To husband, Edward W. Larner, executor, 594 McDonough Street.

MULLINS, ANNA G. (Oct. 11). Estate, $12,000. To a brother, John J. Mullins, executor, 449 Fourteenth Street.

WEIGHT, JOSEPH (Nov. 24). Estate, $1,350. To widow, Anna H. Wright, executrix, 285 St. Johns Place.

SCHEPER, HENRY H. (Nov. 23). Estate, realty and personal property, each more than $10,000. To widow, Margaretha Scheper, executrix, 504 Classon Avenue.

Queens.

GARDENER, ALBERT, Long Island City (Oct. 31). Estate, $16,000 personal. To be divided between nephews, George J., James H., Albert K. Gardener, all 367 Webster Avenue, $2,000. George J. Gardener executor.

MILLER, SARA, Jamaica (Nov. 18). Estate, more than $10,000 real and $10,000 personal. Estate to these children after payment of specific bequest of cash and personal articles to relatives: Harry Miller, 120 Bergen Avenue, Jamaica, $10,000; Estella Deckinger, 102 Hardenbrook Avenue, Jamaica, $10,000; residue to Marcus Miller, 102 Hardenbrook Avenue. The latter and Max Deckinger, executors.

New Jersey.

HUDSON COUNTY.

DANCY, ROBERT, Jersey City (Nov. 13). To Miss Ella Nicolas of 36 Wales Avenue, Jersey City, all money in Hoboken Bank for Savings; Rosalind Lander of 513 Maple Avenue, Elizabeth, furniture; Jennie Sharratta of 50 Grand Avenue, Astoria, cut glass and money in Bowery Savings Bank; money in Bank for Savings to be divided between Rosalind Lander and Jennie Sharratta; Mrs. Lucinda Stryker of Ella Nicolas of 36 Wales Avenue, Jersey City, executrix.

MELIGA ATANASIA, Union City (Nov. 18). Estate to wife, Maria Maliga of 618 Seventh Street, Union City, executrix.

NOWAK, MICHAEL, North Bergen (Oct. 12). Wife, Hedwig Nowak of 922 Courtland Street, North Bergen, sole legatee and executrix.

TELFER, CHRISTINA, Union City (Nov. 22). Entire estate to great nephew Dr. Leo W. Brandenburg of 1,119 Paterson Plank Road, Secaucus, upon condition that he provide a home for testatrix's brother, James Telfer during his life. Leo W. Brandenburg, executor.

Letters of Administration.

Granted by Surrogate James F. Norton on these estates.

CLARK, DALLAS, Jersey City (May 4, 1918). To his daughter Augusta Vaughn of 525 Bergen Avenue, Jersey City, with bond of $180.

DITTMAR, FRANK J., Jersey City (Oct. 22). To his mother Theresa A. Dittmar of 2,672 Boulevard, Jersey City, with bond of $500.

Estates Appraised.

Kings.

BAKER, EDWARD H. (Sept. 15, 1925). Gross estate, $80,926; net, $80,826. To a daughter and two brothers, Madeleine H. Holmes, 20 Sidney Place, executrix, and Frank S. Baker, executor. Twenty-sixth Street, Flushing, each, $15,000; Charles E. Baker, Coraopolis, Pa., $5,000. Assets: cash, $5,465; jewelry and other personal property, $672; note, $500; insurance, $50,800; stocks and bonds, $7,310; a check, $980.

HUMSTONE, WALTER C. (March 12 1925). Gross estate, $3,917,409; net, $3,023,-401. Bequests of $25,000 to each of two grandsons, Walter C. and Millard Humstone, 216 Nesbitt Place, Irvington, N. J.; bequests of $10,000, to each of the following: The Rev. Dr. Samuel Parkes Cadman, 459 Clinton Avenue; daughter-in-law, Amy D. Humstone, 562 Park Avenue, Manhattan; son-in-law, Alanson G. Fox; nephews, Harry G. and Walter H. Barnes; nieces, Grace M. Cox, 10 Davidson Road, Worcester, Mass.; Gwynyth H. Jackson, 92 Gates Avenue, niece, Mary M. Davis, New Paltz, N. Y., and the same legacy to each of these institutions, New York Congregational Home for the Aged, Brooklyn Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, Industrial Home for the Blind to friend, Harry Davis, $17,000; to widow, Mary M. Humstone, who died on Feb. 2, 1926, $649,971; a daughter, Mary M. Fox, 565 Park Avenue, Manhattan, $1,050,975; to a son, Millard C. Humstone, Rock Ridge, Greenwich, Conn., $1,050,977; sisters, Juliette H. Barnes, $7,450, and Laura J. Humstone, 7 Hammersly Avenue, Poughkeepsie, $30,300. The decedent was a Vice President of the Hamilton Trust Company, and a trustee of the Hamilton Trust Company Branch of the Chase National Bank. Bonds and stocks constituted $2,081,-906 of his estate, and his largest holdings of stocks were, Am. Tel. and Tel. Co., 2,400 shares, $234,600; certificates of deposit in the Chase National Bank and 150 shares in the Chase Securities Corporation, $61,425; Del. and Hudson Canal, 800 shares, $76,150; General Electric Co., 940 shares, $105,280; New York Standard Oil Co., 4,900 shares, $216,500; U. S. Title Guaranty Co., 300 shares, $30,600; Yosemite Oil Co., 3,120 shares, $102,620; New York Central, 500 shares, $60,363; Standard Oil Co. of California, 3,960 shares, $283,540; other assets were: Deposits in the Chase National Bank, $143,042; auto, $2,750; mortgages, $16,700.

SHALEBEH, MARY (July 1, 1924). Gross estate, $13,106; net, $1,000. To a son and a daughter, Aman Shaleah, administrator, 9 Verandah Place, and Kate Anastia, Bound Brook, N. J. Assets: equity in realty, $1,739; cash, $1,083; other personal property, $361.

United States Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—In the Supreme Court of the United States today these proceedings were had:

51—Sacramento Navigation Co., pltf., v. Milton H. Sala, doing business, &c. Argument continued for petitioner and concluded for respondent.

52—W. T. Waggoner Estate and W. T. Waggoner, appellants, v. Wichita County and B. D. Saxton et al. Argued for both.

53—Great Northern Ry. Co. and Central Union Trust Co. of N. Y., appellants, v. Howard Sutherland, as Alien Property Custodian of U. S. Argument commenced for appellants.

Adjourned until Monday next at 12 o'clock. The day call for Monday, Dec. 6, will be as follows: Nos. 53, 54 (and 55), 56, 57, 58, 59, 61, 62, 63 and 64.

Police Department.

These orders issued yesterday:

Promotions.

The following Lieutenants, having been promoted to the rank of Captain, are transferred and assigned as indicated: Wilson F. Kay, from 20th Precinct to 1st Division, as Traffic Precinct A to 16th Division; John J. Dewey, from 14th Division, as Traffic Precinct B, to 20th Precinct, 4th Division; Benjamin McCarthy, 4th Division, to 14th Division.

The following Sergeants, having been promoted to the rank of Lieutenant, are transferred and assigned as indicated: Sergt. Thomas F. Mulholland, 1st Division, Manhattan, supervising plain clothes patrolman continued; Patrick F. McVeigh, 17th Division, assigned as Acting Supervising Plain Clothes Patrolman, vice Mulholland, promoted.

Assigned to desk duty: Joseph Goldstein, from 15th Precinct to 6th Division; Joseph W. Curry, from 20th Precinct to 7th Division; Walter J. Crow, from 20-A Precinct to 13th Division; Frederick Simon, from 20th Precinct to 13th Precinct; William H. Fielding, from 21st Precinct to 1st Division.

Suspended.

PATROLMAN Leonard E. Quinn, Traffic B, on his own application, at $1,800 per annum. Appointed July 6, 1909.

Transfers and Assignments.

LIEUTENANTS—Isaac Greenhalgh, from 6th Division to 19th Division, assignment to desk duty continued; Henry Bauer, from 7th Division to 1st Division, assignment to desk duty continued.

PATROLMEN—Thomas A. Coughlin, 87-B Precinct, assigned to clerical duty, assignment to bicycle duty discontinued; Joseph Price, 46th Precinct, assigned as attendant; Robert Ball, 83d Precinct, assigned as attendant; Harry G. Wellman, from 94th Precinct to 84th Precinct; Francis A. O'Neill, from 60th Precinct to 6th Precinct; William F. Finnegan, from 18th Division, retired premises squad to 41st Precinct, assigned as attendant.

Temporary Assignments.

SURGEON Edward J. Davis, 20th Surgical District, in charge of 1st Surgical District, in addition to his other duties, for 5 days, during absence of Surgeon on vacation.

BERGMANS, Albert E., Hartley, 3rd Precinct to 17th Division, to duty in office of the District Attorney, Bronx, for 10 days.

PATROLMEN—James Bates and John Drayton, 87th Precinct to 17th Division, to duty in office of District Attorney, Kings, for 2 days; Jacob Greenberg, 43d Precinct, assigned to day tour and escort duty; Jeremiah Berry, 8th Precinct to 17th Division, to duty in office of District Attorney, Queens, for 2 days; William Bachschmidt, 45th Precinct to 17th Division, to duty in office of District Attorney, Kings, for 2 days; Richard Cook, 90th Precinct to 17th Division, to duty in office of District Attorney, Queens, for 2 days; Cornelius Berry, 88th Precinct to 17th Division, to duty in office of District Attorney, Queens, for 2 days; August Schalkham, 7th Precinct to 17th Division, to duty in office of District Attorney, Queens, for 2 days; Richard Cook, 90th Precinct to 17th Division, to duty in office of District Attorney, Bronx, for 2 days; John Casey, 13; James A. Greene, 91.

Leaves With Pay.

DEPUTY CHIEF INSPECTOR—David J. Beauliffe, 2d Division, for 11 days, balance of vacation.

SURGEON—Harry Weinstein, 1st Surgical District, for 5 days, balance of vacation.

Leaves Without Pay.

PATROLMEN—Robert Smallman, 14th Precinct, for 5 days; Richard Kreuzer, 20th Precinct, 1 day, Dec. 1926; Philip Goodman, 20th Precinct, 4 days, Dec. 31, 1926; Benjamin Miller, 18th Division, Motorcycle Squad 3, for 1 day.

Sick Leave.

LIEUTENANT—Bernard J. O'Connor, 16th Division, 1st District Traffic, for 30 days.

Resignation Accepted.

PATROLMAN—John Creighton, 18th Division, Police Academy.

Dismissed From the Force.

PATROLMEN—Joseph Medavera, 2nd Precinct; charge, Oct. 25, 1926; conduct unbecoming an officer and neglect of duty and violation of regulations; (1) intoxicated and unfit for duty; (2) failed to take proper action of arrest the persons who sold or gave him alcoholic beverage; Frederick Struckman, 30-A Precinct; charge, Aug. 27, 1926; conduct prejudicial to good order, efficiency and discipline, conduct unbecoming an officer, neglect of duty and violation of the rules and regulations; (1) entered touring car parked one block off his post; (2) operated said touring car; (3) failed to remain on post in view of relieving point until properly relieved; (4) failed to proceed back to precinct over designated route; (5) no permission to leave post; (6) no entry; (7) off duty and in civilian clothes, entered speakeasy and remained therein one hour; (8) entered speakeasy and remained therein for one hour and twenty minutes; (9) failed to proceed to post over designated route; entered touring car and operated same; (10) in conversation with unknown citizen twenty minutes; (11) in conversation with two females (twenty minutes); (12) seen boarding a touring car; (13) no permission to leave post; (14) no entry; (15) while off duty and in uniform was seen leaving speakeasy and smoking cigarette; (16) in conversation with a female (twenty minutes); (17) seen boarding a touring car; (18) in conversation with a female (thirty-five minutes); (19) while off duty and in uniform, was standing in front of bar in speakeasy, house open and smoking cigarette; (20) while in speakeasy permitted bartender to destroy evidence which was about to be seized; (21) while in speakeasy, failed to take police action and arrest bartender and attendant in violation of national prohibition act. (Not guilty of specifications Nos. 1, 8, 12 and 17).

Fire Department.

These orders were issued yesterday:

Chiefs of Battalion and Company Commanders are notified that the instructions contained in paragraph 3, Special Order No. 230, dated Dec. 15, 1926, shall be carried out from 9 A. M., Dec. 6, 1926, until the close of the year.

The members of the department band, bugle and drum corps shall be directed to report at Hunts Point Palace at 10 A. M. and 1:30 P. M., Tuesday, Dec. 7.

The following named ununiformed firemen having completed their probationary period of three months satisfactorily, are hereby appointed as firemen, fourth grade, with compensation each at the rate of $1,560 per annum: William H. Grady, Engine 10; John L. Gannon, Engine 55.

Transfer: Fireman—Arthur L. M. Hustman, 31 A. L. 23 to H. & L. 3.

The Civil Service.

United States.

JUNIOR LABORER (JANITOR)—The last day for the receipt of applications is Dec. 29, for an examination to fill vacancies in the position of Laborer in the Custodian Service, New York. At salaries ranging from $1,080 to $1,380 per annum. No subject(s) test will be given and applicants will not be assembled for a mental examination. The examination will consist of the subjects mentioned below: Physical ability, 30; training and experience, 70.

GENERAL CLERK—The last day for the receipt of applications is Dec. 29, for an examination to provide registers of eligibles from which to make certification for filling vacancies in general clerical positions as they occur in the various Federal classified civil service in the vicinity of the place of examination. The usual entrance salary for this position ranges from $1,140 to $1,500 a year. Competitors will be rated on the following subjects, which will have the relative weights indicated: Spelling, 20; penmanship, the legibility, rapidity, neatness and general appearance of the competitor's handwriting in the subject of spelling, 10; clerical tests (designed to test the competitor's ability to perform quickly and intelligently various kinds of actual clerical work: Time limit on this subject, 20 minutes), 50; arithmetic (20 practical problems involving the fundamental operations, combining and decimal fractions, percentage, and their business application), 20.

Army Orders and Assignments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—The War Department issued these orders today:

Miscellaneous.

Casey, Lt. Col. H. R., G. M. C., to San Francisco, sail about March 25, for China; Cassels, Capt. J. R., M. R. C., Camp Lewis, Washington; Ulsamer, Capt. H. T., S. C., to Fort Hayes, Ohio; Massey, 1st Lt. O. M., Cav., to Toledo, Ohio.

Following promotions announced—Collins, Maj. J. G., C. W. C., to Lieut. Col.; Stansell, 1st Lt. J. C., S. C., to Capt.; Brown, Maj. L. D., Cav., to Lieut. Col.; Cockrell, Capt. F. M., to Maj.; Heavy, 1st Lt. T. J., Cav., to Capt.; Stafford, 1st Lt. W. L., to 1st Lt.; Inglis, Capt. J. B., F. A., to Maj.; Wehle, 2d Lt. R. D., to 1st Lt.; McGiffert, 2d Lt., E., to 1st Lt.; Woods, Junior 2d Lt., H., to 1st Lt.; Vaupel, Capt. W. McD., C. A. C., to Maj.; Murphy, 1st Lt. W. D., C. A. C., to Capt.; Kimbrough, Lt. Col. J. A., Inf., to Col.; Hyatt, 2d Lt. J. C., to 1st Lt.; Merriel, 2d Lt. L. M., A. C., to 1st Lt. Each officer will remain on present duty.

Leaves.

Zuilock, Capt. J. F., C. of E., extended one month; Steward, Capt. E. M., Inf., 21 days; Brown, 1st Lt. E. L., A. C., 10 days.

Reserve Corps Orders.

These orders were issued Dec. 1:

Assignments and Additionals.

ASSIGNED.

To 17th Division—1st Lt. Horton G. Buckley, Cornwall-on-Hudson; 1st Lt. George M. Rivers, Macomb, Spain.

Sixth Engineers—Col. George J. Richers, Elmira, N. Y.; 2d Lt. John L. Wright, Schenectady, N. Y.; 2d Lt. Theodore A. Gray, Rochester, N. Y.

458th Engineer Bn. Avn.—2d Lt. James J. Lovis, 134 Pierrepont St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

ATTACHED.

To 306th Engineers—1st Lt. William F. Rivers, Governors Island.

313d Engineers—1st Lt. John F. Little, Jersey City, N. J.

ATTACHED FOR TRAINING.

To 77th Division—Capt. Ellis A. Hopewell, Bear Mountain, N. Y.; 2d Lt. Richard Belmont, Larchmont, N. Y.; 2d Lt. Ignacio Zavala, 182 West 135th St.

78th Division—2d Lt. William H. Bennett Jr., Wilmington, Del.; 2d Lt. Edwin J. MacEwan, Trenton, N. J.; 2d Lt. Isaac A. Miller, Hackensack, N. J.

305th Infantry—2d Lt. George W. Somers, Troy, N. Y.

2d Lt. F. W. Turnbull, Engr.-Res., Toronto, Canada, is relieved from attachment to 1st Engrs. and assigned to 81st Engrs.

2d Lt. Francis W. Hammond, Engr.-Res., Binghamton, N. Y., is relieved from attachment to 1st Engrs. and assigned to 81st Engrs.

2d Lt. Fred L. Maguire, Engr.-Res., Jersey City, N. J., is relieved from attachment to 1st Engrs. and assigned to 81st Engrs.

Maj. Samuel R. Ballard, Engr.-Res., 1,270 Broadway, is relieved from attachment to 1st Engrs. and assigned to 81st Engrs.

Lt. Col. Arthur H. Peabody, Engr.-Res., South Orange, N. J., is relieved from attachment to 81st Engrs.

Maj. Perry K. Miller, Engr.-Res., Montclair, N. J., is relieved from attachment to 81st Engrs. and assigned to 15th Engrs. Bn. and detailed thereto.

Maj. Perry K. Miller, Engr.-Res., Montclair, N. J., is relieved from attachment to 81st Engrs. and assigned to 15th Engrs. Bn.

2d Lt. Godfrey Voelkele Jr., Engr.-Res., Forest Hills, L. I., is assigned to 305th Motor Transport Co., 3d Army Corps.

Sergeant Stanley S. Dellart, Battery A, 67th Coast Artillery, having changed his permanent address from Ilion, N. Y., to 135 Chester St., West Lafayette, Ind. (5th Corps Area), is transferred to the Enlisted Reserve Corps, unassigned.

Private Thomas L. Cunningham, 308th Inf., 77th Div., having changed his permanent address from Marlboro, N. Y., to 418 Broadway, Bethlehem, Pa., (3d Corps Area), is transferred to Enlisted Reserve Corps, unassigned.

1st Lt. Paul La Rodgers, Fin.-Res. (attached for training to 1st Corps), 407 East 58d St., Brooklyn, N. Y., is ordered to active duty, effective Dec. 6. On that date he will proceed to the U. S. Army Base, 156th St. and 14th Av., Brooklyn, N. Y., for duty. He will rank from Dec. 6. If not sooner relieved from active duty he will be returned to his home so as to arrive thereat not later than Dec. 20.

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—The Bureau of Navigation issued these orders today, under date of Dec. 1:

COMMANDER.

Thibault, L. F., to office Nav. Intelligence.

LIEUTENANT COMMANDER.

Gray, A. H., to U. S. S. Bruce.

LIEUTENANTS.

Jacobsen, to U. S. S. Rigel; Perry, J. E., to U. S. S. Lamson; Lobrano, W. M., to U. S. S. Melville.

Death Reported.

Palmer, Lieut. Charles James, retired, died Nov. 25, 1926, Denver, Col.

National Guard Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Dec. 3.—These National Guard resignations were bulletined today:

Lillistrad, Capt. J. C., Inf., N. G. N. Y.
Howe, Capt. G. C., 174th Inf.
Doyle, Capt. E. J., Hors. 17th Div.
Terbury, Capt. C. C., 106th Inf.
Stenger, 1st Lt. S. C., 107th Inf.
Vil, 2d Lt., S. C., A., 107th Inf.
Reynolds, Ensign H. R., 2d Batt., N. Y. N. M., honorably discharged.

SATURDAY
USED CAR OFFERINGS
Rate: 70 cents a line

"A used car is only as good as the house that sells it."

"16 years of faithful service is your best guide."—*M. B. Lobell*

Packard	1926	5t. 8 Spt. Tr.
Packard	1926	Coupe & Sedan
Packard	1924	Sedan & Spt. Tour.
Packard	1924	5t. 8 Road.
Nash	1926	Sedan
Buick	1925	All Types
Chrysler	1926	All Types
Hudson	1926	Coach
Pierce		33 Imp. Sedan
Lincoln	1923	Imp. Sedan
Jordan	1925	5t. 8 Coupe
Hupmobile	1925	5t. 8 Roadster

Terms. Trades. 60-Day Guarantee.

LOBELL
228 W. 56th St.
Open Eve. and Sunday.

NASH
Long Island City
A few of our best offerings.
1925-1926 MODELS

Four Buicks	— Two Chryslers
Five Dodges	— Four Essexes
Five Fords	— One Flint
One Hupmobile	
Seven Nashes	— Three Overlands
Two Oldsmobiles	— Two Studebakers

We now have 36 real bargains on display them for sale. Many repainted. We now have 36 real bargain on display on our used car department floor.
Prices range from $50 to $1650
Trades accepted. Time payments.
Jackson & Webster Ave. Corp.
JOHN J. O'HARE, Pres.
661 Northern Boulevard
LONG ISLAND CITY
Open Evenings.

PACKARD
A few select third series one-shot six-cylinder closed cars are available at present.
PACKARD SIX, 5-passenger sedan, repainted and reconditioned mechanically.
PACKARD SIX, 5-passenger sedan, painted gray; new rubber.
PACKARD SIX, 5-passenger club sedan, original paint; good rubber throughout.
PACKARD SIX, 7-passenger sedan; delivered new this year; mileage 2,200.
Inspection and demonstration invited. Trades accepted. Deferred payments arranged.
PACKARD BUILDING,
Broadway at 61st St. Columbus 8800.

3 Beautiful
Late Model
WILLYS-KNIGHTS
1 Sedan
1 Coupe-Sedan
1 Roadster
Equal in every way to new, but priced so low that to see is to buy.
Fully guaranteed
Come in and investigate
WILLYS-OVERLAND, INC.,
Manhattan Factory Branch
Broadway at 50th St. Open Eve.

SATURDAY USED CAR OFFERINGS
Rate: 70 cents a line

This *NEW* Economy Is SAFE

Are you familiar with the opportunities of the Used Car market? The luxury of yesterday—the silent, swift, closed car—TODAY is an inexpensive necessity.

Our Used Cars off

THE BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday...4½ per cent. for the best names.
Thursday...4½ per cent. for the best names.
The quotations are for six months' paper.

***

Big Gain in Raw Silk Imports.

Imports of raw silk during November showed a pronounced increase over the previous month. The total was 59,670 bales, as compared with 48,403 bales in October and 50,415 in September, according to figures issued yesterday by the Silk Association of America. Consumption continued at a high rate, accounting for 47,634 bales, the highest of the year, with the exception of October, when the mills took 47,768 bales. Because of the jump in imports, storage stocks on hand Dec. 1 showed a decided increase. They amounted to 47,130 bales, as against 35,094 on Nov. 1.

***

Hard Coal Demand Limited.

The demand for anthracite in this market is at such a low ebb, Saward's Journal will say today, that it is a matter of some little difficulty to dispose of even a reduced tonnage. For the past month operations have been so badly interfered with by holidays, floods and local strikes that the November output was off materially from the high level of October. This same as a relief to the sales departments and, no doubt, prevented independent prices from reacting more than they did. Activity in the bituminous trade is much greater at the mines than at the selling end. During the week ended Nov. 20 production reached the unprecedented total of 14,253,000 tons, which was nearly a million tons above the highest previous record.

***

Style in Juniors' Millinery.

Style is becoming a marked factor in children's headgear, particularly in millinery for girls up to about 14 years. With this development, production of this merchandise was said yesterday to offer greater possibilities than when staples prevailed, especially as the number of manufacturers is comparatively limited. The trend in the hats is toward modified copies of the styles prevailing for adults. The specializing manufacturers, in addition, study color trends with great care, and as much attention is now given tasteful and appropriate trimmings as is devoted to millinery for adults.

Prices of Napped Goods.

Although leading lines of napped goods for the cutting-up trade were priced about the middle of December, there is no indication that such action will be taken this year at that time. On the contrary, there is a likelihood of its not being done much before the turn of the year. Cotton blanket lines for 1927 will not be materially the leading factor in that branch of the industry until the end of the month. There is apparently no question that both classes of merchandise will be reduced when the new lines are opened, but the extent of the reductions is anybody's guess. Last year the napped goods were cut 8 to 10 per cent. from the figures of the 1925 opening.

***

Novel Vanity Compact.

A new type of vanity compact, novel in construction and operation, has just been placed on the market here. The case of the compact is tubular in shape and about two inches long. Its interior combines a container for face powder, a rouge compact and a rouge puff. The detachable bottom cap has a diminishing mirror. A movable band on the outside of the case slides back to permit the powder puff to be used. The puff is automatically fed from the powder container in the quantity desired. The case is engine turned and is finished in white, green or yellow gold plate. A wrist chain is provided at the top of the compact. The article is priced to retail from $3 up.

***

More Call for Skunk.

Coincident with a report to the effect that an increasing demand is apparent here for skunk, more especially of the broad-stripe variety, comes an announcement of the London sale date of Frederick Huth & Co., which says that the English office of the firm cables news of a broadening call for the article at the prices established there in the last sale. The announcement also says the same of American opossum, and adds that some improvement is anticipated at the January auction. It is further said that all other articles should sell well then, as the general position in London and on the Continent is improving. Skunk has been "out" in this country for some years and, in the absence in recent seasons of a good European call for it, this article has been a drug on the market.

***

Sports Types in Girls' Coats.

Sports coats will be featured in Spring lines of garments for girls. Novelty woolens, tweeds and flannels are the outstanding fabrics to be used, as is the case with merchandise for misses and adults. Fur trimmings, particularly skunk, appear on many of the garments in shawl and tuxedo collar effects. Fall lines of girls' coats are now being liquidated by manufacturers, who have had a comparatively slow demand during the past month from retailers.

***

Lower Prices on Rayon Goods.

The unexpected reduction in rayon prices has led to a disturbed situation in prices of women's rayon underwear. Buyers of such goods are seeking reductions because of the drop in the raw material. The manufacturers, however, claim that immediate revisions downward cannot be had, as they are making garments from rayon yarns at the higher prices. It will take several weeks, they add, before the yarns at the new prices are in process for finished merchandise. A similar condition prevails in rayon hosiery, but the reductions possible in this merchandise are said to be small.

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Colored Cottons Held Strongly.

All factors working against them considered, colored cottons are in a strong position in the local market. Stocks of heavy cottons of this character are smaller in first hands than for some time, and the wave of buying that is presaged by the paucity of supplies in the hands of both jobbers and cutters is expected by experienced commission house men to keep values from sagging in spite of the plethora of cotton. The action of leading printers in reaffirming percale prices for delivery during the next three or four months, coupled with the unwillingness of sellers of ginghams to meet buyers' price views on Spring goods, is taken as further indication of the determination of first hands to be governed in the pricing of their goods by the law of supply and demand, instead of by the price position of cotton.

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Not Much Snap to Gray Goods.

Not much snap was visible in the local gray goods market yesterday. December deliveries of 38½-inch 64-60 printcloths were sold at 6¾ cents, and the same construction sold for January-March shipment at an eighth less. The same thing was true of 39-inch 68-72s at 7¼ and 7¾ cents respectively. Near-by sales of sheetings included 36-inch 4.70s and 6.15s at 6¾ and 4¾ cents, respectively, and 37-inch 48-square 4-yard at 6¾ cents. The fine-yarn cloths were again without feature, and the same was true of specialties. In the latter, however, were spot sales of Eastern 37½-inch 4.37-yard sheets at 11½ cents and similar sales of Southern goods at 11 cents.

THE WEEK'S PRICE TREND.

General Advances in the Grain List Were a Feature.

Dun's list of wholesale commodities prices this week showed more changes both in advances and declines than it did last week, but the excess in the current list favored the downward revisions. There were thirty-seven of them this week in sixty-six changes, against twenty-four in forty-nine fluctuations last week. Revisions in the foodstuffs accounted for a full third of the current week's total.

The following list gives the minimum wholesale prices quoted on standard selected commodities this week. They are corrected to yesterday and with them are given comparative prices for last week and the corresponding week a year ago:

	This Week.	Last Week.	Year Ago.
Apple, com., bbl.....	2.00	2.00	3.00
Beans, m., c., 100 lbs..	7.00	7.00	9.50
Butter, cream, ex., lb.	.54	.52	.50
Cabbage, per bbl.....	1.75	1.50	1.50
Cheese, w. m. spl., lb.	.25½	.25½	.27
Fresh, spec., lb....	.37½	.37	.37
Codfish, 100 lbs.....	10.00	10.00	9.00
Coffee, S'tos No. 4, lb.	.20½	.20½	.22½
Eggs, nearby fan., doz.	.66	.75	.74
Flour, fan. Minn., bbls.	8.85	8.70	10.85
Onions, bag.....	1.50	1.50	2.00
Peas, split, 100 lbs....	6.00	6.00	6.00
Potatoes, bbl.....	5.75	5.75	7.50
Rice, fancy head....	.08	.08	.08
Tea, Formosa, fair, lb.	.26½	.27½	.23
Tea, Japan, best, lb....	.60	.60	.52
Tobacco, 1400 cown, lb.	.19¾	.19¾	.19¾
Beef, st'rs, live, 1000lbs.	11.00	10.75	12.25
Hams, big, in tes., lb.	.25¾	.25¾	.23¾
Hogs, live, 100 lbs....	11.95	11.60	11.20
Sheep, live, 100 lbs....	10.50	10.75	12.00
Barley, malting bu....	.80½	.80½	.97
Hay, No. 1, 100 lbs....	1.30	1.35	1.50
Rye, No. 2, bu.....	1.03¾	1.03¾	1.06¾
Aluminum, pig lb.....	.27	.28	.28
Copper, electro., lb.....	.13¾	.13¾	.14
Zinc, lb.....	.074	.075	.089
Brown sheet, yd.....	.11¾	.11¾	.14
Cloths, Pr., 6x230, yd..	.07	.06¾	.09
Hides, pack., No. 1, lb.	.15	.15	.16
Hides, cows, hvy., lb...	.13½	.13½	.15
Leath., un bks., t.r., lb.	.43	.43	.43
Rubber, upr., fine., lb.	.53	.53	1.03
Plan. 1st latex cr., lb.	.37¾	.39	1.16½
Silk., Cha., st. fil., lb...	6.00	6.00	6.65
Silk, Jap., fil. No. 1, lb.	5.75	5.90	6.75
Wool, av. 66 quo. lb....	.671	.674	.813

Thirteen of the week's twenty-two changes in the foodstuffs were declines. In the local market for provisions, however, the only changes in flour were upward, these consisting of a rise of 5 cents a barrel in Winter soft straights and an advance of 15 cents a barrel in the fancy grade of Minnesota family. The latter grade, however, is just $2 a barrel under the corresponding level of 1925. Middle Western lard was higher here, but bacon declined and hams showed no change.

At Chicago advances took place in live hogs and steers, but liver sharply declined. Short ribs also advanced, but there was no change in the price of mess pork.

A feature of the local dairy list this week was a break of 13 cents a dozen in near-by fancy eggs, which brought them under last years' corresponding figure. Prime fresh-gathered eggs dropped 2 cents a dozen. A fractional rise was seen in special fresh cheese, and extra creamery butter moved up 2 cents a pound. The latter article is the only one in the dairy list higher than at this time last year.

Save for an advance in dried California peaches, the fresh and dried fruits lacked change. Changes in the vegetables were fewer than usual. Rose rice was lower, but advances of 25 cents a barrel were seen in cabbage and turnips.

Fair Formosa tea was lower in the beverage list, and there was also a further drop in No. 7 Rio coffee. Both the listed raw and refined sugars dropped, after several weeks of advances. In the spice list advances in white and red peppers contrasted with declines in cloves, nutmeg and black pepper.

The fluctuations in grains were all upward this week, the list showing rises in wheat, corn, oats, rye and malting barley. No. 1 hay declined. A rise in No. 1 buff hides prevented that list from going three successive weeks without a single change. The leather list accomplished it.

Changes in the metals were few and downward. They consisted of declines in copper, zinc, lead and tin. Furnace coke dropped 35 cents a ton. Changes in lumber and in the listed building materials were lacking. Of the four-teen changes in the drugs, chemicals, dyestuffs and oils seven were advances. The features included a rise of 15 cents a pound in menthol and a drop of $1 a flask in quicksilver. Turpentine supplied the only rise in the naval stores, with resin showing a decline. The paint list showed declines in American and F. P. R. S. zinc paints. Other changes of the week included declines in Japanese raw silk, Eastern crude rubber and wool.

The week in the textile was without much feature. Lower prices were quoted on some branded bleached goods, but there was not much change in the rest of the market. In the burlaps a rise in spot heavyweights, due to their scarcity, was shown. Lightweight burlaps for prompt shipment declined.

AUTOMOBILE SALON WILL CLOSE TODAY

Attractive Display Draws the Largest Attendance in Several Years.

The automobile salon in the ballroom of the Hotel Commodore, will close today. The attendance during the week has been larger than the salon has attracted for several years, due primarily to the increasing interest in luxurious custom body work and appointments. Practically all of the bodies on the one hundred cars in the exhibition, are representative of special individual tastes, and reveal a marked advance in the art of American coach builders for automobile use. Of particular interest among the few accessory exhibits is the safety glass display by the Triplex Safety Glass Company, which recently started the manufacture of safety glass for windshields and closed car windows, as a subsidiary of the controlling English company which began making the glass during the war for aviator's lenses. The cars in the show which are equipped with the glass, are a Stutz roadster, a Marmon sport sedan, a Cadillac cabriolet, and a Packard cabriolet. An ordinary impact, it is said, will not shatter the glass.

Among the custom bodies which have aroused interest is the Franklin tandem sport fitted with a body designed by De Causse. The car is only sixty-five inches from the ground to the top, but ample room is provided in the interior. The exterior finish is cream with black superstructure, and the upholstery is leather.

Many of the cars will be exhibited in the Chicago salon show from Jan. 29 to Feb. 5.

To Make Paper From Cornstalks.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3 (AP).—Manufacture of print paper, made from cornstalks which now rot in the ground, is the ultimate purpose of a bill to be introduced in the House by Representative Cole of Iowa to provide an appropriation to aid Ames College in perfecting a process on which it is already working.

NEW INCORPORATIONS

New York Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Dec. 3.—Ninety-seven new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $1,597,600, were chartered today. They include:

MANHATTAN.

New York Eskimo Pie Corp., ice cream, 5,000 shares, $100 each; 10,000 common, no par; E. S. Reynolds, J. Van Winkelen, E. S. Bowling, (Filed by H. M. Robertson, 511 5th Av.)

Hill, Brown & Hill Publishing Corp., 10,000 shares, $100 each; 10,000 common, no par; G. J. Sproull, E. W. Hazlett, W. S. Duncan. (Filed by Sproull, Harmer & Sproull, 1 Madison Av.)

Eskin & Fucgello, wearing apparel, $50,000; S. Brenner, L. L. Spence, T. Achenbach. (Filed by Van Vorst, Siegel & Smith, 30 Broad St.)

Aaronson Modern Shoppe, wearing apparel, 90 common, no par; M. Aaronson, L. Probst, N. Dramis. (Filed by Probst & Probst, 276 5th Av.)

Rivoli French Dressing Corp., flavoring extracts, $10,000; E. H. and L. M. Jacobson, 14 Fruiting. (Filed by M. Greenberg, 99 Nassau St.)

Boar Lunch Co., $10,000; E. Gans, F. Archipowich, A. M. Shapiro. (Filed by Lewitzes & Kumble, 1,328 Bway.)

Artrich Holding Corp., $50,000; A. J. Lennon, B. B. Calhoun. (Filed by M. A. Taub, 100 B'way.)

Batgod Holding Corp., realty, $20,000; E. Friedman, M. H. Cousins, J. Israelite. (Filed by L. M. Friedman, Woolworth Bldg.)

Plutzer & Schwartz, women's coats, $5,000; W. Plutzer, N. Schwartz, C. Sattler. (Filed by Steinberg & Steinberg, 1,476 B'way.)

Fred J. Ryan, radiators, $150,000; F. J. and A. C. Ryan, M. S. Worth. (Filed by J. W. Keller, 217 B'way.)

John McAdie, plumbing, $10,000; J. and G. and A. G. McAdie. (Filed by S. Flatow, 25 Park Row.)

Tagus Realty Co., $10,000; J. D. Fragoso, M. Klein. (Filed by M. H. Herr, 1,650 B'way.)

Scott Engineering Institute, 100 shares, $100 each; 1,000 Class A and 2,000 Class B, no par; C. J. Teller, R. D. Jackson, M. R. Links. (Filed by R. H. Charlton, 115 B'way.)

Prince Men's Shops, general merchandise, $1,000; M. and A. Karmazin, H. Moshcusky (Filed by E. Finkelstein, 42 Bowery.)

Croome, Wallace & Co., sales agents, $50,000; K. W. Sutherland, J. Roach, S. Arminto. (Filed by H. E. Goldsmith, 105 West 40th St.)

Goldman Kolber Co., jewelry, $50,000; J. and J. Goldman, A. E. Kolber. (Filed by C. C. Lamm, 160 B'way.)

Howard Douglas, insurance, 100 common, no par; H. and H. E. Douglas, C. K. Schoen (Filed by H Rosen, 150 B'way.)

Warren-Charta Corp., paper and pulp, 200 common, no par; R. Hager, M. Trimble, S. Johnson. (Filed by Campbell, Harding & Goodwin, 44 Wall St.)

Gold Medal Furniture Industries, 200 shares, $100 each; 200 common, no par; B. Waxman, A. Klusner, M. Horowitz. (Filed by I. M. Greene, 276 5th Av.)

Frank Marra Co., stevedoring, $5,000; F. and N. M. Marra, A. Hoin. (Filed by M. R. Latimer, 350 Fulton St., B'klyn.)

Famous Cafeteria, restaurant, $10,000; I. Meister, I. Glass, J. Mischel. (Filed by M. T. Burrows, 1,170 B'way.)

Roof Health Club, Manhattan, Turkish baths, 60 shares Class A 60 common, both no par; F. and L. S. Silmon, B. W. Ellis. (Filed by Lawrence Hill System, 295 5th Av.)

Gertrude R. Stein, employment agency, $1,000; G. R. Stein, A. Racklit, 8 s/Wether. (Filed by Wise & Ottenberg, 206 B'way.)

Groove Lock Co., 400 common, no par; W. M. Smith, L. B. Baker, M. Prindle. (Filed by McLaughlin & Starn, 15 William St.)

Amalgamated Realty Corp., $10,000; G. Sender, M. Bernstein. (Filed by M. Schnel-derman, 132 Nassau St.)

Radioear Corp., hearing devices, 500 shares, $100 each; 1,500 common, no par; H. L. Williams, H. E. Sands, E. Machle. (Filed by Schaffer & Lake, 1,463 B'way.)

Baker Printing Corp., magazines, 100 common, no par; J. and H. Medow, C. Baker. (Filed by Hammel & Hecht, 220 B'way.)

C H M Building Corp., $25,000; C. Ciampi, F. Habeck, F. C. Mullner. (Filed by J. L. Lytle, 280 B'way.)

F. Schulbe, A. S. and G. J. Levy. (Filed by B. D. Golden, 346 B'way.)

966 Third Avenue Corp., realty, 90 shares common, no par; C. B. Santee, S. Verber, M. Berger. (Filed by J. Eisner, 366 B'way.)

741 Lexington Avenue Corp., realty, 25 shares each, classes A and B, both common, same as preceding.

350 Park Avenue Co., realty, $10,000; C. C. Warren, C. W. Vaughan. (Filed by F. B. Cardozo, 30 West 42d St.)

Greenfield & Rosenberg, dresses, $10,000; M. Greenfield, H. Rosenberg, G. Sherotsky. (Filed by H. Stern, 82 Liberty St.)

Forbert Shirt Shining Machine Product Corp. of America, general mercantile, $5,000; A. Trosky, D. Feinberg, G. Metternich Jr. (Filed by W. S. Sherwood, 1 Madison Av.)

825 Amsterdam Avenue, realty, 200 common, no par; A. Skillman, A. J. Johnston, E. J. Mallett. (Filed by H. Goldman, 120 Broadway.)

Cameo Art Novelty Co., embroideries, 20 common, no par; R. C. Wolf, M. Cohen, E. Kaufman. (Filed by J. Michael, 152 West 42d St.)

Minerva Credit Corp., realty, 10,000 shares, $10 each; 1,000 common, no par; J. Glucksman, K. Carr, A. D. Miller. (Filed by M. M. Lewis, 299 Bway.)

Sondregger & Co., embroideries, $20,000; A. Sondregger, A. Hofstetter, E. V. Carlsen. (Filed by Basch & Kulkin, 1,265 Bway.)

Macrose Cleaners and Dyers, 50 common, no par; M. and M. Greenberg, S. Herman. (Filed by D. J. Gladstone, 1,440 Bway.)

M. B. C. Operating Corp., hotels and clubs, $150,000; T. Maher, A. Saul. (Filed by H. Goldman, 342 Madison Av.)

Markay Realty Corp., $5,000; H. Rosenthal, B. and C. Kreisworth. (Filed by J. L. Shweitzer, 5 Beekman St.)

Homestead Funds Corp., $250,000; L. Weimberg, J. L. Fenton, S. Gutner. (Filed by H. S. Neamberg, 245 Bway.)

Grandview Corp., realty, $10,000; I. Breff, H. Dorlen, L. A. Cunneen. (Filed by J. J. Curtin, Woolworth Bldg.)

International Salt and Dry Fish Co., sea food, $20,000; J. N. Cohen, A. Kostick, H. Rothstein. (Filed by L. D. Cohan, 20 Court St., Brooklyn.)

Sal Paradiso, construction, $10,000; S. Paradiso, A. M. Zampetti, M. Cook. (Filed by J. J. Damasses, 51 Chambers St.)

Hotel Associates, $10,000; A. Palevy, M. Naidick, J. A. Caleo. (Filed by L. J. Riley, 180 Madison Av.)

Oh-Kay Construction Corp., realty, $10,000; I. Broff, H. Derlen, L. A. Cunneen. (Filed by J. J. Curtin, Woolworth Bldg.)

400 Madison Street Corp., realty, $500; W. Surnamer, D. S. Levin, R. Brenner. (Filed by A. Scheri, 67 West 44th St.)

Beausart Cloak Co., $10,000; E. Dick, A. J. Springer, B. Kopel. (Filed by J. M. Goddard, 1,440 Bway.)

Murray Luncheonette, restaurants, $10,000; M. and C. and T. Norton. (Filed by S. N. Leiterman, 17 East 42d St.)

Nite-Spot Oil Burner Corp., $5,000; J. F. and F. B. Spencer, J. F. Niebuhr. (Filed by W. K. Elliffe, 256 Bway.)

Barney, Price, men and women's garments, $25,000; H. Barney, T. L. and S. S. Michelman. (Filed by J. Hochfelder, 261 Bway.)

Peck Slip Realty Corp., $5,000; N. J. Cohen, E. F. Seigel, B. S. Schweitzer. (Filed by H. Stern, 82 Liberty St.)

Lo Cost Garment Co., $5,000; L. B. Lebovitz, A. Berman, J. Tiger. (Filed by J. Bregman, 233 Bway.)

Bozeman Co., plumbers' supplies, 150 shares, $100 each; 100 common, no par; J. W. and A. K. Bozeman, J. Maskell. (Filed by M. D. Kennedy, 15 William St.)

Hilpro Corp., realty, 3 common, no par; H. Mabel, H. S. Goodman, D. Yager. (Filed by Goodman & Mabel, 1,440 Bway.)

Sigman Lamp and Shade Corp., $50,000; B. Gluckman, A. Weiss, O. Bellick. (Filed by H. S. Kohn, 154 Nassau St.)

Circuit Service Station, garages, $10,000; M. L. Arnstein, L. M. Mayer. (Filed by P. Hellinger, 320 Bway.)

BRONX.

L. & L. Painting and Decorating Co., $5,000; P. and E. Littman, M. Lifshits. (Filed by L. J. Peltin, 501 East 161st St.)

1,571 Fulton Avenue Corp., realty, 25 common, no par; R. Gerdwagen, E. Kamins, M. Muttleman. (Filed by F. Harr, 3,674 Bway.)

BROOKLYN.

Felis Realty Co., $5,000; M. Felis, B. Showronski. (Filed by G. J. Lasser, 191 Jolemon St.)

R. C. F. Corp., realty, $20,000; P. Ferrentino, J. Cafiero, H. Winans. (Filed by G. W. Winans, 164 Montague St.)

Dolly Gray Art and Trimming Shoppe, $1,000; M. B. Antis, S. S Berger, H. Schulis (Filed by P. E. Uhr, 26 Court St.)

Tilden Building Corp., realty, $10,000; J. Margliott, O. Cohen, A. Schaefer. (Filed by Rivkin & Rivkin, 1,626 Pitkin Av.)

East Flatbush Garage, $15,000; N. Kosoff, P. Porcella, L. Kelly. (Filed by G. J. Porcella, 305 B'way, Manhattan.)

Schubart & Marks, restaurant, 100 common, no par; F. and E. Schubart, T. Marks. (Filed by Price Bros., 261 B'way, Manhattan.)

Shefa Realty Corp., $10,000; B. B. Polakoff, F. Geissman. (Filed by A. H Brill, 100 East 42d St.)

Sunset Lamp and Gift Shoppe, electrical work, $5,000; N. and B. Jurin, R. Gerstein. (Filed by L. Rayvid, 44 Court St.)

Piccadilly Shoe Mfg. Co., $10,000; O. D. Wimothelmer, J. Segall, A. Perdus. (Filed by W. Jacobs, 51 Chambers St., Manhattan.)

Rosi Realty Corp., $5,000; P. Paisner, L. Kosch, H. P. Aylward. (Filed by Turk & Elperin, 26 Court St.)

Stalwart Construction Co., realty, $10,000; A. S. Weinstein, M. W. Streamer, M. Steinberg. (Filed by S. S. Hauer, 277 Bway, Manhattan.)

Schenker & Son, realty, $10,000; S. and H. and B. Schenker. (Filed by N. Greenberg, 350 Stone Av.)

Yarow Garage, $10,000; I. and E. Meyer, I. Yarow. (Filed by H. Grill, 41 Park Row, Manhattan.)

Wurtzhill Dress Co., $20,000; H. Miller, T. Adam. (Filed by F. S. Birnbaum, 350 5th Av., Manhattan.)

Epkro Builders, realty, $10,000; M. V. Epstein, J. Krown, L. Seitz. (Filed by L. Rayvid, 44 Court St.)

Willoughby Luncheonette, restaurants, $10,000; H. and S. Hoohman, B. R. Levine. (Filed by I. Levine, 33 Park Row, Manhattan.)

Fortway Realty Corp., $1,000; W. Halpern, P. Ginsburg. (Filed by L. Ginsburg, 132 Nassau St., Manhattan.)

T. L. T. Transportation Corp., trucking, $1,000; T. E. Gallagher, R. Weisbach, E. W. Le Baun. (Filed by H. C. Gutman, 225 Madison Av., Manhattan.)

Seamon, J. Kanby, realty, $10,000; J. and M. and M. F. Kenny. (Filed by S. Schulman, 1,123 B'way, Manhattan.)

Kendrick Land Investing Corp., realty, lumber and stone, $50,000; R. C. and H. S. and M. E. Kendrick (Filed by Wysong & Wysong, 1 Washington St.)

Meagle Realty Corp., 1,000 common, no par; E. and W. and F. Sexauer. (Filed by Coggins, Gerard, Bowers & Halpin, 37 William St., Manhattan.)

Mar-Et Holding Corp., realty, $12,000; S. Horwitz, S. and A. Etish. (Filed by I. Ganver, Jamaica.)

OTHER LOCALITIES.

Dorine Realty Corp., Syracuse, $20,000; S. F. Hancock, B. E. Shore, C. R. Ryan. (Filed by Hancock, Dorr, Spriggs & Shove, Syracuse.)

Thomas Griffin, Gloversville, realty, $25,000; T. and J. Griffin. (Filed by R. W. Kearney, Gloversville.)

Samuels Holding Corp., Yonkers, realty, $10,000; L. Dressel, V. Pantor. (Filed by M. S. Degenstein, Yonkers.)

C. J. Williams, Remsen, Oneida Co., sawmill, $5,000; C. J. and J. and R. E. Williams. (Filed by D. W. Burke, Utica.)

Harris Berger, Utica, haberdashers, 90 common, no par; M. and H. and G. Berger. (Filed by D. J. Goldstein, Utica.)

Fairway Building Corp., Mamaroneck, erect buildings, $5,000; A. and R. C. Willis. (Filed by E. L. Howe, Mamaroneck.)

Center Island Service Corp., Mount Vernon, realty, 120 shares, $100 each; 90 common, no par; W. L. Clavell, C. C. O'Toole, F. H. Esper. (Filed by Esser, Bergwald & O'Toole, Mount Vernon.)

Boston Restaurant, Elmira, $10,000; P. Papas G. and Gaiser, P. Calias. (Filed by Danaher & O'Dea, Elmira.)

Fleming Battery Service, Rochester, $5,000; C. and R. J. Fleming, C. H. Wegman. (Filed by Mills & Leary, Rochester.)

Oswego Development Co., Oswego, realty, $10,000; H. M. Wallace, G. Fitzgibbons. (Filed by J. R. Pidgeon, Oswego.)

Jerusalem Avenue Bus Line, Nassau County, $50,000; H. and A. Glover, R. S. Bullis. (Filed by O. J. Scovell, 126 Bway, Manhattan.)

Lee Associates, Rockville Centre, construction, 100 common, no par; D. D. Schmitt, R. B. Lincks, F. Strohsall. (Filed by Wallace & Patterson, Rockville Centre.)

Lynnworth Construction Co., Malverne, $10,000; A. R. Howe, F. Dean. (Filed by E. E. Edstrom, Valley Stream.)

Leidke Realty Corp., Mount Vernon, $10,000; A. and W. and H. J. Siebert. (Filed by I. Lavenburg, Mount Vernon.)

Pinto Plastering Corp, Hempstead, $10,000; E. and Edmund P. Pinto. (Filed by W. Katz, Far Rockaway.)

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Castles Olds Clothes, Manhattan, $15,000 to $50,000

Mayfair House Corp., Manhattan, 620 to 2,220 shares, of which 1,600 are $100 each, 620 common, no par.

Independent Paper Mills, Flatbush, 5,000 to 50,000 shares, of which 10,000 are preferred, 10,000 Class A and 10,000 Class B, all no par.

Oswego River Power Corp., Oswego, 110,000 to 125,000 shares, of which 25,000 are preferred, 100,000 common, both no par.

Coger, Tucker & Cheney, Corning, $10,000 to $40,000.

Rohde, Rathjen & Wallace, Gold Spring, $7,500 to $10,000.

MERGER.

New York State Gas & Electric Co., Ithaca, with Moravia Electric Light, Heat & Power Co.

DESIGNATION.

Paterson-Colwell Minnesota, construction, $100,000; representative, Secretary of State.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Mado Holding Corp., Manhattan.
Lebanon Grape Products Corp., Manhattan.
Hotel Kensington, Manhattan.
Emanon Holding Corp., Manhattan.
R. and D. Realty Corp., Manhattan.
340 West 87th Corp., Manhattan.
119 Audubon Avenue Corp., Manhattan.
Academy of Music, Manhattan.
340 Madison Avenue, Manhattan.
Niagara Ferry and Transportation Co.
Hasse & Canning Motor Car Co., Woodhaven.
Apex Realty Corp., Brooklyn.
South Woodhaven Co., Brooklyn.

CAPITAL REDUCTIONS.

Northfield Construction Co., Manhattan, $50,000 to $1,000.
Brand Hill Co., Bronx, $50,000 to $25,000.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Dec. 3.—Newark Drapery House, Inc., Newark; 500 shares, no par value; Fred O. Rehfield, Caroline Rehfield, M. Francis Keating, Newark. (Atty., M. Francis Keating, Newark.)

Williams Island, Inc., Atlantic City, real estate, $100,000; Oscar A. Schierstad, Irene B. Schierstad, George Schierstad, Atlantic City. (Atty., Russell L. Browne, Atlantic city.)

Center Products Co., Paterson, $100,000; Cornelius Vanderbeck, Glen Rock; John H. Leddy, Philip C. Wadsworth, Paterson. (Atty., Philip C. Wadsworth, Paterson.)

Passaic Realty Investment Co., Passaic, $50,000; Harry Cream, Louis Silverman, Simon Newman, Oscar Newman, Passaic. (Atty., Jacob I. Jaffe, Passaic.)

Electric Porcelain Mfg. Co., Trenton, $250,000 preferred and 2,500 shares common, no par value; Shiras Morris, Samuel P. Williams, Hartford, Conn.; H. T. Paiste, Philadelphia; C. J. Edmund Deschweinitz, Bannette Rattinger, New York. (Atty., Moers & Rosencheim, New York.)

Milady's Beauty Shoppe, East Orange, $50,000; Mary Jane Cranston, Orange; John L. Tumbelty, Harold Spray, Newark. (Attys., Brennan & Brown, Orange.)

Southern New Jersey Ice Corp., Summit, $100,000; 1,000 shares preferred and 6,000 shares no par value; Clarence A. Thompson, Summit; Willmot A. Nach, Samuel S. Pariser, New York. (Atty., Samuel S. Pariser, New York.)

Ideal Painting & Decorating Co., Elizabeth, $50,000; Louis Gelberg, Jacob Rosenwald, Linden; Jacob H. Gelberg, Elizabeth. (Atty., Cohen, Elizabeth.)

McCullough Developing Co., Camden, real estate, 1,000 shares no par value; A. Millard Taylor, Marie L. Bodt, Camden. (Atty., Carr & Carroll, Camden.)

Handy Restaurant Co., Inc., Hackensack, $125,000; Maurice Batnick, Louis E. Schotz, Louis J. Simon, Paterson. (Atty., Herman Greenstone, Hackensack.)

H. S. Johnson Jr., Inc., $25,000; Harry S. Johnson Jr., George Smith, West Orange; Leslie W. Johnson, Henry S. Johnson, East Orange. (Atty., Frank E. Jacobus, East Orange.)

Frick Chemical Co., Inc., Camden, $100,000; Henry C. Frick, Samuel J. Neely, Philadelphia; William Semple, Haddon Heights. (Atty., Frank N. Jeen, Camden.)

Gerard Realty & Investment Co., Jersey City, $100,000; Gerard Barton, Union City; William Edelberg, Jersey City; Tina Martori, Union City. (Atty., Fred Eichmann, West Hoboken.)

Cabot Realty Co., West New York, $25,000; Fred Fox, Weehawken; John A. Wahrenberger, North Bergen; Alfred Graser, West New York. (Atty., Robert Cohen, New York.)

Chester Park Estates, Inc., Union City, $100,000; Paul E. Fellows, Earl L. Starkey, Ernest H. Schrader, Union City. (Atty., Percy G. Britt, Union City.)

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., Dec. 3.—Celoran Company, synthetic or natural resins, $2,100,000; John M. Taylor, Villanova, Pa. (Henry D. Downing, Elsmere, Del.)

Pay Less 'n Takit Company, merchandise, $1,000,000; T. L. Croteau, Wilmington. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Pan American Bond & Mortgage Company, securities, $1,000,000; T. L. Croteau, Wilmington. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Biblical Films Corporation, motion picture films, $700,000; S. L. Mackey, Wilmington. (Corporation Service Co.)

Packard Auto Rentar Corporation, $500,000; Byron Hand, New York. (United States Corporation Co.)

Kettelman Oil Corporation, oil, timber, $300,000; Harry C. Hand, New York. (United States Corporation Co.)

Standard Lift Company, mechanical devices, $100,000; E. M. Walker, Wilmington. (Corporation Service Co.)

Peddler News Agencies, Inc., publishing, $100,000; E. M. Walker, Wilmington. (Corporation Service Co.)

Owned Development Corp., securities, $100,000; E. M. Walker, Wilmington. (Corporation Service Co.)

Spruce Men's Store, Inc., wearing apparel, $50,000; Max Kartchuk, Scranton, Pa. (Capital Trust Co. of Delaware.)

Maison de France Corporation, real estate, $2,000; E. M. Walker, Wilmington. (Corporation Service Co.)

CAPITAL INCREASES.

United Molasses Corporation, $4,100,000 to $17,000,000, Wilmington, Del. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Nassau Suffolk Security Corporation, $2,000 to $3,500,000, New York. (United States Corporation Co.)

NAME CHANGE.

Hydrocarbon Products Corporation to Super Gas Corporation, New York. (Delaware Registration Trust Co.)

BUSINESS NOTES.

Twenty-four of the former employes of Claflins Incorporated are now associated with the Schiddal-McDaniels Company. The firm is enlarging its present converting lines of sheets, spreads, domestics, &c., and will add departments handling comfortables, blankets, flannels, linens, towels, wash goods, jobs and short lengths. The concern has leased the entire building at 71 Broadway.

B. O. Beach has been appointed a member of the Hosiery Committee of the Textile Color Card Association. For years he was the color expert of the hosiery department of Lawrence & Co.

BUSINESS RECORDS

BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS.

Failures for the Week.

Bradstreet's reports 426 failures for the week in the United States, as compared with 422 for the previous week and 425, 468, 431, 463 for the corresponding weeks 1925 to 1922. The New England States had 47, Middle 84, Western 78, Northwestern 67, Southern 112, Far Western 33. Canada had 47 failures for the week, against 58 for the preceding week. In the United States about 69 per cent. of the concerns failing had $5,000 capital or less and 18.1 per cent. had from $5,000 to $20,000 capital.

SOUTHERN DISTRICT.

Petitions Filed—Against.

BROWN DRIVE-IT-YOURSELF CORPORATION, renting automobiles, Broadway and Sixty-sixth Street, 7 St. Nicholas Avenue and 1,008 Whitlock Avenue, by Morris Rosenfield, for $25,000; Hunts Point Garage, Inc., $2,000; George Rossi, $750. Liabilities over $50,000; assets unknown. Henry F. Holthusen was appointed receiver, under $2,500 bond, by Judge Goddard.

LUXOR GAS MANUFACTURING CORPORATION, 1,804 Broadway, by Masterman Printing Co., Inc., for $1,106; Ace Sign Co., $261; Albert E. Angel, $80. Receivers in equity were appointed for the corporation last August.

SAMUEL KIGNER, manufacturing furrier, 202 West Twenty-sixth Street, by Joseph Buchsbaum, for $800; Max Haller & Bros., $300; Joseph Schild, Inc., $400. Liabilities about $70,000; assets about $10,000.

Petitions Filed—By

JOSEPH SCHIFFER, restaurant, 21 West Forty-seventh Street. Liabilities, $12,492; assets, $6,186.

Receivers Appointed.

DAVID WARSHAVSKY, manufacturer of trimmings, 240 West Thirty-fifth Street. Henry F. Holthusen substituted in place of J. Ralph Hilton, who was unable to serve.

EASTERN DISTRICT.

Bankruptcy Discharges.

EMMA V. LYLE-LEARY, 228 Fenimore Street, Brooklyn.

ABRAHAM OLSTEIN, 54 Sumner Avenue, Brooklyn.

IRVING KAHA

TRIED TESTED INVESTMENTS

SECURITY Insurance Co. Stock

Conservatism is the keynote of this Company's long record of progress.

Send for Special Report

GILBERT ELIOTT & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
26 Exchange Place

Arkansas Power & Light Company

First & Ref. Mtge. Gold Bonds, 5% Series
Due 1956

Year	Gross Earnings	Net Earnings
1921	$3,709,679	$1,376,345
1922	3,843,800	1,403,598
1923	4,113,016	1,580,899
1924	4,463,139	1,780,778
1925	5,091,388	2,178,046
*1926	5,782,397	2,608,361

*Year ended Oct. 31.

This table of earnings from operation of present properties illustrates the steady growth of the business of the Company. Complete circular upon request.

Yield over 5.25%

W.C. Langley & Co.
Investments
115 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
MEMBERS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

We extend the facilities of our organization to those desiring information or reports on companies with which we are identified.

Electric Bond and Share Company
(Incorporated in 1905)
Paid-up Capital and Surplus $85,000,000
71 Broadway New York

IMBRIE & Co. LTD.
115 BROADWAY
New York

Guaranteed 8% Bonds

We endorse each bond guaranteeing interest and principal, which we collect and pay promptly. Bonds are secured by first mortgages on centrally located office buildings, commercial property, hotels and apartments in Florida worth twice amount of loan, as determined by independent appraisals. We sell individual 8% mortgage loans known as "standard life insurance company loans." Many insurance and trust companies purchase our securities. Our company, established seven years ago specializes in first mortgage loans. Interest payable New York City if desired; also issued by New York Title and Mortgage Company. Booklet MT gives full particulars.

Palm Beach Guaranty Company
Net Assets over $1,300,000
Guaranty Building
West Palm Beach, Florida

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Advance on Stock Exchange Continues—Money 4½, Franc Goes to Higher Price.

While the stock market continued to attract attention by a continuing advance in the active group of industrial shares, real financial interest yesterday was focused on the upward rush of the franc and the decline in cotton. The franc went well above the year's high point of last January; yesterday's top price of 3.93¼ cents has not been matched since the 1st of last December, when the continuous fall from the recent price of the middle of 1926 was going on. By way of further comparison, it is 18% per cent. above the price of a week ago and 105½ per cent. higher than the low price of July 20.

If the purposes of the French Government in regard to the rate for gold resumption were to be inferred from the market's course, it might be imagined that a 4-cent "stabilization price" was now being considered. But as a matter of fact, there still appears to be no relation between the market and the Government's resumption plan. What yesterday's market pretty plainly demonstrated was that some lower strata of "foreign bear commitments" had been dislodged, as always happens in a continuing upward movement, and that repurchases for such account on a very extensive scale were now in progress.

That is what happened when the "bears on the franc" were cornered in 1924. The advance from 3¼ cents to 3½, in March of that year, seemed to have reached its limit, when a sudden and urgent "covering movement" carried the price in three weeks of April from 3¼ to 4⅝, at which it was halted only by the most strenuous efforts of the Treasury and the bank. Just now, the particularly interesting problem is, whether this latest demonstration will start another extensive buying movement for homeward remittance of French capital from abroad. If it does, the market may prove difficult to control.

Some of yesterday's advances on the Stock Exchange ran to 4 or 5 points, but trading was once more ill-distributed. There were, however, few declines of any consequence, and the market's tendency of the moment was plain enough. As a rule, the strong stocks lost less than usual of their maximum advance before the closing. There was nothing in the day's news to affect the market one way or the other, though Wall Street ascribed the rise to almost everything that happened. The bond market turned strong again; its "averages" went above the previous high point for the year and for the period since the beginning of 1925.

The one curious exception to the general testimony of "trade indices" to the activities of the day—the monthly record of checks drawn on the banks—was repeated in the country's figures for November. They were nearly 4 per cent. less than in the same month of 1925. Nothing fresh could be said of the day's fall of nearly 1-3 cent in cotton, under the lowest previous price of the year and the lowest since July, 1921. The weakness seemed to result from renewal of Southern sales, but it was certainly stimulated by doubts over next week's estimate.

The week-end mercantile reviews are more than usually mixed in their report of developments in the week's trade. Probably this is due to the fact that the nation's business activities converge at this time of year almost exclusively on retail holiday transactions. Naturally, the renewed decline of cotton comes into view as an influence; it has been accompanied by reduction of textile goods to the lowest price in years, and, in the case of one special product, to the lowest price ever known. Yet this falling market appears to excite no apprehension. The report of the agencies is that "wholesalers are preparing to proceed with future buying," that production of goods continues very large and that merchants "are anticipating a healthier trade" than for a long time past.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1926.

Day's Sales.	Thursday.	Wednesday.	A Year Ago.	Two Years Ago.
1,785,527	1,661,715	1,474,748	2,203,525	2,492,350

Same Period

Year to Date:	1925.	1924.	1923.	1922.
412,153,791	417,049,058	249,665,053	219,136,866	243,004,344

1926 High.	1926 Low.	Sales.	Stock and Dividend Rate.	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Closing Bid.	Closing Asked.
111	104¾	100	Abraham & Straus pf. (7)	110¾	110¾	110¾	110¾	+ ¼	110	110¾
65¾	38¾	800	Advance Rumely	40¾	42	40¾	42	+ 1¾	42	42¼
65¾	38¾	800	Advance Rumely pf. (8)	58	58	58	58		58	59
9¾	4¾	2,100	Ahumada Lead (†60c)	5¾	6	5¾	6	+ ¼	5¾	6
148¾	107¾	1,100	Air Reduction (†6)	140¾	141¾	140¾	140¾		140	140¾
16	7¾	700	Ajax Rubber	15¾	16	15¾	15¾		15¾	16
2	1	100	Alaska Juneau	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾		1¾	1¾
147	126	36,000	Allied Chem. & Dye (4)	143	143½	141¾	142¾	+ ¾	142¾	143
68¾	47¾	100	Allis-Chalmers Mfg. (6a)	67¾	67¾	67¾	67¾		68	68¼
17¾	13¾	600	Amalgamated Leather	14	14	13¾	13¾		13¾	14
37¾	24¾	100	Amerada Corp. (2)	37¾	37¾	37¾	37¾		37¾	38
47¾	34¾	100	Am. Agri. Chemical	47¾	47¾	47¾	47¾		47¾	48
46¾	39¾	1,500	Am. Agri. Chemical pf.	45¾	46¾	45¾	46¾	+ ¾	44¾	46¾
46	42	1,500	Am. Bank Note (†8)	44	44½	44	44½	+ ½	44	44¾
39¾	20¾	100	Am. Beet Sugar	20¾	20¾	20¾	20¾		20¾	21
61	30	100	Am. Beet Sugar pf.	61¾	61¾	61¾	61¾		61	62
31¾	21¾	200	Am. Bosch Magneto	21¾	21¾	21¾	21¾		21¾	22
93	80¾	600	Am. Brown Boveri El. (2)	89¾	89¾	89¾	89¾		89	90
107¾	96	100	Am. Brown Bov. El. pf. (7)	96	96	96	96		96	97
48¾	33¾	13,400	Am. Can (2)	33¾	33¾	33¾	33¾		33¾	34
127	107	200	Am. Can pf. (7)	127¼	127¼	127¼	127¼		127	127¼
114¾	114	1,100	Am. Car & Foundry (6)	114¾	114¾	114¾	114¾		114	114¾
126¾	125¾	100	Am. Car & Fdy. pf. (7)	126¾	126¾	126¾	126¾		126¾	127
26¾	20¾	100	Am. Chain, Cl. A (2)	26¾	26¾	26¾	26¾		26¾	27
87	86	100	Am. Chicle pr. pf. (7)	86¾	86¾	86¾	86¾		86	90
10¾	8¼	1,300	Am. Drug Syndicate	10	10	10	10		10	10¼
140	109¾	600	Am. Express (6)	131¾	131¾	129¾	129¾	- ¼	129	130¾
43¾	31¾	2,500	Am. & Foreign Power	37¾	38¾	37¾	38¾	+ ¾	37¾	38¾
88	87	100	Am. For. Power pf. (7)	87¾	88	87¾	88	+ ¼	88	89
17¾	9	100	Am. Hide & Leather	9	9	9	9		9	10
47¾	31¾	8,200	Am. Home Products (2.40)	39¾	39¾	39¾	39¾		39¾	40
46¾	31¾	900	Am. International	31¾	31¾	31¾	31¾		31¾	32
122	110	100	Am. La France Fire Eng. (3)	114	114	114	114		114	119
31¾	19¾	1,100	Am. Linseed	19¾	19¾	19¾	19¾		19¾	20
119¾	80¾	1,500	Am. Locomotive (6)	109	109	108¾	108¾	- ¼	108¾	109
97¾	44¾	500	Am. Metal (4)	45¾	46	45¾	46	+ ¼	46	46¼
104	83¾	100	Am. Piano pf. (7)	104	104	104	104		104	105
114	61¾	600	Am. Power & Light (†1)	61¾	61¾	61¾	61¾		61¾	62
122¾	101¾	600	Am. Radiator (6)	110¾	111¾	110¾	111¾	+ 1¾	111	111¾
70¾	42	600	Am. Safety Razor (2)	60¾	60¾	60¾	60¾		60	61
152	106¾	14,700	Am. Smelt. & Ref. (5)	134¾	136¾	134¾	136¾	+ 2¾	136¾	136¾
103	95¾	100	Am. Snuff pf. (6)	97	97	97	97		96	98
47	45	600	Am. Steel Foundries (3)	45¾	46¾	45¾	46¾	+ ¾	44¾	46¾
74¾	54¾	600	Am. Sugar Ref. (3)	53¾	54¾	53¾	54¾	+ ¾	54¾	55
110¾	102	120	Am. Sugar Ref. pf. (7)	105	105	105	105		107½	105¾
42¾	25¾	3,500	Am. Sumatra Tobacco	41¾	42¾	41¾	42¾	+ 1¾	41¾	42
150¾	132¾	1,900	Am. Tel. & Tel. (9)	146¾	148¾	146¾	148¾	+ 2¾	148¾	148¾
119¾	111¾	1,000	Am. Tobacco (8)	114¾	114¾	114¾	114¾		114¾	115
124	111¾	1,200	Am. Tobacco, Cl. B (6)	114¾	114¾	114¾	114¾		111	113
113	106¾	200	Am. Tobacco pf. (6)	110¾	111¾	110¾	111¾	+ ¾	111	113
74	45¾	4,100	Am. W. W. & El. (e1.20)	60¾	61¾	60¾	61¾	+ ¾	61¾	62
43¾	18	1,600	Am. Woolen	32¾	33¾	32¾	33¾	+ 1¾	33	33¾
68¾	55	600	Am. Woolen pf. (7)	66¾	66¾	66¾	66¾		66	67
47¾	37¾	100	Am. Writing Paper pf.	47¾	47¾	47¾	47¾		47¾	48
7¾	6¾	100	Am. Zinc L. & S.	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾		7¾	8
47¾	41¾	2,800	Am. Zinc L. & S. pf.	46	46¾	45¾	46¾	+ ¾	46¾	47
47¾	41¾	2,300	Anaconda Copper (3)	47¾	48	47¾	48	+ ¼	47¾	48
16	10¾	2,600	Armour & Co. of Ill., Cl. A	15¾	16¼	15¾	16¼	+ ¼	16	16¼
17	7¾	700	Armour & Co. of Ill., Cl. B	7¾	8	7¾	8	+ ¼	8	8¼
23	21	100	Armour & Co. of Ill. pf. (7)	23	23	23	23		23	24
39	27¾	100	Arnold, Constable & Co.	27¾	27¾	27¾	27¾		27¾	28
63¾	37¾	100	Artloom (3)	53¾	53¾	53¾	53¾	- ¾	53	53¾
25	23	200	Art Metal Constr. (1)	23	23	23	23		23	24
47¾	24	800	Associated D. G. (2a)	25¾	25¾	25¾	25¾		25¾	26
181	122	13,600	Atch., Top. & S. F. (5)	156¾	160¾	156¾	157¾	+ 1¾	157¾	158
104¾	94¼	1,400	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf. (5)	100¾	100¾	100¾	100¾		100¾	101
10	7	800	Atlanta, Birm. & Atlantic	7	7	7	7		7	8
98¾	81¾	1,900	Atlantic Coast Line (10)	205¾	205¾	204¾	205	- 1	206	206
69¾	39	200	Atlantic, Gulf & W. I.	39¾	39¾	39¾	39¾		39¾	40
126¾	67	2,000	Atlantic Refining	111¾	112¾	109¾	112¾	+ 2¾	110	111
74	57	100	Atlas Powder (†5)	63¾	65¾	63¾	65¾	+ 1¾	64	65
97	84	100	Atlas Powder pf. (6)	94¾	94¾	94¾	94¾	+ ¾	94	96
9¾	5¾	500	Austin Nichols	5¾	5¾	5¾	5¾		5¾	6¾
10	8	200	Auto Knit Hosiery	8	8	8	8		8	8¾
10	4	600	Autosales	5	5	4¾	4¾		4¾	5
44¾	18	900	Autosales pf. (8)	43¾	44¾	43¾	44¾	+ 1¾	43¾	45
184	127¾	33,700	Baldwin Locom. (7) x. d.	157¾	162¾	157¾	162	+ 5	161¾	162
108¾	103	4,800	Baltimore & Ohio (9)	106	107	105¾	105¾	- ¼	105¾	106¼
75¾	69¾	200	Baltimore & Ohio pf. (4)	73¾	73¾	73¾	73¾		73	73¾
46	38	1,100	Bangor & Aroostook (3)	45¾	45¾	45¾	45¾		45¾	46
14¾	8¾	2,200	Barnsdall, Class A (2)	13¾	14¾	13¾	14¾	+ ¾	14¾	14¾
39¾	20¾	400	Barnsdall, Class B (2)	20¾	20¾	20¾	20¾		20¾	21
56¾	39	400	Bayuk Cigars	53¾	53¾	53¾	53¾		52¾	53¾
39	27¾	200	Belding-Hemingway (3)	29	29	29	29		29	30
81¾	37¾	4,400	Bethlehem Steel	46¾	47¾	46¾	46¾		46¾	46¾
105¾	98	200	Bethlehem Stl. pf. (7) x. d.	103¾	103¾	103¾	103¾		103¾	105
28	15¾	200	Bloomingdale Bros.	27¾	27¾	27¾	27¾		27¾	28
108¾	104¾	100	Bloomingdale Bros. pf. (7)	106¾	109¾	106¾	106¾	+ 1¾	107¾	106¾
94	44	3,500	Booth Fisheries	77	77	77	77		79	80
57¾	24	600	Briggs Manufacturing (3)	25¾	25¾	25¾	25¾		25¾	26
163	133	1,100	Brooklyn Edison Elec. (8)	133¾	135¾	133¾	135¾	+ 2¾	135	135¾
74¾	54¾	4,100	Brooklyn-Man. Tran. (4)	71	72¾	71	72¾	+ 1¾	72¾	73
69¾	54¾	200	Brooklyn-Man. T. pf. (5)	67¾	68	67¾	68	+ ¼	68	68¾
120	94¾	1,200	Brooklyn Union Gas (†11)	95¾	96¾	95¾	96¾		96¾	96¾
39¾	24¾	200	Bruns.-Balke-Collender	35¾	35¾	35¾	35¾		35¾	36
18¾	8¾	200	Bruns. Term. & Ry. Sec.	16	16¾	16	16	- ¼	16¾	16
44	25¾	200	Burns Bros., Class B (2)	30	30	30	30		30	31
122	77¾	700	Burroughs Add. Mach. (4)	121¾	121¾	120¾	120¾	+ ¼	120	121
93	85	100	Bush Terminal deb. (7)	91¾	91¾	91¾	91¾		91¾	91¾
6¾	4¾	300	Butte Copper & Zinc (50c)	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾		4¾	5
16¾	12	200	Butte & Superior (2)	12¾	13¾	12¾	12¾		12	13
11	11¾	400	Butterick Company (m2)	11¾	12	11¾	11¾		11¾	12
14¾	6¾	400	Byers (A. M.) Mach.	9	9¾	8¾	9¾	+ ¾	9¾	10
80	53	100	By-Products Coke (3) x. d.	74¾	74¾	74¾	74¾		74	75
74¾	66¾	100	California Packing (4)	69	69	69	69	+ ¼	68¾	69
36¾	26¾	4,800	California Petroleum (2)	31¾	31¾	31¾	31¾		31¾	31¾
77¾	56¾	200	Calumet & Arizona (6) x d	68	68	68	68	+ 2¾	67¾	68
49	19¾	300	Canada Dry Gin. A. (e2¾)	37¾	37¾	37¾	37¾	+ 1¾	37	38
185¾	149¾	200	Canadian Pacific (10)	165¾	166¾	165¾	166¾	+ ¾	164	165¾
178	150¾	100	Cannon (J. G.) Mach.	165¾	165¾	165¾	165¾		165	165¾
33¾	25¾	600	Central Alloy Steel (2)	30¾	30¾	30	30		29¾	30
83¾	50	100	Central Leather pf. ctfs.	53	53	53	53		53	54
18¾	10¾	800	Century Ribbon Mills	12¾	13¾	12¾	13¾	+ ¾	13¾	14¾
75¾	67¾	2,500	Cerro de Pasco Cop. (4)	62¾	63¾	62¾	63¾	+ ¾	63¾	63¾
47¾	37¾	1,500	Certain-teed Products (4)	45¾	45¾	45¾	45¾		45¾	46
28	27	100	Chandler-Cleve. Motor	9	9	9	9		9	9¾
44¾	33¾	1,000	Chandler-C. Motor pf. (3)	34	34¼	34	34		34	34¾
176¾	112	16,800	Chesapeake & Ohio (†12)	161¾	164¾	161¾	162¾	+ 2¾	163¾	163¾
100	94	400	Chicago & Alton	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾		7¾	8
31¾	19¾	200	Chi. Great Western pf.	25	25	24¾	24¾	+ ¾	24¾	24¾
114¾	102	1,900	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	103¾	104¾	103¾	104¾	+ 1¾	104¾	104¾
14	8¾	1,000	Chi., M. & St. P. ctfs. of d.	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾		9¾	9¾
24	14¾	1,100	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul pf.	15¾	15¾	15¾	15¾		15¾	15¾
23¾	14	1,300	Chi., M. & St. P. pf. c. of d.	15¾	15¾	15¾	15¾		15¾	15¾
75¾	58¾	700	Chi. & Northwestern (5)	67¾	68¾	67¾	68¾	+ ¾	68¾	68¾
71	47¾	4,000	Chi., R. I. & Pacific	65¾	66¾	65¾	66¾	+ ¾	66¾	66¾
107	94	100	Chi., R. I. & Pac. pf. (7)	107	107	107	107	+ 1	106½	107
98	84	200	Chi., R. I. & Pac. pf. (6)	97	97	97	97		97	98
69¾	47¾	900	Childs Company (†2.40)	49¾	49¾	49¾	49¾		49¾	50
35	27¾	2,400	Chile Copper (3)	27¾	28¾	27¾	28¾	+ ¾	28¾	28¾
68¾	46¾	4,000	Christie, Brown C. (2)	46¾	46¾	46¾	46¾		46¾	47
94¾	36¾	24,400	Chrysler Corporation (3)	37¾	39¾	37¾	39¾	+ 2¾	39	39¾
106	63	600	Chrysler Corp. pf. (2)	103	103	103	103		102	104¾
69¾	40¾	100	Cluett, Peabody (3)	61	61	61	61		62¾	61¾
170¾	152	2,500	Coca-Cola (7)	168¾	169¾	168¾	169¾	+ 1¾	168¾	169
59¾	45¾	1,400	Collins & Aikman (4)	59¾	59¾	59¾	59¾		59¾	60
119	86¾	1,700	Collins & Aikman pf. (7)	113¾	114¾	113¾	113¾	- ¾	113¾	114¾
49¾	37¾	9,600	Colorado Fuel & Iron	43¾	44¾	43¾	44¾	+ ¾	45	45
90¾	69¾	600	Columbia Gas & Elec. (8)	89¾	90	89¾	90	+ ¾	89	90
117¾	111¾	100	Columbia G. & E. pf. (5)	117¾	117¾	117¾	117¾		118	118
3,600	3,600	3,600	Columbia G. & E. pf. (6)	90	90	89¾	89¾	- ¾	89¾	90
101¾	86¾	400	Col. G. & E. pf. A. n. (6)	101¾	101¾	101¾	101¾		101¾	101¾
70	65¾	600	Columbian Carbon (4)	68¾	68¾	68¾	68¾		68¾	69
47¾	16¾	800	Commercial Credit (1)	18¾	18¾	18¾	18¾		18¾	19
97¾	87	100	Com'l Credit 1st pf. (6)	87	87	87	87		87	90
37¾	20	100	Com'l Credit pf. B (6)	22	22	22	22		22	22

TRANSACTIONS ON THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

1926 High.	1926 Low.	Sales.	Stock and Dividend Rate.	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Closing Bid.	Closing Asked.
40¾	40¾	1,500	Penn. Railroad (5½)	40¾	40¾	40¾	40¾		40¾	40¾
125	125	100	Penn. Salt Manufg. (6)	125	125	125	125		125	125½
113¾	113¾	100	Penn. Seaboard pf. (6)	113¾	113¾	113¾	113¾		113¾	113¾
21.60	21.60	100	Phillips Petroleum (3)	21.60	21.60	21.60	21.60		21.60	21.70
100	100	100	Phoenix Hosiery	100	100	100	100		100	100
3,200	3,200	3,200	Pierce-Arrow	3,200	3,200	3,200	3,200		3,200	3,200
3,200	3,200	3,200	Pierce-Arrow pf. (6)	3,200	3,200	3,200	3,200		3,200	3,200
3,200	3,200	3,200	Pierce Oil	3,200	3,200	3,200	3,200		3,200	3,200
3,200	3,200	3,200	Pierce Oil pf.	3,200	3,200	3,200	3,200		3,200	3,200
21.60	21.60	21.60	Pierce Petroleum	21.60	21.60	21.60	21.60		21.60	21.70
100	100	100	Pittsburgh Coal	100	100	100	100		100	100
100	100	100	Pittsburgh Coal pf.	100	100	100	100		100	100
100	100	100	Porto Rican-Am. Tobacco	100	100	100	100		100	100
100	100	100	Postum Cereal (3)	100	100	100	100		100	100
100	100	100	Procter & Gamble	100	100	100	100		100	100
1,200	1,200	1,200	Producers & Refiners	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200		1,200	1,200
100	100	100	Public Service Corp. (6)	100	100	100	100		100	100
100	100	100	Public Serv. Corp. pf. (7) x d	100	100	100	100		100	100
100	100	100	Pullman Company (8)	100	100	100	100		100	100
100	100	100	Punta Alegre Sugar	100	100	100	100		100	100
100	100	100	Pure Oil (6)	100	100	100	100		100	100
100	100	100	Purity Bakeries (3)	100	100	100	100		100	100
100	100	100	Purity Bakeries pf. (7)	100	100	100	100		100	100
101¾	101¾	101¾		101¾	101¾	101¾	101¾		101	101¾
33	33	33	Radio Corp. of America	33	33	33	33		33	33
8,000	8,000	8,000	Ray Consol. Copper (2c)	8,000	8,000	8,000	8,000		8,000	8,000
100	100	100	Reading (3)	100	100	100	100		100	100
6,500	6,500	6,500	Reading 1st pf. (4)	6,500	6,500	6,500	6,500		6,500	6,500
100	100	100	Reading 2d pf. (4)	100	100	100	100		100	100
1,700	1,700	1,700	Real Silk Hosiery Mills (4)	1,700	1,700	1,700	1,700		1,700	1,700
100	100	100	Reid Ice Cream (3)	100	100	100	100		100	100
100	100	100	Remington Rand (2)	100	100	100	100		100	100
100	100	100	Remington Rand pf. (7)	100	100	100	100		100	100
12,200	12,200	12,200	Remington Typewriter	12,200	12,200	12,200	12,200		12,200	12,200
100	100	100	Republic Iron & Steel (6)	100	100	100	100		100	100
100	100	100	Republic I. & S. pf. (7)	100	100	100	100		100	100
1,600	1,600	1,600	Reynolds Spring (2)	1,600	1,600	1,600	1,600		1,600	1,600
1,600	1,600	1,600	Reynolds Spring pf. (6)	1,600	1,600	1,600	1,600		1,600	1,600
1,600	1,600	1,600	Royal Dutch N. Y. & Ca. (†3)	1,600	1,600	1,600	1,600		1,600	1,600
100	100	100	Ruberoid (2)	100	100	100	100		100	100
1,400	1,400	1,400	Safety Cable (4)	1,400	1,400	1,400	1,400		1,400	1,400
1,200	1,200	1,200	St. Joseph Lead (4)	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200		1,200	1,200
6,400	6,400	6,400	St. L.-San Francisco (7)	6,400	6,400	6,400	6,400		6,400	6,400
100	100	100	St. L.-San Fran. pf. (6)	100	100	100	100		100	100
100	100	100	St. Louis S. W. (5)	100	100	100	100		100	100
71¾	71¾	71¾	Savage Arms (3)	71¾	71¾	71¾	71¾		71¾	71¾
47¾	47¾	47¾	Schulte Retail Stores (2)	47¾	47¾	47¾	47¾		47¾	47¾
64¾	64¾	64¾	Sears, Roebuck & Co. (2½)	64¾	64¾	64¾	64¾		64¾	64¾
30	30	30	Seaton Corporation	30	30	30	30		30	30
100	100	100	Shattuck (F. G.) (3)	100	100	100	100		100	100
3,100	3,100	3,100	Shell Union Oil (3)	3,100	3,100	3,100	3,100		3,100	3,100
3,100	3,100	3,100	Shell Union Oil pf. (6)	3,100	3,100	3,100	3,100		3,100	3,100
100	100	100	Shubert Theatre (6)	100	100	100	100		100	100
100	100	100	Simms Petroleum	100	100	100	100		100	100
400	400	400	Simmons Company (12½)	400	400	400	400		400	400
22,800	22,800	22,800	Sinclair Consol. Oil	22,800	22,800	22,800	22,800		22,800	22,800
100	100	100	Sinclair Consol. Oil pf. (8)	100	100	100	100		100	100
100	100	100	Skelly Oil (6)	100	100	100	100		100	100
1,000	1,000	1,000	Skelly Oil pf. (6)	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000		1,000	1,000
1,000	1,000	1,000	So. Porto Rico Sug. (6)	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000		1,000	1,000
200	200	200	Southern Dairies, Cl. A (4)	200	200	200	200		200	200
3,100	3,100	3,100	Southern Pacific (6)	3

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WAGE RULING SENDS RAILWAY SHARES UP

Carriers Make Net Gains of From One to Three Points as Situation Clears.

NEW ECONOMIES EXPECTED

Long Period of Peace Believed to Be Assured—More Demands Still to Be Settled.

Relieved of the doubt that has been hanging over the market several weeks regarding the outcome of the hearings by the Board of Arbitration of the trainmen's wage demands, railroad stocks bounded forward yesterday in the early trading and, despite a slight reversal in the general market trend near the close, ended the day with gains of from one to three points.

The pessimistic interpretation of the award evident in certain quarters was not reflected in the trading. On the contrary, buyers of stocks appeared to be influenced by the favorable aspects of the decision, which include the prospect of a long period of peace on the railroads in the course of which any grievances will be settled by mutual consent rather than by strikes. Cessation of operations in the past, it is recalled, have cost the carriers many times the $15,000,000 involved in the award.

This $15,000,000, it is admitted generally, will not be all that the railroads will have to pay as a result of the arbitrators' decision. Demands similar to those just granted are to be submitted by the firemen and engineers. One railroad man estimates that about $15,000,000 more may be required to meet them, making a total of $30,000,000 for the Eastern district. If the same ratio of increase is allowed in the rest of the country, namely, the Western and Southern districts, he believes it will require another $30,000,000, making $60,000,000 to be added to the total railroad payroll. If the carriers are able to continue their program of reducing expenses this increase, it is said, will soon be absorbed. The decision also will have an effect, difficult to appraise, in silencing the agitation in certain political circles for a reduction in the rate structure.

Of the $15,000,000 annual increase which will be distributed among the fifty roads comprising the Eastern group, the Pennsylvania will pay $4,000,000 to its 27,000 conductors and trainmen; the New York Central Lines, which include the Big Four, Michigan Central and others, will pay $3,500,000; the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, $400,000; the Erie, $620,000; the Boston & Maine, $500,000, and the New Haven and the Reading approximately $700,000 each. Other roads have not yet calculated the amounts needed.

The demands of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen were filed with the individual roads in the Eastern region two months ago. The firemen later agreed to rest their case until a decision had been given on the trainmen's and conductors' pleas. They want $1 a day increase generally and $1.35 for men working on the larger locomotives. Changes in overtime payment and allowances for lodging while away from home are also requested.

The Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers did not pick the Eastern region to establish a precedent for its demands. It asked for a flat advance of 15 per cent. in the Southern district. Conferences on its request will begin in Washington, D. C., on Dec. 15. Disposition of the case is expected to determine the course followed in the other regions.

The 7½ per cent. advance more than restores the trainmen and conductors to the peak of their wartime wages, or those in effect prior to July 1, 1921. About half of the reduction from this peak made by the Railway Labor Board was restored in the early part of 1924, when the New York Central led the way in increasing wages.

SHEPPARD PRAISES DECISION.

Other Factors Than Cost of Living Considered at Last, He Says.

Special to The New York Times.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Iowa, Dec. 4.—While the 7½ per cent. wage increase granted to conductors and trainmen of the Eastern railroads by the Railroad Arbitration Board is "not all that the men hoped for or asked for, it is a gratifying award and will do much to help the cause of arbitration," L. E. Sheppard, President of the Order of Railway Conductors, said today on his return home from the East.

A feature of the award, in Mr. Sheppard's opinion, is the fact that the board considered many things, such as the conductors' and trainmen's responsibility, in addition to the cost of living. He said:

"For the first time we have obtained consideration of pay on the basis of responsibility, of physical and mental requirements, of the constant application necessary in keeping pace with the best methods of transportation, with the laws of the various States and on the basis that a conductor's duties are of a supervisory nature. Every increase or decrease granted in the last thirteen years, even in the period of Government administration of railroads, was on the basis of the cost of living.

"With no disrespect to previous boards, the United States Labor Board or any other, this is the first board that fully appreciates the technique and the conditions of the wage situation and that has taken into consideration other important factors than the cost of living."

The award, Mr. Sheppard said, was a "shining example of wisdom" and advantageous to the public, the employers and the employes. "We did the 'Alphonse and Gaston' act throughout the negotiations and there was no ill feeling," he added.

Mr. Sheppard would make no prediction of action to be taken by the Arbitration Board on requests for increases in other districts, but he said he hoped the awards would at least equal that granted in the East.

FRENCH FRANC MAKES HIGH RECORD OF YEAR

Reaches 3.93¼ Cents on Buying on Belief That Government Will Not Check Advance.

The French franc yesterday advanced to its highest level of the present year, being quoted at 3.93¼ cents, which compared with a previous high of 3.90 cents on Jan. 7. Yesterday's high point represented a gain of more than a tenth of a cent over Thursday's rate, and the close was near the top level.

The advance was accompanied by large speculative activities, it being reported that as much as 5,000,000 francs changed hands in a single trade. The buying represented a continuation of an upward movement based on the financial success of the Poincaré Government, which has balanced the budget, reduced the nation's indebtedness to the Bank of France and achieved a large decrease in note circulation. Yesterday's buying was spurred by news from Paris that Premier Poincaré did not fear an economic crisis, which was interpreted to mean that the Government would not interfere with the upward march of the franc. This followed a belief in some quarters that fears of unsettlements in industry might lead to official selling of the franc.

Funds that were exported from France last year have been pouring back from all parts of the world, causing general use in Wall Street of the phrase "the flight to the franc," which has supplanted the July cry of "the flight from the franc." The belief is growing in Wall Street that France is approaching stabilization and that a large American loan will be obtained in this connection.

The present rate on the franc is more than double the level that prevailed when Premier Poincaré took hold of the Government. The low record for the year was 1.92½ cents, in July.

TRADE STILL FIRM AS YEAR NEARS END

Winter Weather Spurs Buying of Coal, Heavy Apparel and Holiday Needs.

COTTON HITS YEAR'S LOW

Bradstreet's Notes Less Activity in Steel and Coke—Dun's Looks for Heavy Christmas Turnover.

Trade and industrial conditions this week may be described as fair to good, the run of reports having been more or less irregular. It is felt on almost every hand, however, that the year will end without any slackening in the firm undertone which now obtains. Retail buying has increased over last week, while wholesale has been less marked.

"Among the week's features," Bradstreet reports, "probably first place is taken by the advance of real Winter weather over a wide area, with beneficial effects upon coal buying and purchasing of heavy wearing apparel in northern sections, and a perceptible livening up of holiday purchasing by early buyers.

"Over against these stimulating features are to be reckoned a sag in the price of cotton to the lowest point of the year, which has tended to offset good effects of cooler weather in southern areas, and reports of less active buying at wholesale of steel, iron, coke, lumber, most non-ferrous metals, furniture, and implements, much of this being credited to the advance of the year toward its close."

Dun's Weekly Review says:

"With the beginning of its last month, the present year promises to end without any lessening of the underlying stability of business. It is not a sign of weakness that the number of failures has risen, for such a trend is usual at this season, and the ratio of increase for November is actually smaller than was the case last year. The liabilities, moreover, are below the amounts for the same period of all years since 1920, except 1924.

"Under the weight of the huge crop, the price for cotton has fallen to about this year's minimum quotation, and further downward revisions have been made in markets for fabrics. The low prices, however, have stimulated consumption of cotton cloths, and prospects in the textile division are now more favorably regarded.

"Conditions in some other basic lines have shown rather more irregularity of late, with a further recession in the steel industry attracting special attention because of the prominence of that branch of manufacture. It is the season now when activities are centred mainly on sales of holiday merchandise, and results of early Christmas shopping indicate clearly that the turnover this year will be notably heavy. Moreover, ordinary retail distribution was stimulated this week by colder weather in different sections."

Stay on Federal Reserve Board.

Robert H. Treman and Theodore F. Whitmarsh have been re-elected directors of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York for three years from Jan. 1, 1927. Mr. Treman, a banker in Ithaca, is class A director. Mr. Whitmarsh, who is President of Francis H. Leggett & Co., wholesale grocers, is a class B director. They were elected by the member banks of Group 2, Second Federal Reserve District.

122,000 Standard Rights in Sale.

Trading in the rights to subscribe to common stock of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey was featured yesterday by one transaction in which a block of 122,000 changed hands at 2⅛. This was the closing quotation. The high for the day was 2⅛ and the low was 2⅛. Except for the one big turnover trading in the rights was lighter than in some time.

U. S. CERTIFICATES AND NOTES

Following are the prices paid in the open market for United States Treasury certificates of indebtedness and notes of different issues:

	Rate.	P.O. Year.	Bid.	Asked.	Approx. Yield.
December	3½	1926	100	to yield	3.15
March	4¼	1927	100⅛	100⅛	3.10
June	4¼	1927	100⅛	100⅛	3.32
December	4¼	1927	101⅛	101⅛	3.40

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

News, Comment and Incident, On the Stock Exchange and In the Financial Markets.

In the heaviest trading that has taken place on the New York Stock Exchange since Nov. 12 the stock market continued to advance confidently yesterday. While the net gains were moderate except in a few instances, the upturn extended to all parts of the list. Some irregularity developed just before the close, when a few of the gains were reduced. A combination of favorable developments was cited in Wall Street as explaining the general behavior of the market. The call money rate remained at 4½ per cent. There were reports again that the long-expected reduction in the Reserve Bank's rediscount rate was imminent. Reports and predictions of record-breaking holiday business seemed to stimulate demand for the shares of companies in that line. The stocks which showed respectable gains at the close included Baldwin Locomotive, Chesapeake & Ohio, American Smelting, General Motors, du Pont, Nash Motors and United States Steel.

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Switching Operations.

Several energetic traders who have been sponsoring operations for the decline were reported yesterday to have switched to the other side of the stock market. Wall Street professed to recognize in the sustained upward movement the influence of professional groups that have become convinced of the danger in further resisting the "powerful interests" reported to be furthering the current advance. It was mentioned frequently yesterday that the efforts to force a decline or to halt the advance were growing more and more half-hearted.

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Investment Demand in Market.

Brokers whose wires extend to all parts of the country and whose main business ordinarily is in speculative stocks, reported yesterday that they are encountering a quickened demand for semi-speculative issues which are quoted on the Stock Exchange. This was held to account for the rather unusual activity in many preferred issues in the last few days and the activity, too, in many of the best class of dividend-paying railroad shares. It was their idea that this represents nothing more nor less than the overflow from the bond market and that, despite the large number of new bond issues which have been sold in the last week or so and despite the big markets in listed bonds, there is, nevertheless, a considerable amount of surplus capital going into other than strictly investment issues.

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Record in New Financing.

The power of the investment demand was illustrated this week by the sale to the public of virtually a quarter of a billion dollars of new bonds. This was the largest week of the year in new flotations, even considering that the bulk of the $120,000,000 of Standard Oil of New Jersey debentures had been sold to preferred stockholders in advance of the formal offering. One reason for the spurt was the desire of many investment houses to get their important offerings out of the way before the Christmas-season dullness begins to make itself felt. These periodic disturbances in the bond market, however, are receiving less and less attention. Underwriting houses frequently bring out an important offering on a Saturday morning, an action that wase very rare a few years ago. Oversubscriptions continue to be the rule in bond offerings.

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The Franc's Advance.

The French franc attracted attention yesterday, not only because it sold at the highest rate of the year, but also because of the very large turnover that took place. Short selling was apparent throughout the day, and this was considered a healthy sign among many who have been counting on an early stabilization move in France. From one angle, the recent sharp advances in the franc have caused some apprehension because the bulk of the short lines seemed to have been covered, and the absence of a short interest was thought to place the franc in a precarious position in the event of a temporarily unfavorable development. Financial circles here were unstinted yesterday in their praise of the accomplishments of Premier Poincaré, whose financial policies were considered the basis of the doubling of the value of the franc since last Summer.

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Banks Call $20,000,000 Loans.

The calling of about $20,000,000 of loans by the banks yesterday was the result of the usual Friday expedient of making good reserve requirements at the Federal Reserve Bank. In the face of these withdrawals and the handling of the usual over-the-week requirements, the demand loan rate held at 4½ per cent., to which point it had declined from 5 per cent. on Thursday. While the undertone of the money market was slightly firmer, it was apparent that supplies had been replenished. One factor was the return to the market of a large portion of the funds that had been distributed in the form of dividends and interest on Wednesday, and another was the return to New York of considerable money that had been withdrawn to the interior of the country.

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Take Your Choice.

There were two stories that went the rounds of the brokerage houses yesterday, neither of which could be confirmed. The first explained the strength in Erie, Chesapeake & Ohio and Nickel Plate shares as due to a report that the entire plan of the Van Sweringens for a great trunk line system had been abandoned; the second was that bankers had delivered an ultimatum to the Van Sweringens that something must be done immediately with regard to their proposed merger and that, contrary to their plan, the Erie should be included in the scheme. The second story arose in connection with the purchase of 17,000 shares of Erie in one block by Paine, Webber & Co., bankers, originally connected with some of the Van Sweringen stock market purchases.

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Effect on the Wage Increase.

Contrary to the expectations of certain railroad men who had been thrown into a state of pessimism when the wage award of the Arbitration Board was announced, railroad stocks showed decided strength in the market yesterday, a few of them registering substantial gains. When the award was viewed from every angle, even railway men admitted that there were several factors on the favorable side of the picture. The most important of these was the elimination of the possibility of a strike which would cost the roads more in a week than the increased wages would in a year. There also was reason to believe the trainmen would continue to cooperate with their employers in reducing expenses and thereby gaining more net income for the stockholder.

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Bargaining for the Virginian.

There is good reason to believe that the officials of the Chesapeake & Ohio are conducting negotiations at the present time with the stockholders of the Virginian Railroad in the hope of arriving at a satisfactory basis for leasing that road. In view of the Interstate Commerce Commission's rejection of the Norfolk & Western's petition for the Virginian, it is believed to be likely that some effort will be made by the Chesapeake & Ohio to sound out the commission upon its opinion as to the ultimate disposition of the soft coal road. There is a view in some quarters that the Commissioners wish to leave the Virginian as an open route to all railroads or make it a joint facility of the Chesapeake and the Norfolk & Western.

MONEY.

FRIDAY, DEC. 3, 1926.

Day to day funds on the Stock Exchange ruled steady at 4½ per cent. all day, coinciding with Thursday's low and final. Nothing was done cheaper than this in the street trading. About $20,000,000 was recalled to meet the usual week-end payments. Time money developed no change from the 4½ and 4¾ per cent. quotation which has ruled for the past fortnight. Business continues in light volume, only occasional lots of new money being placed. Business money was likewise steady and unchanged in discount.

Call Loans.

	Thursday's Year				
Renewals.	High.	Low.	Last.	Last.	Ago.
	4½	4½	4½	4½	6

Time Loans.

	Friday.	Thursday.
Sixty-ninety days	4½	4½
Four, five and six months	4½@4¾	4½@4¾

Commercial Paper.

	Friday.	Thursday.
Best names, 4 to 6 months	4¼	4¼
Other names, 4 to 6 months	4¾	4¾

Rediscount Rate, N. Y. Reserve Bank.

Rates on all classes of rediscountable paper, 4 per cent. Rate fixed Aug. 13, when it was advanced from 3½ per cent., which had been in effect since April 23.

Bankers' Acceptances.

Call loans against acceptances.....4

Prime bankers' acceptances, eligible for purchase or rediscount by Federal reserve banks. Rates quoted are for discount at purchase:

	Bid.	Asked.
30 days	3⅜	3½
60 days	3⅜	3½
90 days	3⅜	3½
Four months	3⅜	3½
Six months	3¾	4

London Market.

Money in London unchanged at 3½ per cent.; short bills unchanged at 4⅜ per cent.; three months' bills unchanged at 4⅜ per cent.

Gold bullion unchanged at 84s 11½d. Bank of England sold bar gold valued at £18,000, destination not reported.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Exchange of checks at the New York Clearing House, $941,000,000; balances, $106,000,000; Federal Reserve credit balance, $103,000,000; exchanges this day a year ago, $980,000,000.

SILVER BULLION.

Bar silver in London, 1-16d up at 24⅝d per ounce; New York price, unchanged at 53½c.

Range for 1926:

	Highest.		Lowest.	
London	25 1/16d	Jan. 4	24 11/16d	Oct. 20
New York	56½c	Jan. 4	51½c	Oct. 19

Range for 1925:

	Highest.		Lowest.	
London	32 1/16d	Sept. 1	24 11/16d	Apr. 20
New York	70½c	Sept. 1	53½c	Apr. 20

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

Range for Dec. 3, 1926.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge
25 railroads	160.37	157.52	157.91	+ .30
25 industrials	178.27	176.15	177.89	+ .36
50 stocks	169.32	166.83	167.65	+ .39

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge
Dec. 3	167.91	165.27	167.32	+ .90
Dec. 1	167.00	165.62	166.46	+ .14
Nov. 30	166.70	165.61	166.32	+ .18
Nov. 29	167.02	165.67	166.14	- .38
Nov. 27	167.94	166.76	167.03	- .33
Nov. 26	167.75	166.06	167.36	+ .05
Nov. 24	167.94	165.80	166.47	+ .40

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

Dec.	High.		Low.		Last.
*1926	169.37	Dec. 3	138.62	Dec. 1	167.65
†1925	138.52	Dec. 29	130.06	Dec. 1	131.46
1924	107.32	Dec. 31	100.36	Dec. 1	106.72
1923	94.49	Dec. 31	91.91	Dec. 19	94.15
1922	93.85	Dec. 30	89.43	Dec. 1	92.83
1921	89.20	Dec. 16	84.51	Dec. 21	89.50
1920	72.72	Dec. 4	62.70	Dec. 22	67.98

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1926	169.16	Feb. 18	109.63	Mar. 30	167.65
†1925	138.52	Nov. 14	101.16	Mar. 30	131.46

FULL YEARS.

1925	138.31	Dec. 29	101.16	Mar. 30	131.46
1924	107.32	Dec. 31	82.26	Apr. 22	106.72
1923	94.52	Mar. 6	78.15	Oct. 20	94.15
1922	94.09	Oct. 18	86.21	Jan. 10	92.83
1921	74.19	May 6	58.35	June 21	89.50
1920	94.07	Apr. 6	62.70	Dec. 22	67.98

DOMESTIC BONDS.

Closing for Dec. 3, 1926.

	Net Change. Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	89.24	+.12	+.77	+4.20

DAILY RANGE OF 40 DOMESTIC BONDS.

Dec. 3	89.12	+.06	
Dec. 1	89.06	+.12	
Nov. 30	88.94	-.21	
Nov 29	89.15	-.02	
Nov. 27	89.17	-.02	
Nov. 26	89.19	+.17	
Nov. 24	89.02	-.05	
Nov. 23	89.07	+.06	
Nov. 22	89.01	+.01	
Nov. 20	89.00	+.04	
Nov 19	89.04	+.06	
Nov 18	88.98	-.08	
Nov. 17	88.98	+.0	
Nov. 16	88.98	+.0	
Nov. 15	88.98	+.10	
Nov. 13	88.78	+.02	

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1926	89.24	Dec. 3	86.82	Jan. 4	89.24
†1925	85.10	May 2	81.99	Jan. 5	84.50

FULL YEARS.

1925	85.44	Dec. 31	81.99	Jan. 5	85.44
1924	82.46	Dec. 4	76.96	Jan. 2	81.40
1923	79.48	Jan. 5	76.58	Oct. 1	78.71
1922	82.84	Aug. 23	75.01	Jan. 3	79.13
1921	79.41	Nov. 29	67.04	June 20	78.67
1920	72.14	Oct. 21	65.87	May 21	68.66

FOREIGN BONDS.

Closing for Dec. 3, 1926.

	Net Change. Day.	Month.	Year.
10 Govt. issues	104.82	-.03	+.27	+1.80

DAILY RANGE OF FOREIGN BONDS.

Dec. 3	104.84	+.07	
Dec. 1	104.77	+.03	
Nov. 30	104.70	-.17	
Nov. 29	104.09		
Nov 27	104.95	+.21	
Nov. 26	104.71	+.10	
Nov. 24	104.61	-.07	
Nov. 23	104.62	-.05	
Nov. 22	104.62	-.30	
Nov. 20	104.72	-.11	
Nov. 19	104.73	-.11	
Nov. 18	104.88	+.06	
Nov 17	104.80	+.07	
Nov. 16	104.74	-.07	
Nov. 15	104.78	-.02	
Nov. 13	104.77	+.05	

YEARLY RANGE OF FOREIGN BONDS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1926	104.92	Nov. 27	102.60	Mar. 31	104.82
†1925	103.80	Nov. 10	101.04	Jan. 2	103.02

FULL YEARS.

1925	103.80	Nov. 10	101.04	Jan. 2	103.02
1924	102.05	Nov. 28	97.77	Jan. 5	101.70
1923	101.14	June 7	96.82	Jan. 20	97.63
1922	103.10	Apr. 17	97.40	Nov. 14	99.91

*To date this year. †To corresponding day last year.

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IN naming a trustee for your estate you will require integrity, experience, judgment and continuity. The last mentioned quality, particularly, calls for the appointment of a trust company, at least as co-trustee.
The Bank of New York and Trust Company is older than the United States Government itself, dating back to 1784. Could more convincing evidence be found of permanence in trusteeship?
For generations to come, if you desire, the careful maintenance of your trust will be assured, if put in the hands of this company.
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an ideal combination
Your friend, relative or lawyer for knowledge of your wishes | and THIS BANK for strength, safety and permanence.
Consult our trust officers with your attorney
THE CHASE NATIONAL BANK of the City of New York
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Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits $76,000,000

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DIVIDENDS. DIVIDENDS.

DIVIDEND NOTICE
Utilities Power & Light Corporation
7% Cumulative Preferred Stock
The Board of Directors of the Utilities Power & Light Corporation at a meeting held this day declared the regular quarterly dividend for the period ending December 31, 1926, of One Dollar and Seventy-five Cents ($1.75) per share upon the outstanding preferred stock of the Corporation, payable January 4, 1927, to stockholders of record at the close of business on December 6, 1926.
Class A Stock
The regular quarterly dividend of Fifty Cents (50c) per share on the Class A Stock also was declared, payable on January 3, 1927, to stockholders of record at the close of business on December 6, 1926.
Under the resolution of the Directors, the holders of Class A Stock have the right and option to take and receive in lieu of such cash dividend of Fifty Cents (50c) per share, additional Class A Stock at the rate of one-fortieth (1/40) of a share for each share of the Class A Stock standing of record in their respective names on December 6, 1926. Unless by the close of business December 6, 1926, the stockholder advises the Corporation that he desires his dividend in cash, the Corporation will send to him on January 3, 1927, the additional stock (or scrip for fractional shares) to which he is entitled.
Class B Stock
A quarterly dividend for the period ending December 31, 1926, of Sixty-six Cents (66c) per share was also declared on the Class B Stock, payable January 3, 1927, to stockholders of record at the close of business December 6, 1926.
Under the resolution of the Directors, the holders of Class B Stock shall have the right and option to take and receive in lieu of such cash dividend of Sixty-six Cents (66c) per share Voting Trust Certificates for additional Class B Stock (issued under the Voting Trust Agreement dated April 1, 1925) at the rate of Ten Dollars ($10) per share for each share of Class B Stock represented by Voting Trust Certificates so to be taken and received and paid for at such rate by the surrender of said cash dividends so received. Unless by the close of business December 6, 1926, the stockholder advises the Corporation that he desires his dividend in cash, the Corporation will send to him on January 3, 1927, the additional stock (or scrip for fractional shares) to which he is entitled.
E. L. CLARK, President.
Chicago, Ill., November 30, 1926.

$248,517,000 BONDS OFFERED IN WEEK

Highest Total for This Year Reached by $170,000,000 Standard Oil Financing.

UTILITY OFFERINGS LARGE

Many Municipal Issues Completed—Large Foreign Groups Scheduled for Next Week.

Virtually a quarter of a billion dollars of new bonds were publicly offered this week, by far the largest week's total of the year. The exact amount of the offerings was $248,517,000, which compared with $70,714,000 last week and $86,486,000 in the corresponding week of last year. Standard Oil financing to the amount of $170,000,000 was chiefly responsible for the large total, but there was broad activity also among the other divisions. The offerings, by groups, of this and last week follow:

	This Week.	Last Week.
Industrial	$174,860,000	$10,600,000
Public utility	28,000,000	24,185,000
Foreign	15,645,000	23,740,000
State and municipal	15,027,000	10,302,000
Railroad	4,995,000	
Miscellaneous		1,000,000
Total	$248,517,000	$70,417,000

The nearest approach this year to the present week's new bond financing was in the week of Feb. 19, when the sale of $75,000,000 of New York City securities brought the total up to $192,999,000. Ordinarily a total of $100,000,000 is considered a good bond week, and most of this year the volume has been below that figure. The enormous investment demand was demonstrated, however, by the fact that all this week's offerings were speedily sold, and underwriting houses continue to complain of a lack of new supplies adequate to meet the requirements of their patrons. These conditions have resulted in pushing the general level of bond prices up to the highest in years.

Oil Stock Oversubscribed.

The largest actual offering this week was $50,000,000 of 25-year 4½ per cent. debentures of the Standard Oil Company of New York, purchased by Dillon, Read & Co., after severe competition among the larger Wall Street banking groups. Announcement of this issue was made late Thursday evening, and the books were closed Friday morning with a heavy oversubscription. Formal offering also was made of $120,000,000 of Standard Oil Company of New Jersey 5 per cent. debentures by J. P. Morgan & Co., but this was little more than a gesture, since these debentures had been virtually completely subscribed by the holders of $300,000,000 Standard of New Jersey preferred stock, which is being retired.

Notice received by bond houses yesterday that there would be no allotments on cash subscriptions to the $120,000,000 Standard Oil of New Jersey debentures proved that the entire issue had been taken by the preferred stockholders, as had been surmised in Wall Street. A schedule of allotments was completed, which showed that the preferred holders would have taken a much larger issue had one been available.

The basis of the allotments covers the exchange of preferred stock, ranging all the way from 17 up to 1,000 shares or over, and there were in all 67 classes and allotments. Holders surrendering from 1 to 17 preferred shares received one $1,000 debenture; 100 shares, $6,000; 200 shares, $12,000; 300 shares, $20,000; 400 shares, $27,000; 500 shares, $34,000. Subscribers agreeing to surrender 1,000 shares or more received allotments based on a minimum of $67,000 debentures, if not in excess of the amount applied for, with such maximum figure as did not exceed 60 per cent. of the par value of the stock to be surrendered, divided by 100½, the offering price of the debentures.

The New Jersey Standard Oil debentures sold as high as 102¾ on a when-issued basis yesterday. The new Standard Oil of New York issue also sold at a premium when the heavy oversubscription showed early in the day that many subscribers would receive none of the debentures or at least reduced allotments. The New York Standard debentures changed hands at 98 in to open market.

The Standard of New York issue was arranged for general purposes of the corporation, chief among which is the acquisition of the minority holdings in the Magnolia Petroleum Corporation and the development of the General Petroleum Corporation of California, which was taken over last year. There was also a scattering of smaller issues in the industrial division.

Many Other Large Issues.

Activity in the public utility group was on a large scale, the largest issues being $18,000,000 of the Arkansas Power and Light Company and $7,000,000 by the Consolidated Gas, Electric Light and Power Company of Baltimore. Besides these, there were nine additional public utility issues, ranging from $750,000 up to $3,500,000.

The most important event in the State and municipal field was the award of $10,000,000 of North Carolina 4¼ per cent. bonds to a syndicate made up of the First National Bank, the National City Company and the Bankers Trust Company. There was a long list of municipal offerings from all parts of the country.

In the foreign field, the City of Toronto, the Province of Saskatchewan and the Mortgage Bank of Colombia contributed a total of $15,645,000 of new financing, while the railroad group was represented by an issue of $4,995,000 of New Haven equipment trust certificates.

Large issues in the public utility and foreign groups are scheduled for offering next week.

PORT AUTHORITY HEADS LIST.

Will Offer $20,000,000 Bonds Next Week for Bridge Financing.

An offering of $20,000,000 Port of New York Authority bonds, proceeds of which will help to finance the proposed bridge over the Hudson River, leads the list of fifty sales of State and municipal bonds scheduled for next week. The bonds to be disposed of aggregate $34,265,280.

Following are some of the important offerings included in the list compiled by The Daily Bond Buyer:

Monday.

Houston, Tex. $2,112,000
Nashville, Tenn. 400,000
San Luis Obispo Co., Cal.; San Obispo School District 250,000
Portland Me., water dist. 400,000
Riverside Co., Cal., school district 1,050,000

Tuesday.

Pinellas Co., Fla., St. Petersburg Spec. Road and Bridge Dist. No. 13.... 1,275,000
Amarillo, Texas 250,000
Memphis, Tenn. 500,000
Flint, Mich., Union School Dist.... 650,000
Payne Co., Okla., $1,000,000 or..... 350,000

Wednesday.

St. Lucie & Martin Cos., Fla., St. Lucie Inlet District 1,000,000

Thursday.

Volusia Co., Fla., Daytona Beach Spec. Road and Bridge Dist. 325,000
Lee Co., Fla., Spec. Tax Sch. Dist. No. 1 350,000
Albany, N. Y. 787,000
Port of New York Authority..... 20,000,000

Friday.

Pompano, Fla. 750,000

PRINTING MERGER RUMORED

Bankers Said to Be Busy on Union of Machinery Manufacturers.

Plans are being effected for an important merger of several prominent Eastern and Middle Western printing machinery manufacturers, according to reports yesterday that New York City and Cleveland bankers were busy with negotiations for the project.

Although no definite information was obtainable, it was said on reliable authority that public offering of new securities, aggregating several million dollars, would be made soon in connection with the merger.

New Bond Offerings of the Week

Week Ended Dec. 3, 1926.

INDUSTRIAL

Bond or Note.	Amount.	Price.	Interest Rate.	Yield Per Cent.	Term Yrs.	Interest Due.	Interest Payable.	Syndicate or Firm.
Standard Oil of N. J. gold debentures	$120,000,000	100½	5	4.96	20	1946	F.&A.	J. P. Morgan & Co.
Standard Oil of N. Y. debentures	50,000,000	97⅝	4½	4.67	25	1951	J.&D.	Dillon, Read & Co., Guaranty Co., Union Trust Co., Pittsburgh.
Celotex conv. s. f. gold debentures	2,000,000	100	6	6	10	1936	M.&N.	Hayden, Van Atter & Co.
Missouri-Illinois Bridge 1st mtg. s. f. gold bonds	600,000	100	7	7	10	1936	M.&N.	William R. Compton Co., Peabody, Houghteling & Co., Lorenzo E. Anderson & Co.
Buffalo General Laundries 1st closed mtg. conv. gold bonds	900,000	100	6½	6.50	15	1941	J.&D.	Manufacturers & Traders Trust Co., Pistell, Deans & Co., Inc., Schoellkopf, Hutton & Pomeroy, Inc., McCown & Co.
West Va. Southern Coal 1st mtg. leasehold bonds	1,350,000	99	7	7.10	21	1947	J.&J.	John Nickerson & Co., A. L. Chambers & Co., Inc., Schoellkopf, Hutton & Pomeroy, Inc., Manufacturers & Traders Trust Co., Equitable Trust Co., Baltimore; J. A. W. Iglehart & Co.

PUBLIC UTILITY

Consol. Gas, Elec. Lt. & Power of Baltimore 1st rfg. mtg. s. f. gold bonds	7,000,000	101½	5	4.90	39	1965	J.&D.	Alex Brown & Sons, Lee, Higginson & Co., Brown Bros. & Co., Jackson & Curtis, Spencer Trask & Co.
Arkansas Power & Light 1st & rfdg. mtg. gold bonds	18,000,000	95⅜	5	5.27	30	1956	A.&O.	Harris, Forbes & Co., W. C. Langley & Co., Bonbright & Co., Inc., Old Colony Corporation, Tucker, Anthony & Co., John Nickerson & Co.
Binghamton Lt., Heat & Pr. 1st rfg. mtg. gold bonds	1,450,000	100	5	5	20	1946	A.&O.	Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc.
Elec. Pub. Service s. f. gold deb. bonds	850,000	95	6	6.68	10	1936	J.&D.	Stanley & Bissell, Inc., E. R. Digge & Co., Inc.
Otter Trail Power gen. mtg. bonds	1,300,000	98½	5	5.12	10	1936	A.&O.	Wells-Dickey Co., Minneapolis Trust Co., Justus F. Lowe Co., Inc.
Central Pub. Serv. coll. tr. gold bds.	750,000	97	6	6.30	14	1940	J.&J.	Thompson Ross & Co., Inc., E. R. Digge & Co., Inc.
Wisconsin Power & Light 1st lien & rfdg. mtg. gold bonds	1,000,000	96½	5	5.20	30	1956	M.&N.	Hill, Joiner & Co., Inc., Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc., Paine, Webber & Co.
Colorado Central Power 1st mtg. s. f. gold bonds	850,000	96	5½	5.83	20	1946	J.&D.	Stanley & Bissell, Inc., E. R. Digge & Co., Inc.
Central West Pub. Serv. conv. deb.	1,800,000	97½	6	6.35	10	1936	M.&N.	A. B. Leach & Co., Inc., Porter Fox & Co.
Oswego River Pwr. gold debentures	3,500,000	100	6	6	5	1931	J.&D.	F. L. Carlisle & Co., Inc., E. H. Rollins & Sons, Hornblower & Weeks, Schoellkopf, Hutton & Pomeroy, Inc.
Atlantic City Sewerage 1st mtg. s. f. gold bonds	1,500,000	100	6	6	30	1956	J.&D.	Charles A. Frank & Co.

FOREIGN

Province of Saskatchewan, Canada, gold deb.	2,500,000	94½	4½	4⅝	30	1956	J.&D.	Dillon, Read & Co., Dominion Securities Corporation, Ltd.
City of Toronto gold bonds	7,145,000	..	4½	4.80	3-30	1929-56	J.&D.	Chase Securities Corporation, Wood, Gundy & Co., Inc., A. E. Ames & Co., Ltd.
Mortgage Bank of Colombia s. f. gold bonds	6,000,000	95¾	7	7.40	20	1946	M.&N.	Baker, Kellogg & Co., Inc., Ames Emerich & Co.

STATE AND MUNICIPAL

City of Sanford, Fla., impt. bds.	1,575,000	100	5½	5.50	30	1956	J.&J.	Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc., Eldredge & Co.
State of Missouri gold bonds	3,000,000	..	4½	4.10	18-19	1944-45	M.&S.	White, Weld & Co., Kountze Bros., Estabrook & Co.
Astoria, Ore., refunding bonds	730,000	..	5½	5	1-30	1927-56	J.&D.	Seipp, Princell & Co., Rogers Caldwell & Co., Inc., Seasongood & Mayer.
St. Lucie Co., Fla., Fort Pierce Inlet District bonds	150,000	100	6	6	1-30	1927-56	J.&J.	Spitzer, Rorick & Co.
Lancaster, N. Y., paving bonds	145,000	..	4½	4.15-.20	1-10	1927-36	M.&N.	Stephens & Co.
Central Idaho Irrigation Dist. bds	940,000	100	6	6	10-19	1936-45	J.&J.	W. K. Terry & Co., Prendergast & Co., R. S. Dickson & Co.
Town of Harrison, N. Y., bonds	371,000	..	4½	4-4.15	1-44	1927-70	.....	Pulleyn & Co.
New Orleans, La., Parish School Board bonds	1,000,000	..	4½	4.15-.35	1-9	1927-35	J.&D.	George H. Burr & Co., Stranahan, Harris & Oatis, Inc.
Oconee Co., S. C., road bonds	482,000	..	5	4.60	8-14	1934-40	J.&J.	C. W. McNear & Co.
Bergen Co., N. J., gold bonds	1,567,000	..	4½	4-4.15	1-21	1927-47	J.&D.	First National Bank, Lehman Bros., Redmond & Co., Kissel, Kinnicutt & Co., Kean, Taylor & Co.
Trenton, N. J., gen. impt. bonds	1,882,000	..	4½	4-4.10	2-33	1928-59	J.&D.	Roosevelt & Son, Graham, Parsons & Co.
Hoboken, N. J., bonds	645,000	..	4½	4.15-.30	2-15	1928-41	J.&D.	Guaranty Co., Ames, Emerich & Co.
Raleigh Township, N. C., school bds	400,000	..	4½	4.30-.45	3-30	1929-56	J.&D.	A. B. Leach & Co., Inc., Taylor, Ewart & Co., Inc., Second Ward Securities Co.
Los Angeles, Cal., school bonds	2,000,000	..	5	4.10-.50	1-38	1927-64	F.&A.	Harris, Forbes & Co., R. H. Moulton & Co.

RAILROAD

N. Y., N. H. & H. equip. trust ctfs.	4,995,000	..	4½	4.50-.70	1-15	1927-41	J.&D.	First National Corporation, Boston; Blodget & Co., Rutter & Co., Albert Hale & Co.

Real estate mortgage bonds are not included in this table.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

TRANSACTIONS FRIDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1926.

Day's Sales.	U. S. Gvt. Bonds.	Other Domestic Bonds.	Foreign Bonds.	Total All Bonds.
Yesterday	$955,800	$10,723,000	$4,002,000	$15,680,800
Thursday	412,000	8,010,500	3,250,500	11,673,000
Year ago	1,177,000	8,296,000	1,460,000	10,933,000
Two years ago	1,093,100	14,563,000	3,881,000	19,537,100
Year to Date:				
1926	$238,912,590	$1,844,376,900	$673,479,450	$2,756,768,940
1925	320,006,020	2,194,748,175	657,425,500	3,172,179,695
1924	825,104,585	2,141,010,560	573,354,250	3,539,469,395
1923	758,058,480	1,399,056,500	417,778,200	2,574,888,180

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT LOANS.

Range Since Date of Issue—High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	Range. High.	1926. Low.	Sales in 1,000s.	Issue.	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.	Closing—Bid.	Asked.	Yield.
100.17	Oct. 19'23	98.4	July 11'24	101.11	99.13	38	Liberty 3½s	1963-47	100.14	100.14	100.12	—1	100.12	100.14	3.41
100.17	June 17'25	93.00	May 19'20	101.18	100.09	..	Liberty 1st 4s	1932-47	....	....	....	....	100.09	100.22	3.39
102.10	June 15'25	93.25	May 19'20	103.12	99.30	..	Liberty 1st 4s, reg	.....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
101.19	July 6'24	91.12	May 20'20	100.24	100.21	4	Liberty 2d 4s	1927-42	....	....	....	....	100.5	100.10	3.39
101.16	July 28'24	91.18	May 21'20	100.4	99.28	..	Liberty 2d 4s, reg	.....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
103.00	June 13'23	90.00	June 7'20	102.16	101.4	..	Liberty 1st 2d 4½s	1932-47	....	....	....	....	102.10	....	....
103.6	July 7'26	94.20	May 21'20	102.22	101.21	50	Lib. 1st conv. 4¼s	1932-47	102.10	102.21	102.10	+.1	102.17	102.21	3.75
102.26	July 7'26	96.1	May 21'20	102.14	101.10	..	Lib. 1st conv. 4¼s, reg	.....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
102.00	July 23'24	91.3	May 20'20	100.31	100.15	237	Lib. 2d cv. 4¼s	1927-42	100.25	100.25	100.22	100.24	+.1	100.24	100.22	3.72
101.27	Aug. 7'24	93.16	Dec. 22'20	100.31	100.11	8½	Lib. 2d cv. 4¼s	reg.	100.20	100.20	100.20	100.22	+.2	....	....	....
102.24	Aug. 5'24	93.30	Dec. 20'20	101.16	100.25	36¾	Liberty 2d 4¼s	1928	101.5	101.6	101.4	101.4	—.1	101.4	101.6	3.66
102.21	Aug. 6'24	93.18	May 19'20	101.14	100.23	..	Liberty 2d 4¼s	reg.	....	....	....	....	....	101.6	....	....
102.10	July 7'26	92.00	May 20'20	102.9	101.20	468¼	Liberty 4th 4¼s	1933-38	103.00	103.1	102.31	102.31	....	102.31	103.00	3.76
103.6	June 8'26	92.15	May 20'20	103.0	101.26	8	Liberty 4th 4¼s	reg.	102.29	103.00	102.29	103.00	+.3	....	....	....
103.00	Nov. 26'26	106.1	Mar. 17'20	110.00	103.0	37	Treasury 4¼s	1947-52	109.31	109.27	109.21	109.27	+.3	109.22	109.27	3.89
108.10	Nov. 11'26	108.30	Apr. 25'22	108.10	108.14	..	Treasury 4¼s	reg.	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
106.30	Nov. 25'26	109.9	Dec. 22'24	106.30	102.28	18	Treasury 4s	1944-54	105.21	105.28	105.20	105.20	—.1	105.19	105.21	3.58
104.2	June 29'26	100.27	Apr. 17'25	104.2	103.22	..	Treasury 4s	reg.	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
102.23	Nov. 29'26	100.13	Mar. 28'23	102.23	102.12	101	Treasury 3½s	1946-56	103.16	102.20	102.16	102.16	+.2	102.16	102.19	3.56

Quotations after the decimal point in the above table represent one or more 32ds of a point. Comparisons for dates prior to March 22, 1923, when the system now used was introduced, are reduced to the form now used in the Stock Exchange quotations.

FOREIGN BONDS.

Alpine Montan Steel 7s, 1955	90½	Antioquia s f 7s, Ser A, 1945	88½	Argentine 6s, 1957, A	98	Australia 5½, 1955	100½	Austrian 7s, 1943	97	Bavaria s f 6½s, 1945	98½	Belgium 6s, 1955	97	Bergen 6s, 1949	100½	Berlin 6½s, 1950	100	Bogota 8s, 1947	102½	Bolivia 8s, 1947	95¼	Bordeaux 6s, 1934	97⅝	Brazil 6½s, 1957	97
Brazil Cent Ry 7s, 1952	94½	Bremen 7s, 1935	101¼	Caldas 7½s, 1946	98	Canada 5s, 1931	101	Cauca 7½s, 1942	98	Chile s f 6s, 1960	104¼	Chile s f 6s, 1961	104	Chile 6s, 1941	104	Chinese Govt 7s, 1959	104	Cologne 6½s, 1950	98	Copenhagen Tel 6s, 1950	98	Cordoba 7s, 1942	98	Costa Rica 7s, 1951	98
Cuba 4½s, 1949	98	Cuba 5½s, 1953	104	Czechoslovak 8s, 1951	104⅜	Den & Rio Gr imp 5s, 1928	97	Den & Rio Gr W'n 4s f g 5s, 1955	76⅝	Det Edison 1st & ref 6s, 1940	105	Dom Rep 5½s, 1942	99	Dresden 7s, 1945	99	Elec Pr Germ 6½s, 1950	98	El Salvador 8s, 1948	107	Est RR Co 7s, 1954	98	Finland 8s, 1945	102	Fr Govt 7s, 1949	98
French Govt 7s, 1941	98	Germ Cent Ag Bank 7s, 1950	100	Gor Gen Elec 5s, 1940	97	Haugen Steel 6½s, 1940	99	Hungarian Con Mun 7½s, 1945	100¾	Hungary 7½s, 1944	100	Indus. Bank, Japan, 6s, 1957	99	Int Rys of C A 1st 6% s, 1941, temp	96	Int Tel & Tel conv 5½s, 1945	106	Int Tel & Tel conv deb 5s, 1955	106	Italy 7s, 1951	104	Jugo-Slavia 8s, 1962	98	Kan City Pwr & Lt 1st 6s, 1952, Ser A	103	Kan City So 5s, 1950	73
Kan City Term Ry 4s, 1960	88	Kn Ft S & M 4s 1936	92½	Kn Ft S & M 4s, 1939	92½	Kn Ft S & M 4s, 1990	88	Kn Gas & El 1st s f 6s, 1952, Ser A	104½	Lautaro Nitrate 6½s, 1954	98	Leh Val Coal 5s, 1974	94	Leh Val Coal 5s, 1933	104	Lehigh Valley R R Co-Con 5s, 2003	95	Liverpool & Manch 5s, 1944	100	Lyons 8s, 1934	102	Marseilles 8s, 1934	102	Mexico 5s, 1945, asst	41½	Mexico 5s, 1945, asst small	41
Mid-Cont Pet 6s, 1940	97	Midvale Stl & O 1st s f 5s, 1936	89	Milw Gas & El 1st 4½s, 1967	93½	Minn. & St L ref & ext 5s, 1962	73½	Mo. Kan & Tex 1st & gen 5s, 1962, Ser A	96	Mo. Kan & Tex 1st & gen 5s, 1990, Ser A	88	Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1965, Ser A	96	Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1977, Ser F	96	Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1978, Ser G	96	Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1980, Ser H	96	Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1981, Ser I	96	Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1990, Ser J	96	Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1965, Ser A	96
Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1977, Ser F	96	Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1978, Ser G	96	Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1980, Ser H	96	Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1981, Ser I	96	Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1990, Ser J	96	Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1965, Ser A	96	Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1977, Ser F	96	Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1978, Ser G	96	Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1980, Ser H	96	Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1981, Ser I	96	Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1990, Ser J	96	Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1965, Ser A	96	Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1977, Ser F	96
Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1978, Ser G	96	Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1980, Ser H	96	Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1981, Ser I	96	Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1990, Ser J	96	Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1965, Ser A	96	Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1977, Ser F	96	Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1978, Ser G	96	Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1980, Ser H	96	Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1981, Ser I	96	Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1990, Ser J	96	Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1965, Ser A	96	Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1977, Ser F	96	Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1978, Ser G	96
Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1980, Ser H	96	Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1981, Ser I	96	Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1990, Ser J	96	Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1965, Ser A	96	Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1977, Ser F	96	Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1978, Ser G	96	Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1980, Ser H	96	Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1981, Ser I	96	Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1990, Ser J	96	Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1965, Ser A	96	Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1977, Ser F	96	Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1978, Ser G	96	Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1980, Ser H	96
Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1981, Ser I	96	Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1990, Ser J	96	Morgan Guar Trust 6s, 1940	100	Nassau Elec R R 6s, 1951, stamped	68½	Natl Dairy Pr 15-27 6s, 1940	100	Natl Rys of M gtd 1st 7s, 1977, assented	100	Niag Falls Pr 1st 5s, 1932	101¼	Niag Lockpt & Ont P 1st ref 5s temp, 1955	100	Norfolk South 1st ref 5s Ser A, 1961	102	Norfolk & Wn con 4s, 1996	92	North Amer Edison Co s f 6s, Ser A, 1952	100	Nor Ohio Trac & Lt ref 5s, Ser A, 1947	96	Nor Pac 4s, 1997	90	Nor Pac 4s, 2047	90	Nor States Pw 1st & ref 5s, 1941	100	Ohio Riv Rd 1st s f 6s, 1948	105	Old Ben Coal 1st g 6s, 1944	94	Ontario Power 1st s f 5s, 1943	101	Ore & Col 1st 5s, 1927	100	Ore & Col 1st 4s, 1977	100	Ore Short Line 1st gtd 4s, 1929	94	Ore Short Line 1st gtd 5s, 1946	100	Ore-Wash R R & Nav 1st & ref 4s, 1961	86	Otis Steel 1st 6s, Ser A, 1941	100	Pac Gas & El 5s, 1942	100	Pac Gas & El 1st & ref 5s, 1960	100	Pac Pow & Lt 1st & ref 5s, 1930	100	Pac Tel & Tel 5s, 1937	102	Pen Ass P & T s f 5s, 1974	105	Peo & Pek Un 1st 5½s, 1974	102	Peo & E 1st 4s, 1940	83	Pere Marq 1st 5s, 1956	104	Philadelphia Co 5½s, 1938	111	Philippine Ry 4s, 1937	94	Pierce-Arrow deb 8s, 1943	106	Pierce Oil s f deb 8s, 1931	103	Pitts C C & St L gtd 4½s, Ser I, 1963	93	Pitts C C & St L gtd 4½s, Ser J, 1970	93	Portland Ry, L & P 7½s, 1946, Series A	106	Portland Ry ref & ext 6s, 1942	106	Public Service Elec & Gas 5½s, 1964	110	Pub Ser Corp 6s, 1946	103	Pub Service Elec Power 6s, 1948	103	Reading Co 1st & ref 4½s, 1997, Series A	88	Remgtn Arms 1st 6s, Ser A, 1937	94	Rep Iron & Steel 5s, 1940	97	Rio Grde J 1st 5s, 1939	65	Rio Grande W 1st 4s, 1939	51	Rio Grande W con 1st 4s, 1949	51	Sharon Stl Hp s f 8s, Ser A, 1941	108	Shinyetsu El Pw 1st s f 6s, 1946	100	Sou Pac Col 4s, 1949	89	So Pac conv 4s, 1929	98½	So Pac 1st ref 4s, 1955	86	Southern Ry 4s, 1956	86	Southern Ry 4s, 1958	86	Southern Ry 4s, 1956	86	Stand Milling 5½s, 1945	100	Steel & Tube Pgen s f 7s, 1951	100	Sugar Estates of Oriente 7s, 1942	98½	Sup Oil 1st s f 7s, 1939	100	Texas & Pac 1st & ref 5s, Ser A, 1977	97	Texas & Pac 1st 5s, 2000	106	Tex & Pac Ter of N Orlns 1st 5½s, 1964	106	Third Av ref 4s, 1960	63½	Toho El Pow 7s, 1955	98	Tokio 5s, 1952	94	Tokio 5s, 1953	94	Tokio El Lt 5s, 1928	98	Tokio 5s, 1946	98	Trondhjem Pr 1st 5s, Ser G, 1952	94	Trumbull Stl s f 6s, 1940	100	Tul Trac Lt & P 5½s, 1930	100	T Ham & Buf 4s, 1945	89½	Un Oil of Cal 1st ref 5s, Ser A, 1942	94	Un Pac 1st 4s, 1947	95	Un Pac 1st 4s, 1967	95	Un Pac 1st ref 4s, 1967	95	Unigwa 5s, Pw 1st s f 7s, 1945	98	United Drug 2d pf 5s, 1941	95	Un Rubber 1st & ref 5s, 1947	84	Uruguay 6s, 1960	95	Utah Pow & Lt 5s, 1944	99	Utica Elec L & P 5½s, 1950	100	Vertientes Sug 1st s f 7s, 1942	99	Va Car Chem 1st & ref 5s, Ser A, 1947	99	Va Ry & Pow 5s, 1934	99	Wabash 1st 5s, 1939	103	2d 5s, 1939	103	Warner Sugar 1st s f 7s, 1941	98	Wash Water Pow 1st 5s, 1960	101	Westphalia El 1st s f g 6½s, 1950	100	Yokohama s f 6s, 1961	89	Youngstown Sh & Tube 5s, 1942	98

DOMESTIC BONDS.

N Y City 4s, 1957	98⅝	4½s, 1964	102	Adams Exp 4s, 1948	90⅜	Ajax Rub s f 8s, 1936	105	Alb & Susq 3½s, 1946	96⅝	Am Ag Chem 7½s, 1941	104	4s	103⅜	Am Chain s f 6s, 1933	101⅜	5s	101¼	Am Cot Oil 5s, 1931	98	Am Mach & Fdy s f 6s, 1939	104	5s	104	Am Republics gtd 6s, 1937	99	Am Smelt & Ref 1st 5s, 1947	100⅝	5s	100⅝	6s, 1947	107⅛	Am Sug Ref 6s, 1937	104½	Am Tel & Tel col tr 5s, 1946	103	4s	102⅝	5s	103	5s, 1960	103	5s	103	5s	103	5s

EXTRA DIVIDENDS BY TWO COMPANIES

Bessemer Limestone Cement and Wheeling Steel to Make Special Payments.

PAIGE-DETROIT SAVES CASH

Omits Declaration on Its Common Stock to Conserve Funds—Other Orders.

Two extra disbursements and the passage of a payment by an automobile company featured dividend announcements of yesterday. One company announced dividends for the entire year of 1927, another declared a 10 per cent. distribution, while a third declared a payment on participating preferred stock.

The Bessemer Limestone Cement Company ordered an extra dividend of $4 on the common stock in addition to the regular quarterly payments of $1.50 on common and 1¾ per cent. on preferred. The Wheeling Steel Corporation announced an extra dividend of 50 cents against accumulations as well as the quarterly distributions of $2 on the preferred A, and 75 cents against accumulations together with the regular quarterly of $2.50 on the preferred B. This leaves unpaid accumulations of 50 cents on the A and 75 cents on the B.

Four regular quarterly dividends of 50 cents each on the capital stock of the City Ice and Fuel Company were announced for 1927 by the directors.

The American Cellulose and Chemical Manufacturing Company, Ltd., declared a dividend of 5% per cent. on the 7 per cent. cumulative participating first preferred stock. This brings the total dividends paid this year to 5% per cent. Officials of the corporation yesterday estimated that earnings for the year would be approximately $1,400,000, as compared with earnings of $908,000 for the full year of 1925. The corporation manufactures artificial silk fabrics.

The directors of the Paige-Detroit Motor Company yesterday omitted the common stock dividend due at this time in order to conserve cash. The regular quarterly payment of 1¾ per cent. on the preferred stock was declared.

A dividend of 10 per cent. on capital stock was announced by the General Seating and Supply Company, Inc.

The Anglo-American Oil Company, Ltd., of London had declared an interim dividend of 7½ per cent., equal to 1s 6d, or 36½ cents, a share.

DIVIDENDS DECLARED.

Company.	Rate.	Per.	Pay.	Hldrs. of Rec.
Am Offshore & Chem.				
Pref 7% pf	1¾	Q	Dec. 31	Dec. 17
Do 7% pf	1¾	Acc	Dec. 31	Dec. 17
Allis-Chal Mfg pf	$1.75	Q	Jan. 15	Dec. 30
Anglo-Am Oil	7½%	Ins	Jan. 4	A .....
Bessemer Ls Cem	$1.50	Q	Dec. 31	Dec. 15
Do	50	Ex	Dec. 31	Dec. 8
Do pf	1¾	Q	Dec. 31	Dec. 8
Brazilian Trust, Lt & Pow pf	1¾	Q	Jan. 1	Dec. 15
City Ice & Fuel	50c	Q	Mar. 1	Feb. 15
Do	50c	Q	June 1	May 15
Do	50c	Q	Sep. 1	Aug. 15
Do	50c	Q	Dec. 1	Nov. 15
First Nat Stores	37½c	Q	Jan. 1	Dec. 15
Do 1st pf	$1.75	Q	Jan. 1	Dec. 15
Gen Gas & Supply 7.0% pf	1¾	Q	Jan. 1	Dec. 15
Ginter Co 6% pf	1½	Q	Jan. 1	Dec. 15
Kresge (S S)	30c	Q	Dec. 31	Dec. 15
Do pf	$1.75	Q	Dec. 31	Dec. 15
Liberty Baking pf	1¾	Q	Dec. 15	Dec. 10
Manufacturers Trust	$1	Q	Jan. 3	Dec. 20
Mathieson Alk Wks	$1	Q	Jan. 3	Dec. 17
Do pf	$1.75	Q	Jan. 3	Dec. 17
Nat Sugar Ref	$1.50	Q	Dec. 31	Dec. 16
Paige-Det Mot pf	$1.75	Q	Jan. 1	Dec. 15
Penn Cen L&P pf	$1.25	Q	Jan. 1	Dec. 15
Warner Quinlan	50c	Q	Jan. 1	Dec. 15
Wheeling Steel pf A	$2	Q	Jan. 1	.....
Do pf	50c	Acc	Jan. 1	.....
Do pf B	$2.50	Q	Jan. 1	.....
Do pf B	75c	Acc	Jan. 1	.....

Pan American Petroleum.

Current assets of $52,209,541 are shown in the balance sheet of the Pan American Petroleum and Transport Corporation as of June 30, 1926, against current liabilities of $17,815,669. Net working capital stood at $34,393,852. Cash and marketable investments were $16,480,061 and stocks of oil on hand totaled $15,596,937.

West Penn Earnings Increase.

Gross earnings of the West Penn Electric Company, electrical subsidiary of the American Water Works and Electric Company, Inc., were $33,706,541 in the year to Oct. 31, against $31,026,122 in the preceding period. Balance, after Class A and preferred dividends, was $2,273,776 in the 1926 period.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government, municipal and miscellaneous bonds issued in this country and in American currency values in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Argentine 6s, 1945	.....	94¾
Bergen 4s, 1945	.....	111¾
Bratislav 7½s, 1945	.....	102
Buenos Aires 6½s, 1960	.....	100¾
Carlsbad 8s, 1954	.....	102½
Christiania 5s, 1947	.....	100¾
Colombia 6½s, 1928	.....	100¾
Copenhagen Tel 5s, 1950	.....	99¾
Cuba 5s, 1944	.....	97½
Cuba 5½%	.....	100
Dominican Rep 5s, 1942	.....	102¾
Dutch E. Ind 6½s, March, 1925-1953	.....	101½
Dutch E. Ind 6½s, Nov., 1925-1953	.....	101½
Fiume 7s, 1956	.....	100¾
G. Brit. & Ireland, 1921	.....	117
German Gen Elec 7s, 1945	.....	106
Heidelberg 7½s, 1950	.....	103¾
Holland Amer 5s, 1947	.....	100¾
Jurgens (A) 6s, 1947	.....	100¾
Mexican Irrigation 4½s, 1943	.....	39
Panama 5½s, 1963	.....	103
Poulsen 5½s, 1945	.....	100¾
Queensland 5s, 1941	.....	101½
Rotterdam 6s, 1964	.....	104¾
Sweden 6s, 1939	.....	107¾
Trondhjem 6½s, 1944	.....	100¾
United E S Copenhagen 6s, 1937	.....	99¾
Uruguay 8s, 1946	.....	106¾

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT PRE-WAR LOANS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	101¾	102
2s, c, 1930	101¾	102
3s, r, 1923-47	97¾	98
3s, c, 1923-47	97¾	98
3s, r, 1946-47	97¾	98
3s, c, 1946-47	97¾	98

	Bid.	Asked.
Fan 2s, r, 1936	100¾	101¼
Fan 2s, c, 1936	100¾	101¼
Fan 4s, r, 1960	105¾	106
Fan 4s, c, 1960	105¾	106

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Abbott P &	.....	90¾
F	90	92
A & Strauss 6s	92	93
Adams Exp 1st	136½	139
Ala & Vic	116¼	116½
Alb P W Paper	26½	27
Do pf	75	80
Alb & Sus 5%	235	245
All Am C	130	148
Alleg & W	102¾	...
Allied Kid	45	47
Allied C & Dye pf	72¼	82½
Allis-Chal	123	...
Do pf	109¼	110
Amal Leath pf	105	107
Am B Note pf	56	59
Am Bk Sh & Edy	144	145¾
Am Chicle	117¼	120
Do ctfs	37	37¾
Do pr pf	86	90
Am Hide & Leath pf	50	51¼
Am Ice	127½	132
Do pf	82¾	84
Am L F P Eng pf	95½	99¾
Am Linsd pf	74	76
Am Locomotive pf	123	125
Am Mach & Fdy	71¼	72½
Do pf	122	124
Am Metal pf	113	116
Am Rad pf	132¼	...
Am Ry Ex	88	89¾
Am Repub	46	49
Am Ship & Com	5	6¾
Am S & R pf	115¾	119¾
Am Snuff	130	133
Am Snuff pf	120	123
Am T & C	234	239½
Amer Type Fds	110	120
Do pf	105	107
Am W Wk pf	101	106½
Am Wsale pf	106	106
Ann Arbor	44½	...
Do pf	69½	70
Arch D & M	38¾	40
Ark W Wk pf	107	107¾
Armour pf	.....	...
Del	94¾	94½
Artloom pf	115	116
Assd Dr 1st pf	101	102
Do 2d pf	101	102
Assd Oil	80¾	81
Atl Gulf & W I pf	40	40
Atl Refining	1164	1165
Atlas Tack	87	88
Austin Nic	56	57
Bald Loco pf x d	114¾	115¼
Balfd & Ar pf	100¼	...
Barnet Le	80¾	81¾
Do pf	97	...
Bayuk Cig 1st pf	100¾	100¾
Do 2d pf	98¾	...
Beech Nut	40	40¼
Beechnut pf	89	89¾
Do pf	114¾	...
Bethlehem Steel pf	28	45¼
Booth Fish pf	49	50
Bost & Me	39	39¼
Bot C & F 1st	116	116½
Brit & Col	16½	...
Brit Type pf	100	100
Brown Bros 1st pf	100	100
Do 2d pf	100	100
Brown Shoe pf	122¾	124
Fairbanks	30	34
Fairbanks pf	42¼	44½
Bruns-Bal-Col	39	41
Buckeye Pipe	50	...
Bucyrus pf	100	100¾
Bush Term	21	22
Bush Term pf	75	80
Bway & 53d	40¾	42
Do pf	87	90
Burns Bros	130	134½
Do pf	100	101
Do pf ctfs	100	101
Bush Term 2d	24	25
Bush Term 2d pf	75	80
Butte C & Z	4¾	5
Byers (A M) pf	104	...
Cal & Hec	19¼	19¾
Canada Dry	150	...
Canada Ss 6s	60	60¾
Case Th M pf	110	112
Cent Alloy	106¼	107
Cen Leath	8	8¼
Do ctfs	7¾	8¾
Cen Steel pf	95	97
Cen Type pf	42	45
Do 1st pf	44	54
Century Ribbon	116½	120
Chain Belt	36¼	39¾
Chal Iron Wks	82	85
Champ Fib	116½	118
Do pf	105	114¼
Karash Co	50	60
Chicago Pneu Tool	275	280
Chic Yellow Cab	60	62
Chickasha Cot Oil pf	103	104
Childs Co	76	77¼
Do pf	109	107
Do 1st pf	107	...
Do 2d pf	104	...
Chile Copper	37½	38
Chile Exploration	37	37¼
Chile Mines	16	16¼
Chrysler	46	46¼
Do pf ctfs	106	...
Chi & Alt	4¾	5
Chi & E I	31¼	...
Do pf	46	46½
Chi Pneu W	8¾	9
Chi & N W pf	123	126
Chi Pneu Tool	110	116
Chi, St P, M & O	100	...
Chi Yel C	45	45½
Chino Copp	37	37¼
City Inv	100	150
C, C, C & St L	250	280
Do pf	100	110
Clev & Pit	40	40¾
Do spec	71	...
Cluett-Pea pf	112½	117
Col F & I pf	112	...
Cent Alloy pf	106¼	107
Cen Leath pf	75	80
Cen Steel pf	95	97
Cen Type pf	42	45
Do 1st pf	44	54
Century Ribbon	116½	120
Chain Belt	36¼	39¾
Chal Iron Wks	82	85
Champ Fib	116½	118
Do pf	105	114¼
Karash Co	50	60
Chicago Pneu Tool	275	280
Chic Yellow Cab	60	62
Chickasha Cot Oil pf	103	104
Childs Co	76	77¼
Do pf	109	107
Do 1st pf	107	...
Do 2d pf	104	...
Chile Copper	37½	38
Chile Exploration	37	37¼
Chile Mines	16	16¼
Chrysler	46	46¼
Do pf ctfs	106	...
Chi & Alt	4¾	5
Chi & E I	31¼	...
Do pf	46	46½
Chi Pneu W	8¾	9
Chi & N W pf	123	126
Chi Pneu Tool	110	116
Chi, St P, M & O	100	...
Chi Yel C	45	45½
Chino Copp	37	37¼
City Inv	100	150
C, C, C & St L	250	280
Do pf	100	110
Clev & Pit	40	40¾
Do spec	71	...
Cluett-Pea pf	112½	117
Col F & I pf	112	...
Col Graphophone	7¾	8
Do 1st pf	72	77
Con Cig pf	97	102
Con Can pf	119	122½
Con Pr R pf	126	128
Crown W 1st pf	98½	99
Crex Carp	21	24
Cruc St pf	100¼	102¼
Cuba RR pf	82	90
Cub-A Sug pf	101	106½
Cush Sons 7% pf	104	109
Do 8% pf	104½	110
Deere & Co pf	106	116
Det & Mac	34	60
Do pf	55	...
Dey & Day	161	163
Douglas P	84½	85
Dul, S S & A pf	7½	8
Do pf	25	30
Dunham pf	118	118
Eagle Roll pf	101	102
Eastern Steel	116	118
Do pf	106	108
Eaton Axle	50¾	51
Edison Bl pf	103¾	104
El Boat	11	11½
El P & Lt 2d pf	80	80½
Emp Gas & Fuel pf	106¾	108
Equity Corp	1¾	1¾
Do pf	25	30
Eureka Vac	115¾	116½
Exp Ry Eq	64½	66
Kayser (J)	108¼	110
Kelly-Spg T	42	45
Do 1st pf	44	54
Kelsey Wh	116½	120
Ken-Tex (A)	96¼	99¾
Kerr Lake	80	85
Keystone (SS) pf	105	114¼
Kingsbury	76	77
Kress (SH)	375	475
Do pf	120	...
Kup's R (B)	32	40
Do pf	105	...
Lacl Gas pf	86½	...
Liggett & My	99¾	99¾
Do Cl B	98¾	99¾
Lindsay Light	42	45
Long, B L, A	43¾	44
Loose-W 1st pf	118	120
La Oil pf	83	90
Lo & Nash	130	131
McCrory pf	70	77
Do pf	100	110
McInt Por	24½	24¾
Mack Trks 1st pf	109½	112
Do 2d pf	104	108
Mack'sCos 8 deben	100¾	102
Do 1st pf	102½	106
Macy (RH)	120¾	122
Do pf	115	116
Mallinson	14	15¾
Do pf	70	75
Manati Sug	47	48
Do pf	68½	70
Manh Elev	90	94
Manh Shirt pf	115¾	120
Manila Elec	42	42
Corp	40	...
Market St Ry	5	5½
Do pf	22	28
Do 2d pf	14	19
Martin-P	20¼	21½
Math Alkali pf	101½	110
May D Sts pf	125¾	126½
Mich Cent	1600	...
Midd St Prod pf	108	110
Minn & StL	3¼	...
M, St P & S S M	83	84
Do pf	55	57
Do 1 L	56¾	63½
Mont Pwr pf	110¾	111¾
Mor & Ess	8	10
Mulino D	8½	10
Do pf	65¼	66½
Murray Bu	6¼	7
N G & St L	160	160
Nat Acme	8½	9¼
Nat Bis Pr	120¾	130
Nat Bl & Ch	68½	69
Do pf	107	108
Nat Dist P	27¾	27¾
Do pf	90¾	91
Nat Dist P pf	45	47
Nat Enam	27	28
Do pf	82	85
Nat Sugar Ref	120	125
N O T & M	121	129
N Y Con	18	19
N Y, O & W pf	78	80
N Y Dock	33	34½
Do pf	75	80
N Y & Hav	180	190
N Y & L E & W pf	104	...
N Y Steam pf	96	97
Nor Am Co	24	25
Do pf	83	84½
Nor Cent	81	82½
Nor T & H	80	...
Nunnally	15	18
Oil W S	31	32
Do pf	104¾	106
Otis El pf	107½	108
Otis St pf	67¾	68¾
Owens Bot pf	115	...
Pac Coast	50	60
Do 1st pf	70	80
Do 2d pf	35	45
P G & E	125¾	126¾
P A R	72	77
Pa C & C	12¼	14
P & P pf	100¾	...
Penney pf	100	...
Pen & M	18	20
Pere Marq pf	84	87
Do pf	86	87
Phila Co	50	55
Phila Co 6% pf	48	50
Do 5% pf	38	...
P R C & I pf	42¼	44
Phillips Jones	84	85
Do pf	78¾	...
Ph Hos pf	101¾	104¾
P, C, C & St L	85	...
P, F W & C pf	140	...
C	140	...
Pitts & W	50	...
Pitts & W pf	87	...
Pitts C & I	41	42
P & W Va	117¾	118
Pr Sti Car pf	60	64
Pub Ser N J	39¼	40
P S G & E pf	103¼	106½
P S N H pf	113¾	...
Purity Bak pf	47¾	48
Pure O 8% pf	111	112
R H Sea 1	1.80	1.70
R I Lt 6% pf	75½	76
Radio Corp pf	51	53½
Real S H	60	90
Rem T 1st pf	98	99
Rem Typ pf	111½	113¾
Rem Typ pf (1)	111¾	113¾
Rem R Rds 1st pf	76	80
Rossia Ins	79½	81
St. L. Southwest pf	76	77
Schulte pf	114¼	116¼
Seaboard A 1st pf	66	69
Seaboard A 2d pf	13½	13¾
Sher-Wms 1st pf	104½	...
Simmons Co pf	106¼	108½
Sloss-S S pf	107	109
So Porto R pf	87	90
Stu Spr pf	121	125
So Cal Ed	31¼	31¾
So Dairies B	20¾	20¾
So Rys pf	94½	94¾
Spalding 1st pf	103¾	...
Spear & Co pf	76	80¾
Spicer Mfg pf	102½	106
Stand Mill	5½	6
Do pf	80	87
Stand P Gl	4	4½
Do pf	80	48
Studebaker Co pf	118½	119¾
Sup Steel	24½	25
Sweets Co of Amer	13¾	14
Symington Co pf	123¾	13
Thompson (J R)	46¾	47
T & Wms	15	19
Twin City pf	62	66
Underwood Type pf x a	113¼	120½
United C S pf	123	125½
United Dyewood	6¾	7
Do pf	20	54
US Paperboard	17½	21
US Rys 1st	55	57
Do pf	55	62
U S Cast Ir Pipe	108½	107
U S Hoff	110¾	111¾
Corp pf	250	...
U S Pipe	9	10
U S Tob	87	...
Do pf	97	97½
Utah Copp	110	...
Vanadium Corp	39¼	40¾
Va Rwy & Pr	104	105
Vick B & Q	50	55
Do pf	85¼	...
Vulcan D	18	20
Do pf	60	65
Wash-G pf	107½	110
Wabash pf B	61	66
Ward Bak pf	106	110
Do pf	81¾	82
Wells F pf	1¾	2¾
West Pat pf	85	88¾
Wes Ele A	67	68½
Do pf	100½	101½
Wes Pwr pf	113	114
Do pf	100	101
Weston El pf	100	102
Wheel Ste pf	91¾	94½
Wh & L E 1st pf	84	88
Class A	32	32½
Wh & L E 2d pf	41	41
Class A	32	32½
Wh & L E 2d pf	81¾	85½
Willys-Over pf	91	92
Wilson & Co pf	92	93
Worthington pf A	94½	96
Wrigley (Wm Jr)	514¾	517
Yellow Pk pf	52½	53½
Y & S pf	86	100

INDUSTRIALS IN LEAD IN UNLISTED MARKET

Demand for Bank Stocks Continues and Trading Widens in Utility and Tobacco Issues.

A good demand prevailed for over-the-counter stocks yesterday, with the industrials and bank stocks again sharing the honors in activity and strength. Some interest came to hand in the utility shares, and the tobacco stocks were slightly more active and firm than they had been in several days.

International Silver, for which a strong inquiry prevailed at the previous session, took on additional strength yesterday and advanced 4 points, but gave up a small part of this gain later. Eisemann Magneto was firm at the high on the current movement, and Newport Company prior common was somewhat higher. Barnhart Brothers second preferred and Southern Baking were other active issues of this section.

Chatham & Phenix continued to show strength in the bank group, and Chemical National and Equitable Trust were also higher. National City, Chelsea Exchange, Corn Exchange and Times Square Trust improved moderately.

Among the utilities, Kentucky Securities preferred continued in good demand and was fractionally highery while the common moved up a point. Fort Smith Light & Traction preferred declined decidedly heavy late in the day. Other groups on this market preserved a front of fair strength.

NEW RULINGS ON EXCHANGES

Dates Announced for Expiration of Subscription Rights.

The Committee on Securities of the New York Stock Exchange has ruled that rights to subscribe to common stock of the International Combustion Engineering Corporation may be dealt in on the regular way basis on Dec. 6. The rights will expire on Dec. 22. It has ruled also that transactions in Corn Exchange Bank capital stock shall be ex-rights to subscribe to new stock on Dec. 15. Transactions must be settled on Dec. 28. The rights will expire on Jan. 2.

Admission to the list has been extended to Alabama & Vicksburg Railway Company permanent certificates for capital stock and Vicksburg, Shreveport & Pacific Railway Company permanent certificates for common and preferred stocks. Temporary certificates for the stocks will be stricken from the list on Dec. 10. The 7 per cent. preferred stock of the Otis Steel Company was stricken from the list yesterday.

The New York Curb Exchange has admitted to unlisted trading privileges $50,000,000 of 25-year 4½ per cent. debentures, due on Dec. 15, 1951, of the Standard Oil Company of New York. The opening sale in the bonds was at 97¾.

Brunswick-Balke-Collender.

Profit for the first ten months of 1926 of the Brunswick-Balke-Collender Company was $2,147,405, after expenses and interest, as against $139,064 in the same period last year. Sales showed an increase of about 25 per cent. After estimated Federal taxes of $340,000 a balance remained of $1,007,402.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS

QUOTATIONS FOR DECEMBER 3.

FOREIGN INTERNAL SECURITIES

Securities in subjoined table payable in currency of issuing countries:

Security.	Rate.	Issue.	Bid.	Asked.
Belg. Prov. Loan	5	1926	97	98
Belg. Restoration	5	1925	100	101
Brit Funding	5	Mar., 1919	100¾	101¾
Brit Nat W B	5	1919	100¾	101¾
Brit Nat W B	5	Oct., 1927	101¼	101¾
Brit Nat W B	5½	1929-31	104	104¾
British Consol	2½	1923	57	58
British Victory	5½	Sep., 1919	97¾	98
Denmark	4	1925	84¾	85¾
Denmark	4½	1925	146	153
French Govt.	5	1917	17	19
French Govt., Vic. L	5	Jan., 1931	22½	23¼
French Loan	5	Prem., 1920	26	27
French Nat War Loan	5	1920	25	27
Mtge. Bk.	7	1945	97	98
Norway	4½	1947-51	82¾	83¾
Norway	5	1944	97¾	98¾
Norway	6	1920-40	100	101
Paris-Orleans	6½	1926	89¼	90¼
Poland Govt.	8	1919	14¾	15¼
Prague	8	1922	14¾	15¼
Russian Rentes	4	1909	3	4
†Warsaw	8	1921	100	125

Payable in currency other than that of issuing countries:

Security.	Rate.	Issue.	Bid.	Asked.
Arg. (unlisted)	6	Sep., 1926	97	99
Arg. (resolution)	6	1925	98¾	99¾
Bolivia	8	1922	78	82
Brazil	4½	1889	61½	61¾
Brazil	4½	1883	61½	63¾
Brazil	5	1913	62½	64½
Brazil	5	1895	58	60
Brazil	5	1889	50	52
Brazil	5	1900	59¾	59¾
Brazil	5	1910	59¾	62¾
Buenos Aires 30-yr. gold bonds	6	.....	98	101
Buenos Aires 5s, 1919, £10 pieces	5	.....	84	87
Buenos Aires 5s, 1919, £100 pieces	5	.....	89	92
Canada	5	.....	100	100
Canada	5½	Nov., 1952	103¾	104¼
Central Pac. R. R. (European issue)	4	1949	69	72
C. M. & St. P.	4	1925	53¾	54¼
Chile 1st (£)	4	1911	93	93
Chinese Recog.	5	1913	40	43
Costa Rica	7	1911	110	115
Greek Govt.	7	1913	110	113
Hav pier 5%	5	1909	97	98
Hav Cattle, Brazil	5	1911	90	94
Uruguay	8	1919	100	104

*Per 100 Slotys. †Million Polish marks.

GERMAN STOCKS AND BONDS.

Bonds quoted in dollars per million pre-war marks:

	Bid.	Asked.
German Government (War Loan)	1.80	1.75
Hamburg 4½s	90	100

Bonds quoted in dollars per thousand pre-war marks:

	Bid.	Asked.
Hamburg 4s (pre-war issue)	1½	2½
Prussian (consols) 4s	1.80	1.70
Reich 5½s of 1918	75½	76
Munich 4s (pre-War)	2¼	3¼
Oest. Misc. 4½s (pre-war issue)	2½	3½
50 Mac. (£10)	1	2
50 Mac. (£100)	1	2
Hamburg-American 6½s	25	31

Stocks quoted in dollars per share having a par value in reichsmarks (gold marks, as indicated):

	Bid.	Asked.
Hamburg-American Line (20)	120	130
North German Lloyd (40)	15½	16½
Leopard Tiets (100)	28	30
A. E. G. (German El) (100)	37	39
Badische Anilin (240)	12	13¼
Daimler Bent Motor (60)	14½	15½
Hoerrhtter Was & Mas (60)	2¾	3¾
Hansa Lloyd W. (20)	3	3¾

BANKS.

	Bid.	Asked.
Berliner Handels (200)	120	130
Commerz und Privatbank (6)	26	28
Darmstadter (100)	62	64
Disconto Gesellschaft (150)	60	62
Dresdner Bank (80)	30	32
Deutsche Bank (100)	42	44
Hamburg Bankverein	31	33
Mitteldeutsche Creditbank (20)	6¾	7¾
Reichsbank (100)	37	38

AUSTRIAN.

	Bid.	Asked.
Austrian A. E. G. (2,000 kr.)	1.00	1.20
Merc'bank Vienna sh. (3,000 kr.)	.75	1.00
Rima Murany (200 kr.)	2	2¾

CANADIAN PUBLIC SECURITIES.

Payable, principal and interest in United States gold coin:

	Rate.	Maturity	Bid.	Ask.
Alberta	5½	1955	99¾	101
Alberta	5	1943	100	101
Alberta	5	1948	100	101¾
British Columbia	4½	1957	99½	100
British Columbia	5	1939	99¾	101
British Columbia	5½	1939	103½	105
British Columbia	5	1943	100¾	101¾
Calgary	5	1928	102	103
Calgary	5½	1944	100½	101½
Greater Winnipeg Wat'r	5	1929	99¾	100¾
Greater Winnipeg Wat'r	5	1952	99	100
Manitoba	5	1944	101	101
Manitoba	5	1946	112	114
Montreal	5	1930	89¼	101
Montreal	5	1943	100¼	101¼
Montreal	5	1951	101	102
New Brunswick	5	1935	101	103
New Brunswick	5	1952	101	107
Nova Scotia	5	1940	101	107
Nova Scotia	5	1952	99½	101
Ontario	4	1937	91	92
Ontario	5	1942	111¾	112¾
Ottawa	5	1951	101	102
Quebec	5	1937	100	101
Saskatchewan	5	1946	100¾	101
Saskatchewan	5	1951	100¾	101
Saskatchewan	5	1946	100¾	101
Saskatchewan	5	1951	100¾	101
Toronto	5	1947	101¾	102
Victoria	5	1946	101	102
Victoria	5	1951	101	102

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Alum Co of Am	5	Oct., 1926	100¼	100¾
Amer. Thread	6	Dec., 1926	100¼	100¾
Anaconda Copper	6	Jan., 1927	100¼	100¾
Atlantic Refining	4½	Jan., 1927	100¼	100¾
B. & O. R. R. sec.	6	July, 1926	100¼	100¾
Canada Nat Rys	7	July, 1927	107¾	108¼
Cent'l Argentine	6	Dec., 1926	100¼	100¾
Chi. R. I. & Pac.	5	July, 1926	100¼	100¾
Columbia G. & E.	5	Nov., 1926	100¼	100¾
Continental C. & E.	5	Nov., 1926	100¼	100¾
Erie RR Co. (Boston)	4½	July, 1927	100¼	100¾
General Cigar	6	Dec., 1926	100¼	100¾
Do	6	Dec., 1927	100¼	100¾
Do	6	Dec., 1928	100¼	100¾
Gen Petroleum	6	Dec., 1926	100¼	100¾

BANK CLEARINGS DROP 4.9% IN WEEK

Total Is $9,917,765,000 for 23 Cities—$10,432,330,000 Was 1925 Figure.

DECLINE HERE IS 5.4%

Seventeen Cities Show Losses, but Chicago, Cincinnati, Cleveland and Kansas City Gain.

Bank clearings this week, aggregating $9,917,765,000 for twenty-three leading cities in the United States, including New York City, declined 4.9 per cent. under the total of $10,432,330,000 reported for the week ended Dec. 3, 1925. The total at New York City was $6,173,000,000, compared with $6,528,000,000 last year, a decrease of 5.4 per cent. Cities outside of New York City reported a total of $3,744,765,000, which marks a loss of 4.1 per cent. under the total for the same week last year, which was $3,904,330,000.

Including New York City, seventeen of the twenty-three cities showed losses, the widest being at Baltimore, St. Louis, Omaha, Minneapolis, Richmond, Atlanta, Louisville, New Orleans, Dallas and San Francisco. Gains were shown at Chicago, Cincinnati, Cleveland and Kansas City.

The following table, compiled by R. G. Dun & Co., shows the figures for this week, the average daily bank clearings for December to date, and for preceding months, compared with last year:

	Dec. 2, 1926.	Dec. 3, 1925.	Per Cent.
Boston	$519,000,000	$515,000,000	+ 0.8
Philadel	610,000,000	626,000,000	— 2.6
Baltimore	91,441,000	103,889,000	—16.0
Pittsburgh	196,076,000	210,903,000	— 7.0
Buffalo	57,224,000	59,525,000	— 3.9
Chicago	737,134,000	712,124,000	+ 3.5
Detroit	168,656,000	189,600,000	—11.0
Cleveland	130,893,000	123,225,000	+ 6.2
Cincinnati	81,816,000	72,454,000	+12.6
St. Louis	146,800,000	168,800,000	—13.0
Kans. City	153,850,000	149,900,000	+ 2.6
Omaha	40,295,000	46,955,000	—14.2
Minneapolis	81,195,000	95,872,000	—15.3
Richmond	58,110,000	69,233,000	—16.1
Atlanta	53,321,000	82,066,000	—35.0
Louisville	31,743,000	36,697,000	—13.5
N. Orleans	64,401,000	75,145,000	—14.2
Dallas	57,324,000	64,323,000	—11.1
San Fran	196,300,000	225,500,000	—13.0
Los Angeles	177,417,000	175,102,000	+ 1.3
Portland	44,456,000	45,394,000	— 2.1
Seattle	47,443,000	50,428,000	— 5.9
Total	$3,744,765,000	$3,904,330,000	— 4.1
New York	6,173,000,000	6,528,000,000	— 5.4
Total all	$9,917,765,000	$10,432,330,000	— 4.9
Average daily.			
Dec. to date	$1,898,113,000	$1,954,627,000	— 2.9
November	1,537,024,000	1,668,054,000	— 7.9
October	1,548,214,000	1,575,944,000	— 1.8
3d quarter	1,435,963,000	1,422,141,000	+ 1.0
2d quarter	1,542,924,000	1,481,155,000	+ 4.2
1st quarter	1,646,342,000	1,529,843,000	+ 7.6

BIG SHRINKAGE IN NOVEMBER CLEARINGS

Heavy Decrease in Atlanta Exchanges—Lower Commodities and Cheap Cotton Factors.

Bank exchanges at the leading clearing houses of the country in November totaled $41,136,348,347, a decrease of 8.4 per cent. from the total for the preceding month and 3.9 per cent. less than the turnover in November, 1925.

In a comparison of the Federal Reserve districts with November a year ago, it was found that only four districts showed increases, all being moderate, while the Atlanta district revealed a loss of slightly less than $400,000,000, or of 31.9 per cent. This proportion of decline while an extremely large one for a single district, was probably in continuation of the shrinkage in business which followed the disaster which overtook this region some months ago, as well as to the precipitate decline in the price of cotton. At this time a year ago it was also recalled yesterday, commodity prices were slightly above those prevailing today.

In New York City exchanges aggregated $22,251,578,786, a loss of 8.5 per cent. from October and of 5.2 per cent. from November, 1925. Outside New York City clearings totaled $18,884,769,561, likewise a decrease of 8.2 per cent. from October and of 2.2 per cent. compared with November a year ago.

November clearings for the country, compiled by The Commercial and Financial Chronicle, compare as follows with those of previous months and years:

Nov. '26	$41,136,348,347	Nov. '25	$42,799,439,175
Oct.	44,905,231,270	Nov. '24	39,882,954,098
Sep.	40,166,553,832	Nov. '23	34,638,989,981
Aug.	35,149,824,930	Nov. '22	33,149,824,930
July	43,785,324,325	Nov. '21	29,405,433,851
June	44,163,009,912	Nov. '20	36,089,846,160
May	42,411,631,981	Nov. '19	29,550,216,392
Apr.	45,538,492,634	Nov. '18	25,251,480,485
Mar.	48,505,260,107	Nov. '17	27,225,955,580
Feb.	38,799,370,205	Nov. '16	26,814,813,751
Jan.	47,634,130,458	Nov. '15	19,584,936,400
Dec., '25	48,031,044,832	Nov. '14	11,060,035,483

Comparisons for last month by Federal Reserve districts with the same month a year ago follow:

	Nov., 1926.	Nov., 1925.	Ch'ge.
Boston	$2,344,253,737	$2,285,829,477	+ 2.6
New York	22,887,705,869	24,106,005,236	— 5.1
Phila	2,553,151,806	2,587,379,728	— 1.3
Cleve	1,760,919,978	1,687,396,851	+ 4.3
Richm'd	855,691,530	957,622,306	— 9.6
Atlanta	842,152,481	1,236,826,376	—31.9
Chicago	4,064,998,768	4,071,510,642	— 0.2
St. Louis	956,266,240	1,002,381,211	— 4.6
Minn.	466,708,169	453,219,483	+ 3.0
Kan. City	1,277,086,737	1,332,542,220	+ 2.6
Dallas	622,649,323	618,734,654	+ 0.6
San Fran.	2,324,782,709	2,360,180,686	— 1.0
Total	$41,136,348,347	$42,799,439,175	— 3.9
N. Y. City	22,251,578,786	23,477,178,083	— 5.2
Outside N. Y. C.	$18,884,769,561	$19,322,261,092	— 7.2

LOWER MONEY RATE AIDS TRADING ON CURB

Ease in monetary conditions as evidenced in the renewal rate of 4½ per cent. for call loans aided operations for a rise on the Curb Exchange yesterday and stocks closed generally higher. There were a few exceptions among important issues, but gains were far more impressive than losses.

Oil stocks, while again conspicuously steady, failed to exhibit the uniformity of trend shown on the preceding day, but, nevertheless several stocks in the group furnished some interesting fluctuations. All eyes were turned toward movements in Standard Oil of Ohio at the opening in view of its rise on Thursday. The stock opened unchanged at 345, jumped 5 points, then met profit taking and dropped to 335, around which level it ruled until the last fifteen minutes of trading, when a spurt brought the price up to 339 for the last quotation of the session. British American Oil continued its upward tendency and sold at a new high for the year at 77¾ for a gain of more than 2 points. Other oils were higher, with the exception of Vacuum Oil which inclined toward heaviness.

In the industrial section, Victor Talking Machine made a new high for the year, and firmness prevailed in the baking, motor and radio issues. Goodyear Tire improved as a result of the announced pool to stabilize rubber prices.

The feature of the bond department was a sharp rise at the opening in Standard Oil of New Jersey debenture 5s, new, which sold at 102¾, a record. Later they eased.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

French Franc Soars to New High for Year—Speculative Purchases Heavy.

Another bullish demonstration in the French franc in which the speculation for the rise involved frequent purchases of as much as 5,000,000 francs in a single trade continued the centre of interest in the foreign exchanges yesterday. Francs were bought up to 3.93¾ cents, a gain of 11 points overnight and highest since Dec. 1, 1925.

The buying was about evenly divided between local bankers and that for European account. Traders ascribed the fresh spurt to the latest statement of Premier Poincaré that he did not fear any economic crisis to result from the upward movement, which was generally interpreted to mean that financial and industrial conditions in France were satisfactory and that no official attempt would be made to check the rise.

Italian lire was another strong feature, moving up 6¼ points to 4.35¼ cents, highest since the close of October. The Norwegian krone was also in good demand at a gross advance of 25.53 cents, part of which was canceled on profit-taking. Other Scandinavians were firm. London, Spanish, Swiss and Holland descriptions were moderately higher. Silver currencies were higher. Brazilian milreis reacted ¾ cent to 12 3-16 cents. Mexican gold peso shot forward to 47.10 cents from 46.70 on Thursday.

FRIDAY, DEC. 3, 1926.

Range of Rates, Sight Exchange.

	High.	Low.	Thursday's Final.	Final.
LONDON	4.84⅝	4.84⅛	4.84⅜	4.84⅛
PARIS	3.93¼	3.83	3.91⅜	3.82½
BERLIN	4.25¼	4.25¼	4.25¼	4.25¼
BRUSSELS	13.90⅛	13.90¼	13.90⅛	13.90¼
COPENH'GEN	26.62	26.60	26.62	26.62
OSLO	25.53	25.45	25.45	25.36
STOCKHOLM	26.68	26.66	26.67	26.67

CLOSING RATES.

In the subjoined table the quotation on sterling represents dollars and decimals of a dollar; all others represent cents and decimals of a cent. Quotations preceded by the decimal mark indicate a price measured in fractions of a cent.

Europe.

	Fri-day.	Thurs-day.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
STERLING—Par $4.86⅔ per sovereign.				
Demand	4.84⅜	4.84⅜	4.84⅝	4.84⅞
Cables	4.85	4.84⅞	4.85⅛	4.85⅜
Com., 60 days	4.80⅜	4.80⅜	4.80⅝	4.80⅝
Com., 90 days	4.78⅛	4.78⅛	4.78⅜	4.78⅝
FRANCE—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	3.91⅝	3.82¼	3.61¼	3.88¼
Cables	3.92⅜	3.83¼	3.62	3.88⅝
ITALY—Par 19.3 cents per lira.				
Demand	4.34⅝	4.25⅜	4.23⅝	4.08¾
Cables	4.35½	4.29¼	4.24½	4.04¼
BELGIUM—Par 13.904 cents per belga.				
Demand	13.90⅛	13.90¼	13.90¼	*4.83
Cables	13.90⅜	13.92⅜	13.92⅜	*4.53½
GERMANY—Par 23.8 cents per mark.				
Demand	23.78	23.78	23.78	23.81
Cables	23.79	23.79	23.74	23.81
AUSTRIA—Par 14.07 cents per schilling.				
Demand	14.125	14.125	14.125	14.125
Cables	14.125	14.125	14.125	14.125
CZECHOSLOVAKIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	2.96	2.96	2.96	2.96¼
Cables	2.96	2.96	2.96	2.96½
DENMARK—Par 26.8 cents per krone.				
Demand	26.62	26.61	26.61	24.97
Cables	26.64	26.64	26.63	24.99
FINLAND—Par 2.5185 cents per finmark.				
Demand	2.52	2.52	2.52	2.52⅜
Cables	2.52	2.52	2.52	2.52⅛
GREECE—Par 19.3 cents per drachma.				
Demand	1.31⅝	1.31⅝	1.28⅛	1.34
Cables	1.32	1.29	1.24⅛	1.34⅛
HOLLAND—Par 40.2 cents per florin.				
Demand	39.97	39.96⅝	39.96	40.18
Cables	39.99	39.98⅝	39.98	40.20
HUNGARY—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	.00141⅝	.00141⅝	.00141⅝	.00141⅝
Cables	.00141⅝	.00141⅝	.00141⅝	.00141⅝
NORWAY—Par 26.8 cents per krone.				
Demand	25.45	25.38	25.51	20.37
Cables	25.47	25.38	25.53	20.39
POLAND—Par 19.3 cents per zloty.				
Demand	12.00	12.00	12.00	10.00
Cables	12.00	12.00	12.00	10.00
PORTUGAL—Par $1.0805 per escudo.				
Demand	5.17	5.17	5.18	5.13
Cables	5.18	5.18	5.23	5.15
RUMANIA—Par 19.3 cents per leu.				
Demand	.53⅜	.52½	.55¾	.45⅛
Cables	.53⅝	.52⅝	.55¾	.45⅝
SPAIN—Par 19.3 cents per peseta.				
Demand	15.23	15.20	15.15	14.29
Cables	15.24	15.21	15.16	14.30
SWEDEN—Par 26.8 cents per krone.				
Demand	26.67	26.67	26.67	26.73
Cables	26.69	26.69	26.69	26.75
SWITZERLAND—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	19.28⅜	19.28⅛	19.27¼	19.28
Cables	19.30⅜	19.29⅝	19.28⅜	19.29
YUGOSLAVIA—Par 19.3 cents per dinar.				
Demand	1.76⅝	1.76⅝	1.76⅝	1.77¼
Cables	1.76⅝	1.76⅝	1.76⅝	1.77¼

*Cents per franc; 1 belga being equivalent to 5 per francs

Far East.

CHINA—Cents per silver dollar for Hongkong; per tael for Shanghai and Peking.				
Hongkong—				
Demand	47.62	47.50	48.13	58.25
Cables	47.75	47.62	48.25	58.375
Peking—				
Demand	62.25	62.25	62.50	79.25
Shanghai—				
Demand	58.88	58.75	60.00	76.13
Cables	59.00	58.87	60.12	76.25
INDIA—Calcutta: Cents per rupee, nominally stabilized at one-tenth of a pound sterling.				
Demand	35.87	35.94	36.00	36.62
Cables	35.93	36.00	36.06	36.81
PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—Manila; par 50 cents per silver peso.				
Demand	49.75	49.75	49.75	49.875
Cables	49.87	49.87	49.87	50.125
JAVA—Par 40.2 cents per florin.				
Demand	40.125	40.125	40.125	40.63
JAPAN—Par 49.8 cents per yen.				
Demand	49.06	49.02	49.02	42.75
Cables	49.12	49.12	49.12	42.375
STRAITS SETTLEMENTS—Par 56.78 cents per dollar.				
Demand	56.25	56.25	56.25	57.00
Cables	56.37	56.37	56.37	57.25

South America.

ARGENTINA—Par 42.44 cents per Argentine paper dollar.				
Demand	40.68	40.62	40.68	41.50
Cables	40.81	40.75	40.81	41.62
BRAZIL—Par 32.45 cents per paper milreis.				
Demand	12.18	12.37	12.31	14.00
Cables	12.25	12.43	12.37	14.06
CHILE—Par 12.165 cents per gold peso.				
Demand	12.06	12.05	12.05	12.24
Cables	12.10	12.10	12.10	12.24
PERU—Par $4.8665 per pound.				
Demand	3.58	3.59	3.59	3.96
Cables	3.59	3.60	3.60	3.99
URUGUAY—Par $1.0342 per gold peso.				
Demand	100.12	100.12	99.75	101.62
Cables	100.37	100.37	100.00	101.87

Canada.

MONTREAL—Par 100 cents per Canadian dollar.				
Demand	100.046	100.062	100.172	100.015

Mexico.

MEXICO CITY—Par 49.85 cents per gold peso.		
Demand	47.10	46.70	46.65	48.70

Russian Currency.

Prices for pre-revolution Russian ruble notes were as follows:

Par 51.40 cents per ruble.

	Bid.	Asked.
100-ruble notes	.05	.07
500-ruble notes	.02⅝	.03¾

FOREIGN STOCK MARKETS.

London Firm—Sterling and Dollar Down at Paris.

LONDON, Dec. 3.—Gilt-edge securities were firm on the Stock Exchange today. Oils were dull and British industrials quiet. Old 2½ per cent. consols ⅛ lower, at 53⅜; British 5 per cent. war loan unchanged, at 100; 4½ per cent. war loan ⅛ higher, at 93⅝.

De Beers Mining ⅝ lower, at 16¼; Rand Mines unchanged, at 3; London, Midland & Scottish Railways Consolidated shares ¼ lower, at 72.

PARIS, Dec. 3.—Prices moved irregular on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes 15 centimes lower, at 49 francs 75 centimes; 5 per cent. war loan 75 centimes lower, at 55 francs 50 centimes.

Exchange on London 1 franc 65 centimes lower, at 124 francs 90 centimes. The American dollar was quoted at 25 francs 82 centimes, against 26 francs 8 centimes yesterday.

NEW YORK CURB EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1926.

Stocks.	Day's Sales.	Thursday.	Wednesday.	A Year Ago.	Year to Date.	1925 to Date.
Industrials and public utilities	119,250	89,580	124,885	266,095	50,870,161	55,926,488
Standard oils	38,640	38,520	37,410	99,155	11,879,967	12,740,642
Miscellaneous oils	106,405	97,070	97,600	111,480	19,575,175	20,111,020
Mining	74,060	73,830	52,720	40,650	26,449,342	26,040,322
Total stocks	338,555	298,500	312,615	517,410	108,274,545	114,818,472
Domestic bonds	$2,193,000	$1,385,000	$1,353,000	$824,000	$227,300,100	$209,684,100
Foreign bonds	641,000	699,000	565,000	460,000	70,228,000	61,916,000
Total bonds	$2,834,000	$2,084,000	$1,918,000	$1,284,000	$297,528,100	$271,600,100

INDUSTRIALS.

Range, 1926. High.	Low.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Close.	Chge.	Net
45¾	37	100	Alpha Portland Cement, new	39	39	39	+	1½
103⅜	96½	100	Aluminum Co of Amer pf (7)	103⅜	103⅜	103⅜	+	½
132⅜	108	200	American Arch Co (10)	103	103	103	+	½
142	115	300	American Cigar Company (8)	142	140	140	+	2½
22¾	16⅞	100	American Brown Boveri Elec 'founders' shares	18½	18¼	18½		
21	18½	200	Do ctfs	21	18¾	18½	—	2¼
134	134	30	American Book Co (7)	134	134	134		
47	32½	500	American Cyanamid, B (11)	33	34⅜	35		
12	3¾	200	American Electrics ctfs	4¾	4½	4¾	+	⅛
11¾	7⅞	100	Amer Hawaiian Steamship	9¾	9¾	9¾	+	⅛
455	105	75	Amer Laundry Machine (14)	108	105	108	—	9
256	220	10	American Piano Co (10)	238	238	238		
35⅝	8	300	American Rayon Products	9½	9	9	+	⅛
111	103	30	Amer Rolling Mill pf (7)	111	111	111	+	1
45¾	32½	1,100	American Seating, new (14)	43	44¾	44¾	+	⅝
45⅜	36⅞	800	Do pf (3)	45	44½	44¾	—	⅛
34	29	100	Am Writ Pap pf, ctfs, n, w	29¾	29¾	29¾	+	⅛
78	41¼	25	Auburn Automobile (15)	61	61	61	+	3
76¼	61	50	Balaban & Kats Corp ctfs (3)	64½	64½	64½		
85⅞	78⅝	400	Bancitaly (2¼)	85⅛	85⅛	85⅛	—	⅛
116	91½	200	Borden Company (15)	94¾	94¼	94¼	—	⅛
10¾	4¾	200	Bridgeport Machine	5½	5½	5½		
57¾	34⅜	700	Brill Corporation, A	46	45¾	46		
53	13	300	Do B	23½	23	23½	+	¼
31⅜	21⅝	500	Brit-Amer Tobacco coup (2½)	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	+	⅛
245½	170	50	Bucyrus Company (714)	225	225	225	—	8
30½	24	1,100	Canada Indus Alcohol (1.20)	30½	30	30¼	+	1½
75	51	50	Celluloid Company pf	68	68	68	+	2½
95	75	700	Central Aguirre Sugar (16)	93½	92¾	93		
79½	71	100	Central Leather pf, new	72½	72½	72½	+	½
21	15¾	200	Centrifugal Pipe (1)	17½	17½	17½	+	⅛
32	23¾	100	Chicago Nipple Mfg, B, ctfs	31¾	31¾	31¾	+	⅛
28½	21	700	Consolidated Laundries (12)	22	22	22		
3¼	2⅜	200	Cuneo Press, Inc	3¼	3¼	3¼	+	⅛
23⅞	15½	100	Curtiss Aero & Motors	19½	19⅜	19⅜	—	⅛
117¼	113	180	Curtis Publishing pf (7)	116	116	116	—	1
10¾	50c	4,800	De Forest Radio, v tr ctfs	5⅞	5	5¼	—	⅛
7⅝	3¾	300	Do ctfs of dep	7¾	7¾	7¾	+	⅛
25¼	10⅝	200	Dinkler Hotels	21	21	21	+	⅛
20	12	400	Doehler Die Casting	19¼	19¼	19¼	—	⅛
69	57	25	Dominion Stores (2,40)	67	67	67		
29¼	17½	200	Dunhill International	23	23	23	+	1¼
14⅜	3½	1,800	Durant Motors	8¾	7¾	7¾	+	⅛
22	8	500	Duz Company, Inc, ctfs	8¾	8	8		
44¾	24	2,600	Estey Welte Corp, A (12)	44¾	44½	44¾	+	⅛
10¾	2⅜	100	Fageol Motor	2¾	2¾	2¾		
169	124⅜	150	Fajardo Sugar (11½)	155⅛	154	155	—	2
17½	9	400	Federal Purchase, B (1)	9¾	9¾	9¾	+	⅛
10¾	3¼	100	Film Inspecting Machine	6	6	6		
103⅛	96⅛	125	Firestone Tire & Rub pf (7)	96⅝	96½	96½	+	⅛
655	315	20	Ford Motor of Canada (10)	390	390	390	—	30
80	13½	1,600	Fordan Company, A (1.60)	16	17½	16	+	½
34⅜	19	300	Fox Theatres, Class A	24¾	24	24	—	⅛
33	16	300	Franklin Manufacturing	18⅝	18½	18½	+	⅛
90	78½	25	Do pf (7)	83	83	83	+	1
9¼	5¼	100	Freed-Eisemann Radio	5½	5	5	—	⅛
37⅞	17⅞	2,000	Freshman (Charles) Company	20¼	20¼	20¼	+	⅛
8	2⅜	200	Garod Corporation	3¾	3¾	3¾	+	⅛
50½	44½	100	Gemsi Baking, A (5)	50⅝	50⅝	50⅝	+	13
17⅞	5⅜	600	Do B	6¾	6¾	6¾		
12½	5	400	Gleasonite Products (1)	11¾	11¾	11¾		
114	89	5,550	Gillette Safety Razor (14½)	95¾	95¾	95¾	+	1½
185	126	400	Electric Refrigeration (5)	181	181	181	—	1
30	27	600	Goodyear Tire & Rubber	28¾	28½	28⅝	+	⅛
85	50	200	Grand 5-10-25 Cent Stores	65	65	65	—	2
7	1½	600	Grimes (D) Radio	3¾	3¾	3¾		
109¾	106¾	60	Grief & Bro pf (7)	106¾	106¾	106¾	—	⅛
8¼	6¾	1,300	Happiness Candy, A (50c)	6¾	6¾	6¾		
510	460	10	Hartford Insurance (20)	510	504	510	+	15
36⅜	29	100	Hellman (B) Inc pf (2½)	29	29	29	—	⅛
118	109	100	Hercules Powder pf (7)	117	117	117		
26	21¾	100	Hires (C E) Co, A (2)	22	22	22		
68¾	46	100	Hood Rubber (4)	46	46	46		
61¾	57	900	Household Products	57	55	56¾	+	3½
19¾	4	200	Industrial Rayon, A	5	4¾	4¾		
369	130	300	Johns-Manville Co (3)	168	164½	164½	—	1
29¾	20½	300	Kawneer Co (2½)	29½	29½	29¾	+	⅛
20¾	16	300	Kruskal & Kruskal	16	16	16		
13	8	500	Landover Holding, A stamped	12¾	12¾	12¾	+	⅛
48¾	38¼	600	Lehigh Valley Coal ctfs (1¼)	46	45¾	45¾		
102	80	375	Lehigh Valley Coal Sales (8)	96¾	96¾	96¾	+	⅛
120	125	10	Libby-Owens-Sheet Glass (4)	125	125	125		
11	7¼	100	Libby, McNeill & Libby, new	9¼	9¼	9¼	—	1
5⅜	10c	100	Liberty Radio Chain Stores	10c	7½c	7½c	—	10c
15½	13⅜	100	Madison Square Garden ctfs	14¾	14¾	14¾		
1	32c	600	Marconi-Canada	86c	85c	85c	—	5c
2¾	87c	200	Mesabi Iron	1	1	1		1c
23	21¼	100	Midvale Company (50c)	23¾	23¾	23¾	+	⅛
35½	33½	300	Murray Body, new	33¾	33¾	33¾		
10	8¼	100	Nat Food Prod, B	9	9	9		
29½	19¾	100	Nelson (Herman) (11.20)	26	26	26		
25½	23¾	100	Neptune Meter (2)	23¾	23¾	23¾	—	⅛
11	9¾	200	Ovington Bros prior pf (.80c)	10¾	10¾	10¾	+	⅛
16¾	11	100	Pacific Steel Boiler (1)	11¾	11¾	11¾		
135	111	10	Parke Davis (¼)	135	135	135	+	5
101¾	98	260	Penney (J C), A pf (6)	101¼	101	101		
17¾	10	100	Phillip Morris ctfs	15¾	15¾	16	+	⅛
13⅜	10	100	Pick (A) Barth & Co ctfs	13	13	13		
50⅜	36	25	Pillsbury Mills	40¾	40¾	40¾	+	⅛
102⅝	99½	25	Producers & Refiners	102¼	102¼	102¼	—	⅛
51¾	34½	2,200	Rand Kardex (3)	50¾	49⅝	50¾	+	⅛
28⅜	19	300	Reo Motor (11.50)	19¾	19¾	19½	—	⅛
11⅜	3½	300	Republic Motor Truck ctfs	6¾	6¾	6¾		
9½	8⅝	300	Rickenbacker Motor	11	11	11		
22¾	6¾	14,900	Serv-el of Delaware, A	9¾	6¾	7½	—	2
58	45⅞	100	Shredded Wheat, new (3)	58	58	58		
23¾	11¼	100	Silica Gel, new ctfs	13	13	13		
16	5½	400	Sinia (Nicosa ctfs (1)	6½	6	6½		
37¾	16¼	1,100	Stutz Motor Car	18¼	17⅞	17⅞	—	⅛
119	110	100	Swift & Company (8)	117¾	117¾	117¾	+	⅛
25	14½	2,700	Swift International (2)	22	22	22	—	⅛
13¾	5¾	500	Timken Detroit Axle (165c)	13¼	12¾	12¾		
4¾	3¼	700	Tobacco Products Export	3¾	3¾	3¾		
14	6½	700	Trans-Lux D L P S A	9	8¾	8¾	—	⅛
240	153	250	Tubize Artificial, B	160	154	160		
10½	7½	200	Tung-Sol Lamp (80c)	8¾	8¾	8¾	—	⅛
101	97	100	United Artists Theatre Circuit	97	97	97	+	1¼
17¾	6¾	2,700	United Biscuit, B	17¾	17¾	17¾	+	⅛
14¾	9¾	900	United Profit Shar, new (100c)	12¾	12¾	12¾	+	⅛
42¾	29½	200	Universal Pictures	42	41¾	42	+	⅛
33	16	1,100	United States Lt & Heat, new	30¾	30	30½	+	⅛
27¾	1¾	300	Do pf (70c)	2¾	2¾	2¾		
120½	68	3,900	Victor Talking Machine	120¼	118½	119	+	4
35	8	800	Warner Bros Pictures	29¾	29¼	29⅝	—	⅛
46¾	44	100	Western Dairy Products (4)	46	46	46		
16½	13¾	100	Do B ctfs	15	15	15		
20¼	14	1,000	White Eagle Oil	21	20¾	21	+	⅛

PUBLIC UTILITIES.

108⅛	100⅛	10	Alabama Power pf (7)	108	108	108	—	⅛
110	64	11,100	Amer Gas & Elec (11)	109⅝	106	109¼	+	3½
97¼	90¼	100	Do pf (6)	97¼	97¼	97¼	+	⅛
263	193	575	Amer Light & Trac (110)	233½	230	232½	+	2½
39	21½	400	Amer Superpower B (1.20)	30	29½	30		
38¾	32½	2,500	Assoc Gas & Elec A (b10)	35¾	34¾	35¾	+	⅛
110¾	80	100	Brazil Trac & Light (5)	107	107	107		
9⅝	6	100	Brooklyn City Rd (80c)	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝		
68¾	23¼	200	Buffalo, Niag & E Pow (1)	29¾	29¼	29¼	—	⅛
101	101	1,100	Community F & L 1st pf (7)	101	101	101		
43¾	25⅝	2,400	Com'wealth Pow, new (12)	41¼	41⅜	41⅝	+	⅛
63½	52	100	Do pf (6)	92½	92½	92½	+	⅛

REPORTS U. S. LINES EARNED $1,663,000

Chairman of Shipping Board Gives Fleet's Profit From July to November.

WANTS BUYER FOR VESSELS

No Sale, However, He Says, Unless Trade Routes Are Maintained—Luncheon on Leviathan.

T. V. O'Connor, Chairman of the United States Shipping Board, was the guest of honor yesterday at a luncheon on board the Leviathan at the foot of West Forty-sixth Street, Brig. Gen. A. C. Dalton, President of the Fleet Corporation, being the host. Mr. O'Connor said the Shipping Board was anxious to place the United States Lines in the hands of a private organization, but would not do so until it had every assurance that the purchaser would not upset trade routes already established.

The luncheon was attended by exporters and importers as well as shipping men who were invited to discuss the question how American-operated ships can give a profit equal to foreign-operated ships.

Robert F. Hand of the marine department of the Standard Oil Company, when called upon to give his opinion, said:

"American ships, in their operations, are not up to the standard of foreign ships, and I do not believe American ships could be operated so as to give speed and service through Government direction."

Mr. O'Connor said that if it had not been for Government operated steamships, the merchants and manufacturers in America would now be paying heavy freight rates. He added that he was in favor of private ownership, and if any one at the luncheon could tell him the name of any one who wished to buy the United States Lines, he would be greatly indebted to him.

Mr. O'Connor also said that the five steamships of the United States fleet, with the Leviathan in the lead, had made a profit of $663,000 from July to November, 1925, and a profit of $1,663,000 from July to November, 1926. He explained that he was making the figures public in rebuttal of statements that the United States Lines were not making money and could not make money.

The Chairman of the Shipping Board went on to say that the board had no intention of giving up the United States Lines until they were assured of a proper directorate. He hoped the American merchants at the luncheon would send some of their freight on Shipping Board vessels.

General Dalton said the luncheon was the first of a series which was intended to reach the only men who can help the American merchant marine. "We can furnish the ships, the crews and the operators, but it is you alone who can furnish the freight," he said. He said that when a demand arose for steamships to move cotton and wheat to Europe quickly the Shipping Board placed 650,000 tons of shipping in commission to meet the scarcity of foreign tonnage.

Henry Heberman, President of the Export Steamship Corporation, said his company's vessels carried freight from New York to Mediterranean ports for $2.75 a ton, the same rate as for goods from New York to Newark, N. J.

HEARS MERGER PLEA OF HUDSON UTILITIES

Public Service Board Asked to Allow Union of Central and United Hudson Concerns.

A hearing on an application for permission to consolidate the Central Hudson Gas and Electric and the United Hudson Electric Corporations, along with the companies controlled by them, was held yesterday by the Public Service Commission, with William A. Prendergast, President of the commission, presiding. If permission is granted, the consolidation will include, besides the two large companies, the Dutchess Light, Heat and Power Company, the Kingston Gas and Electric Company, the Ulster Light, Heat and Power Company and the Upper Hudson Electric and Railroad Company.

It was explained that the new corporation seeks to serve the entire Central Hudson Valley, including, in whole or in part, the counties of Greene, Ulster and Albany on the west bank of the Hudson River and the counties of Columbia, Putnam and Dutchess on the east bank.

The new corporation, it was said, would be known as the Central Hudson Gas and Electric Corporation, that it would have 400,000 shares of no par value common stock and 100,000 shares of preferred stock with a par value of $100. The application also asks the commission to authorize the instant issue by the new corporation of $3,000,000 of 6 per cent. cumulative preferred stock, which would be exchanged for preferred stock of the Central Hudson Gas and Electric Company, and $3,029,950 of the same stock to be exchanged for the preferred stock of the United Hudson and Electric Corporation.

The petition also asks permission for the new corporation to issue $8,000,000 of first mortgage 6 per cent. ten-year bonds, to refund the bonded indebtedness of the companies. Thaddeus R. Beal, President of the Central Hudson Company, the only witness, told Chairman Prendergast that he expected the bonds would sell at par, but that no bank connections had been made for the refinancing. He also said that the companies operate now as a single unit and that the consolidation was sought to give legal effect to the situation and because operation under the control of one concern would eliminate duplicated overhead costs and result in greater economy of operation. There was no opposition. Decision was reserved.

ALLIED CHEMICAL IN DENIAL

Executives Say No Capital Readjustment Is Being Considered.

Executives of the Allied Chemical and Dye Corporation denied yesterday that any readjustment of the capital structure of the concern was under consideration. Rumors to this effect had been circulating for several days as a result of a rise in the stock and its exceptional activity recently.

One official of the company said that the directors would not declare a stock dividend; they would not retire the preferred stock at this time; nor were they in any way considering a stock split-up. He also emphasized that the dividend on the no par common stock, at present 4 per cent. annually, would not be increased.

First Cageless Bank to Start Business Over Counter Today

What is described as the first cageless bank in the United States and perhaps in the world will begin operations today when the Hamilton National Bank opens its University office at the southwest corner of 110th Street and Broadway. The fortress-like grills, associated for centuries with the paying and receiving of money and securities in banks, have been eliminated, and only a counter will separate the bank's employes from its customers.

The counter has two levels. The first level, 3 feet 6 inches from the floor, has a ledge to be used by depositors in counting their currency. Over the marble surface of the second level, which is a few inches higher, deposits are to be received and checks cashed. On this level is an ornamental iron railing. In the inner side of the counter is a recess, lighted by electric lamps, in which space the tellers will keep specie and papers.

The University office is the fourth to be opened in three years by the Hamilton National Bank, whose headquarters is at 130 West 42d Street. Archibald C. Emery, President of the bank, says the cageless idea was introduced to engender a spirit of friendliness between the bank and its customers.

STRUCTURAL STEEL ORDERS

Bookings Amount to 19,000 Tons in Week—More in Prospect.

Sales of structural steel in the past week approximated 19,000 tons, compared with 23,000 tons in the previous week. New inquiries call for approximately 50,000 tons.

Among the leading orders booked were 2,200 tons for a viaduct at Newark, N. J.; 2,200 tons for a municipal building in Baltimore, Md., and 1,200 tons for the Illinois Hotel in Aurora, Ill., all three orders going to the McClintock-Marshall Company, and 1,600 tons for an apartment house in New York, which went to the Easton Structural Steel Company.

Inquiries included 12,000 tons for the State Bank of Chicago, 10,000 tons for bridges of the Chesapeake & Ohio and Hocking Valley railroads; 2,500 tons for the Hotel Lincoln, New York; 1,200 tons for the New Haven Trust Company building, and 3,800 tons for an office building in Philadelphia.

Inquiries are in the market from railroad companies, and trade estimates have it that about $35,000,000 will be involved in the business. Inquiries for freight cars are: 2,500 for the Rock Island, 3,000 for the Baltimore & Ohio, 3,220 for the Missouri Pacific, 2,000 for the Norfolk & Western, 1,000 for the Lehigh Valley, 3,000 for the Atchison, 250 for the Chicago & North Western and 100 for the Atlantic Coast Line.

WOOD DEFENDS EDISON CO.

Vice President of Consolidated Gas Gives Record of Costs.

At the hearing yesterday before the Public Service Commission on a complaint filed three years ago that the rates of the New York Edison Company for electric current were too high, George E. Wood, Vice President of the Consolidated Gas Company, which owns the Edison concern, testified under questioning by Joseph P. Morrissey, an Assistant Corporation Counsel. He offered in evidence a record of the various costs of the Edison company.

Mr. Morrissey objected to the introduction of the record until he had had an opportunity to study its figures. These gave the estimated value of the Edison property as $318,800,000 and a summary of the "going value" up to Jan. 1, 1926, which was estimated at $51,867,053. The record was marked for identification.

It was learned at the hearing that the total cost to the Edison company of the hearings so far has been about $4,000,000 and that $800,000 was paid to one firm of engineers whose representatives have testified for the company. The hearing will be continued on Dec. 8.

EXETER MILLS TO RESUME.

Improvements in Plant Made During Months of Idleness.

Special to The New York Times.

MANCHESTER, N. H., Dec. 3.—The mills of the Exeter Manufacturing Company at Exeter, manufacturers of cotton cloth, will resume operations soon, the management said today. The plant has been closed several months while improvements were being made, including a bleach house, with a capacity of 21,000,000 yards of cloth annually, and a large number of automatic looms.

Business with the New Market Manufacturing Company, makers of cotton and silk materials, has shown improvement in the last two months, says the agent of the mills, which are the third largest in the State. They expect production in 1927 will exceed that of 1926.

LESS FOREIGN FINANCING.

Department of Commerce Reports Only $70,900,000 in November.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1 (F).—A check in the flow of American capital abroad was noted in November in the Commerce Department's compilations of security sales, made public today.

Foreign bonds sold in the United States had a total par value of $70,900,000, as compared with $185,885,000 in October and $145,600,000 in July.

For the year including November, issues of foreign securities floated in the United States have had a par value of $1,181,768,500.

ASSOCIATED GAS & ELECTRIC

Bankers Prefer to Offer Large Lot of Preferred Stock.

Arrangements are being completed by a group headed by Marshall Field, Glore, Ward & Co., Brown Brothers & Co. and Edward B. Smith & Co. for an offering of between 70,000 and 100,000 shares of Associated Gas and Electric Company $6.50 dividend series preferred stock.

This will be the first important public financing by Associated Gas and Electric since last Spring, when a syndicate headed by Harris, Forbes & Co. distributed $65,000,000 5½ per cent. bonds of the corporation. It is another step in the simplification of the general financial structure of the system.

COTTON PRICES LOSE QUARTER OF A CENT

Spot Interests in South and Holders of Long Contracts Join in Selling.

LIVERPOOL MARKET WEAK

Further Increase in Government Crop Estimate Is Foreshadowed.

The decline in cotton which started a week ago gained momentum when the market broke into new low ground Thursday and prices lost over a quarter of a cent under general selling yesterday. Pressure developed not only in spot quarters in the South, but from liquidation of long contracts and operations for speculative account. Selling orders predominated from the opening, carrying the list steadily lower and ending at the bottom at a net decline of 30 to 34 points. Spot quotations at Southern points were reduced 28 to 37 points, which brought middling at Montgomery to 10¾ cents and at Dallas to 10.90, 40 points below previous low levels established the latter part of October.

Liverpool proved even weaker than American markets, and foreign spot quotations were reduced over $3 a bale in twenty-four hours. This weakened contracts, and near positions abroad declined to a narrower spread with New York than has prevailed at any time this season.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Day.
Dec.	12.15	12.17	11.90	11.90-92	12.30-32
Jan.	11.99	11.99	11.67	11.68-69	12.00-00
March	12.15	12.17	11.91	11.92-93	12.24-25
May	12.40	12.41	12.12	12.12-14	12.47
July	12.60	12.60	12.35	12.36-38	12.65-67
Oct.	12.70	12.70	12.53	12.53-55	12.82

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, 30 points decline, 12.15c for middling upland; sales 250.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston 11.85c, 30 points decline, sales 960; New Orleans 11.68c, 39 points decline, sales 6,344; Savannah 11.28c, 32 points decline, sales 752; Augusta 11.10c, 37 points decline, sales 714; Memphis 12c, 25 points decline, sales 3,650; Houston 11.70c, 30 points decline, sales 5,642; Little Rock 11.35c, 50 points decline, sales 2,550; Dallas 10.80c, 20 points decline, sales 18,614.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yester-day.	7 days ago.	Last year.
Port receipts....	72,554	97,767	36,784
Exports	68,486	14,332	14,981
Exports, season	4,525,261	8,934,318	6,834,975
New York stock	102,406	92,990	40,445
Ports stocks ..	2,770,320	2,822,906	1,451,689
N. Y. arrivals....	1,259	5,248	.....

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton quiet, 17 points decline, 6.42d for middling. Sales, 5,000 bales; American, 2,000. Imports, 24,000 bales; American, 24,000. Futures opened quiet and steady, 4 to 7 points decline; closed easy, 12 to 16 points decline. Prices: December, 6.23d; January, 6.34d; March, 6.43d; May, 6.55d; July, 6.65d; October, 6.75d.

Manchester: Yarns dull and easier; cloths quiet.

BIG GAIN IN CRUDE RUBBER.

Prices Rise From 20 to 200 Points on Report of Combination.

Considerable activity and a broad range of prices featured the trading in crude rubber futures yesterday, final levels showing gains running from 20 to 200 points over Thursday, on a turnover which involved 705 contracts.

Liberal sized orders were negotiated during the session, and initial sales showed advances of 40 to 120 points. The sustained strength of the market was attributed to the news of the rubber combination formed for protective purpose of purchasing sufficient quantity of rubber to offset the restrictions imposed by the British. There was a fair share of profit-taking around the top prices, but the selling pressure was only temporary.

December old and new led the advance with gains of 200 and 120 points, respectively, while January and February closed with advantages of 110 points.

After slight irregularity in the early trading at London, a firm undertone set in and held right up to the close, with final prices revealing advances of from 1d to 1/4d.

Range of prices for the deliveries traded in on the local Exchange follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
December, new	17.20	17.00	17.10	16.90
December, old	17.70	17.60	17.70	17.50
January	17.60	17.40	17.50	17.40
February	18.00	17.80	17.90	17.80
March	18.50	18.30	18.50	18.20
April	18.60	18.50	18.60	18.40
May	18.80	18.70	18.80	18.60
June	19.00	18.90	19.00	18.80
July	19.20	19.00	19.20	19.00

Other months closed—August 19.40, September 19.30, October 19.60, November 19.80. Spots were quoted at 20.00.

*Nominal. †Bid.

Imperial Tobacco of Canada.

The Imperial Tobacco Company of Canada, Ltd., reports for the twelve months ended on Sept. 30 a net profit of $3,673,859 after charges and taxes, which is equal, after preferred dividends, to 22 cents a share, per £5, earned on 6,496,000 shares of common stock. This compared with $3,515,700 or 44 cents a share, in the preceding year.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The Guaranty Trust Company of New York has been appointed registrar for the 8% preferred and common stock allotment certificates, without par value, and for the voting trust certificates of the American, British and Continental Corporation and transfer agent for the first preferred, second preferred and common stock, all without nominal or par value, of the same company.

The National Bank of Commerce in New York has been appointed trustee for an issue of $8,300,000 Kansas Oil Company ten year 8 per cent. sinking fund gold debentures due Nov. 1, 1936.

Hallgarten & Co., J. A. Stein & Co. and Otis Colgate & Co. jointly announce that their offering of 10,000 shares of The Chile Copper Company 7% cumulative dividend preferred stock has all been sold.

Permanent bonds of the Pennsylvania Power Company first mortgage gold 5 per cent. issue, series of 1950, due July 1, 1950, with coupons of Jan. 1, 1927, and subsequent attached, sold by Bonbright & Co., Inc., Eastman, Dillon & Co. and Harper & Turner, are being exchanged at the head office of The National City Bank, trustee, for the temporary bonds outstanding.

Matthew B. Whittemore of Whittemore, McLeod & Co. has been elected Chairman of the Michigan Group of Investment Bankers' Association of America.

Outwater & Wells, 15 Exchange Place, Jersey City, are distributing a list of investment suggestions.

Curtis & Sanger are distributing their bi-weekly analysis and quotation pamphlet on New York banks, trust companies, realty, mortgage and title company stocks.

The Seaboard National Bank of the City of New York has been appointed transfer agent of the no par value preferred stock of Pennsylvania Gas and Electric Corporation.

Officers, directors and other executives of the Morris Plan Company met yesterday at New York for a one-day conference on industrial banking.

Nicol-Ford & Co., Inc., of Detroit, have opened a New York office at 115 Broadway.

The Empire Trust Company has been appointed transfer agent of the capital stock of the Western Mines, Consolidated, Inc.

The Central Union Trust Company of New York has been appointed trustee for $750,000 5 per cent. income gold debentures, due Feb. 1, 2026, of the Arlyn Corporation.

Charlton Gebauer, Vice President of G. E. Bennett & Co., Inc., is calling today on the Paris Bourse.

BRITISH RUBBER RISES ON REPORT OF POOL

Prices Close With Substantial Gain—Market Hopes Combination Will Prove Bullish.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 3.—The announcement of the new American rubber pool today had a stimulating effect upon the price of the commodity here, which closed with a substantial rise of seven-eighths of a penny to is 9¾d a pound. The fact that the new combination is expected to purchase a large quantity of rubber was the determining factor in the market here believed, or rather hoped, that apart from its preliminary purchases the combination will prove a bull factor as long as rubber stands at about its present price.

Sharp fluctuations were declared likely to be inimical to the interests of the consumers as well as to the producers, and rubber experts say one of the objectives of the new combination will be to limit the price fluctuations. In some rubber circles it was thought that the price aimed at by the new organizations might, during early activities, correspond with that for which the latest British production restriction provisions had been framed—is 9d to 9½ in the pound.

The restriction quota is now 80 per cent. The average for twenty-nine working days of the current restriction quarter is is 7.65d, and if failing the average of is 9d the quota will fall to 70 per cent. in the next quarter.

Leaders of the rubber and automotive industries responsible for the creation of the organization to make joint purchases of rubber for the purpose of stabilizing the market are perfecting their plans as rapidly as possible, but it has not been decided just when operations will commence, it was said yesterday. An announcement of the details of the project will be made in a short time, it is understood.

Reports from Washington yesterday indicated that the plan as outlined will meet with no opposition from the Department of Justice. The department has been kept informed of the plan, it is said, and the undertaking is regarded as legal in every respect. No violation of the anti-trust laws is feared by the department under the plan thus far perfected.

Cortelyou at the White House.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—George B. Cortelyou of New York, President of the Consolidated Gas Company, who held three Cabinet offices under President Roosevelt, called at the White House today and made an appointment to see President Coolidge tomorrow. Mr. Cortelyou was warmly greeted by old employes of the White House, where he served during the administrations of Presidents Cleveland, McKinley and Roosevelt.

COMMODITY PRICES.

Record Lows Reached in Cash Cotton, Coffee and Copper—Few Gains Reported.

There were a number of striking price declines in the cash trading yesterday, the movement carrying some to the lowest point touched in several years. These included spot cotton, coffee and copper. Losses were also found in rye, lard and zinc.

Yesterday's closing wholesale cash prices for commodities in the New York market, unless otherwise noted, were:

FOODSTUFFS.

	Dec. 3.	Nov. 26.	Dec. 4.
	1926.	1926.	1925.
Wheat, No. 2 red	$1.55¾	$1.53¾	$1.97
Corn, No. 2 mix. & yel.	.80¼	.80¼	1.06
Rye, No. 2 white	1.02¾	1.04¾	1.06¾
Oats, No. 3 white	.55	.52	.52¼
Flour std. spg. pat.	7.35@7.60	7.40	9.25
Coffee, No. 7	.16¾	.18	1.08¾
Sugar, granulated	.06¼	.06¼	.07
Butter, cr 92 score	.52	.52	.50
Eggs, fresh gath. ist	.52@.56	.61	.52
Lard, prime, W	12.90@13.40	12.90	14.45
Pork, mess	36.00	36.00	38.50
Beef, family	30.00@31.00	21.00	23.00

METALS.

Iron, 2X Phila	22.75	22.75	22.50
Steel billets, Pitts	35.00	35.00	35.00
Lead	6.50	6.50	6.50
Copper	13.50	13.70	14.12½
Zinc, E. St. L., daily	7.00	7.10¼	8.85
Tin	70.75	71.75	61.00

TEXTILES.

Cotton, mid upland	12.15	12.55	20.52
Hides, packer	.09¾	.09¾	.09¾
Silk, best No. 1	5.65	5.17	5.75

MISCELLANEOUS.

Rubber, spot	.22	.22	1.27
Hides, Nat Steers	.16	.16	.16
Gasoline	.21	.21	.17
Crude oil, Mid-Con.	.85		1.50
to 35.9 gravity	2.05	2.05	1.50

Range of Prices in 1926.

	Highest.		Lowest.	
Wheat	$2.05½	Jan. 2	$1.53¾	Sept. 4
Corn	1.01	Jan. 4	.83¾	May 3
Rye	1.24¾	Jan. 4	.91	May 14
Oats	.57	Jan. 4	.46	July 22
Flour	9.40	Jan. 7	7.25	Sept. 4
Coffee	.21¾	May 24	.16¾	Dec. 3
Sugar	.07	Jan. 2	.05¾	July 22
Butter	.54	Dec. 2	.37¾	July 22
Eggs	.61	Nov. 26	.36	July 22
Lard	17.75	June 8	12.90	Nov. 26
Pork	38.00	June 14	34.00	Dec. 1
Beef	23.00	Jan. 4	20.00	Oct. 27
Iron	22.50	Jan. 2	21.75	Nov. 16
Steel billets	35.00	Jan. 2	35.00	Jan. 2
Lead	6.50	Jan. 2	6.25	Sept. 16
Copper	14.50	Jan. 2	13.50	Dec. 3
Zinc	8.75	Jan. 4	8.70	Apr. 26
Cotton	21.70	Jan. 2	12.15	Dec. 3
Hides	.09¾	Jan. 2	.09¾	Dec. 3
Silk	6.97	Jan. 2	5.17	Apr. 26
Rubber	.28	Jan. 4	.22	Aug. 4
Gasoline	.25½	Oct. 26	.14½	Mar. 31
Gasoline, Mid-Con.	.85	May 24	.85	Jan. 2
Crude Oil	2.05	May 15	1.50	Jan. 2

COTTONSEED OIL.

	Sales.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	.....	.....	.....	8.00	8.25
December	100	8.00	8.00	7.96	8.31
January	400	8.05	8.03	8.00	8.36
February	.....	.....	.....	8.00	8.36
March	2,500	8.46	8.38	8.41	8.41
April	.....	.....	.....	8.45	8.50
May	4,600	8.53	8.48	8.48	8.53
June	100	8.58	8.58	8.58	8.60
July	1,000	8.70	8.49	8.49	8.57
Total	11,700				

†Settling price.

FLAXSEED.

MINNEAPOLIS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
December	2.21¾	2.19¾	2.19¾	2.21¾
May	2.25¾	2.23¾	2.23¾	2.25¾

DULUTH.

December	2.20¾	2.19¾	2.19¾	2.19
May	2.24¾	2.23¾	2.23¾	2.23½

WINNIPEG.

December	1.90	1.88½	1.88½	1.89½
May	1.93¾	1.91	1.91	1.90¾

COFFEE.

	High.	Low.	†Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	15.05	14.90	15.05	14.84	19.50
March	14.80	14.66	14.76	14.91	19.00
May	14.55	14.37	14.55	14.36	18.65
July	13.70	13.70	13.70	13.70	17.90
September	13.15	13.15	13.15	13.15	17.25

SUGAR.

	High.	Low.	†Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	1.47	1.45	1.47	1.46	2.49
January	1.44	1.42	1.43	1.43	2.47
March	1.42	1.40	1.41	1.41	2.45
May	1.42	1.40	1.41	1.40	2.43
July	1.38	1.35	1.38	1.37	2.03
September	1.35	1.33	1.35	1.34	1.80

COCOA.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
December	12.70	12.40		12.65
January	12.70	12.38	12.48	12.65
February	.....	.....	.....	12.50
March	13.55	13.35	13.35	13.50
April	12.47	12.40	12.30	12.50
May	12.65	12.50	12.55	12.60
June	12.55	12.40	12.55	12.65
July	12.70	12.50	12.55	12.65
August	.....	.....	12.70	12.80
September	12.80	12.80	12.75	12.90
October	12.75	12.60	12.70	12.90
November	.....	.....	.....	13.10

*Closing bid.

WHEAT LESS BULLISH CLOSE IS AT LOSS

Strength Shown by the December Grain Is a Feature of the Market.

ARGENTINE NEWS GOOD

Profit-Taking Is On in Corn—End of the Day Shows a Decided Decline.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 3.—A weakened technical position was disclosed in the wheat market, and while there was fair buying on resting orders and against bids, the finish was at net losses of ⅝ to 1 cent. A feature was the strength in the December, which went to 1⅞ cents under the May at one time and closed 3¼ cents under, against 3⅞ cents under on Thursday, with fairly liberal changing over into the deferred delivery. Millers are said to have been heavily long the December in all the leading American markets and their holdings have been a factor in tightening up the near-by delivery. Local sentiment was somewhat less bullish after the close.

Winnipeg was easy and ⅝ to 1¼ cents lower, while Buenos Aires lost ⅞ cent. Liverpool again made a poor response to the upturn here yesterday and gained only ⅜ to ½ pence. An easing in ocean freights was regarded as likely to further narrow the spread between that market and Chicago. Argentine news received today was favorable. There was talk of a better flour trade, and cash markets in the West gave easily, showed a firm undertone, although there was no change in premiums.

Cables late in the day said weather conditions in Argentina were favorable for the harvest and movement, and the Continent was reported as buying rather freely for deferred shipment. Some improvement was noted in the export demand, with sales of 400,000 to 500,000 bushels in all positions. The decline in futures and an easing in ocean rates was a factor. Ocean room to the Continent was quoted as low as 29 cents per hundred pounds from the seaboard.

Primary arrivals today 771,000, week ago 1,754,000, last year 1,456,000. Shipments 899,000, week ago 1,090,000, last year 1,190,000.

Profit-taking was on in corn, and with a lack of aggressive buying other than by shorts prices declined with the close at net losses of ⅝ to 3¼ cents, with December leading. Cash demand from the East remains slow and receipts of new grain are increasing, around half of the 93 cars received being from the 1926 crop.

Primary arrivals today, 372,000, week ago, 644,000; last year, 1,231,000. Shipments, 314,000; week ago, 319,000; last year, 681,000.

Chicago.

Chicago prices for the principal grains were as follows:

WHEAT.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Dec.	1.36¾	1.40¾	1.36¾	1.37¼	1.39¾	1.47¾
May	1.39¾	1.43¾	1.39¾	1.40¼	1.42¾	1.47¾
July	1.32¾	1.33¾	1.32¾	1.33¼	1.35¾	1.47¾

CORN.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Dec.	71¾	72¾	71¾	72¼	75¼	85¾
May	80¾	81¾	80¾	81¼	83¾	85¾
July	84¾	85¾	84¾	85¼	87¾	85¾

OATS.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Dec.	47¾	48	47¾	48	49¾	45¾
May	47¾	48¼	47¾	48¼	49¾	45¾
July	44¾	45¼	44¾	45¼	47	45¾

RYE.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Dec.	80¾	81¼	80¾	80¾	82¾	98¾
May	87	88	87	87¼	89¾	1.04¾
July	87¾	87¾	86¾	87¼	89¾	1.03¾

PROVISIONS.

Lard—	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Last Year.
Dec.	12.77	12.77	12.70	12.70	12.87	14.60
May	12.57	12.57	12.50	12.50	12.72	14.02
July	12.52	12.52	12.40	12.42	12.62	13.95

Minneapolis.

WHEAT.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Dec.	1.41¾	1.42¾	1.40¾	1.41¾	1.42	1.70¾
May	1.44	1.44¾	1.43¾	1.44¾	1.44¾	1.67¼

Winnipeg.

Today's Winnipeg prices for the principal grains were as follows:

WHEAT.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Dec.	1.31¾	1.34¾	1.30	1.30¾	1.31¾	1.39¾
May	1.36¾	1.38¾	1.34¾	1.35¾	1.36¾	1.58¾
July	1.34¾	1.36¼	1.34	1.35¼	1.36¾	1.58

OATS.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Dec.	53¾	53¾	53¼	53¼	53¾	50¾
May	57¾	57¾	57	57¼	57¾	50¾

CAR LOADINGS AS INDEX.

Prof. W. M. Persons Calls Them One of Best Gauges to Business.

Car loadings constitute one of the most accurate gauges available of business conditions throughout the country, according to Walter M. Persons, Professor of Economics at Harvard.

Fluctuations in total car loadings for the last eight years are practically the same as the changes in the volume of manufactures, Professor Persons declares in the current number of the Review of Economic Statistics, of which he is editor.

"Since the beginning of 1922," he states "barring a few months, both indices have been maintained near or well above normal, despite the intermediate declines that have occurred; and, finally, both have recently shown unmistakable evidence of stabilization, if not of recovery."

MEAT PRICE WAR NEAR END.

Fourfold Rivalry in Argentina to Be Settled Soon, Says Banker.

The fourfold meat price cutting war, which has been waged for more than a year by Swift & Co., Armour & Co., Wilson & Co. and a British concern, the Union Cold Storage Company, Ltd., over business in the Argentine, is almost ended, according to General Samuel McRoberts, Chairman of the board of the Chatham Phenix National Bank, bankers for the first-named concern.

"Although it was reported earlier in the week that the controversy was ended, it is not over yet," General McRoberts said. "We hope to settle the trouble finally within a short time, but until it is settled there are no statements to be given out."

LIVE STOCK AT CHICAGO.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 3.—Hog prices declined 10 to 25 cents, due to liberal arrivals, and receipts for the week in the aggregate were the largest since January. Average price for the day was off 10 cents, the low point being $11.85. The top was down a like amount with $12.05 as high. Bulk of the desirable weights sold at $11.50 to $11.90, with packing sows at $10.80 to $11. Packers bought 24,000 and shippers 11,000, with 6,000 left over. Receipts 90,000, with 50,000 estimated for tomorrow.

Quality of fat lambs offered today was better and largely responsible for a higher level of values, some sales showing 10 to 15 cents above Thursday. Best lambs sold at $13.75, with bulk of sales at $13 to $13.50. Sheep steady at $5 to $6.50. Receipts 12,000.

Few cattle were good enough to sell above $9.50, with the market showing a stronger undertone. Best yearlings brought $11.85, with $9 to $10.75 taking the bulk of the best steers. Receipts 5,000.

LIVE STOCK AND MEATS.

Reported daily by the U. S. Department of Agriculture.

JERSEY CITY AND NEW YORK.

CATTLE—Steer supply light, quality plain, demand good, 15c to 25c higher per medium steers, averaging 1,295 to 1,290 pounds, $6.25 and $8.60; common, $7.85. Cows and bulls scarce, fully steady.

CALVES—Vealer supply light, slow, mostly steady; nearby selections, $16.50; in-between grades, $14.00 to $16.00; weighty calves, 25c lower; demand poor; fat slaughtered calves, scaling around 225 pounds, $9.00.

HOGS—Scarce, 220-pound weights, $12.90; heavy sows, $10.00.

SHEEP—Lamb supply moderate; demand spotty, unevenly 15 to 40¢ lower; in-between grades off most; top, $14.50; bulk, $13.50 to $14.25; cull common, $8.50 to $11.50. Sheep steady; handyweights, $7.00; heavyweights, $6.50 to $6.50; culls, $5.00.

PRODUCE MARKETS

Dairy Products.

BUTTER—Receipts, 5,878 packages. Market held firm on the better grades of fresh fats; weather conditions a measure of stocks. Rather more doing in the lower qualities. Active trading in storage and prices higher for best grades. Pretty good movement in New England and Danish. Ladies steady. Packing stock quiet. Ornamentery, higher than extras, 1b., 54¢@55c; cartons, 55 score, 54½@55c; specials, 92 score, 53½@54c; extra, 92 score, 53½c; firsts, 44@46½c; seconds, 40@42½c; centralized cars, 90 scores, 46c; 89 score, 44½c; 88 to 87 score, 40½@42½c; unsalted, higher than extras, 50@50½c; extra, 92 score, 50c; firsts, 46@48c; seconds, 43½@44c; held creamery, high scoring, 51@51½c; extra, 50@50½c; firsts, 48@49c; seconds, 40¼@42½c; held centralized cars, 90 scores, 44@45½c; 89 scores, 43@43½c; 88 score, 42½c; 84 to 87 score, 40@42c; renovated, 39½@39¾c; ladies, current make, extras, 39@40c; firsts, 37@38c; seconds, 34½@36½c; storage packed, 92@92½ scores, current make, No. 1, 27@27½c; No. 2, 26c; lower grades, 24@25c; Danish casks, duty paid, 39@39½c; New Zealand, 39¼@39½c.

CHEESE—Receipts, 25,986 pounds. Tone firmer and trend of stocks lower. Specials, held, fancy, pound, 28½@29c; fresh, fancy specials, 25½c; fresh, fancy, 24½@25c; Wisconsin, single daisies, fresh, 25c; Young Americas, fresh, 25½@26½c; flats, fresh, 25½@25¾c.

EGGS—Receipts (Dec. 2): 14,551 cases. Market steady to firm for higher grades. Mixed Western, fresh, fine, miscellaneous lots, 60@62c; choice, mixed, 63c; extra, 64c; refrigerators, 58@59c; held eggs, as to quality, 54@59c; mediums, 54@56c; dirties, No. 1, 55@59c; No. 2 and poorer, 53@57c; checks, No. 1, 52@53c. Nearby and other near-by henneery whites, closely selected extras, 67@68c; near-by and Western, henneery whites, average extras, 65@66c; do. firsts to extra firsts, 62@64c; near-by gathered whites, firsts to extra firsts, 58@60c; near-by whites, undergrades, 45@60c; near-by whites, checks, 45@50c; near-by whites, pullets, 46@50c; near-by mixed colors, 46@50c

LATEST DEALINGS IN REAL ESTATE

$816,886,600 BONDS PAID BEFORE DUE

1926 Total Is Larger Than the Previous High Record in 1925 of $812,540,220.

$50,694,300 IN DECEMBER

Premium of 1 to 14 Points Is Set on Most of Security Issues Called for This Month.

Bonds of $816,886,600 par value were called for payment in advance of maturity in the current year. This represents a record high total and compares with $812,540,220 called in 1925, which was the previous record.

Bonds called for payment in the present month amount to $50,694,300, against $76,131,000 in November and $52,322,200 in December, 1925. A premium ranging from 1 to 14 points will be paid on most of the bonds called for payment this month.

Of the bonds called for payment in December $45,156,300 represents issues called in entirety, while $5,538,000 represents parts of issues called generally to satisfy sinking fund requirements. Among the largest issues called in entirety are: A. M. Byers Company, $4,786,000, first 6s of 1945; Cities Service Company, $1,000,000 of 8s of 1966 and $2,000,000 convertible 7s, 1966.

The following table, compiled by Dow, Jones & Co., shows the corporate bonds and notes called for payment in advance of maturity in December, with amount and called price:

Entire Issues Called:	Due.	Amount.	Price.
Am Furn Mart Bldg 6½s	1943	$4,051,000	105
A M Byers Co. 1st 6s	1945	4,786,000	103
North'n 2nd Gas & E 5½s	1927	4,500,000	100
Sou Illinois Lt & Pr 7s	1941	3,623,000	107½
Central Maine Power 7s	1941	5,000,000	107
Calumet Gas & E ref 6s	1954	2,500,000	107
165 Broadway st f 5s	1940	2,000,000	101
Miss Pow & L ref 6½s	1946	1,200,000	105
Amer Furn Mart Bldg 7s	1933	919,000	107½
York County Pow ref 5s	1943	816,000	105
Superior Foundry ser 7s	1938	620,000	105
Sou Counties G, Calif 5s	1939	617,000	102
Georgia Marble 1st 6s	1933	541,000	101½
Central Coal & Coke 6s	1950	500,000	102
Fidelity Stor & Wrhs 6s	1952	485,000	105
Sou Wisconsin Elect 5s	1936	462,100	102½
Iroquois Iron ref 6s	1941	380,000	102
Pitts District Elect 5s	1936	336,000	102½
Conn Valley Lumb M 6s	1934	300,000	102½
Geo D Roper serial 7s	1931	300,000	104
West Coast Pow A 6½s	1939	300,000	103
Hoosier Pub Util A 6s	1945	250,000	103
Wisc River Power 7s	1931	154,700	102½
Athens Ry & Elec 5s	1936	139,300	114
Frederick & Md't RR 5s	1935	126,000	105
Ironton Electric 1st 5s	1944	122,000	103
Lewis County Elec 6s	1936	120,000	100
Utah Construction 7½s	1929	100,000	100¾
Madison Square Gar 7s	1936	750,000	105
Potomac Edi 1st A 6½s	1948	3,000,000	105
Potomac E ref B 6½s	1948	2,000,000	105
Bullard Mach 7 4st 6½s	1937	1,397,000	105¼
Holeproof Hosiery cv 7s	1933	1,062,000	104
Simms Oil equip tr 7s	1931	375,000	102
Montreal Hydro-Elect 5s	1950	200,000	105
P & M Industries 6s	1929	150,000	103
Federal Water Ser 5s	1929	1,000,000	101½
Pater Parch Pap C 5½s	1927	200,000	100¼
Total		$45,156,300	

Bonds called, not entire issues:			
Cities Service cv E 8s	1966	$1,050,000	107
German UnitStlWks 6½s	1951	408,500	101
Gordon-Pagel of Del 6s	N1922	400,000	102
Producers & Refiners 8s	1931	261,000	110
Skelly Oil coll tr 7½s	1931	177,000	105
Midway Gas ref 6s	1929	150,000	100
Van Sweringen Co cit 7s	1930	100,000	101
Philadelphia Electric 5s	1941	95,500	107½
Oil Well Supply H 6s	1937	75,000	100
Chi & W Ind Ry gen 6s	1932	72,000	105
Electrical Secur ser 5 5s	1957	69,000	103
Midland Gas Coal 6s	1937	66,000	102
General Porcelain 6s	1936	30,000	100
Melbourne El Sup 7½s	1946	28,000	102½
J. I. Case Plow Wks 6s	1940	26,500	101
Catawba Power 6s	1933	24,000	105
Conn Val Lumber L 6s	1933	20,800	102½
Inca Cotton Mills 7s	1937	18,500	100
Physicians Rad Assn 6s		15,000	100
Oberfals Elec Pow 7s	1946	14,500	100
Ft Dodge, Des M & So 7s	1933	12,000	105
Pan-Am Petroleum 7s	1930	466,000	105
Cities Service cv D 7s	1966	2,000,000	102
Total		$5,538,000	

Total bonds called in Dec., 1926.....$50,694,300
Total bonds called in 12 mos. 1926.816,886,600
Total bonds called in 12 mos. 1925.812,540,220
Total bonds called in 12 mos. 1924.407,679,080
Total bonds called in 12 mos. 1923.606,161,950
Total bonds called in 12 mos. 1922.764,262,200

SCHULTE-UNITED DEAL SAID TO BE ASSURED

Retail Cigar Stores Merger Reported in Wall Street to Be Nearing Completion.

Efforts to bring about a consolidation of the United Cigar Stores Company and D. A. Schulte, Inc., the two most important factors in the retail tobacco trade, have been renewed with considerable promise of success, it was learned yesterday.

Wall Street has been hearing for some time that negotiations had been resumed. Officials of the companies have refused to discuss the report, but interests close to the Schulte organization admitted yesterday that a deal was in prospect. There is a strong probability, it was said, that the two companies, which have long been the two principal competitors in the field, will at last "get together."

Negotiations for a merger a few years ago reached a point where it seemed certain that terms would be arranged, but a hitch developed and the deal fell through. Interests identified with the companies have a number of times since then attempted to effect a merger, but in every instance their ideas as to a basis for the deal were so far apart as to make an agreement impossible. There are indications at this time, it was said yesterday, that an understanding might be reached.

D. A. Schulte, Inc., operates retail stores in most of the large cities in the Eastern, Middle Western, Southern and Southwestern sections of the country. As of Dec. 31, 1925, the company was operating 270 stores. The Schulte Retail Stores Corporation, which controls D. A. Schulte, Inc., also owns three cigar factories.

The United Cigar Stores Company, which is controlled by the Tobacco Products Corporation, operates more than 1,200 stores and more than 1,800 agencies in nearly every section of the country.

RUSSIA TO TEST TRACTORS.

Manufacturers Here to Be Invited to Exhibit Products in Spring.

United States manufacturers will be invited to participate in international tractor tests in Soviet Russia this Spring, it was announced yesterday by the Amtorg Trading Corporation, buying agency here for the Soviet Government. The chief tests will be held in the Northern Caucasus and in the Crimea.

The Soviet Union has purchased tractors and parts valued at $10,536,155 in the United States in the last two years, according to the corporation. Most of the 22,000 tractors used in Russia are of American manufacture. Last Summer the Ford, International Cleveland, Allis-Chalmers Emerson-Brantingham and Central Tractor companies exhibited products at the Tiflis Exposition. Two years ago the tractor was a novelty in Russia, but Government stores and cooperatives are said to find it difficult to cope with present demand. In the forthcoming tests, tractors will be used with plows, cultivators, harrows, seeders, mowers, reapers, threshers and other agricultural machinery.

FREDERICK BROWN SELLS THIRD AV. SITE

Operator Disposes of Another Parcel in the Schaefer Brewery Holdings.

STILL OWNS LARGE PLOT

Investor Acquires Apartment on West 17th Street—Other Manhattan Sales.

Frederick Brown has sold to the Commission Merchants' Association, S. J. Bloomingdale, President, the northwest corner of Fifty-eighth Street and Third Avenue. This is the second sale which Mr. Brown has made in the last ten days through the same brokers, the Leonard S. Gans Company, Inc., both properties being part of the original Schaefer Brewery holdings, comprising almost the entire square block bounded by Fifty-ninth and Fifty-eighth Streets, Third to Lexington Avenue. This most recent sale disposed of 972 Third Avenue and 199 East Fifty-eighth Street.

Mr. Brown has also just announced the lease of 30,000 square feet of this plot to the Roxy Theatre interests, who are erecting a $5,000,000 playhouse. The corner just sold to the Commission Merchants' Association adjoins the Roxy Theatre plot on the east, and is just south of the large plot owned by the United Cigar Stores Company, part of which is now being improved with a new building. There is a long-term lease now pending for this corner with another prominent retail store organization.

Mr. Brown still retains 142 to 180 East Fifty-ninth Street, a plot 225 by 80 feet.

William Baum sold, after an ownership of twenty-two years, 312 West Seventeenth Street, a five-story apartment house on a plot of 25 by 92 feet, adjoining the corner of Eighth Avenue. The purchaser is an investing client of the Steinberg-Hyman Company, Inc., who acted as brokers in this transaction.

Morgenthau & Blackstone, Inc., sold to clients for Harmat Realty Corporation, 152 East Ninety-second Street, for Frederick Uhlenberg, 154 East Ninety-second Street, and for John J. Mooney 156-158 East Ninety-second Street, four tenement houses on a plot 96 by 100 feet, adjoining the southeast corner of Lexington Avenue.

J. K. Moors sold for Deroldine Realty Corporation the five-story building at 313 West Sixty-second Street to a client for investment.

J. William Loe and Sam Braunstein, as brokers, sold 306 East Fifteenth Street, 22 by 128 feet, a four-and-one-half-story remodeled building, with extension, for Dr. Julius Sternberg to Dr. Nathan Berger.

Charles S. Kohler, Inc., sold for Dr. Emil A. Pascale the three-story private dwelling 81 Manhattan Avenue to a client. It was held at $30,000.

Edward P. Sobel and Abraham Sachs, operators, sold 303 West 128th Street to Philip A. Campon for personal occupancy. The property adjoins the northwest corner of Eighth Avenue and 128th Street, and was sold through Harry G. Silverstein as broker. This property is a part of a plot which these operators purchased from Marcus L. Osk.

Edward Swann sold to Harry Katz 11 West Ninth Street, 17 by 92.3 feet, a four-story and basement remodeled residence. A. W. Carmichael was the broker.

REAL ESTATE NOTES.

Auctioneers Announce Sale of Bronx Residential and Business Plots.

The City Associates, Inc., auctioneers, will hold their first Bronx auction sale at Castle Hall, 138 East 149th Street, on December 8, at 7:30 P. M. There will be more than 400 business and residential lots in Bronx and Throgs Neck offered for sale.

The purchaser of 235 East Fifty-eighth Street, recently reported sold by Maurice Wertheim, is Katherine K. Winslow.

Cora C. Murray is the buyer of the four-story and basement dwelling on a plot 22 by 100 feet at 307 West Seventy-sixth Street, recently sold by Bracher & Hubert for Benjamin Benenson.

CHAIN SYSTEMS GAIN.

F. W. Grand and Isaac Silver Report Sales Rise in November.

The first reports of chain stores sales during November and the eleven months this year were announced yesterday, when two systems showed substantial gains in business over like periods of last year.

The F. & W. Grand 5-10-25-Cent Stores, Inc., reports November sales of $954,490, as compared with $837,717 for the same month last year, or an increase of 13.9 per cent. For the eleven months period this year for sales aggregated $8,672,397, against $8,779,404 for the same period in 1925, or a gain of 27.9 per cent.

November sales of Isaac Silver & Brothers Company aggregated $479,809, against $353,391 last year, or an increase of 35.7 per cent. Those for the eleven months to Nov. 30, 1926, were $3,854,374, as compared with $3,207,952 last year, or a gain of 19.5 per cent.

LIVERPOOL'S COTTON WEEK.

British Stocks Increase Largely, Imports Higher.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 3.—Weekly cotton statistics are as follows: British stocks 1,136,000 bales, against 1,037,000 one and two weeks ago, 979,000 three weeks ago and 740,000 a year ago, of which American 757,000 bales, against 657,000 a week ago, 643,000 two weeks ago, 600,000 three weeks ago and 420,000 a year ago. Imports 167,000 bales, against 68,000 the week before, of which American 147,000, against 56,000.

Forwarded 63,000 bales, against 62,000 the preceding week, of which American 45,000, against 39,000. Exports 6,000 bales, against 5,000 the week before, of which American 2,000 bales, against 3,000. Sales 31,000 bales, against 37,000 a week ago, of which American 17,000 bales, against 23,000.

Engineers Public Service Co.

A net profit of $589,613, after expenses, taxes, interest, amortization and rentals, is shown for October by the Engineers Public Service Company and its subsidiaries. Gross revenue for the month was $2,329,186. For the twelve months ended on Oct. 31 the balance available for reserves and common dividends was $5,114,716. Gross revenue for the twelve months was $26,044,959.

Sixteen-Story Office Building For the Jewish Federation

The Federation for the Support of Jewish Philanthropic Societies, of 114 Fifth Avenue, will erect a sixteen-story office building at 67 to 71 West Forty-seventh Street. The site on which the structure is to be erected was given to the federation last Spring by Frederick Brown, the real estate operator, who signed contracts a few days ago for the purchase of the Vanderbilt mansion, Fifth Avenue and Fifty-seventh Street.

According to the architects, Buchman and Kahn, the building will cost $400,000.

The plot, which is 63.4 by 100.5 feet, is valued at about $500,000.

THE MARKET IN BROOKLYN.

Dwellings Sold Through the Multiple Listing System.

The Multiple Listing Bureau of the Brooklyn Real Estate Board reports the following sales through the Multiple Listing System: By Tuttle & Co., listing broker, in cooperation with the Bulkley & Horton Company, the three-story residence at 509 Caton Avenue, on a plot 20 by 100 feet, for Mrs. M. B. Dow to Mrs. Louise Hahl for occupancy; by the Roake-Betes Company, Inc., listing broker, in cooperation with Walsh Brothers, the three-story residence at 203 McDonough Street, on a lot 20 by 100 feet, for G. Henry Wright to a client for investment, and by Leonard N. Vaughan the three-story semi-detached residence at 394 Grand Avenue, on a lot 26 by 80 feet, for L. N. Vaughan to Lorimer Rich for occupancy.

The property at 14 Hanover Place has been leased through the office of Martin Real Estate Company for a long term of years to the Cantilever Shoe Shop, Inc., for the Fourteen Hanover Place Corporation, J. H. Freedman, President.

The six-story elevator apartment house at 75 Ocean Avenue, on a plot 110 by 170 feet, was sold by Gustave Kellner & Co., the builders, to the 75 Ocean Avenue Corporation, Edward London, President. Harry J. Halperin was the broker.

Morris Dlugasch sold to Simon Abels the two brick houses known as 5,822 and 5,824 Fourth Avenue for investment.

Mr. Dlugasch sold to the Leber & Koeppel Building Corporation a plot on the northwest corner of Empire Boulevard and Brooklyn Avenue, 140 by 100 feet. The purchasers intend to erect a six-story elevator apartment house on the site.

NEW BRONX BUILDINGS.

Builders File Commitments for New Construction to Cost $615,000.

The following plans have been filed with the Bronx Bureau of Buildings:

Walton Avenue, west side, 280.91 feet south of 164th Street, six-story brick tenement, 160.7 by 130 feet; 955 Walton Avenue Corporation, owner; Ellis, Aaronson & Heidrick, architects; cost, $400,000.

Golden Avenue, west side, 200 feet north of Morris Park Avenue, three-story brick dwelling, 21 by 62 feet; Tessie Yanghette, owner; Lucian Riscotta, architect; cost, $15,000.

St. Lawrence Avenue, west side, 200 feet south of 172d Street, one-story brick bakery and stores, 58.5 by 100 feet; Taxpayers Builders, Inc., owner; Moore & Landsiedel, architects; cost, $50,000.

Washington Avenue, east side, 80 feet south of 179th Street, six-story brick tenement and stores, 69.84 by 79.10 feet; R. L. C. Building Corporation, owner; Moore & Landsiedel, architects; cost, $150,000.

MARBLE HILL PROJECT.

Six-Story Elevator Apartment to Cost $450,000.

The newly organized Marble Hill Holding Company, Max Brenner President, represented by Samuel B. and Bernard Pollak, has acquired title to the northwest corner of Marble Hill Avenue and 228th Street, consisting of a plot of eight lots, fronting 132 feet on Marble Hill Avenue and 127 feet on 226th Street.

A six-story elevator apartment house will be erected on the site from plans drawn by Franklin B. Heindsmann, architect. It is to be one of the largest in the section and will contain suites of two to five rooms. The entire cost of the operation will total $450,000.

THE CLIFTON IN DEAL.

New Hotel Leased With Option to Buy.

The Clifton Holding Corporation, Samuel J. Saur, President, leased to Kidanzky & Levy, Inc., for 21 years with its option to buy the 16-story Clifton Apartment Hotel, under construction, at 127-133 West Seventy-ninth Street, on a plot 100 by 102 feet. Louis Canter & Co., and Ignatz M. Atlas were the brokers.

The building has 133 apartments in suites of one, two and three rooms. It will be completed Jan. 1, and is 80 per cent. rented, according to the brokers.

BIG BROOKLYN PROJECT.

$600,000 Apartment for Ocean Parkway Corner.

J. Lacov has sold for the Hertzig Corporation to Joseph and Frank Maronna a parcel on the northeast corner of Ocean Parkway and Avenue I, consisting of twelve and a half lots, taking in the 100 feet on Ocean Parkway by 250 feet on Avenue I by 100 feet on East Fifth Street.

The purchaser is a builder, and a six-story elevator apartment will be erected on the entire block at a cost of $600,000.

Mortgage Loans Placed.

Builders Bond and Mortgage Corporation made the following building loans: $37,000 to the Shapel Realty Company, Inc., for the erection of a two-story taxpayer with stores and offices at the northwest corner of Jerome Avenue and Clifford Place, Bronx; $24,000 to the Forman Construction Company for the erection of two two-family brick dwellings on 214th Street, 230 feet east of Bronxwood Avenue, and $34,800 to the G. B. & G. Realty Corporation for the erection of eight one-family dwellings at Oceanside, L. I.

SEVERAL LEASES MADE IN NEW SIXTH AV. LOFT

Garment Fashion Publishers to Locate at 37th Street—Other Commercial Leases.

The Garment Fashion Publishing Corporation leased from the 635 Sixth Avenue Corporation part of the twelfth floor of the new building at 101 West Thirty-seventh Street, northwest corner of Sixth Avenue. In the same building H. Germani, embroiderer, leased part of the sixteenth floor. Thoens & Caunlacher, Inc., were the brokers.

Completion of this new twenty-three-story loft and showroom building was announced by the owners and builders, Shroder & Koppel, the early part of last week.

Rice & Hutchins, Inc., through their agents, Cross & Brown Company, have leased a store in the Johnson Building, 1,345 Broadway, to Grusmark's, Inc. The lease is for a term of years at a rental of $16,000 per annum, indicating a rate of $1,800 a front foot or $45 a square foot. This is a new high mark for stores on Broadway between Thirty-fourth and Forty-second Streets. Derekter & Co. represented the tenant.

Frederick Fox & Co., Inc., have leased for the David W. Bilow Company, Inc., to the Marcrow Manufacturing Company the second floor at 520 Broadway; for Ray Wilner Sundelson, represented by Boliman, Vossler & Co., to Stanley Goldfarb & Co., the third floor at 373 Broadway, and for the Robert Hoe Estate Company, Inc., to A. Epstein & Co. the eleventh floor at 683-5 Broadway.

Derekter & Co., Inc., leased for the Tareyton Realty Company, Inc., the store and basement at 371 Second Avenue to M. Kaplan and the store and basement at 373 Second Avenue to Mme. Weisaman for the sale of gowns and dresses.

Brown, Wheelock: Harris, Vought & Co. have leased offices in 74 Varick Street to Lower Manhattan Industrial Association; in 51-53 West Tenth Street a studio to William J. Potter; the entire building 5 Lispenard Street to Isidor Davis and in 51-53 West Tenth Street a studio to J. H. Connaway.

White-Goodman, Inc., have leased to the New York Credit Men's Association large floor in the new Schwarzenbach-Huber Building at 462-468 Fourth Avenue for a long term of years. This is the first move of this concern in more than twenty-five years. They are now located at 320 Broadway. The same brokers also leased in the same building an floor to W. R. Beaton & Co. and space to the New England Spun Silk Company.

The Hidalgo Realty Corporation has leased the tea-room and restaurant at 28 West Fifty-first Street, known as the Amber Bell, to Harry Lee and Joseph Reeves, who will continue the business after extensive alterations.

BRONX BOROUGH SALES.

Large Elevator Apartments In Change of Ownership.

A. Ancowitz & Sons sold for S. Kaplan the six-story elevator apartment at 1,871 Walton Avenue, southwest corner of Mount Hope Place, on a plot 125 by 115 feet, arranged for sixty families, with a rental of $61,000.

The same brokers sold for the Hana Anna Realty Corporation to L. Horowitz the six-story elevator apartments at 1,340 Nelson Avenue, the southeast corner of 170th Street, on a plot 200 by 190 feet, taking up the entire square block.

Margaret A. Higgins sold a plot 100 by 118 feet on the east side of St. Paul Avenue, 200 feet north of 196th Street, to a builder who will improve with four four-family apartment houses. This is the first sale of this property in seventeen years. John Caulway was the broker.

An investing client of James Montgomery & Son purchased from Florence Gosdorfer the four-story brick building at 296 East 136th Street.

48TH ST. HOTEL LEASED.

Meister Builders Take Structure Near Broadway.

Meister Builders, Inc., leased from the D. & M. Building Corporation, Nathan Minskoff, President, the new sixteen-story hotel now under construction on Forty-eighth Street, between Broadway and Eighth Avenue.

This hotel will have 400 rooms with baths and showers and will be up to date in every detail. The total aggregate rental on the lease, which is for twenty-one years, will be approximately $3,250,000. This is another link in the chain of hotels which the Meister Builders intend to operate.

New Hotel Is Leased.

Lease has been made of the fifteen-story apartment hotel in the course of construction at 68 and 70 Park Avenue, northwest corner of Thirty-eighth Street, by the builder, the Lecadi Realty Corporation (I. Castaglia), to Samuel Goldstein. The lease is for twenty-one years from date of completion and calls for an annual rental of $90,000. The builders acquired the site last May from the late Charles A. Gould and William Fellowes Morgan. George Keister, architect, designed the structure.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Investors
Corner apartment house, 100x100, near 145th St. and Amsterdam Ave. First class condition, no vacancies; $30,000 requiredy; yields over 30 per cent net; principals only.
James E. Barry
7 East 42nd St.

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

BUILDERS' OPPORTUNITY
Desirable EAST CHESTER ROAD PLOTTAGES near PELHAM PARKWAY.
Brokers Protected.
Phone Murray Hill 3295.
Room 1001, 501 Fifth Ave.

FOR SALE OR LEASE
Building plottages adjoining Gun Hill Road, Kings College Place.
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Phone Murray Hill 3295.
Room 1001, 501 Fifth Ave.

Builder's Apartment Site
Corner Bailey Ave. and 225rd St.
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Phone Murray Hill 3295.
Room 1001, 501 Fifth Ave.

DOCTOR PURCHASES ELIZABETH PLANT

Buyer Plans to Use Nine-Acre Property for the Manufacture of Lacquer.

LONG ISLAND CITY RESALE

Bragaw Avenue Plot Figures In Third Deal Within a Month—Other Suburban Sales.

The property known as the Lufberry plant at Elizabeth, N. J., has been sold to Dr. Henry V. Walker, who plans to occupy it for the manufacture of lacquer and kindred products. The property comprises a tract of about nine acres fronting on Meadow Lane, Division and Spring Streets. It is improved with ten one and two story buildings and has a spur siding on the Central New Jersey Railroad.

It was formerly owned by John J. Stambler, President of the Broad and National Bank, and William J. Boehm. The George F. Hewson Company negotiated the transaction.

The Stanchel homestead of forty acres at Bernardsville has been sold to J. A. Krenrich, who plans to restore the old home for occupancy and to divide the land into small estates of from two to five acres. The brokers in the transaction were Frederick W. Lawrence and E. H. Stafford.

The one-family house at 17 State Street, East Orange, owned by Anne Warden, has been purchased by Henry B. Holmes. The sale was negotiated through Frank H. Taylor & Son.

Joseph G. and George F. Brown sold the vacant plot at 64 North Brighton Avenue, East Orange, owned by James Shelton, to James J. Greeley.

Bush Brothers sold the lot on Cobane Terrace, West Orange, 800 feet south of Northfield Avenue, for the Richlieu Company to Catherine C. Trimble.

The two plots, each 100 by 100 feet, forming the northeast and northwest corners of Bragaw and Anable Avenues, in the Thomson Hill section of Long Island City, have been resold for the second time in a period of one month by the Laurel Hill Estates, Inc., as brokers.

The two plots were resold for the Moderate Building Company, Inc., to the Benwit Realty Company, Inc. The properties are in a section which is undergoing extensive building improvements.

The same brokers also sold the northeast corner of Roosevelt Avenue and Sixty-third Street, a plot 64 by 81 feet, to the Pickman Holding Company, Inc. They also leased the northwest corner of Roosevelt Avenue and Sixty-third Street for a period of twenty-one years to Gross & Lemmerman, Inc., for William C. Speers. The lessees plan to erect a business building on the property.

Fred G. Randall has purchased from Charles F. Swanson seventy-eight lots in the Steinway section of Astoria, having frontages on Fifteenth and Sixteenth Avenues between Ditmars and Wolcott Avenues, including the southeast corner of Wolcott Avenue. These lots were a part of the Steinway estate and adjoin the parcel, 200 by 300 feet, recently acquired by the Catholic Church for the erection of a church, parish hall and school.

John T. Callahan sold through the Hub Realty Company the plot, 50 by 100 feet, on the west side of Twenty-fifth Street, 250 feet south of Grand Avenue, Jackson Heights, to a Manhattan realty corporation.

William A. Krahe sold for John Kammerer the three-story brick store and apartment building at 342 Grand Avenue, Long Island City, to Abraham Goldman. The associate brokers were Bernstein & Moss.

Stanley B. Kirk Company has sold the new English house of Mrs. Alma Anderson on Bell Street, Scarsdale. The purchaser is Alfred Tearle of New York City, who takes occupancy in December.

The Homeland Company sold plots in Meado-brook, Dobbs Ferry, to the following: John Walker, a plot 50 by 105 feet, fronting on Knoll Way, and Ernest Walker, a plot 50 by 117 feet, fronting on Hillidale Road.

In Homestead, Colonial Heights, Yonkers, a plot of three lots, 25 by 100 feet, fronting on Standish Avenue, was sold to James Brabant, and in Homecrest, at the Grey Oaks Station, Amelia Rogers purchased two lots, 20 by 110 feet, fronting on Harriet Place.

$600,000 Flat for Lexington Av.

According to plans filed yesterday the 133 East Sixty-fourth Street Corporation will erect an eleven-story apartment house on the northwest corner of Lexington Avenue and Sixty-fourth Street, a plot 100 by 89 feet. K. M. Murchison is the architect and estimates the cost at $600,000.

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE OR LEASE
BROADWAY plottages near 231st St. Subway.
Brokers Protected.
Phone Murray Hill 3295.
Room 1001, 501 Fifth Ave.

FOR SALE OR LEASE
BRONX TERMINAL PROPERTY, corners 149th St., Park Ave.; near proposed N. Y. C. Terminal and U. S. Post Office.
Brokers Protected.
Phone Murray Hill 3295.
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QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

$3,000 Cash buys 2½ story frame; 98th Street, Woodhaven. 10 rooms, bath, electric, steam, parquet, fruit trees, berry vines. Convenient to L. R. R., "L" and trolley. Price $14,000. Terms arranged.
REMMERS & CO. 342 LEWIS AVENUE BROOKLYN, N. Y.

BUSINESS PROPERTY—SALE OR RENT.

TO LEASE—LONG TERM
14 EAST 34TH ST.
4-STORY BUILDING, RECENTLY ALTERED. Beautiful store front; immediate possession. Will co-operate with brokers.
LEWIS J. HOFFMAN,
7 EAST 42ND ST.
TEL. MURRAY HILL 3679.

Absolutely Cheapest Rent
GRAND CENTRAL ZONE
NEW MODERN BUILDING
71-79 W. 45th St.
SMALL OR LARGE UNITS
Telephone BRYANT 9719

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A 100% Location at the Pivotal Point of the Great Penn Zone

The Greeley Square Building
525 Sixth Ave., N. W. Cor. 31st St.
Convenience Pays Dividends
Here is a building in a location which makes it EASY for your trade to reach you—and—EASY for you to reach your trade. Right at its doors are big hotels, great department stores, railroad terminals and the important transit lines.
Offices & Showrooms Ready for Occupancy
25 stories high; Fireproof; Daylight on four sides; 6 high speed passenger elevators; Highest type office building equipment.
Under the Management Supervision of
THOENS & FLAUNLACHER, INC.
AGENT
330 FIFTH AVENUE AT 33RD STREET
Penn. 3700 Brokers Fully Protected
RENTING AGENT ON PREMISES

MANUFACTURING SPACE
27th St., Cor. 9th Ave.
Units from 2,000 to 20,000 Sq. Ft.
Also other desirable locations.
Call Penn. 8181 or your Broker

Garment Center Lofts
260 W. 36th St.
Size 75x100, at less than $1 per sq. ft.
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APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Jackson Heights
with its garden surroundings
offers well planned apartments at low rentals

3 Rooms . . . $90
Large living room, bedroom with bath, fully equipped kitchen, dining bay, foyer, ample closet space throughout.

4 Rooms . . . $95
Consisting of master bedroom, large living room, large dining room, fully equipped kitchen. Some with garage and open fireplace, $120.

5 Rooms . . $135
These attractive five room suites have a sun parlor and two baths. Especially desirable at this moderate rental.

6 Rooms . . $150
Elevator apartment with two bedrooms, large living room, dining room, fully equipped kitchen, ample closet space, sunroom which overlooks beautiful landscaped garden.

7 Rooms . . $200
Elevator apartment with dining room, living room, kitchen, three master bedrooms, two master baths, one maid's room and bath. This apartment overlooks a beautiful landscaped garden, perfect cross ventilation.

Visit 14 E. 41st St. TODAY
Permanent exhibit of Garden Apartments and Homes in **Jackson Heights**
Telephone Lexington 2330 (Ground Floor)
Models ~ Floor Plans ~ Photos
THE QUEENSBORO CORP.
Take 5th Avenue Bus to JACKSON HEIGHTS OFFICE
25th St. and Polk Avenue
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BROADWAY B. M. T. OR INTERBORO SUBWAY.
Office open daily until 8:00 P. M.

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Doctor's Apartment
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3 East 85th Street
Splendid location—moderate rental
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A RESTAURANT of the First Magnitude completes the luxury of living at New York's newest and smartest apartment hotel.
A new apartment hotel with serving pantries.
2 to 7 ROOMS from $2500 up
The DRAKE
440 PARK AVE. AT 56th ST.
A RING AND RING BUILDING
Alfred C. Ray, Manager

912-5th Ave.
at 72d St.
Only one apartment left
8 rooms 4 baths
Apply Representative on Premises or
Pease & Elliman Inc.
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365 West End Ave.
(Northwest corner 77th St.)
6 Rooms, 3 Baths
All beautiful and tremendous Outside Rooms
Southern Exposure
7 Spacious Closets
Immediate Possession
Apply on Premises

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ELI HALL,
615 OCEAN AVENUE
AT ALBERMARLE ROAD
New 6-Story Elevator Apartment in the Finest Section of Flatbush
NOW READY FOR OCCUPANCY
SPLENDID HIGH CLASS
2-ROOM SUITES..... $65 UP
3-ROOM SUITES..... $90 UP
Every Modern Improvement, Including Electric Refrigeration, Cedar Closets, Etc. Apply
M. C. O'BRIEN
Managing Agent, 1,134 Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn. Tel. Buckminster 1900. Representative on Premises.

VINHAM HALL,
1,834 CATON AVENUE
NEAR OCEAN AVENUE
High Class 6-Story Elevator Apartment In The Most Exclusive Section of Flatbush
OCCUPANCY NOV. 15th
Splendid Suites of 2 & 3 Rooms
WITH EVERY MODERN IMPROVEMENT
RENTALS FROM $70 TO $135
Three Special Ground Floor Suites Available for Physicians or Dentists. Apply
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JACKSON HEIGHTS ROOSEVELT COURT
42 TO 72 42ND STREET
SPLENDID HIGH CLASS
3 Room Apartments $60 Up
4 Room Apartments $80 Up
Every modern improvement service unexcelled. Selected clientele. Apply
M. C. O'BRIEN, Inc.,
Managing Agent, 795 Nostrand Ave., B'klyn.
Or Mr. Welch, representative on premises
Phone Newtown 4616.

Mortgage Loans.

MONEY to loan on 2d mortgages; any amount; principals only. Roosevelt Mortgage Co., Clermont Building, 150-06 Jamaica Av., Jamaica. Phone Jamaica 3890.

MONEY to loan on building and permanent first mortgages; amounts $200,000 up. Clermont Mortgage Corp., 150-06 Jamaica Av., Jamaica. Phone Jamaica 3890.

WE have a surplus fund to purchase 2d mortgages for our own account; brokers fully protected. MIDWOOD TRADING, 1,861 Flatbush Av. Midwood 7840.

MORTGAGES.
BUILDING LOANS.
PHOENIX FACTORS, 302 7TH AV.

BUILDING LOANS and advances to builders. Advance Funds Corp., 1,440 Broadway.

WILL make loans on small first and second mortgages. V 685 Times Downtown.

Mortgage Loans.

READY MONEY.
For building loans and second mortgages; we buy purchase-money mortgages or lend against them; 24-hour service.
ATLAS MORTGAGE CO., INC.,
81 Chambers St. Phone Worth 6000.

Mortgage Loans Wanted.

SECOND MORTGAGE investors, communicate with us; we have large and small second mortgages and building loans applications in various sections of Greater New York and Westchester. We certainly can suit you and give you the investment you are seeking. A 986 Times Downtown.

$12,750 PURCHASE MONEY, second mortgage for sale. Liberal discount; excellent proposition. Max Hofmann, attorney, Times Building, Bryant 4110.

MONEY wanted for several first-class second mortgages. Gray-Schiff Co., 99 William St. John 4723 or 0221.

Houses and Estates.

Manhattan For Sale or Rent.

6TH AV. (near 21st St.)—4-story, 20-foot-ers rents $9,000; valuable leasehold; can purchase fee; act quick. See Ruby, J. Arthur Fischer, 600 6th Av.

21st (2d and 3d Avs.)—14 rooms, 3 story and basement; all improvements; will lease. Birch, 124 East 21st. Caledonia 8437.

37TH ST., 502 EAST—Four-story and basement 12-room house; immediate possession; price $20,000, cash $3,500. Owner, 209 East 32d.

48TH, 44 WEST—Eleven-room house, suitable store, offices, professional people, decorator; bargain rental; short lease. Bryant 0304.

70TH, WEST—For rent, 4-story and basement, good condition; immediate possession; straight lease. Inquire 38 West 71st.

114TH ST., 606 WEST—14 rooms, 2 baths; steam heat; built 75 feet deep; 100-foot lot; under $30,000; suitable for doctor, dentist, rooming, caretaker; se

Houses and Estates.

Westchester County For Sale or Rent.

NEW ROCHELLE—Beautiful new suburban homes for rent, unfurnished; 11 rooms, 3 baths; hot water heat; 2-car garage; gas, electricity; approximately one acre of ground; in exclusive park; $250 per month. George L. Speenburgh & Co., Suburban and Country Properties, 527 5th Av., New York City. Vanderbilt 7209.

PELHAM.
FIRST TIME OFFERED.
Ideally located seven-room home of brick and stucco; three bedrooms, two baths; sun porch; breakfast room; built-in garage; hot water heat; near two stations; asking $22,000. $6,000 cash. Call Murray B. Parks, 1315 Pelhamdale Av., Pelham 8430.

PELHAM'S biggest bargain; new brick home, quarter-acre plot, slate roof; eight large rooms, three colored tile baths, breakfast nook, tiled kitchen, porch; double garage, brass plumbing; price $27,000; worth $32,000. Thomas J. Good, Pelham 9500.

PELHAM—Rent, furnished or unfurnished, 9-room, 2-bath, modern house; close to railroad station; great sacrifice. Pelham 1116W; week days, Vanderbilt 7687.

PELHAM—Attractive homes, honestly valued, easily financed. KIRK, Mt. Vernon, Fairbanks 3062.

SCARSDALE—Choicest environment; beautiful English residence; 10 rooms, 3 baths; "L" shaped, affording main rooms 3 exposures; see this. Keller, Builder and Owner, 1856 Grand Concourse. Filmore Keller 6462.

SCARSDALE—English type, 7 rooms, 3 baths; must be sold this month. Call any day, 21 Wayside Lane.

WHITE PLAINS (Gedney Farm)—Nine rooms, three baths, vapor heat, open fireplace; metal weather stripping; tapestry brick and stucco; two-car garage; corner block 80x190; shade trees; $32,000; cash $6,000. White Plains 4678, Whitehall 8676.

WHITE PLAINS—Free booklet of homes for sale. Thompson & Thompson, Inc., station, Tompkins Corners.

YONKERS—Lovely 8-room private residence; all latest improvements; near railroad; convenient terms; $8,000 if sold immediately. Sparti, Nepperhan 1362 or Columbus 9254.

$200 A MONTH,
plus small cash payment.

BUYS A BEAUTIFULLY BUILT HOME,
six rooms; two baths, garage, in rigidly restricted neighborhood.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY, 45 MINUTES OUT.

Oil-burning furnace, electric refrigeration, incinerator; brass piping. Every city improvement already in and paid for.

MAISONETTES IN GROUP HOUSE.
Five rooms and bath, similarly equipped.

$150 PER MONTH with cash payment.

Telephone Caledonia 8398, or write for descriptive booklet.

KING-WALSH CORPORATION,
247 Park Av., New York.

AN IDEAL
HOME OF DISTINCTION
On a 4¼-acre hilltop; exclusive neighborhood; 18 miles from Grand Central Terminal; Dutch Colonial house, containing large living room with fireplace, unusually large dining room, enclosed sun porch, open porch, pantry, kitchen, two maids' rooms and bath on first floor; second floor, 4 unusually large main bedrooms, 2 tiled baths, spacious closets; hot-water heat; oak floors; all modern conveniences; 2-car garage; well-landscaped grounds; quantities of fruit and ornamental trees; a splendid all-year-round home which can be purchased for a fraction of its value; most reasonably priced for immediate sale.

THOMPSON & THOMPSON,
Opp. Depot, White Plains. Tel. 8300.

FOR RENT.
$150 Per Month.
Ready for occupancy; a real opportunity in a gem; 6 rooms, 2 baths; garage; excellent neighborhood; near school; living room with fireplace, dining room, hall, kitchen, open porch; second floor has 4 family bedrooms, 2 baths; third floor, maid's room and bath; steam heat, gas; all improvements; house in finest condition.
ANGELL, VAN SCHAICK & CO., INC.,
Scarsdale, N. Y. 475 Times.
Tel. Scarsdale 300.

FOR SALE.
We have a choice property of 23 acres, high elevation, with view unsurpassed, about 2 miles from the Scarsdale station; residence of 10 rooms, 4 baths; modern and in excellent condition; steam heat, electric lights, hardwood floors; large garage, with chauffeur's apartment; stable and other outbuildings; offered at $85,000.
ANGELL, VAN SCHAICK & CO., INC.,
Scarsdale, N. Y.
Tel. Scarsdale 300.

8 ROOMS, stucco, corner, 50x100; 2-car concrete garage; first mortgage $8,000; for quick sale $16,000; no brokers. Oakwood 6494.

New Jersey For Sale or Rent.
BERGEN COUNTY.

Phelps Manor—An outstanding buy; quaint 7-room Colonial located in finest section of Phelps Manor; new; although price is $12,800 this home has been officially appraised at $16,000; location is high and commands view of entire valley; close to tennis and country clubs.
Planned and erected under supervision of one of country's leading architects, it is a home that never fails to arouse admiration because of its attractive simplicity; interior arrangement shows many new improvements; vestibule hall, wide entrance hall; stairs accessible either from hall or from kitchen; large living room with fireplace, heated sun parlor, model kitchen with one-piece sink, breakfast nook, &c.; 4 large bedrooms, bathroom in tile; French doors connect master bedroom with balcony, 10x30, built over sun parlor; with an awning overhead this would be an ideal retreat during Summer months; steam heat, brass plumbing, sand finished walls; instantaneous hot-water system; 5 miles from 125th St.; 9 miles from 42d St., commuting time about 30 minutes; Cortlandt St., 50 minutes.
Price $12,800; financed for 12 years.

HALLBERG & EVERETT, Realtors,
At West Shore Railroad Depot, Bogota, N. J.
Open Sundays.

BERGEN COUNTY builder must sacrifice new homes, $1,000 cash; send for photos; $6,500-$15,500. S 452 Times.

LEONIA, N. J.—Furnished house, 7 rooms, garage; new, attractive; near train, bus and trolley. Scott, Tel. 1971.

RIDGEFIELD PARK — 6-room Craftsman house and garage; open fireplace, parquet floors, hardwood trim, glass-enclosed porch; five years old; in excellent condition; plot 90x180; all improvements; paved street; assessments paid; near station and school; 30 minutes to New York; $5.58 monthly commutation fare to either 42d or Cortlandt St.; owner going south; must sell at sacrifice. $7,250; $1,000 cash. John A. Baldwin, opposite station, Ridgefield Park, Tel. Hackensack 673.

RUTHERFORD, Bergen County, N. J.—Free picture list; houses for sale and rent. Write Van Winkle Co., Rutherford, N. J.

WRITE for free list of beautiful homes, Phelps Manor, West Englewood; $9,500 to $30,000. Hallberg & Everett, Realtors, Box 421a, N. J.

Other Sections For Sale or Rent.

FORT WEST, Fla.—Beautiful private home, furnished; garage attached; close to ocean; reference required. F. J. Conway, Pittston, Pa.

Houses and Estates Wanted.

TEN-TWENTY acres, suitable for summer home; about one hour out; must have house and shade trees; not far from station; submit detailed description and diagram; also best price and terms; owners only. Room 211, 162-16 Jamaica Av., Jamaica, Long Island.

WANTED, for clients, house between 30th and 90th Streets, west of 6th Av., preferably one containing about 20 rooms, suitable for boarding. Write details. Benjamin Margolis, 342 Madison Av.

Lots and Land.

Bronx.

LONGFELLOW AV.—14 lots, near 174th St.; will subordinate to reliable builder for apartment houses; very good renting section at 3d Ave. station, near 174th St. subway station; stores, new bank and theatre; reasonable prices; only vacant parcel in that vicinity; act quickly.
S. WALLIS. A. N. GORELICK
LIVE WIRE REALTY CO.,
1,174 Southern Boulevard, corner 174th St.
TREMONT 8547-3548.

MUST SELL AT SACRIFICE
Plot on Broadway near 238th St. station, 80x183, facing two streets; no reasonable offer rejected. Cohen, 419 6th Av. Watkins 2035.

Brooklyn.

FIVE extra deep, high lots, near Av. U and 5th Avenue subway; $5,000 each. Telephone Dongan Hills 1719.

Queens and Long Island.

DOUGLASTON, L. I.—Will sacrifice fully-proved home site, near station; restricted and surrounded by wonderful homes; fine view of Sound; only 25 minutes to Pennsylvania Station; cash required only $400; balance to suit. Write Box 301, 1,180 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

FREEPORT — 4 lots, Front St.; bargain. Fred Berger, 3,007 Bay Parkway, Brooklyn.

OWNER MUST SACRIFICE
large plot, near Huntington, 17,120 square feet, $500; $100 down, balance in five years; suitable for immediate building; running water, electricity; all assistance in building given; private bathing beach, boating, fishing; act quick. Owner, 5 Hanson Place, Brooklyn. Nevins 0714.

New York State.

We have several wonderful camp sites at very reasonable prices. Apply L. Z. Camp Site Agency, 100 East 42d St., or phone Ashland 8621.

Lots and Land Wanted.

New Jersey.

WESTFIELD, N. J.—Builder's opportunity; 9 choice lots; first street corner and adjoining; 1 mile from station; good neighborhood; improvements completed. Silvey, 7 Day St., N. Y. City. Cortlandt 7290.

Other Sections.

FOR SALE—300 acres California land, level, fertile; within 100 miles of Los Angeles; owner needs cash. R. H. Elkin, 511 Magnolia, New Smyrna, Fla.

Lots and Land Wanted.

READY TO PURCHASE PLOT.
East or West Bronx, direct from owner. Submit details; quick action assured.
LIPP, 3,240 BROADWAY. PENN. 7487.

SMALL lots wanted, unrestricted, east of Bridge Plaza; Long Island City. Write Max Pollack, 218 East 3d St.

Farms, Groves and Ranches.

Queens and Long Island for Sale or Rent.

FRANKLIN AND WHEELER AVS., Valley Stream, about one-half hour to New York by train; 8-room farmhouse, also barns, large garage or shop, many chicken houses; also piece of land for tilling; $75 per month. Inquire Michael M. Kuhn, 60 Graham Av., Brooklyn. Telephone Pulaski 1770.

Real Estate for Exchange.

FOR EXCHANGE—Want income property, preferably apartment, taxpayers or mortgages; have additional cash; I offer 90 lots in Mineola, three blocks from main highway. Paul Wickeman, 148-11 Grove St., Jamaica, N. Y.

TWO-FAMILY and store, all improvements; opposite L. I. R. R. Station, Springfield, Queens; for second mortgage lots, acreage or city property. Epstein, 975 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn. Hadingway 8688, nights.

Apartment Houses.

Manhattan-Bronx For Sale or Rent.

120TH, EAST—6-story new law, $71,2100; 30 families; bargain for quick buyer; may entertain trade for smaller. Schack & Harris, 362 East 72d. Butterfield 0902.

BRONX BARGAIN.
$20,000 down buys 5½-story new building, just completed, 107x101; 20 rooms on floor; permanent light; fully rented; no concession; good location; near subway and shopping district; rent $35,000.
A. N. GORELICK. S. WALLIS.
LIVE WIRE REALTY COMPANY,
1,174 Southern Boulevard, corner 174th St.
TREMONT 8547-3548.

CHOICE INVESTMENT—Vicinity 80th St., 3d Ave.; $16,000 cash buys 20-family house; a beauty; price $52,000. GRAND CENTRAL ZONE—45th St. between 3d and 2d; 4-story, 25x80; little cash; suitable alteration. HEIGHTS—$120,000 cash over mortgages; buys 50 ft. walkup; small layout, very beautiful building, low rents; pays 12% after amortization.
JOHN NEWTON PORTER,
156 E. 42d St. Caledonia 7670.

HARLEM—Bargain; East 123d St. 6-story new law, 32x100; rents $6,700; price $58,000, cash $7,000.
S. WEISS, 2,403 2d Av.

FOR QUICK SALE OR TRADE.
343 East 118th St., 20-family house, to be sacrificed at $5,000 above two mortgages $21,000.

TAXPAYER, 1-story, 100x100; recently completed; rent about $15,000; mortgage $78,000; for quick sale, $120,000; principals only. H. OSCAR, 1,819 Bway, Columbus 2393.

BARGAIN—$100,000 cash down; net income $35,500; best location on Washington Heights; principals only. Solon D. Cohn, 2,585 Broadway. Riverside 1126.

6-STORY new-law; cash $2,500; rent $5,500; excellent condition; good mortgages; owner needs cash. Watkins 2270.

Brooklyn-Long Island For Sale or Rent.

LONG ISLAND CITY—For sale, four-story corner brick building, near subway and L station. Very rapidly growing section; fully rented; good investment.
IDEAL LOCATION FOR DENTIST.
Cash required, $12,000. Apply to owner, Y 2172 Times Annex.

Apartment Houses Wanted.

WANTED—Apartment house, Bronx, from owner or builder for a client; will invest $90,000 cash. Y 475 Times.

WANTED to lease apartment house or store property on long term net rental.
LEO ROSENGARTEN, 1,440 BROADWAY.

Buildings and Factories.

Brooklyn-Long Island For Sale or Rent.

JAMAICA—DAYLIGHT FACTORY.
5,000 square feet; labor plentiful; reasonable rent. Apply Owner HENRY PRICE, 55 Park Av., Jamaica. Phone Republic 3721.

SMALL warehouse Boro Hall section; four independent brick walls, good for light manufacturing; combined with garage for 5 cars. Phone Henry 3810.

LARGE BUILDING for storage near Brooklyn Bridge. Apply 186 Henry St., Brooklyn.

New Jersey For Sale or Rent.

100,000 SQUARE FEET, modern brick well-constructed building, additional land, sprinkler, elevator, railroad siding, at $2 per square foot. Joseph J. Garibaldi, 85 Hudson St., Hoboken. Telephone 9500 Hoboken.

FACTORY SPACE, sites, lofts; Jersey City and vicinity. D. E. C. Somers, Realtor, 700 Bergen Av. Bergen 4933.

Lofts and Floors.

Manhattan-Bronx For Rent.

24TH, 121-123 EAST—3,000-5,000 square feet, light lofts; 12-story fireproof building, sprinkler system; minimum insurance rate. Apply Superintendent, 118 East 28th St.

45TH, 45 WEST—High-class showrooms and lofts furnished or unfurnished, including telephonic, stenographic and all other services. Modern Service Co., 4th floor.

47TH, 26 WEST (5th Av.)—Light lofts, new building, 1,000 sq. ft. Bryant 6436.

52D ST., 127-129 WEST—Loft, 35x100; fireproof. Owner, Trafalgar 1164.

WEST BROADWAY, 570-576.
Lightsome lofts, 54x26; sprinkler, live steam; two elevators; overlooking Washington Square. Joseph Parsonnet, 406-98 West Broadway.

DESIRABLE lofts, steam heat, elec. elevators; 126 Bleecker St., 25x100; 133 West 24th, 25x100; 343 West 36th, 50x94 (200 lbs. each floor). Chelsea 0215.

LOFTS, modern, light, fireproof, sprinklers; excellent service; low rents; from $100 a month. R. D. Taylor, 20 West 22d St. 6095 Gramercy.

Brooklyn-Long Island For Rent.

LONG ISLAND CITY (23 Jackson Av., at subway station)—Lofts for light manufacturing; elevator, steam, fireproof; reasonable rent. Flow, 368 Jackson Av. Stillwell 7471.

ONE-STORY NEW BRICK CORNER DAYLIGHT LOFT, 100x100, ASTORIA SECTION, LONG ISLAND CITY, ON SURFACE CAR LINE, NEAR SUBWAY; WILL SELL OR LEASE FOR TERM OF YEARS; UNRESTRICTED; SUITABLE FOR MANY USES. OWNERS, 406 HANCOCK ST., LONG ISLAND CITY, ASTORIA 4940.

ONE daylight loft, Long Island City, 47,000 square feet; light four sides; railroad siding; available at once; heavy manufacturing; 100 per cent. fireproof; immediate possession. Bander & Bender, 306 4th Av. Gramercy 8806. Seidman.

Offices.

Manhattan-Bronx For Rent.

6th Av. 246—Newly furnished offices; individual telephone, stenographer, $25 monthly.

FIFTH AV., 286 (corner 30th St.)—Desirable offices, $30 per month. Room 806 or Lackawanna 5145.

37TH AV., 305—Private offices, furnished; complete service; low rental. Suite 706.

38TH ST., 118 EAST—Offices, skylights and others; 10-story building. Superintendent.

40TH ST., 151 WEST—Desirable private office in large suites; services optional; suitable attorney, finance or realty business; possession Jan. 1. Pennsylvania 9422.

43D, 110 WEST—Suite three offices, 500 feet, large waiting room. No. 201.

44TH, 19 WEST—Attractive private office in accountant's suite; service optional. Suite 817. Vanderbilt 4940.

46TH, 6 EAST (and 46th, 45 West)—Offices and showrooms, furnished and unfurnished including telephone, stenographic and all other services; $25 per month up. Modern Service Co., 4th floor.

57TH, 57 WEST—Offices, 2 rooms, steam heat; lease until May 1, 1927; $100 per month.

BROAD ST., 50—Small, attractive office. Apply Arthur Leland, 50 Broad St.

BROADWAY, 1,201 (29th)—Private offices, elegantly furnished, $25; private desk, $10; $15; complete service; mail privilege, $5. Frown.

BROADWAY, 1,653 (51st)—Completely furnished private office, telephone service; reasonable. Room 408.

BROADWAY, 150—Desirable, private office in attorney's suite, fronting on Broadway, 10th floor. Rector 2081. Ask for Miss Karp.

BROADWAY, 1,540 (Room 902)—Loew's State Building, attractively furnished; private office; reasonable.

BROADWAY, 1,974—Furnished office, reception room, typewriter, addressograph, phones; $30. Trafalgar 7140.

BROADWAY, 1,482 (corner 40th St.)—Very desirable offices for rent. Room 1001.

FIFTH AVENUE, 362,
at 34th St.
Entire 9th floor;
4,500 square feet;
Reasonable rental.
E. B. ESTES & SONS.

MADISON AV., 171 (SUITE 1607-09)—OFFICES FOR RENT, SACRIFICE; 1,800 SQUARE FEET; BEAUTIFULLY DIVIDED; HIGH-CLASS BUILDING; MUST BE SEEN TO BE APPRECIATED.

MADISON AV., 331—Desirable suite of two private offices and large reception room for rent; sound proof partition, outside light. Apply Superintendent.

AT "BARGAIN" RENTAL.

55TH ST., 240 WEST (at Broadway)—5,400 sq. ft.; 3 upper floors, 20x80 each, with elevator and steam heat; together or separate; offices, show rooms or other legitimate business use; possession now. Apply John H. Scheer, 236 West 55th St. Phone Columbus 6660.

OFFICE—Corner room, three large windows, finely decorated; 14th floor, as you step off the passenger elevators; rent $41.66 month, including light; it's a bargain. R. D. Taylor, 20 West 22d St. 6095 Gramercy.

WILL divide small furnished suite, Times Square Section; stenographic, bookkeeping and telephone services; attractive rental; have also available space our own factory, Brooklyn. Tel. 533 Tilden.

FOR RENT—LARGE PRIVATE OFFICE WITH OR WITHOUT FURNITURE, WITH FIRM OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS; VERY DESIRABLE. 1,457 BROADWAY, SUITE 712. WISCONSIN 4772.

OFFICES
$20 month and up.
Also a few completely furnished.
236 West 55th St.,
at Broadway.

FURNISHED office, every convenience, telephone, stenographic services, phone bulletin, listings, messages taken, $25 monthly. 246 5th Av. Bruck.

IF YOU WANT AN OFFICE, ANY SECTION, SIZE OR RENTAL, APPLY 500 5TH AV., ROOM 306, TEL. PENN. 1365.

PHYSICIAN'S office, long established, in West 70s. Phone Endicott 2234 for appointment.

PRIVATE office to sublet, Grand Central Terminal; references exchanged.

Desk Room.

Manhattan-Bronx For Rent.

5TH AV., 311 (Suite 209)—Mail address; telephone messages carefully taken; use of desk; $5 monthly. Lexington 8083.

5TH AV., 246 (23)—Private desk space, telephone, stenographer, $15 monthly. Bruck.

5TH AV., 509 (near 42d St.)—Mail, telephone privileges, $3.50. Room 903.

BROADWAY (corner 54th St.)—Desk room in well furnished private office; complete service. Room 932, Marbridge Building.

MAIL, telephone privileges, use of desk, $5 monthly. 246 5th Av. Bruck.

Business Places (Miscellaneous).

All Sections For Sale or Rent.

31ST, 110 EAST—Showroom, suitable business or professional; reasonable. Apply Superintendent.

5TH, 35 EAST—Parlor floor store, size 20x80; excellent display window; brokers protected. Telephone Murray Hill 8393.

THIRD AV., 1,034—61st-62d; three front rooms suitable any profession.

NORTHEAST CORNER AMSTERDAM AV. (47th)—Three floors, nine large rooms, three baths; suitable for club, school, nurses' registry, dressmaker, &c; open for inspection.

RAILROAD SIDING, opportunity for suitable industry, south side Nassau County. Runcie Co., Inc., Port Washington, L. I.

DOCTOR will sublet beautiful 2-room suite, 269 West 72d. Apt. 1D.

Business Places Wanted.

WANTED to rent, Mott Haven section, on or near railroad, one-story brick building, approximately 50-by 75 feet; must have yard space; building to be suitable for manufacture of paint and varnish; must not be subject to Board of Health violations. Reply, giving description and rent, T 51 Times.

WANTED—18,000 to 20,000 ft., preferably one floor for light manufacturing; consider sublet; 14th to 33d, Madison to 6th Av.; possession Jan. 10. A. K., 62 Times.

Apartments Furnished—Manhattan

Apartments of Miscellaneous Rooms.

45TH ST., 325 WEST (The Whitby, "A Home in the Heart of Things.")—2, 3 and 4 rooms, kitchenette or kitchen, now leasing for immediate possession; bright, sunny apartments, beautifully furnished; rentals from $124; maid service, valet available; grill serving all meals.

45TH, 341 WEST (HILDONA COURT).
Elevator apartments, 1, 2 and 3 rooms and bath, showers, kitchen, kitchenette, all newly furnished and redecorated; $75 to $125 monthly and up. Longacre 3560.

57TH, 340 WEST (just off Broadway)—MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE; NEWLY FURNISHED; MAID, VALET SERVICE; 2 AND 3 ROOMS, $90 MONTHLY.

61ST, 10 WEST (HOTEL PASADENA), corner Broadway—Low rates on beautifully furnished modern 2, 3, 4 large room apartments; overlooking Central Park; continuous elevator, restaurant, telephone and maid service. Columbus 7127.

61ST, 10 WEST (HOTEL PASADENA), corner Broadway—Low rates on beautifully furnished modern 2, 3, 4 large room apartments; overlooking Central Park; continuous elevator, restaurant, telephone and maid service. Columbus 7127.

69TH, 19 WEST (Hotel Congress Apts.)—Beautiful 1-2-3 room, bath suites; full hotel serice; by week, month or year.

69TH, 11 WEST—Furnished three-room apartment, $150; also one-room apartment.

77TH ST., 50 WEST.

Sublease—reduced rentals.
Newly decorated—newly furnished.
1 room and bath,
2 rooms and bath,
3 rooms and bath.
FULL HOTEL SERVICE INCLUDED.
HOTEL MANHATTAN SQUARE.

77TH, 124 WEST—Gorgeous, immaculate, for two or four adults; private baths.

69TH, 14 WEST—EXCEPTIONAL 1-2-3 ROOM SUITES; WEEKLY-MONTHLY.

79TH, 307 WEST—Private party will sublease complete apartment, 3 to 6 rooms, furnished, unfurnished; references. Inquire Superintendent.

93D ST. AND MADISON AV. (Hotel Ashton)—2 and 3 room suites, $21 to $40 weekly; all outside rooms; full hotel service; close to park; convenient to all transportation. Lenox 0272.

96TH, 305 WEST (Schuyler Arms)—Two, three, four room apartments, furnished; full hotel service; kitchen and kitchenette; weekly and monthly terms. Riverside 6100.

106TH, 307 WEST—HIGH-CLASS, LUXURIOUS 1-2-3 ROOM SUITE, PRIVATE BATH, R.&S., KITCHEN; PIANO; WEEKLY OR MONTHLY.

110TH ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.
High-class elevator apartments, 1, 2 and 3 rooms, $50 monthly and up; also weekly rates; references essential. Apply 410 Cathedral Parkway, Academy 0613. Open evenings and Sundays.

116TH, 371 WEST.
Thirty complete, newly furnished decorated apartments, 1 to 4 rooms, elevator; reasonable.

151ST, 728 WEST—2-3 rooms, nicely furnished; elevator apartment. Supt. Tel. Washington Heights 1708.

Apartments Furnished—Manhattan

Apartments of Miscellaneous Rooms.

PARK AV., 706—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED 1-2-3 ROOM SUITES; $25 UP.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 240 (corner 96th St.)—Two and three rooms, furnished or unfurnished high-class service. Riverside 7686.

WASHINGTON PLACE, 79 (The Colbourne)—Suites, single rooms, with meals. Spring 6620.

WAVERLY PLACE, 103 (Hotel Earle)—Attractive 1 and 2 room suites with meals; very reasonable prices.

WE offer only personally inspected Houses, apartments, co-operatives; furnished, unfurnished; country properties.
MRS. BEDDALL AND MRS. DUHANT,
522 6th Av. at 46th. Murray Hill 3686-4329.

Apartments of One, Two Rooms.

57TH AV., 12—Magnificent one and two room suites, beautifully furnished and unfurnished; yearly lease; $115 and upward.

57TH AV. 10—3 rooms, kitchenette, bath, interestingly furnished; suitable, bachelor, $150.

28TH, 264 WEST (Franklin Terrace)—$75-$90; 5 apartments left in tucked-a-way Chelsea Garden Colony; 2 rooms, bath; heat, constant hot water, showers, wood-burning fireplaces; attractively furnished; ideal writers; maid service; lease; also artist will sublet north light studio, 3 or 4 months, $85.

31ST, 4 WEST (HOTEL WOLCOTT)—PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH, $40 TO $45 WEEKLY; DISCOUNT ON LEASES.

32D, 11 EAST (HOTEL STRATFORD, JUST EAST OF 5TH AV.)—NEWLY DECORATED, FURNISHED OUTSIDE ROOMS AND SUITES; COMPLETE HOTEL SERVICE, RESTAURANT; WEEKLY RATES, SINGLE ROOMS $17 UP; DOUBLE ROOMS $25 UP; TWO-ROOM SUITES, $35 TO $40 UP; ALL WITH PRIVATE BATH. CALEDONIA 4700.

32 ST., 34 EAST, AT MADISON AV.
GRAND UNION HOTEL.
PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH, $25 AND UP WEEKLY.
FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

34TH ST., 120 WEST (OFF BROADWAY), HERALD SQUARE HOTEL.
ROOM AND PRIVATE BATH, $18 WEEKLY.
ROOM AND RUNNING WATER, $12 WEEKLY.
FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

34TH, 138 EAST—2 rooms, beautifully furnished; bath, kitchenette, wood-burning fireplaces

Apartments—Bronx

Unfurnished.

Continued From Preceding Page.

ANDREWS AV., S.815 AND S.831 (near Fordham Road)—4-room apartment, with all latest improvements, rental from $67-$90. Inquire Supt.

BRIGGS AV., S.650 (corner 203d and Mosholu Park South)—3-room apartment, all improvements, $55-$60. Inquire Supt.

BRONX PARK SOUTH, 900 (East 182d)—2 extra large rooms on 5th floor, facing park; high-class elevator house; also 7 rooms, ground floor, suitable doctor; rent reasonable. Apply Supt.

BRONX PARK SOUTH, 968—2, 3, 4 beautiful rooms, facing park. Inquire Supt.

CLAY AV., 1,383 TO 1,389 (at 170th St., east of Concourse). Five unusually large rooms and bath; built-in garage; two-family house.

ELDER AV., 1,309 (near Elder Av. subway station)—5 rooms and bath, steam heat, hot-water supply; newly decorated. Apply janitor.

KNOX PLACE, S.455 (one block west of Mosholu Parkway subway station)—New building; gorgeous 5-room apartment; reasonable rent.

KOSSUTH AV., S.216 (corner 208th, 1 block from Mosholu Park subway station)—4-room apartment, top floor, rental $75. Inquire Supt.

1,385 NELSON AV. S. OF BOSCOBEL AV. Storage van load, $6 per month; moving, packing, shipping; moderate. Schuyler 2392.

SHIPPING—Automobile, Los Angeles, want another car. Pool car rates. Murray Hill 9445.

Furnished Rooms—East Side.

3D AV., 1,100—Furnished room for 2, with board.

10TH, 20 EAST—Large room, really attractive, cretonne lamps, grill, two girls; $16; also girls share delightful large room with girls; $8.50. Macomber.

11TH ST. AND UNIVERSITY PLACE (one block east of 5th Av., west of Broadway)—Single rooms, running water, $13 per week, $15 per week double; rooms with private bath, $17.50 per week, single, $25 per week double; lower rates on lease; complete hotel service; roof garden and handball court. Phone Stuyvesant 4961. Hotel Albert.

17TH, 118 EAST—Beautiful large room; excellent transit facilities, desirable location; steam and open fireplace; refined neighborhood; references.

27TH ST. (Madison Av.; Hotel Madison)—All outside rooms, private bath, $15; one or two people, use of bath, $10.50-$14; restaurant; block to subway; daily, $1.50 up. Madison Square 1784.

29TH, 29 EAST (MARTHA WASHINGTON)—500 ROOMS; FIREPROOF; A WOMAN'S HOTEL; ROOMS WITH RUNNING WATER, $14 WEEKLY FOR ONE; LARGE OUTSIDE DOUBLE ROOM WITH RUNNING WATER, FOR ONE, $18; $21 FOR TWO; WITH BATH, $21 FOR ONE, $24.50 FOR TWO.

30TH ST. (Lexington Av.; Hotel Rutledge)—Women exclusively; newly decorated room, private bath, $16 up weekly; also room, running water and use of bath, $12 up weekly; room with board, $20 up weekly. Ashland 8966.

30TH, 25 EAST—Spacious, charming, residential, non-housekeeping studio; privacy. Caledonia 4096.

34TH, 122 EAST—Unusually large rooms; reasonable; elevator; maid service. Francis.

35TH, 204 EAST—Newly decorated parlor, connecting bedroom, twin beds; suitable ladies; $10; steam, electricity. Caledonia 4585. Schanz.

35TH, 144 EAST—Rooms suitable one or two; all modern improvements; reasonable.

36TH ST., 17 EAST—Attractive single room; running water; references.

40TH, 129 EAST—Large, single room; business woman; excellent location; reasonable. Westcott.

48TH ST., 140 EAST—Large room; bachelors; $10. Lottimer. Murray Hill 2814.

66TH ST., 56 EAST—Large attractive room, private bath, medium room.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,333 (99th)—Attractive room front room, running water; gentleman.

MADISON AV., 161 (at 32d St.)—Perfectly appointed two-room suites (parlor, bedroom and bath), from $28 to $38 per week; attractive single room, $12 per week, double rooms from $18-$20 per week; complete hotel service, restaurant. Caledonia 3630.

MADISON AV., 75 (28th)—Housekeeping rooms; steam, electricity, bath; $7-10; telephone.

MADISON AV., 1,002—Attractive, sunny, large front room; electricity; private bath. Stuyvesant 3.

MADISON AV., 189—Attractive room for one or two, with bath.

PARK AV. (31st/St.)—Excellent, quiet room furnished in Sheraton mahogany, adjoining bath; $10. Phone Butterfield 1903.

ALLERTON HOUSE.

Club residence for men, conveniently located, affording every comforts with surroundings and service of the select club: lounge, library, squash courts and handball courts; rates $9 to $20 a week; transient $2.50-$3 a day; for approved residents only.

45 East 55th St. 143 East 39th St.
22 East 38th St. 302 West 22d St.
New York. Chicago. St. Cleveland.

Furnished Rooms—West Side.

57TH AV., 74—Beautiful front parlor, baby grand piano, private bath; reasonable.

72D AV., 1,871 (Apt. 9)—Nice front rooms for intelligent young ladies or cripples; small Jewish family. Michaels.

72D, 213 WEST—Attractive, single and double rooms; large closets, heat, running water; within block subway; breakfast optional.

72D, 58 WEST—Beautiful back parlor; private bath; two refined business people.

72D, 114 WEST—Room, twin beds, adjoining bath; southern exposure; gentlemen only.

72D, 188 WEST—Single room, adjoining bath; all improvements; $6. Paganini.

72D, 260 WEST—Comfortable, clean, warm room; business gentleman; select. Mrs. Stone.

73D, 260 WEST—Large room; bath, $10; small, $6; steam heat, running water, electricity; gentlemen.

73D, 4 WEST (HOTEL WOLCOTT)—DOUBLE ROOM WITH BATH, $25 WEEKLY FOR TWO.

73D, 36 WEST—Attractively furnished, in refined surroundings, single room, adjoining bath; southern exposure; central; $50.

77TH ST., 106 WEST (RALEIGH HALL), A RESIDENCE FOR MEN.

Attractively furnished rooms, with, without private baths or shower; club advantages and accommodations, with hotel service.

$2-$3 DAILY, $10-$18 WEEKLY.

51ST, 312 WEST (Apt. 21)—Double $15, single $10.50; elevator, kitchenette privileges.

53D, CORNER 7TH AV. (Hotel Elk)—Nicely furnished, every convenience; hair mattresses; running hot and cold water, telephone in every room; $11 and $12 weekly; with private bath, $16 to $18; double $3 extra; no higher.

54TH, 53 WEST—Attractive large room, running water, next bath; references.

55TH, 252 WEST (Cameo)—Completely renovated, newly furnished, light, single, double rooms; all improvements; homelike surroundings; $9-$14.

55TH, 24 WEST—Unrivaled location, room adjoining bath; hot and cold water; breakfast optional; gentleman.

57TH, 435 WEST—Attractive, clean room, phone, bath, electricity; separate entrance; ground floor.

58TH, WEST (near 5th)—Beautifully furnished room, apartment; gentleman; references. Plaza 9063.

60TH, 50 WEST—Clean, warm rooms; double, single. Plaza 5300. Turner.

61ST, 10 WEST (corner Broadway), Hotel Pasadena; near subway and "L"—Newly decorated rooms, $12-$15 weekly, $2 up daily; all night elevator, phone, maid service. Columbus 7127.

69TH, 1 WEST—Real home, furnished room, overlooking park; gentlemen. Susquehanna 5885.

70TH, 55 WEST—Well-heated single and double rooms; running water; connecting bath; twin beds; $8, $12, $14.

70TH, 28 WEST—Well furnished room with bath; twin beds; steam heat.

71ST, 346 WEST—Attractively furnished single, double rooms; elevator; $10, $12. Leonard.

71ST, 31 WEST (apartment hotel)—Newly decorated 1-2 rooms, bath, $12.50 up; full hotel service. Susquehanna 9780.

71ST, 342 WEST—Beautiful large front studio; piano; kitchenette; private apartment. Casey.

71ST, 342 WEST—Large front studio room; piano; kitchenette; private apartment. Casey.

71ST, 300 WEST—Medium sized room; private bath; two-room suite; reasonable.

73D ST., 126 WEST (Hotel Nobleton)—Newly decorated, luxuriously furnished 1, 2, 3 outside rooms, private bath; elevator; surface cars, subway; weekly rates; single rooms, $21 up; 2 rooms, $30 up; 3 rooms, $40 up; full hotel service. Endicott 4500.

73D, 250 WEST—Large, warm, front room, bath; private family; business gentleman.

73D, 106 WEST—Comfortable, clean double rooms; continuous hot water; $10-$14.

74TH, 152 WEST—Well-heated, large rooms; twin beds; private and connecting baths; dressing rooms; $12, $14, $16.

74TH, 145 WEST—Attractive, double, front, 1 flight, $16; large single, $12.

74TH (2,131 Broadway)—Large front room, twin beds. Apt. 5A. Mrs. Herman.

74TH, 59 WEST—Double, southern exposure, private bath; single, water, adjoining bath.

75TH, 57 WEST—Large, light, outside room with twin beds, next to bath, suitable for 2 persons or business couple; $18 weekly; references essential. Collins, Apt. 8C. Trafalgar 1192.

75TH (881 West End Av.)—Large rooms, private baths, kitchenettes; large front basement room, piano, private bath, kitchenette.

76TH, 236 WEST (near Broadway)—Gentleman; exceptionally large, attractively furnished front, bath.

76TH, 35 WEST—Beautiful single room, for refined business lady; $18 with references.

76TH, 214 WEST—Beautiful large outside rooms; single $14, double $20; private family; Endicott 1906. Taylor.

76TH ST., 53 WEST—Large front room, private bath and kitchenette; suitable 2, $40 up.

76TH, 112 WEST—Large room, bath, toilet, kitchen; $65 up; also single.

76TH, 210 WEST—Elegantly furnished room. New house, all conveniences; reasonable rent.

76TH, 136 WEST—Modern, steam; grand piano; kitchenette; service; references. Susquehanna 10259

76TH, 305 WEST—Attractively furnished double, single room; excellently kept house; reasonable.

76TH, 145 WEST—Beautiful 2 rooms, real kitchen; business people; apartment house.

76TH, 326 WEST—Large sunny front parlor, also comfortable single room; reasonable.

76TH, 27 WEST—Two rooms, private bath, kitchen; also large room, kitchenette.

76TH, 43 WEST—Attractive 2-room apartment; twin beds; private bath.

76TH, 118 WEST—Large, beautiful room, private bath, private house; reference.

77TH, 14 WEST (opposite Museum, overlooking Central Park)—Double rooms, bath; southern exposure; single; elevator, steam.

77TH, 146 WEST—Comfortable, warm room, private bath, kitchenette, telephone; reasonable; reference.

77TH, 111 WEST—Desirable small room; southern exposure; references; reasonable.

77TH, 152 WEST—Cozy, large front room, kitchenette; $16.

78TH, 172 West—Room, suitable 2; connecting bath; steam; housekeeping; $12.

78TH, WEST—Two rooms, piano, kitchen; $65 monthly. Trafalgar 5355.

80TH, 125 WEST—Large, luxuriously furnished; private bath, southern exposure; steam heat; phone; appealing to select class who want home, comfort, service.

80TH (411 WEST END AV.)

Delightful double, with, without running water, kitchen. The Weaver Apts. 10W.

80TH, WEST—3 large rooms, each suitable for two; high-class apartment. Phone evenings, Endicott 4756.

80TH, 148 WEST—Immaculate single room, exceptionally well furnished, running water; $8.

80TH, 148 WEST—Immaculate double room, kitchenette, bath, $16; single, $9; steam.

81ST, 120 WEST—Beautifully furnished large room, bath, kitchenette; conveniences; $16, $17.

81ST, 125 WEST—Attractively furnished, medium room, adjoining bath; reasonable.

81ST, 251 WEST (Apt. 6 north)—Beautiful suite, also single rooms; references.

83D, 20 WEST—Unusually attractive, single room; business woman; owner's residence; comfort.

83D (Riverside Drive)—Large, light, warm room; comfortably furnished, running water, bath, elevator; small adult family. Endicott 2693.

83D, 328 WEST—Unusual, homelike, cozy; every comfort; shower bath; private family; breakfast if desired.

83D, 29 WEST—Attractive front room, twin beds, adjoining bath, kitchenette; $12.

83D, 63 WEST—Attractive single or double room; all conveniences; homelike; clean.

83D, 14 WEST—Elegantly furnished back parlor, private bath, kitchenette, telephone.

83D, 235 WEST—Bedroom, running water, $8; large bedroom, $10. O'Neil.

84TH, 311 WEST—Large, beautiful double room; southern exposure; twin beds; elevator; $16 weekly; subway. Muldoon, Apt. 23.

91ST, 304 WEST—Attractive large front room for one or two gentlemen; every convenience; $14; reference.

91ST, 45 WEST—FURNISHED ROOMS, STEAM HEAT.

91ST, 201 WEST—Outside furnished room for business person; $6 weekly.

93D, 250 WEST—Attractive, clean, newly furnished 2-room suite, running water; single, 3evons.

93D, 23 WEST—Large housekeeping room, bath floor; $11.

93D, 316 WEST (Apt. 63)—Large, attractive, sunny room; reasonable. Riverside 7913.

93D, 25 WEST—Clean, large room, complete private bath; also single; reasonable.

93D, 303 WEST—Single, double rooms; bath, steam, electricity, phone; private house.

94TH, 164 WEST—Large room, southern exposure, connecting bath; private house. Owner.

94TH ST., 311 WEST—Sunny, outside, single room in modern apartment, with cooke; permanent; gentleman; $9 weekly. Toplitz

94TH, 308 WEST—Large, newly decorated, comfortable; piano; private family. Apt. 19.

95TH (224 Riverside)—Double, single room, river view, convenient business subway express; terms moderate; one flight. Patterson (2N).

96TH, 151 WEST—Attractive rooms; owner's residence; refined business people. Riverside 10149.

96TH, 316 WEST—Beautiful front, twin beds; all conveniences; reasonable. Apt. 61.

96TH, 231 WEST (corner Broadway)—Large double front room, Apt. 5A.

97TH, 316 WEST (9C)—Attractive large room; business couple, gentlemen; southern exposure; private bath; kitchen privileges; immaculate; reasonable.

97TH, 1 WEST (corner park)—Newly furnished, decorated large front room; steam heat, running water; elevator; $9 up.

97TH, 316 WEST (6C)—Warm, small room, elevator; business man; $6.50.

98TH, 208 WEST—Nicely furnished room, refined lady. Apt. 1C. Riverside 5822.

99TH, 317 WEST (near Drive)—In high-class elevator apartment; beautifully furnished room; suitable one, two; private family, no other roomers. Levy, Riverside 7964.

100TH, 300 WEST—2 large rooms, dressing room, private bath; beautifully kept home; refined surroundings; also skylight room.

100TH, 310 WEST (Apt. ES)—2 attractive rooms, business men; near "L" and subway. Call all week after 6.

101ST, 230 WEST (Apt. 5B)—Beautiful suite, facing Broadway, in high-class elevator apartment; newly furnished and renovated; also double and single rooms.

101ST, 316 WEST—Comfortable, warm, sunny; suitable 1-2; refined atmosphere; references.

Furnished Rooms—West Side.

102D, (640 WEST END)—Absolutely clean, front room for persons appreciating quiet; pleasing surroundings; steam, well heated; telephone, kitchen privileges. $12.50-$14. (6B).

102D, 304 WEST (Broadway)—Large room, bath, suitable 3 gentlemen; also single.

103D, 205 WEST—Large single and double rooms, from $16 a week, with complete competent hotel service and restaurant, just one block from subway and two from "L." Clendenning. Academy 5510.

103D, 235 WEST—Attractive single room; business man; references. Apt. 5W.

104TH, 248 WEST—Nicely furnished room in private apartment, adjoining bath; elevator, shower; reasonable. Academy 1746. Apt. 4 west.

104TH ST.—Large room, overlooking Broadway; suitable 1-2. Massuy, Whitehall 1770.

104TH, 115 WEST—Large, newly furnished outside; private family; reasonable. Apt. 3d.

105TH, 301 WEST—Beautifully furnished rooms, elevator; gentlemen, business couple. Apt. 23.

106, 470 WEST—Large, separate entrance; elevator; $6; couple, $10. Apt. 4i.

106TH, 306 WEST—Heated rooms; single $5; double $8; elevator; housekeeping. Harriett.

107TH, 200 WEST (5W)—Delightful corner room, four windows, twin beds, reasonable.

108TH, 326 WEST—Beautifully furnished double room, private bath, kitchenette; exquisite house.

109TH, 259 WEST (Broadway)—Lovely room, refined home. Academy 7314 after 5:30.

109TH, 204 WEST—Large elegantly furnished room, bath, $16; small room, $7.

111TH, 515 WEST (Apt. 17)—Attractive, warm, front room, next bath; homelike.

111TH, 518 WEST (Apt. 6B)—Two warm sunny front rooms, kitchen privilage; $15.

111TH, 145 WEST—Large parlor, twin beds. Monument 4551, inquire all week.

112TH, 604 WEST (Apt. 17)—Handsomely furnished single and double rooms, elevator apartment; immaculate; $6-$14; references.

117TH, 614 WEST—Beautiful, newly decorated rooms, richly furnished; private baths; college section; also singles; convenience; very reasonable.

113TH, 515 WEST—Furnished rooms for 2 friends or single, steam, elevator, telephone. Apt. 5B. Carr.

113TH, 517 WEST—Large, light, attractively furnished, adjacent bath; refined environment. Stang.

113TH ST., 141 WEST—Attractive room; newly furnished; every convenience; reasonable. Rubenstein.

115TH, 549 WEST (Apt. 5)—Nicely furnished room, next to bath; private family; home like. Mrs. Maude Randell.

115TH, 622 WEST—Attractive double, single rooms; twin beds; private apartment. White.

115TH, 567 WEST—Sunny front rooms, single, double, lavatories; very attractive. Rice.

113TH, 617 WEST—Beautifully furnished room, new; quiet, refined home. Apt. 5I.

114TH, 425 WEST—Immaculate, single, sunny; homelike; adjoining bath. Klink, Apt. 1r.

115TH, 609 WEST (Broadway-Riverside)—Attractive front room, 1-2 gentlemen, Apt. 5.

116TH, 609 WEST (Apt. 19)—Large parlor and bedroom; four windows; $17.

116TH, 28 WEST—Front room, clean, modern, privacy, phone; $20 month. Davis.

118TH ST., 210 WEST. HOTEL CECIL.

ROOMS WITH OR WITHOUT PRIVATE BATHS FOR $10 PER WEEK UP. FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

118TH, 417 WEST (Columbia)—Unusually attractive rooms in group of quiet apartments; refined environment; $6.50 up. Apt. 4i.

118TH, 400 WEST (Morningside Drive)—Attractive room; $8; for two, $6 each; 15 minutes Times Square. Fellows.

121ST ST., 420 WEST (corner Amsterdam Av.)—Gentleman's home in apartment, has two rooms to let to gentlemen, $7 and $8; bath, electricity, central heating, telephone; no other roomers. Apt. 2. Cathedral 8780.

119TH, 615 WEST (Apt. 4A)—Newly furnished, elevator, telephone; no others; reasonable.

123d (3,100 Broadway)—Large, warm room, $8; piano; kitchen privileges. Apt. 2B.

126TH, 601 WEST (12)—Attractive single; new furniture; near bath; $8.

127TH, 612 WEST (Apt. 23)—Warm, comfortable room; all improvements; subway station.

128TH ST. (3,415 Broadway)—Clean, warm, private, conveniences; near subway. Apt. 5B.

129TH, 610 WEST (between Broadway and Riverside)—Attractive, newly furnished room; all modern conveniences. Apt. 6H.

129TH, 602 WEST (2B)—Independent single, adjoining bath, with refined French family.

143D, 501 WEST (Apt. 45)—Cozy, sunny front; attractively furnished; homelike environment.

159TH, 563 WEST (Broadway)—Desirable, clean, double front rooms; housekeeping, subway; telephone.

168TH, 521 WEST—Warm, cozy room, 1 block subway; 3d floor. Kuns.

171ST, 790 WEST (Apt. 43)—Business girl will share attractive apartment with 1-2 business or professional women.

174TH AND BROADWAY—Single room, next to bath; newly furnished. Wadsworth 4401.

180TH, 661 WEST—Large, comfortable; twin beds; well furnished; reasonable; elevator.

181ST (4,260 Broadway)—Comfortable well furnished outside; reasonable; elevator. (606.)

183TH, 623 WEST—Exceptionally well-furnished room, 2 persons; private family; single $5; double $8. Apt. 4D.

188TH (450 Audubon, Apt. 4)—Large comfortable room, bath adjoining; business couple; conveniences; reasonable; references. Washington Heights 2620.

BROADWAY, 5,810—Homelike, all conveniences; reasonable. Apt. 1G.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 102D ST.—Large room and bath in high class apartment for gentleman; private family; references. Phone Riverside 4934.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 116 (84th)—Attractive double, twin beds; adjoining semi-private bath; also single; gentlemen; $16-$8. Morehead.

RIVERSIDE, 280 (corner 96th)—Delightful room, facing Drive, with couple; references Riverside 3034. Apt. 10C.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE (116th)—Attractive sunny room, running water; $12-$15. Yellowstone 8294.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 353 (108th)—Double room, private bath; facing Hudson; maid service; elevator; reasonable. Academy 0873.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 552—Room, single, private bath; gentleman; $10. Morningside 7028. Lawson.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 549 (1A)—Attractive warm room; kitchenette; home atmosphere. Morningside 6642.

RIVERSIDE, 294 (101st)—Attractive single, double rooms; steam; electric elevator; very reasonable.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 214 (94th)—Attractively newly decorated, adjoining bath; refined; $10. Morton.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 362 (109th)—Attractive warm room, facing Hudson, running water. (4B.)

RIVERSIDE, 128 (86th St.)—Large, attractive, light room; newly decorated; running water.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 222—Exceptionally desirable, outside, running water; single, private bath. Hale.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE (152d, Apt. 3S)—Newly furnished room; 1-2; private; reasonable.

RIVERSIDE, 314 (94th)—Large room, twin beds, adjoining bath; immaculate. Apt. 3I.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 24 (74th)—Double and single rooms, adjacent baths, elevator.

ST. NICHOLAS, 1,090—Large room, private family; reasonable. Dunn, Apt. 8A.

WEST END AV., 850 (102d St.), near Broadway subway—Elevator, parquet floors; single and double rooms; thoroughly renovated, new furniture; moderate rates; selected clientele.

WEST END, 347 (76th)—Commodius, comfortably furnished room; kitchenette, breakfast room, private bath; $21; others, laundry, kitchen privileges.

WEST END AV. (106th)—For gentleman desiring privacy and refined surroundings, unusually attractive room. Academy 9050.

GENTLEMAN will share 2-room apartment with congenial gentleman; Riverside-107th. Call Bowling Green 2670.

LARGE living-bedroom, singly furnished, fireplace, close bath; gentlemen. Circle 6884.

Furnished Rooms—Bronx.

UNIVERSITY AV., 1,974—Large, sunny room; modern apartment; Lexington-Jerome subway; elevated; Burnside station; $6. Raymond 6665. Williams

UNIVERSITY AV., 1,454—Attractive, separate room, bath, modern conveniences; one, two. Luederz.

Unfurnished Rooms.

56TH ST., 342 WEST.

House with elevator, excellent and refined telephone and hall service; northlight studio suites, 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath, $85; 3 rooms, kitchen, bath, $75 up; charming roof apartment $90; Vanderbilt studios.

SUBLET.
$125 MONTHLY.
300 RIVERSIDE DRIVE.
Corner 102d St. Apt. 9F.
Four beautiful rooms, modern, fireproof; regular rental $2,100. Tel. Wadsworth 4806.

Rooms Wanted.

Furnished.

YOUNG business woman wishes well furnished room with private family; home privileges; between 42d and 59th Sts. Boris, 273 Park Av.

Rooms Wanted.

Furnished.

YOUNG MAN wants furnished room with small family; $5 a week; state full particulars. F 534 Times.

SINGLE room without meals for gentleman; reasonable; west side. J 139 Times.

Boarders Wanted—Manhattan.

58D, 34 WEST—Attractive, single and double rooms; private baths; references.

58TH, 41-42-45 WEST—ELEVATOR. MADISON ARMS.

69TH, 53 WEST. THE FORBES.

Something different; rooms of character; ever convenience; excellent tables; references. Susquehanna 1319.

79TH, 34 WEST—Attractive sunny suite; 2 rooms, bath; 2-3 persons; references.

76TH, 164 WEST (Lyon mansion)—Single, double; private baths; home cooking. Manion.

98D, 252 WEST—Room for business mother and board and care of child (school age) during day.

100TH, 306-307 WEST—Club residence for business woman and students; breakfast and dinners served; references.

106TH, 76 WEST—Good room, good table, good service; references; reasonable; Southerners.

163D, 561 WEST—Large room, real home; good food; reasonable. Thorpe, Edgecombe 4832.

HOUSEHOLD SITUATIONS WANTED

35 cents per agate line. Telephone LAckawanna 1000.

Special attention given to Household Situations Wanted advertisements at Subway Level Office, Times Building.

Female.

CHAMBERMAID, Waitress—Light colored girl, thoroughly experienced; takes great interest in her work; sleep in. Hancock. Harlem 3522.

COMPANION to lady, school child, well-bred woman, middle aged, adaptable, helpful, personality; non-professional; suburban. Y 2194 Times Annex.

COMPANION wishes position with elderly couple or lady. University 4218.

COOK, French, does not speak English; best references; small private family. J 208 Times.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER, GOOD COOK; COLORED GIRL; REFERENCES. HARLEM 2945.

GOVERNESS-TUTOR, school branches, piano, violin and languages, wishes resident position; excellent references. Louise Kurth, 341 West 30th.

GOVERNESS, experienced young lady, 18, wishes position; care motherless children. Address Miss Alb. Y. V. D., A., 337 East 17th St., N. Y. C.

HOUSEKEEPER—Jewish lady, with girl 9, wants position as housekeeper; prefer small family with mother's children. Address Mrs. Weisman, care Gluck Brothers, 112-16 Boulevard, Rockaway Park, N. Y.

HOUSEKEEPER would like hotel or institution work; would consider private home; can handle help; would go out of town. Address Y 2283 Times Annex.

HOUSEWORK—Lady wishes to place maid, part time; neighborhood 70s; competent, colored. Trafalgar 0715.

HOUSEWORKER—Girl, neat, colored, wishes part-time housework mornings. Call Bradhurst 1202.

HOUSEWORK—Part time, 4 mornings weekly. Crawford, 204 West 141st. Audubon 2010.

HOUSEWORKER—Full, part or days; experienced. Alice, Edgecombe 7832; call any day.

HOUSEWORKER—Colored girl wishes part time; no laundry. Morningside 4369.

KINDERGARTNER takes children to park mornings or afternoons or will take care all day; children called for at home or school. 252 West 93d. Riverside 5284.

LAUNDRESS wishes work home; sunny yard; French pleating; references; reasonable. Plaza 6725.

NURSE, trained, wishes care of invalid, mental or chronic patient; will leave city or travel; best reference. Address Y 2288 Times Annex.

NURSE speaks French only, experienced care young children. Muller, 25 West 86th.

NURSE, trained, wishes position invalid lady or chronic case; city. Riverside 3249.

WAITRESS and chambermaid, or housework; good references; light colored girl. Morningside 2918.

IRISH gentlewoman, 30, desires position with good family as governess or companion-secretary; thoroughly experienced; fluent French, shorthand, typewriting. Y 2305 Times Annex.

Employment Agencies.

HOUSEWORKER, German, 2½ years last position; also all nationalities, combinations. Modern Agency, 200 East 72d. Butterfield 6516.

COOKS, houseworkers, day, part time; call early; references. Walton's Agency, Edgecomb 9193.

HOUSEHOLD HELP WANTED

35 cents an agate line. Telephone LAckawanna 1000.

Special attention given to Household Help Wanted advertisements at Subway Level Office, Times Building.

Female.

COOK, young, first-class; personal reference required; $90; private house; two in family. 147 East 65th St. before 12 noon. Plaza 9388.

GIRL, white, mother's helper, about 18 or 20 years; small family; no child; good home; live on premises. Y 2287 Times Annex.

HOUSEKEEPER, experienced hospital; only those with previous experience need apply. Superintendent of Nurses, Jewish Hospital, Classon and St. Marks Avs., Bklyn. Phone Prospect 3900.

HOUSEKEEPER, capable woman fond of children, for informal refined home. Mrs. C. W. Metz, 22 Woodbine Av., Huntington, L. I. Phone Huntington 307M.

HOUSEWORKER—Good cook, no laundry; must be able to take message over telephone; two in family; best references required. Mrs. Frey, 333 East 87th.

Female.

Employment Agencies.

COLORED housewokers, day workers, part timers, cooks, couples, chambermaids, waitresses, butlers, servants of dependability, reliability and honesty; references scrupulously investigated. Prudential Agency, Monument 3204.

Male.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, single, 28, thoroughly experienced all cars; with high grade references. Anthony Ferris, 204 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR-VALET or nurse, English, 26, desires private position; ambitious; steady; excellent references; will travel. Circle 1020. Price.

CHAUFFEUR wishes day work up to 10th; consider steady place; Rolls-Royce; now employed. Fred Essing, 161 East 91st. Lenox 4491.

CHAUFFEURS—High-class private chauffeurs supplied free. Society of Professional Automobile Engineers, 253-109 West 64th. Trafalgar 6184.

CHAUFFEUR, houseman, wife, middle-aged, wishes position; private; 15 years' experience; go anywhere; reference. S 507 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 15 years' experience; foreign or domestic cars; neat appearance; 5 years last position. Scudder, Susquehanna 5396.

CHAUFFEUR—A1 man, on Locomobile last 3 years; 10 years' experience; married. Kelley, Wadsworth 2438, Apt. 5.

CHAUFFEUR, single, 28 years of age, wishes position; good reference. Call before 12 o'clock. Rhinelander 0834.

COOK, Chinese; experienced American cook from California wishes a position in private family; high salary. Peter Chong, 24 Henry St., New York.

COOK, Japanese, experienced, general house work, wishes position; references. Crane, Phone Lehigh 8985.

COUPLE, 34, wife cook; best references; country preferred. Melch. Lenox 3783.

STEWARD-MANAGER, hotel, club, full ability, front and back of the house, wishes connection where initiative, personality, tact and honesty can be put to work either as executive or assistant; 16 years' experience; highest credentials; references and record of successful achievement; with wife if desired; correct couple; no children. 131 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

JAPANESE, expert, cook-butler; long experience; also willing to do general house work for small family; drive car if desired; excellent references, Thomas, 109 Lexington Av.; Madison Square 2921.

JAPANESE schoolboy wants housework position; $30 monthly. Tiki, 46 Manhattan Pl.

JAPANESE wishes position as cook or cook-butler; capable; personal reference. Naka, 200 East 15th St.

JAPANESE general houseworker and cook; willing, dependable in every respect. Full, 157 West 47th.

JAPANESE BOY wants position housework in good family. Call mornings Clarkson 1591.

JAPANESE wishes position housework, small family, moderate wages. H 14 Times.

Male.

MAN and wife for New York apartment; must have experience as valet-butler and cook in city home; references; city reference necessary. C 1008 Times Annex.

Situations Wanted—Female.

CREDIT LADY, collections, knowledge bookkeeping, office routine; moderate salary. E 494 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, TYPIST; EXPERIENCE. E. KAHN, UNIVERSITY 1536.

PUBLICITY; experienced on New York newspaper, advertising, magazine make-up and editing, article feature writing, college graduate, excellent references, desires immediate connection. C 1002 Times Annex.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, 3 years' experience, high school graduate; good references. Telephone Slocum 5549.

SECRETARY, Stenographer, part time; five years' experience; intelligent, willing worker. Westchester 3747.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, capable, efficient; 8 years' experience; $30. C 776 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, knowledge bookkeeping; 6 years 1 concern; references. Kellogg 8719.

STUDENT NURSE, knowledge of typing, desires position assisting physician; best references. University 4737, 9-12 A. M.

Employment Agencies.

STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers, clerks, desirable applicants furnished; beginners, experienced. Acorn Agency, Cortlandt 4574.

Situations Wanted—Male.

ACCOUNTANT-AUDITOR, taxes, 32, capable senior, experienced statements, tax work, reports, closings, wishes position; $50. D 409 Times.

ADVERTISING office work wanted; untrained young man, married; some talent undeveloped; lowest acceptable, $20. B 138 Times.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, ledger clerk; desires position. D 888 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 25, well recommended, credits, collections, statements, all details, selling ability, permanent connection, moderate salary. Bushwick 9771, Sam.

BOOKKEEPER, credit man, office detail, correspondence, collections; salary secondary. J 98 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, six years' garage and gas station experience, whole, part time. H. Dicks, 76 East 30th St. Caledonia 6117.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, 15 years' experience; full charge; references. 108 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

BUYER—Resident buyer. Gentile, 39, thorough knowledge of ready-to-wear market, backed by 15 years of retail buying, well known in trade, well educated, executive ability, desires change; salary $8,500 to $10,000. S 135 Times.

CHAUFFEUR; part time, messenger, guide, &c.; supply car if desired. Ravenswood 0134.

CONSTRUCTION SUPERINTENDENT, experienced estimator, buyer, engineer, accountant and practical builder, desires connection; full responsibility; anywhere. D 329 Times.

CREDIT CLOTHING MANAGER, 15 years' experience in Massachusetts, open for connection with reliable concern, preferably in Massachusetts; married, temperate, productive. Y 2313 Times Annex.

CREDIT MANAGER; wide experience, 35, married, engaging personality, large acquaintance, desires permanent connection with promising future. Newtown 2930.

EDITOR-JOURNALIST, versatile, prolific, experienced, linguist, graduate of two famous universities, organizer of success, member of reputable professional and civic bodies, is looking for position on magazine or publicity. F 517 Times.

ELECTRICIAN, A1, motor repairs and trouble shooting. Phone Academy 9392.

Situations Wanted—Male.

EXECUTIVE ACCOUNTANT, high grade, is seeking connection as controller, treasurer or auditor; references exchanged. 97 Times 103 Broadway.

GOLF INSTRUCTOR, willing to travel for Winter, as private golf instructor to family or gentleman; best of references. C 36 Times.

MAN, 28, traffic or sales work; $35, 132 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

MANAGER—Experienced used-car man desires position in charge of department; results assured; best of references. 123 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

PAINTER, single, hotel, office, country estate; repair work. F 360 Times Downtown.

RADIO MAN, A. I. R. E., seven years' training, includes retail-wholesale selling, sets, parts, production, construction, service, office detail; presently developing sales territory; immediate; salary no object; conscientious; willing; best references. H 601 Times Downtown.

RENTING AGENT, ambitious, desires management of apartment houses or take charge of same; 7 years' experience; will furnish reference or bond. 1401 Times Fordham.

SALES AGENT, having extensive acquaintance in automotive and electrical industries, seeking additional articles of merit. J 129 Times.

WATCHMAN desires position, day or night; salary reasonable; speaks Italian fluently; naturalized citizen. C 1009 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, 27, capable, Christian; experienced statistical clerk, general clerk and typist; A1 references. J 193 Times.

YOUNG MAN, college education, 8 years' clerical experience, desires position after 6 P. M. F 509 Times.

YOUNG MAN desires clerical position evenings. F 846 Times Downtown.

YOUNG TEXTILE EXECUTIVE.

Desires other connections; 7 years' experience in buying, selling, credits and management; position must carry good prospects of advancement. D 391 Times.

Help Wanted—Female.

ARTIST, FREE LANCE; desk room available in well located office in which opportunities for work are unlimited. S 487 Times.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, good penmanship, quick and accurate at figures essential. Pretty Family Laundry, 561 Eagle Av., Bronx.

ASSISTANT in doctor's office, experienced preferred; steady position. Call 4 P. M., 28 West 76th.

ATTENDANTS, middle aged women, experienced with insane patients, for country sanitarium; good wages. Apply office Beale Mesic Sanitarium, 666 Madison Av., 5 to 6 P. M., Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

BOOKKEEPER—Must be experienced; hours 9 to 5, 1 o'clock Saturdays; state experience and religion. B. B., 34 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced, familiar with office details. Apply after 2 P. M., at 1,181 Broadway, Room 814.

BOOKKEEPER, THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED; MUST HAVE BEST REFERENCES; STEADY POSITION; GOOD SALARY. BOX 80, 1,464 3D AV.

BOOKKEEPER, experience unnecessary. Call Monday morning, Blatt & Rosenblum, 1,800 Southern Boulevard.

CAMP requires head councilor to assume full direction of activities. T 48 Times.

DESIGNER, experienced on silk bathing suits wanted by a new house; excellent opportunity. Write M. E., 511

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE

Rate 70 cents an agate line. Telephone Lackawanna 1000.

The Times makes every endeavor to exclude misleading advertisements. All are subject to censorship.

ALFA-ROMEO two-passenger collapsible coupe with rumble seat; original owner; late model; like new; reasonable. Phone doctor's office, Main 10622, for appointment.

BREWSTER COUNTRY BROUGHAM.

Good as new; original owner.
Price $2,800. G. Mafernder, 20 East 42d St.

BUICK, 1927, master 6 coupe, in perfect mechanical condition; recently overhauled; tires. Boulevard 9212.

BUICK 1927 master sedan, practically new; fully equipped; reasonable. 223 West 58th.

BUICK brougham, 1926, Master Six, excellent condition; bargain at $1,150. Bayside 2336.

BUICK Master 1925 coupe, 4-passenger, $745. Finance Co., 239 West 56th.

BUICK, 1926 Master 6 Sedan; $975; liberal terms. Brown's, 66 3d Av.

BUICK 1925 5-passenger coupe, $625; terms. Beauvis, 66 3d Av.

CADILLAC 1926 Sedan.
CADILLAC 1923 Sedan.
CHRYSLER 1926 Coupe.
CHRYSLER 1924 Club Sedan.
PAIGE 1925 enc. drive Limousine.
NASH 1925 Sedan.
FISHERIES 1925 Sedan.
PIERCE-ARROW Model 80 Coach.
PIERCE-ARROW Roadster and Sport Tour.
PIERCE-ARROW All Models.
STUDEBAKER 1926 Special Coupe.
TIME PAYMENTS IF DESIRED.
Pierce-Arrow Sales Corp., Used Car Dept.,
233 West 54th St.
Phone Columbus 8500.
Bronx Br., 158th & Concourse. Sedgwick 1100.
Bklyn Br., 1,119 Atlantic Av. Prospect 9600.

CADILLAC 1925 Coach.
LINCOLN 1925 Roadster.
LINCOLN 1923-24-25 Imperial limos.
PACKARD 1925 Single 6 5-pass. sedan.
PACKARD 1925 Straight 8 limp. sedan.
PAIGE 1926 5-pass. sedan.
STUDEBAKER 1925 Big "6" Imperial.
STUDEBAKER 1925 Roadster.
THEODORE LUCE, INC.,
LINCOLN DISTRIBUTORS.
216 West 58th St. Circle 6565.

CADILLAC latest Series 63, custom built suburban sedan; only run 1,100 miles; this car sacrifice; can arrange for financing. D. M. Sherman, 715 Riverside Drive. Edgecombe 8388, after 7 P. M.

CADILLAC Imperial suburban custom built sedan, run 1,000 miles, really new in every respect; an opportunity to make a most substantial saving. Willys-Overland, Inc., Broadway at 50th St.

CADILLAC 1926, 5-passenger sport sedan, slightly used; expensively equipped; exceptional opportunity; must dispose. Kane, 8,374 Broadway.

CADILLAC sedan, 7-passenger, 1921; good condition. Wagensell Motors, Inc. (Hupmobile Agent), 6,724 5th Av., Brooklyn. Atlantic 1900.

CADILLAC V-63 de luxe sedan, paint like new, tires good; $1,600.
FRANKLIN N. Y. CO., 1,833 BROADWAY.

CADILLAC late 59 five-passenger sedan, perfect condition. Stearns Co., Used Car Dept., 18 West 63d. Columbus 7600.

CADILLAC coupe, late 1924, aluminum custom body, 5 passenger; $1,350. McGolrick, 325 Riverside Drive.

CADILLAC 1926 and 1923 imperial sedan, reasonable. 225 West 58th. Circle 5259.

CADILLACS, ALL MODELS.
SCHOONMAKER & GLASS, 217 W. 57TH.

CADILLAC, V-63 Coupe, like new; guaranteed; $1,475. Finance Co., 210 West 54th.

CHRYSLERS—Chance for immediate purchasers to save substantial amount on slightly used model 80 coupe; $2,100; sale price $2,300; model 80 sedan, cost $3,300, sale price $2,850; model 80 roadster, cost $2,855, sale price $1,800; satisfaction guaranteed. Chrysler Distributors, 1,267 Bedford Av., Brooklyn, near Fulton.

CHRYSLER late 1926 model 70 coach, excellent condition throughout; fully equipped; will accept small car; guaranteed; easy terms; trades considered; $695.
SCHMIDLEIN GORHAM MOTORS,
FORDHAM ROAD AND WASHINGTON AV.
Adirondack 8600. Open Evenings, Sundays.

CHRYSLER Imperial sedan, absolutely perfect; sacrifice for $1,000.
FRANKLIN N. Y. CO., 1,833 BROADWAY.

CHRYSLER coach, 1926, model 70, almost new; must see to appreciate; real bargain. 1,372 Broadway. Billings 8081.

CHRYSLER, 1926, "80" 4-pass. roadster, finished single "6," like new; cost $2,855; sacrifice $1,600. Bronx Buick Co., Inc., 221 East 161st St. Davenport 6100.

CHRYSLER 1926 Master, Six sedan; reconditioned; $895. Bronx Buick Co., Inc., 221 East 161st St. Davenport 6100.

CHRYSLER 1926 "80" 4-pass. roadster, special 6 brougham; $1,000.
CHRYSLER 6 roadster, extras; $775.
DURANT 6 coach, like new; extras; $495.
WILLYS-KNIGHT coupe, extras; $650.
DODGE sedan, extras; $450.
OVERLAND sedan, extras; $250.
STUDEBAKER 6 sedan; $350.
Many others at almost your own price; easy terms; open eves., Sundays. Hammer, Overland-Knight Co., Inc., 1,928-32 B'way, at 65th. Trafalgar 9700.

BUICK COACH, SERIES 25.

In beautiful condition throughout, trending good finish; tires and many extras; only $675 on easy time payments.

HULETT MOTOR CAR CO., Inc.,
1,888 Broadway Columbus 1611.

BUICK—1926 sport touring, 4-passenger.
CADILLACS—63 touring and 63 sedan.
CHRYSLER—1926 sedan, 5-pass., 4,000 miles.
JORDAN—1925 "93" brougham sport sedan.
PACKARD—1926 sedan, 5-pass., low mileage.
PACKARDS—1924 "8" imp. sedan and road.
E. M. Dryer, 1,902 Broadway, 634-94th Sts.

BUICK 1926 Standard Six sedan; excellent condition; mechanically perfect; $395. Bronx Buick Co., 221 East 161st. Davenport 6100.

BUICK red sport roadster; all accessories; new 1926 three A1 motor; worth $500; sacrifice $195; demonstration. 226 East 37th St., Dale.

BUICK 7-passenger sedan, very fine, late type, 4-wheel brakes; very cheap; easy terms. Willys-Overland, Inc., Broadway at 50th St.

BUICK 1926 Master, Six sedan; reconditioned; $895. Bronx Buick Co., Inc., 221 East 161st St. Davenport 6100.

BUICK 4-passenger coupe, 1926, like new; $500, balance easy. 362 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn. Phone Sterling 2758.

BUICK 1924, master 6 coupe, in perfect mechanical condition; recently overhauled; tires. Boulevard 9212.

BUICK 1927 master sedan, practically new; fully equipped; reasonable. 223 West 58th.

BUICK brougham, 1926, Master Six, excellent condition; bargain at $1,150. Bayside 2336.

BUICK Master 1925 coupe, 4-passenger, $745. Finance Co., 239 West 56th.

BUICK, 1926 Master 6 Sedan; $975; liberal terms. Brown's, 66 3d Av.

BUICK 1925 5-passenger coupe, $625; terms. Beauvis, 66 3d Av.

CADILLAC 1926 Sedan.
CADILLAC 1923 Sedan.
CHRYSLER 1926 Coupe.
CHRYSLER 1924 Club Sedan.
PAIGE 1925 enc. drive Limousine.
NASH 1925 Sedan.
FISHERIES 1925 Sedan.
PIERCE-ARROW Model 80 Coach.
PIERCE-ARROW Roadster and Sport Tour.
PIERCE-ARROW All Models.
STUDEBAKER 1926 Special Coupe.
TIME PAYMENTS IF DESIRED.
Pierce-Arrow Sales Corp., Used Car Dept.,
233 West 54th St.
Phone Columbus 8500.
Bronx Br., 158th & Concourse. Sedgwick 1100.
Bklyn Br., 1,119 Atlantic Av. Prospect 9600.

CADILLAC 1925 Coach.
LINCOLN 1925 Roadster.
LINCOLN 1923-24-25 Imperial limos.
PACKARD 1925 Single 6 5-pass. sedan.
PACKARD 1925 Straight 8 limp. sedan.
PAIGE 1926 5-pass. sedan.
STUDEBAKER 1925 Big "6" Imperial.
STUDEBAKER 1925 Roadster.
THEODORE LUCE, INC.,
LINCOLN DISTRIBUTORS.
216 West 58th St. Circle 6565.

CADILLAC latest Series 63, custom built suburban sedan; only run 1,100 miles; this car sacrifice; can arrange for financing. D. M. Sherman, 715 Riverside Drive. Edgecombe 8388, after 7 P. M.

CADILLAC Imperial suburban custom built sedan, run 1,000 miles, really new in every respect; an opportunity to make a most substantial saving. Willys-Overland, Inc., Broadway at 50th St.

CADILLAC 1926, 5-passenger sport sedan, slightly used; expensively equipped; exceptional opportunity; must dispose. Kane, 8,374 Broadway.

CADILLAC sedan, 7-passenger, 1921; good condition. Wagensell Motors, Inc. (Hupmobile Agent), 6,724 5th Av., Brooklyn. Atlantic 1900.

CADILLAC V-63 de luxe sedan, paint like new, tires good; $1,600.
FRANKLIN N. Y. CO., 1,833 BROADWAY.

CADILLAC late 59 five-passenger sedan, perfect condition. Stearns Co., Used Car Dept., 18 West 63d. Columbus 7600.

CADILLAC coupe, late 1924, aluminum custom body, 5 passenger; $1,350. McGolrick, 325 Riverside Drive.

CADILLAC 1926 and 1923 imperial sedan, reasonable. 225 West 58th. Circle 5259.

CADILLACS, ALL MODELS.
SCHOONMAKER & GLASS, 217 W. 57TH.

CADILLAC, V63 Coupe, like new; guaranteed; $1,475. Finance Co., 210 West 54th.

CHRYSLERS—Chance for immediate purchasers to save substantial amount on slightly used model 80 coupe; $2,100; sale price $2,300; model 80 sedan, cost $3,300, sale price $2,850; model 80 roadster, cost $2,855, sale price $1,800; satisfaction guaranteed. Chrysler Distributors, 1,267 Bedford Av., Brooklyn, near Fulton.

CHRYSLER late 1926 model 70 coach, excellent condition throughout; fully equipped; will accept small car; guaranteed; easy terms; trades considered; $695.
SCHMIDLEIN GORHAM MOTORS,
FORDHAM ROAD AND WASHINGTON AV.
Adirondack 8600. Open Evenings, Sundays.

CHRYSLER Imperial sedan, absolutely perfect; sacrifice for $1,000.
FRANKLIN N. Y. CO., 1,833 BROADWAY.

CHRYSLER coach, 1926, model 70, almost new; must see to appreciate; real bargain. 1,372 Broadway. Billings 8081.

CHRYSLER, 1926, "80" 4-pass. roadster, finished single "6," like new; cost $2,855; sacrifice $1,600

Today's News Index

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Elevator operator, aid of forgers, to face burglary charge, too. Page 3

Miss Florence Clendenin, who eloped with Baron George Tornow, left her husband at the wedding dinner and returned to parents' home. Page 3

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Cardinal Hayes bestows papal blessing on 300 students. Page 15

Eleven liners to sail today, seven for Europe; two are due. Page 17

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GENERAL.

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Pennsylvania revokes insurance licenses of 15 fraternal orders. Page 7

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Olson's father declares Clara Olson's body was "planted" at Prairie du Chien to throw suspicion on the youth. Page 19

Federal agents find rival gambling pools aided parties in State campaign. Page 19

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FOREIGN.

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Lampson, new Minister to China, calls British imperialism charges "moonshine." Page 6

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SOCIETY.

Miss Marjorie Bourne eludes friends and marries Alexander D. Thayer near Norristown, Pa. Page 20

First Junior Assembly at the Ritz-Carlton is attended by many débutantes. Page 20

FINANCIAL AND BUSINESS.

Schwab says Bethlehem Steel's plant at Baltimore will be greatest in world in decade. Page 2

Railroad stocks advance when wage situation is cleared. Page 27

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Two extra dividends and one passed dividend announced. Page 29

Bank clearings for week show decline from 1925.

Chairman of Shipping Board announces profit of $1,663,000 for United States liners in six months. Page 31

$816,636,000 bonds called in current year in advance of maturity. Page 32

SPORTS.

Walker beats Flowers at Chicago and wins middleweight title. Page 21

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Central High of Paterson, N. J., gains schoolboy soccer final. Page 21

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Yale Club takes undisputed lead in Met. Class B squash play. Page 22

Northeast team ties picked squad in women's hockey tourney. Page 22

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Amherst awards football letter to Pimm, who died of injuries. Page 23

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The New York Times Index, issued quarterly, in bound form, gives the date and exact location of publication in The New York Times of all news of importance, including notices of the deaths of prominent persons and other information needed for record. $2.00 a volume; $8.00 a year.—Advt.

STUDENTS ATTACK FOOTBALL POLICIES

Post-Season Games and Alumni Methods Are Criticized at Ann Arbor Conference.

EUROPEAN TOUR PLANNED

Dr. McCracken Favors College Experiments—Meiklejohn Scores Elective System.

ANN ARBOR, Mich., Dec. 3 (AP).—Post-season football games were condemned at a round table conference of delegates to the National Student Federation here tonight. Identity of speakers at the conference was not disclosed, officials holding that with maintenance of anonymity more freedom of expression would be possible.

A representative of a Pacific Coast school declared that in the Washington-Alabama game in the Rose Bowl a year ago, players on the former team were forced to enter the game against their will. The unpleasantness of that game resulted in adoption of a Northwest conference rule prohibiting post-season games, he said.

Another speaker condemned a proposal that the Army and Navy play off their Chicago tie to help the finances of a non-college organization.

Alumni were condemned by another speaker for what he termed their action "in deciding for high school athletic stars what colleges they shall enter."

Other speakers frowned on proposals for curtailment of football, which they said pays the bills for all other sports indulged in by college men.

Approval of the sending of 100 college students from the United States to Europe and Northern Africa during the coming Summer was voiced in adoption of the travel report of a committee presented by Miss Marvin Breckenridge, Vassar College. The group will be composed of men and women on a six to four ratio.

Through arrangements completed during the last Summer these student groups will be met in the foreign countries by representatives of the Confederation Internationale des Etudiants that they may make the acquaintance of students of other countries.

Without taking actual vote, the federation also tentatively approved the membership of the National Student Federation in the European confederation.

The proposed constitution also was adopted by a standing vote, its actual adoption awaiting the signature of two-thirds of the delegates present here.

Although declaring himself satisfied with the road education in America has traveled thus far, the present tendency to experiment with schools is not a matter to be frowned upon, Dr. Henry Noble McCracken, President of Vassar College, said last night.

"There is being built at the present time in Bennington, Vt., a college for women," Dr. McCracken said, "which plans two years for orientation. One school on the Atlantic seaboard is planning an American school on the Oxford plan, while a North Carolina school is attempting to build a university around the study of sociology. In the Middle West a plan is proposed to build a college without a President or Board of Trustees, while in the Far West what are known as the Claremount Colleges, are dividing themselves into small units."

Dr. Alexander Meiklejohn of the Faculty of the University of Wisconsin described experiments being made there, and made a plea for the school as a community of learning. He held that the present elective system "had split knowledge into two parts and sent fragments of each Faculty far adrift so that unity was impossible." The greatest trouble with present schools is that Faculties are too large, he said.

COMMODORE FORSHEW RETAINS RESERVE RANK

Is One of Four New Yorkers Urged for Promotion by the Naval Selection Board.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—Recommendations by the Naval Selection Board for promotion of Naval Reserve officers, approved today by Secretary Wilbur, included the names of four residents of New York.

Commodore Robert Pierpont Forshew, retired, of 8,222 Ridge Boulevard, Brooklyn, was appointed to the rank of Commodore in the Naval Reserve under the law which governed the Naval Reserve force during the World War. He was retired upon his own application after twenty years' service in the Navy, Naval Militia, National Naval Volunteer and Naval Reserve forces.

Three other New York officers were advanced to the rank of Captain in the reserve, Clifford Minor Peck, Naval Reserve Division Headquarters, N. Y.; Charles Boone, 122 North Nineteenth Street, N. W., Flushing, L. I. and Eugene Floyd Burois, 1,215 Park Avenue, New York City.

The board was headed by Rear Admiral Frank H. Scofield.

CANADIAN RAIL PAY RAISED.

Compromise Ends Possibility of Conductors' and Trainmen's Strike.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTREAL, Quebec, Dec. 3.—Adjustment of the difficulties between the Canadian railways and the members of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen and the Order of Railroad Conductors was completed today.

The employes wanted to be paid the United States rates for men in similar capacities. When this demand was refused they voted to strike. Following the strike vote further negotiations were begun, with Ottawa intervening.

Conferences were held at which Sir Henry Thornton, President of the Canadian National Railways and E. W. Beatty, President of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, met S. N. Berry, senior Vice President of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen.

The extent of the increases won is not disclosed except that they are less than the unions demanded.

Push Search for Lake George Bodies.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Dec. 3.—Directed by State troopers, thirty searchers, in the freezing weather and the biting wind, are still dragging Lake George around Basin Bay for the bodies of L. D. Greene of this city and John J. Eden of Harriman, missing since their boat went down in a storm on Nov. 16. The search will continue until the lake is frozen over.

PINCHOT IN SPEECH CHIDES PHILADELPHIANS

Says They Submit to Political Gang Tyranny, Unlike Their Ancestors of 1776.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 3 (AP).—Governor Pinchot, speaking in Independence Hall today, asked whether the blood of Philadelphians today runs less warm than that of their Colonial ancestors who fought against the tyranny of taxation without representation.

The Governor was the principal speaker in the final review at the shrine of the Liberty Bell of the six bells that had been on exhibition at the Sesquicentennial Exposition and are now to be returned to the Pennsylvania cities where they rang out the tidings of liberty when the news reached their towns in 1776.

"The foremost thing for which our forefathers fought," said the Governor, "was the right to govern themselves—the right to vote. Taxation without representation is tyranny," was the call in the bright morning of our country's birth. Yet that same call today leaves Philadelphia coldly indifferent.

"Taxation without representation is exactly what is happening to you, yet you do nothing. Large numbers do not vote at all and when they do vote, their votes are either not counted or, what is worse, they are counted falsely.

"The citizens of Philadelphia or of any community that suffers thieves to steal votes are victims of tyranny—gang tyranny. They are dominated, their politics are controlled by a mere handful of politicians who have the persumption and the cunning to override the will of the masses.

"Does the blood of Philadelphians today run less warm than that of their ancestors? Has their pulse become sluggish? Is there no fight left in them? Why don't the people speak?"

MRS. CLAYBURGH WINS RIGHT TO A NEW TRIAL

Appellate Division Reverses Decision in Her Suit to Regain Property From Cotton Broker.

Mrs. Alma Clayburgh won the right to a new trial to recover $75,000 worth of her personal property from her husband, Albert C. Clayburgh, wealthy cotton broker, by order of the Appellate Division yesterday. This reverses a decision in the Supreme Court which brought about the dismissal of her complaint after she had presented her case on trial.

At the time Mrs. Clayburgh's claims to her "trousseau" were ridiculed by Max Steuer, attorney for her husband, as including a pianola, furniture, an automobile and an organ. These and other articles, comprising books, photographs and wearing apparel, were again listed in her claims when Mrs. Clayburgh appealed the case.

The Clayboughs were married in 1906 and separated in 1918 after executing an agreement. Under a provision of this settlement Mrs. Clayburgh agreed not to remove any property either from their Mount Kisco home or their residence at 318 West Eighty-first Street with the exception of personal belongings.

Commenting on the decision Edmund L. Mooney, attorney for Mrs. Clayburgh, said it was a vindication of his client's contention that the separation agreement was not carried out in spirit.

McCRAY IS VALET IN PRISON.

Former Governor of Indiana Cares for Blind G. H. Gilpatric.

HARTFORD, Conn., Dec. 3 (AP).—Former Governor Warren T. McCray of Indiana, who was sentenced to the Federal prison at Atlanta in May, 1924, for using the mails to defraud, is personal attendant to former State Treasurer G. Harold Gilpatric of Connecticut there, the latter has revealed in letters to friends in this State.

For several months Gilpatric, totally blind, was attended at the prison by Guy F. Baker, who also was serving a sentence for embezzlement from the First National Bank of Putnam. Former Governor McCray succeeded Baker as Gilpatric's attendant when Baker was transferred to the Federal reformatory at Chillicothe, Ohio.

It is reported here that a second attempt to get a Presidential pardon for Gilpatric has failed.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

Bank and business references required. Rate $1.00 an agate line. Telephone Lackawanna 1000. Readers should acquaint themselves fully with details of any proposal before closing a transaction.

CAPITAL WANTED.

BROKER DEALING IN UNLISTED SECURITIES wanted to dispose of issue of preferred stock; references and recent underwritings must accompany reply. X 2290 Times Annex.

RETAIL BUSINESS ESTABLISHED FIFTY years, making large profits; together with valuable leasehold; in prominent location; $100,000 required. Y 2283 Times Annex.

PARTNER TO BUY 1-3 INTEREST IN established steam laundry. For information address S 499 Times.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

CHAIN STORE ORGANIZATION, BACKED by strong financial institution, will buy for cash 15 5 and 10-cent stores or 25-cent stores or 10 department stores or 15 men's outfitting stores, in or out city; in order to receive consideration stores must show reasonable profits for past 3 years and must be able to stand strict investigation; all communications will be held strictly confidential. C 1006 Times Annex.

$25,000 WITH SERVICE TO INVEST IN A 100 per cent. legitimate business where profits are not large but steady; must be established at least three years; state full particulars and nature of business in first letter; principals only; confidential. E 414 Times.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Amateur advertising man rich in health, energy and experience—more keenly alert today than ever to the great possibilities of any legitimate enterprise that employs an intelligent and clean-cut advertising and sales policy—has returned to New York after an absence of several years, to resume advertising and sales practice and is now available to serve few clients, each in a different line of business (he never handles competing accounts). He operates on a fee basis which embraces an annual retainer for writing advertisements and a commission on sales, preferably a commission on increased sales resulting from carrying on a perfectly coordinated advertising and sales policy. He is both a salesman and a writer. His copy, therefore, has a sales punch and is effective even though it does not approach the high class literary style employed by so many brilliant advertisement writers. He knows the New York market as well as any man, and has proven his ability to get results by using daily newspapers, which offer the most direct and most economical way of reaching the people. He does not operate as an advertising agency, but if clients desire him to select media and to place their advertisements, he has friendly relations with many agencies that will be glad to cooperate with him in rendering prompt and efficient service. If any individual or firm or organization is interested, please address C 1004 Times Annex.

DISTRIBUTING OFFICE WILL ACCEPT agency for North Shore or entire Long Island for salable commodity; automobiles at our disposal. Y 2250 Times Annex.

CUTLERY LINE—PRICES AND AGENCIES required for Johannesburg, South Africa; buyer now in New York. E 403 Times.

FOR SALE.

Plants and Factories.

GOOD INVESTMENT.

Big plant in paper utilization line, located in Germany, near Dutch boundary, requires capital of 250,000 marks as first mortgage, against ample security, for ten years, at 6 per cent. interest; good investment for private individual; plant has new buildings, absolutely modern equipment and great volume of current business. For particulars, Box K 734, Willy Klever Adv. Agency, Westwall 49, Krefeld, Germany.

ENTIRE CHEWING GUM PLANT FOR sale, including stock, machinery and fixtures; will sacrifice; going out of business Jan. 1. Apply Harry Mauer, 234 North 5th St., Reading, Pa.

WELL-ESTABLISHED PAPER BAG MANufacturing plant; biggest opportunity. A 1140 Times Harlem

FOR SALE.

Stores and Shops.

FOR SALE—35-YEAR-OLD ESTABLISHED wholesale bakery, excellent paying business; will stand fullest investigation. Apply by letter for appointment, Charles Glum, owner, 9404 218th St., Queens Village, L. I.

AUTO ACCESSORIES, EXIDE BATTERIES, Delco Remy, Bosch, autolite, gas, oil; established 6 years. Y 2274 Times Annex.

BEAUTY SHOP, GOOD LOCATION, NEAR new theatre; rent $60. Nanette, 11,909 Jamaica Av., Richmond Hill 9237.

BEAUTIFUL NEW LADIES' SPECIALTY, wonderful location; no agents; real opportunity. Raymond 7963.

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GOING IN BUSINESS? WE DESIGN build, equip stores completely; easy payments. Ganger, 310 West 42d. Penn. 9760.

Miscellaneous.

WINDOW SHADE BUSINESS FOR SALE. Sealed bids will be received up to Dec. 15, 1926, for the stock, machinery and fixtures of the late Frank J. Hund, at 37 East 8th St., New York City, together with the goodwill of the business and the use of the name. Submit bids to Albert Clayburgh, Trustee, 290 Broadway, N. Y.

ESTATE OF FRANK J. HUND,
Albert Clayburgh, Trustee,
Julia Manchen Hund, Executrix.

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE, OLD established business; will sell all or one-half interest. Call at 1,709 Webster Av. (195th St.) any day this week up to 9 P. M.

COMPLETE LAUNDRY PLANT IN HEART of city for sale very reasonable; can be bought on easy terms; partner considered. C. O., Box 145 Times.

MONTHLY TRADE PAPER, 45 YEARS old; advantageous price for immediate sale; owners going abroad. Y 2293 Times Annex.

FOR SALE.

Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE—35-YEAR-OLD ESTABLISHED business, doing around $500,000 business yearly, showing substantial profits. E 500 Times.

BUSINESS SERVICE.

CORPORATIONS ORGANIZED; ALL States; reasonable fee. Elyton, 105 West 40th, Pennsylvania 6889.

CHARLES ENGEL, LAWYER, 285 BROADway; Tel. 0770 North; wills, corporation estates, investments.

AD-MAN DAVISON WRITES LETTERS. Quick service. Call Westport, Conn. 736.

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LOANS $50 TO $5,000 for business or personal use; no collateral; no red tape; weekly or monthly payments. BELL INVESTMENT CO., INC. 1,170 Broadway, at 28th St. Ashland 4615. Under Supervision N. Y. State Banking Dept.

AUTO OWNERS, QUICK ACTION, CAR IN your possession. BELAIRE FINANCE CORP., 1,370 Broadway, Columbus 2415.

MONEY LOANED ON CARS; DEAD STORage; heated; $5. 48th St. Garage, Inc., 215 West 48th St. Chickering 2964.

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Prepare a harmless and effective gargle by dissolving two "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" in four tablespoonfuls of water. Gargle throat thoroughly. Repeat in two hours if necessary.

Be sure you use only the genuine Bayer Aspirin, marked with the Bayer Cross, which can be had in tin boxes of twelve tablets for few cents.

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Seventy Dollars will buy you a good suit almost anywhere. But here at Arnheim's, it buys not just a *good* suit, but an *excellent* suit—a *distinguished* suit *tailored to your measure* from importations or the finest woolens of America's finest mills.

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PURSUANT to an order of the trustee, Frank Sanford, Auctioneer, will sell on Friday, Dec. 10, 1926, at 10:30 A. M. at 502 Broadway, assets of the Martha Waist Co., Inc., consisting of a complete line of trimmings, laces, piece goods, cotton goods, dresses, waists, blouses, machine heads, forms, trunks, time clock, check writer, office furniture, fixtures, &c. TRUSTEE.

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The morally degrading and politically ruinous effects of prohibition on the Norwegian people is told in an intriguing account of bootlegging, hi-jacking, rum-running—broken hearts and poisoned bodies.

also

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By Dr. W. H. Hutchinson

The eminent physician tells how cold feet can rob you of sleep, compel deep thought and act as a general barometer to other bodily disturbances.

D'ANNUNZIO'S FLAMING LETTERS

By Gabrielle Ricco

In a series of loyally impassioned letters to a fellow poet in France, Gabrielle D'Annunzio reveals the fiendish political machinations of the traitorous Garibaldi.

WHY SELL YOUR SOUL FOR APPLAUSE?

By Fanny Heaslip Lea

This famous writer analyzes the inner nature of the "smart-aleck" and "wisecracker," exposing the callowness of his mind and his wanton disregard for the finer sensibilities of others.

CAROL VICTIM OF INTRIGUE

By Madame Lupescu

The mistress of Carol tells of political intrigue in Rumania designed to ruin his future as a king and injure family affections. In declaring her intense love for him, she defends his marriage to the peasant girl, Zizi Lambrinu.

America Is A Political Hypocrite—By General Chiang-Kai-Shek.

The Late Christmas Shopping Evil—By Kathleen Norris.

How the Emancipation of Women Changed the Aspect of Marriage—By Rupert Hughes.

A full page of J. W. McGurk's famous cartoons, "Forty-second Cousins"; "The Potters," by J. P. McEvoy; the amusing "Potash and Perlmutter," by Montague Glass; George Ade's humorous "Fables in Slang," and many other fascinating features.

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